

**K. Executive Order 12898: Federal Actions To Address Environmental Justice in Minority Populations and Low-Income Populations**

This action does not provide EPA with the discretionary authority to address, as appropriate, disproportionate human health or environmental effects, using practicable and legally permissible methods.

**L. Congressional Review Act (CRA)**

This rule is exempt from the CRA because it is a rule of particular applicability. The rule makes factual determinations for specific entities and does not directly regulate any entities. The determination of failure to attain the 2008 ozone NAAQS (and resulting reclassification) does not in itself create any new requirements beyond what is mandated by the CAA.

**M. Judicial Review**

Under section 307(b)(1) of the Clean Air Act, petitions for judicial review of this action must be filed in the United States Court of Appeals for the

appropriate circuit by February 24, 2020. Filing a petition for reconsideration by the Administrator of this final rule does not affect the finality of this action for the purposes of judicial review nor does it extend the time within which a petition for judicial review may be filed, and shall not postpone the effectiveness of such rule or action. This action may not be challenged later in proceedings to enforce its requirements. (See section 307(b)(2).)

**List of Subjects in 40 CFR Part 81**

Environmental protection, Air pollution control, Carbon monoxide, Designations and classifications, Greenhouse gases, Intergovernmental relations, Lead, Nitrogen dioxide, Ozone, Particulate matter, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Sulfur oxides, Volatile organic compounds.

Dated: December 16, 2019.

**Gregory Sopkin,**

*Regional Administrator, Region 8.*

For the reasons stated in the preamble, the Environmental Protection

Agency amends 40 CFR part 81 as follows:

**PART 81—DESIGNATION OF AREAS FOR AIR QUALITY PLANNING PURPOSES**

■ 1. The authority citation for part 81 continues to read as follows:

*Authority:* 42 U.S.C. 7401, *et seq.*

**Subpart C—Section 107 Attainment Status Designations**

■ 2. In § 81.306, the table “Colorado—2008 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and secondary)” is amended by revising the “Date” and “Type” entries under “Classification” for “Denver-Boulder-Greeley-Ft. Collins-Loveland, CO:2” to read as follows:

**§ 81.306 Colorado.**

\* \* \* \* \*

**COLORADO—2008 8-HOUR OZONE NAAQS**

[Primary and secondary]

| Designated Area   | Designation       |                     | Classification    |           |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|-------------------|-----------|
|   | Date <sup>1</sup> | Type                | Date <sup>1</sup> | Type      |
| Denver-Boulder-Greeley-Ft. Collins-Loveland, CO:2 ..... | .....             | Nonattainment ..... | 1/27/2020.        | Serious.  |
| * * * * *   | * * * * *         | * * * * *           | * * * * *         | * * * * * |

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[FR Doc. 2019-27485 Filed 12-23-19; 8:45 am]

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**CORPORATION FOR NATIONAL AND COMMUNITY SERVICE**

**45 CFR Parts 1230 and 2554**

**RIN 3045-AA73**

**Annual Civil Monetary Penalties Inflation Adjustment**

**AGENCY:** Corporation for National and Community Service.

**ACTION:** Interim final rule.

**SUMMARY:** The Corporation for National and Community Service (CNCS) is updating its regulations to reflect required annual inflation-related increases to the civil monetary penalties in its regulations, pursuant to the Federal Civil Penalties Inflation Adjustment Act Improvements Act of 2015.

**DATES:**

*Effective date:* This rule is effective January 15, 2020.

*Comment due date:* Technical comments may be submitted until January 27, 2020.

**ADDRESSES:** You may submit comments, identified by the title of the information collection activity, by any of the following methods:

(1) *By mail sent to:* Corporation for National and Community Service; Attention Stephanie Soper; Office of General Counsel; 250 E Street SW, Washington, DC 20525.

(2) By hand delivery or by courier to the CNCS mailroom at the address above between 9:00 a.m. and 4:00 p.m. Eastern Time, Monday through Friday, except federal holidays.

(3) Electronically through [www.regulations.gov](http://www.regulations.gov).

Comments submitted in response to this Notice will be made available to the public through [www.regulations.gov](http://www.regulations.gov). For this reason, please do not include in your comments information of a confidential nature, such as sensitive personal information or proprietary information. If you send an email

comment, your email address will be automatically captured and included as part of the comment that is placed in the public docket and made available on the internet. Please note that responses to this public comment request containing any routine notice about the confidentiality of the communication will be treated as public comments that may be made available to the public notwithstanding the inclusion of the routine notice.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Stephanie Soper, Law Office Manager, Office of General Counsel, at 202-606-6747 or email to [ssoper@cns.gov](mailto:ssoper@cns.gov).

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:**

**I. Background**

The Corporation for National and Community Service (CNCS) is a federal agency that engages millions of Americans in service through its AmeriCorps, Senior Corps, and Volunteer Generation Fund programs to further its mission to improve lives, strengthen communities, and foster

civic engagement through service and volunteering. For more information, visit *NationalService.gov*.

The Federal Civil Penalties Inflation Adjustment Act Improvements Act of 2015 (Sec. 701 of Pub. L. 114–74) (the “Act”), which is intended to improve the effectiveness of civil monetary penalties and to maintain the deterrent effect of such penalties, requires agencies to adjust the civil monetary penalties for inflation annually.

