* * * *

■ 4. In § 721.11055, revise paragraph (a)(1) to read as follows:

§721.11055 Certain halogenated benzoic acids ethyl esters.

(a) Chemical substance and significant new uses subject to reporting. (1) The chemical substances listed in

Table 1 of this section is subject to reporting under this section for the significant new uses described in paragraph (a)(2) of this section.

TABLE 1 TO §721.11055—HALOGENATED BENZOIC ACID ETHYL ESTERS

PMN No.	CAS No.	Chemical name		
P–17–94	122894–73–9	Benzoic acid, 2,3,4,5-tetrafluoro-, ethyl ester.		
P–17–95	583–02–8	Benzoic acid, 4-(trifluoromethyl)-, ethyl ester.		
P–17–96	577–62–8	Benzoic acid, 2-(trifluoromethyl)-, ethyl ester.		
P–17–98	19064–14–3	Benzoic acid, 2,6-difluoro-, ethyl ester.		
P–17–99	708–25–8	Benzoic acid, 2,5-difluoro-, ethyl ester.		
P-17-100	351354–50–2	Benzoic acid, 2,3,4-trifluoro-, ethyl ester.		
P-17-101	139911–28–7	Benzoic acid, 2-bromo-5-fluoro-, ethyl ester.		
P–17–102	350–19–6	Benzoic acid, 3,5-difluoro-, ethyl ester.		
P-17-103	76008–73–6	Benzoic acid, 5-bromo-2-chloro-, ethyl ester.		
P–17–104	1128–76–3	Benzoic acid, 3-chloro-, ethyl ester.		
P-17-105	7335–25–3	Benzoic acid, 2-chloro-, ethyl ester.		
P–17–114	137521–81–4	Benzoic acid, 3-chloro-4-fluoro-, ethyl ester.		
P-17-122	474709–71–2	Benzoic acid, 4-bromo-2-fluoro-, ethyl ester.		
P–17–123	144267–97–0	Benzoic acid, 2-bromo-4,5-difluoro-, ethyl ester.		
P–17–124	1130165–74–0	Benzoic acid, 4-bromo-3-fluoro-, ethyl ester.		
P–17–125	23233–33–2	Benzoic acid, 3-bromo-4-fluoro-, ethyl ester.		
P–17–126	4793–20–8	Benzoic acid, 4-chloro-2-fluoro-, ethyl ester.		
P–17–127	35112–27–7	Benzoic acid, 2,5-dichloro-, ethyl ester.		
P–17–128	203573–08–4	Benzoic acid, 4-chloro-3-fluoro-, ethyl ester.		
P–17–129	167758–87–4	Benzoic acid, 2-chloro-4-fluoro-, ethyl ester.		
P–17–130	773139–56–3	Benzoic acid, 5-chloro-2-fluoro-, ethyl ester.		
P–17–131	108928–00–3	Benzoic acid, 2,4-difluoro-, ethyl ester.		
P–17–132	144267–96–9	Benzoic acid, 3,4-difluoro-, ethyl ester.		
P–17–133	495405–09–9	Benzoic acid, 3,4,5-trifluoro-, ethyl ester.		
P–17–134	351354–41–1	Benzoic acid, 2,4,5-trifluoro-, ethyl ester.		
P–17–135	76783–59–0	Benzoic acid, 3-(trifluoromethyl)-, ethyl ester.		
P–17–136	773134–65–9	Benzoic acid, 2,3-difluoro-, ethyl ester.		
P–17–137	81055–73–4	Benzoic acid, 2,6-dichloro-, ethyl ester.		
P–17–138	91085–56–2	Benzoic acid, 3,5-dichloro-, ethyl ester.		
P–17–139	56882–52–1	Benzoic acid, 2,4-dichloro-, ethyl ester.		
P–17–140	28394–58–3	Benzoic acid, 3,4-dichloro-, ethyl ester.		

* * * * * * * [FR Doc. 2019–21716 Filed 10–9–19; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560-50-P

DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

Federal Emergency Management Agency

44 CFR Part 64

[Docket ID FEMA-2019-0003; Internal Agency Docket No. FEMA-8601]

Suspension of Community Eligibility

AGENCY: Federal Emergency Management Agency, DHS. **ACTION:** Final rule.

SUMMARY: This rule identifies communities where the sale of flood insurance has been authorized under the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP) that are scheduled for suspension on the effective dates listed within this rule because of noncompliance with the floodplain

management requirements of the program. If the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) receives documentation that the community has adopted the required floodplain management measures prior to the effective suspension date given in this rule, the suspension will not occur and a notice of this will be provided by publication in the Federal Register on a subsequent date. Also, information identifying the current participation status of a community can be obtained from FEMA's Community Status Book (CSB). The CSB is available at https:// www.fema.gov/national-floodinsurance-program-community-statusbook.

