otherwise specified by Commerce.⁸ In general, an extension request will be considered untimely if it is filed after the time limit established under Part 351 expires. For submissions which are due from multiple parties simultaneously, an extension request will be considered untimely if it is filed after 10:00 a.m. on the due date. Examples include, but are not limited to: (1) Case and rebuttal briefs, filed pursuant to 19 CFR 351.309; (2) factual information to value factors under 19 CFR 351.408(c), or to measure the adequacy of remuneration under 19 CFR 351.511(a)(2), filed pursuant to 19 CFR 351.301(c)(3) and rebuttal, clarification and correction filed pursuant to 19 CFR 351.301(c)(3)(iv); (3) comments concerning the selection of a surrogate country and surrogate values and rebuttal; (4) comments concerning CBP data; and (5) Q&V questionnaires. Under certain circumstances, Commerce may elect to specify a different time limit by which extension requests will be considered untimely for submissions which are due from multiple parties simultaneously. In such a case, Commerce will inform parties in the letter or memorandum setting forth the deadline (including a specified time) by which extension requests must be filed to be considered timely. This policy also requires that an extension request must be made in a separate, stand-alone submission, and clarifies the circumstances under which Commerce will grant untimely-filed requests for the extension of time limits. Please review the *Final Rule*, available at *http://* www.gpo.gov/fdsys/pkg/FR-2013-09-;20/ html/2013-22853.htm, prior to submitting factual information in these segments.

These initiations and this notice are in accordance with section 751(a) of the Act (19 U.S.C. 1675(a)) and 19 CFR 351.221(c)(1)(i).

Dated: November 5, 2019.

James Maeder,

Deputy Assistant Secretary for Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Operations. [FR Doc. 2019–24461 Filed 11–8–19; 8:45 am]

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DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

[C-552-819]

Certain Steel Nails From the Socialist Republic of Vietnam: Rescission of Countervailing Duty Administrative Review; 2018

AGENCY: Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

SUMMARY: The Department of Commerce (Commerce) is rescinding the administrative review of the countervailing duty order on certain steel nails (steel nails) from the Socialist Republic of Vietnam (Vietnam) for the period January 1, 2018, through December 31, 2018, based on the timely withdrawal of the request for review.

DATES: Applicable November 12, 2019. **FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:**

Olatunbosun Leigh, AD/CVD Operations, Office VI, Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 1401 Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20230; telephone: (202) 482–0506.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

On July 1, 2019, Commerce published in the Federal Register a notice of opportunity to request an administrative review of the countervailing duty order on steel nails from Vietnam for the period January 01, 2018, through December 31, 2018.¹ On July 31, 2019, Mid Continent Steel & Wire. Inc. (the petitioner), a domestic producer of steel nails, filed a timely request for review, in accordance with section 751(a) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act), and 19 CFR 351.213(b).² Pursuant to this request, and in accordance with section 751(a) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.221(c)(1)(i), we initiated an administrative review of 16 companies.³ On October 1, 2019, the petitioner filed a timely withdrawal of request for the administrative review with respect to all 16 companies.⁴

Rescission of Review

Pursuant to 19 CFR 351.213(d)(1), the Secretary will rescind an administrative review, in whole or in part, if the party that requested the review withdraws the request within 90 days of the date of publication of the notice of initiation of the requested review. As noted above, the petitioner, the only party to file a request for review, withdrew its request by the 90-day deadline. Accordingly, we are rescinding the administrative review of the countervailing duty order on steel nails from Vietnam for the period January 1, 2018, through December 31, 2018, in its entirety.

Assessment

Commerce will instruct U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) to assess antidumping duties on all appropriate entries of steel nails from Vietnam. Countervailing duties shall be assessed at rates equal to the cash deposit of estimated countervailing duties required at the time of entry, or withdrawal from warehouse, for consumption, in accordance with 19 CFR 351.212(c)(1)(i). Commerce intends to issue appropriate assessment instructions to CBP 15 days after the date of publication of this notice in the **Federal Register**.

Notification to Importers

This notice serves as a reminder to importers of their responsibility under 19 CFR 351.402(f)(2) to file a certificate regarding the reimbursement of countervailing duties prior to liquidation of the relevant entries during this review period. Failure to comply with this requirement could result in the presumption that reimbursement of countervailing duties occurred and the subsequent assessment of doubled countervailing duties.

Notification Regarding Administrative Protective Orders

This notice also serves as a reminder to all parties subject to administrative protective order (APO) of their responsibility concerning the disposition of proprietary information disclosed under APO in accordance with 19 CFR 351.305. Timely written notification of the return/destruction of APO materials or conversion to judicial protective order is hereby requested. Failure to comply with the regulations and terms of an APO is a violation which is subject to sanction.

This notice is issued and published in accordance with sections 751(a)(1) and 777(i)(1) of the Act, and 19 CFR 351.213(d)(4).

¹ See Antidumping or Countervailing Duty Order, Finding, or Suspended Investigation; Opportunity to Request Administrative Review, 84 FR 31295 (July 1, 2019).

² See Letter from the petitioner, "Steel nails from Vietnam: Petitioner's Request for 2018 Administrative Review," dated July 31, 2019.

³ See Initiation of Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Administrative Reviews, 84 FR 47242 (September 9, 2019).