## II. Method of Calculation

CNCS has two civil monetary penalties in its regulations. A civil monetary penalty under the Act is a penalty, fine, or other sanction that is for a specific monetary amount as provided by Federal law or has a maximum amount provided for by federal law and is assessed or enforced by an agency pursuant to federal law and is assessed or enforced pursuant to an administrative proceeding or a civil action in the federal courts. (*See* 28 U.S.C. 2461 note).

The inflation adjustment for each applicable civil monetary penalty is determined using the percent increase in the Consumer Price Index for all Urban Consumers (CPI-U) for the month of October of the year in which the amount of each civil money penalty was most recently established or modified. In the December 16, 2019, OMB Memo for the Heads of Executive Agencies and Departments, M–20–05, *Implementation of Penalty Inflation Adjustments for 2020, Pursuant to the Federal Civil Penalties Inflation Adjustment Act Improvements Act of 2015*, OMB published the multiplier for the required annual adjustment. The cost-of-living adjustment multiplier for 2020, based on the CPI-U for the month of October 2019, not seasonally adjusted, is 1.01764.

CNCS identified two civil penalties in its regulations: (1) The penalty associated with Restrictions on Lobbying (45 CFR 1230.400) and (2) the penalty associated with the Program Fraud Civil Remedies Act (45 CFR 2554.1).

The civil monetary penalties related to Restrictions on Lobbying (Section 319, Pub. L. 101–121; 31 U.S.C. 1352) range from \$20,134 to \$201,340. Using the 2020 multiplier, the new range of possible civil monetary penalties is from \$20,489 to \$204,892.

The Program Fraud Civil Remedies Act of 1986 (Pub. L. 99–509) civil monetary penalty has an upper limit of \$11,463. Using the 2020 multiplier, the new upper limit of the civil monetary penalty is \$11,665.

## III. Summary of Final Rule

This final rule adjusts the civil monetary penalty amounts related to Restrictions on Lobbying (45 CFR 1230.400) and the Program Fraud Civil Remedies Act of 1986 (45 CFR 2554.1). The range of civil monetary penalties related to Restrictions on Lobbying increase from “\$20,134 to \$201,340” to “\$20,489 to \$204,892.” The civil monetary penalties for the Program Fraud Civil Remedies Act of 1986 increase from “up to \$11,463” to “up to \$11,665.”

## IV. Regulatory Procedures

### A. Determination of Good Cause for Publication Without Notice and Comment

CNCS finds, under 5 U.S.C. 553(b)(3)(B), that there is good cause to except this rule from the public notice and comment provisions of the Administrative Procedure Act, 5 U.S.C. 553(b). Because CNCS is implementing a final rule pursuant to the Federal Civil Penalties Inflation Adjustment Act Improvements Act of 2015, which requires CNCS to update its regulations based on a prescribed formula, CNCS has no discretion in the nature or amount of the change to the civil monetary penalties. Therefore, notice and comment for these proscribed updates is impracticable and unnecessary. As an interim final rule, no further regulatory action is required for the issuance of this legally binding rule. If you would like to provide technical comments, however, they may be submitted until January 27, 2020.

### B. Review Under Procedural Statutes and Executive Orders

CNCS has determined that making technical changes to the amount of civil monetary penalties in its regulations does not trigger any requirements under procedural statutes and Executive Orders that govern rulemaking procedures.

## V. Effective Date

This rule is effective January 15, 2020. The adjusted civil penalty amounts apply to civil penalties assessed on or after January 15, 2020, when the violation occurred after November 2, 2015. If the violation occurred prior to November 2, 2015, or a penalty was assessed prior to August 1, 2016, the pre-adjustment civil penalty amounts in effect prior to August 1, 2106, will apply.

## List of Subjects

### 45 CFR Part 1230

Government contracts, Grant programs, Loan programs, Lobbying, Penalties, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

### 45 CFR Part 2554

Claims, Fraud, Organization and functions (Government agencies), Penalties.

For the reasons discussed in the preamble, under the authority of 42 U.S.C. 12651c(c), the Corporation for National and Community Service amends chapters XII and XXV, title 45 of the Code of Federal Regulations as follows:

## PART 1230—NEW RESTRICTIONS ON LOBBYING

■ 1. The authority citation for part 1230 continues to read as follows:

**Authority:** Section 319, Pub. L. 101–121 (31 U.S.C. 1352); Pub. L. 93–113; 42 U.S.C. 4951, *et seq.*; 42 U.S.C. 5060.

### § 1230.400 [Amended]

■ 2. Amend § 1230.400 by:

- a. In paragraphs (a), (b), and (e), removing “\$20,134” and adding, in its place, “\$20,489” each place it appears.
- b. In paragraphs (a), (b), and (e), removing “\$201,340” and adding, in its place, “\$204,892” each place it appears.

### Appendix A to Part 1230 [Amended]

■ 3. Amend appendix A to part 1230 by:

- a. Removing “\$20,134” and adding, in its place, “\$20,489” each place it appears.
- b. Removing “\$201,340” and adding, in its place, “\$204,892” each place it appears.

## PART 2554—PROGRAM FRAUD CIVIL REMEDIES ACT REGULATIONS

■ 4. The authority citation for part 2554 continues to read as follows:

**Authority:** Pub. L. 99–509, Secs. 6101–6104, 100 Stat. 1874 (31 U.S.C. 3801–3812); 42 U.S.C. 12651c–12651d.

### § 2554.1 [Amended]

■ 5. Amend § 2554.1 by removing “\$11,463” in paragraph (b) and adding, in its place, “\$11,665.”

Dated: December 18, 2019.

**Timothy Noelker,**  
General Counsel.

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