⁴ See Letter from the petitioner, "Certain Steel Nails from Vietnam: Withdrawal of Requests for Administrative Reviews," dated October 1, 2019.

Dated: November 5, 2019. James Maeder,

Deputy Assistant Secretary for Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Operations. [FR Doc. 2019–24540 Filed 11–8–19; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510–DS–P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

[A-570-051]

Hardwood Plywood Products From the People's Republic of China: Rescission of Antidumping Duty New Shipper Review; 2019; Correction

AGENCY: Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

DATES: Applicable November 12, 2019.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Jasun Moy, AD/CVD Operations, Office V, Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 1401 Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20230; telephone: (202) 482–8194. SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

On September 27, 2019, the Department of Commerce (Commerce) published the *Rescission Notice* for the new shipper review of the antidumping duty order on hardwood plywood products (plywood) from the People's Republic of China (China).¹ In the *Rescission Notice*, we inadvertently stated that we would instruct U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) to assess antidumping duties on entries of plywood from China during the period of review made by Xuzhou Constant Forest Industry Co., Ltd. (Constant Forest).

Correction to Rescission of Antidumping Duty New Shipper Review

Because the new shipper review of Constant Forest was not completed and Constant Forest's entries entered under a period for which parties will have an opportunity to request an administrative review, its entries should not be liquidated at this time. Once the opportunity to request an administrative review for the period January 1, 2019, through December 31, 2019, has passed, Commerce will assess duties on these entries consistent with either 19 CFR 351.212(b) (assessment as the result of a review) or 351.212(c) (automatic assessment if no review is requested). Commerce has deactivated the liquidation instructions issued to CBP's Automated Commercial Environment and intends to issue an informational message stating that these entries must remain suspended until further notice.

This notice is issued and published in accordance with sections 751 and 777(i)(l) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended, and 19 CFR 351.214(f)(3).

Dated: November 6, 2019.

James Maeder,

Deputy Assistant Secretary for Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Operations. [FR Doc. 2019–24538 Filed 11–8–19; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510–DS–P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

[Application No. 19-00001]

Export Trade Certificate of Review

ACTION: Notice of issuance of an Export Trade Certificate of Review to National Pecan Shellers Association ("NPSA"), application number 19–00001.

SUMMARY: The Secretary of Commerce, through the Office of Trade and Economic Analysis ("OTEA"), issued an Export Trade Certificate of Review to NPSA on October 29, 2019.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Joseph Flynn, Director, OTEA, International Trade Administration, by telephone at (202) 482–5131 (this is not a toll-free number) or email at *etca*@ *trade.gov.*

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Title III of the Export Trading Company Act of 1982 (15 U.S.C. Sections 4001-21) ("the Act") authorizes the Secretary of Commerce to issue Export Trade Certificates of Review. An Export Trade Certificate of Review protects the holder and the members identified in the Certificate from State and Federal government antitrust actions and from private treble damage antitrust actions for the export conduct specified in the Certificate and carried out in compliance with its terms and conditions. The regulations implementing Title III are found at 15 CFR part 325. OTEA is issuing this notice pursuant to 15 CFR 325.6(b), which requires the Secretary of Commerce to publish a summary of the certification in the **Federal Register**. Under Section 305(a) of the Act and 15 CFR 325.11(a), any person aggrieved by the Secretary's determination may, within 30 days of the date of this notice, bring an action in any appropriate district court of the United States to set aside the determination on the ground that the determination is erroneous.

Description of Certified Conduct

A summary of the conduct covered by the Export Trade Certificate of Review follows.

Export Trade Activities and Methods of Operation

1. Establishment of Pecan Export Trade Council and Designation of Independent Third Party

a. NPSA will establish a speciallyfunded Pecan Export Trade Council ("PETC"), which will operate under the umbrella of NPSA. NPSA will contract with an Independent Third Party to manage and administer PETC. The Independent Third Party will not disclose information obtained from PETC or from a Member to another Member, an entity that is not a Member, and/or NPSA, except as described below and as limited by the Terms and Conditions in the Certificate of Review.

b. PETC will provide Export Trade Facilitation Services, including to the Members. PETC's charter members, and those certified to engage in Export Trade Activities, are the Members listed in Attachment A. An amendment to this Certificate is required to add members to PETC. PETC membership will be open to entities that are not NPSA members, but shall be limited to: (1) Exporting U.S. shellers (i.e., entities with a commercial pecan shelling plant); (2) exporting U.S. pecan growers; and (3) exporting U.S. handlers of pecans. NPSA and PETC, once it is established, will not export Products, except as described below and as limited by the Terms and Conditions in the Certificate of Review.

2. Activities That Are Not Transaction-Specific

NPSA, acting through PETC, and including by use of Export Intermediaries, may:

a. Export Sales Prices. Discuss sales prices and other terms of sale prevailing in the Export Markets;

b. Marketing and Distribution. Conduct marketing and distribution of Products in the Export Markets;

c. Promotion. Conduct joint promotion of Products in the Export Markets;

d. Market and Customer Allocation. Allocate geographic areas or countries in the Export Markets and/or customers in the Export Markets among Members;

e. Refusals to Deal. Refuse to quote prices for Products, or to market or sell

¹ See Hardwood Plywood Products from the People's Republic of China: Rescission of Antidumping Duty New Shipper Review; 2019, 84 FR 51111 (September 27, 2019) (Rescission Notice).