DATES: The effective date of each community's scheduled suspension is the third date ("Susp.") listed in the third column of the following tables. **FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** If you want to determine whether a particular community was suspended on the suspension date or for further information, contact Adrienne L. Sheldon, PE, CFM, Federal Insurance and Mitigation Administration, Federal Emergency Management Agency, 400 C Street SW, Washington, DC 20472, (202) 212–3966.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The NFIP enables property owners to purchase Federal flood insurance that is not otherwise generally available from private insurers. In return, communities agree to adopt and administer local floodplain management measures aimed at protecting lives and new construction from future flooding. Section 1315 of the National Flood Insurance Act of 1968, as amended, 42 U.S.C. 4022, prohibits the sale of NFIP flood insurance unless an appropriate public body adopts adequate floodplain management measures with effective enforcement measures. The communities listed in this document no longer meet that statutory requirement for compliance with program regulations, 44 CFR part 59. Accordingly, the communities will be suspended on the effective date in the third column. As of that date, flood insurance will no longer be available in

the community. We recognize that some of these communities may adopt and submit the required documentation of legally enforceable floodplain management measures after this rule is published but prior to the actual suspension date. These communities will not be suspended and will continue to be eligible for the sale of NFIP flood insurance. A notice withdrawing the suspension of such communities will be published in the **Federal Register**.

In addition, FEMA publishes a Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM) that identifies the Special Flood Hazard Areas (SFHAs) in these communities. The date of the FIRM, if one has been published, is indicated in the fourth column of the table. No direct Federal financial assistance (except assistance pursuant to the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act not in connection with a flood) may be provided for construction or acquisition of buildings in identified SFHAs for communities not participating in the NFIP and identified for more than a year on FEMA's initial FIRM for the community as having flood-prone areas (section 202(a) of the Flood Disaster Protection Act of 1973, 42 U.S.C. 4106(a), as amended). This prohibition against certain types of Federal assistance becomes effective for the communities listed on the date shown in the last column. The Administrator finds that notice and public comment procedures under 5

U.S.C. 553(b), are impracticable and unnecessary because communities listed in this final rule have been adequately notified.

Each community receives 6-month, 90-day, and 30-day notification letters addressed to the Chief Executive Officer stating that the community will be suspended unless the required floodplain management measures are met prior to the effective suspension date. Since these notifications were made, this final rule may take effect within less than 30 days.

National Environmental Policy Act. FEMA has determined that the community suspension(s) included in this rule is a non-discretionary action and therefore the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4321 *et seq.*) does not apply.

Regulatory Flexibility Act. The Administrator has determined that this rule is exempt from the requirements of the Regulatory Flexibility Act because the National Flood Insurance Act of 1968, as amended, Section 1315, 42 U.S.C. 4022, prohibits flood insurance coverage unless an appropriate public body adopts adequate floodplain management measures with effective enforcement measures. The communities listed no longer comply with the statutory requirements, and after the effective date, flood insurance will no longer be available in the communities unless remedial action takes place.

Regulatory Classification. This final rule is not a significant regulatory action under the criteria of section 3(f) of Executive Order 12866 of September 30, 1993, Regulatory Planning and Review, 58 FR 51735.

Executive Order 13132, Federalism. This rule involves no policies that have federalism implications under Executive Order 13132.

Executive Order 12988, Civil Justice Reform. This rule meets the applicable standards of Executive Order 12988.

Paperwork Reduction Act. This rule does not involve any collection of information for purposes of the Paperwork Reduction Act, 44 U.S.C. 3501 *et seq.*

List of Subjects in 44 CFR Part 64

Flood insurance, Floodplains.

Accordingly, 44 CFR part 64 is amended as follows:

PART 64—[AMENDED]

■ 1. The authority citation for part 64 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 42 U.S.C. 4001 *et seq.*, Reorganization Plan No. 3 of 1978, 3 CFR, 1978 Comp.; p. 329; E.O. 12127, 44 FR 19367, 3 CFR, 1979 Comp.; p. 376.

§64.6 [Amended]

■ 2. The tables published under the authority of § 64.6 are amended as follows:

State and location	Community No.	Effective date authorization/cancellation of sale of flood insurance in community	Current effective map date	Date certain Federal assistance no longer available in SFHAs
Region IV				
Mississippi:				
Columbia, City of, Marion County	280111	February 6, 1975, Emerg; September 28, 1979, Reg; October 18, 2019, Susp.	October 18, 2019	October 18, 2019
Lamar County, Unincorporated Areas	280304	April 16, 1979, Emerg; April 2, 1990, Reg; October 18, 2019, Susp.	do	Do.
Marion County, Unincorporated Areas	280230	March 18, 1975, Emerg; September 28, 1979, Reg; October 18, 2019, Susp.	do	Do.
Tylertown, Town of, Walthall County	280175	February 27, 1975, Emerg; September 30, 1988, Reg; October 18, 2019, Susp.	do	Do.
Walthall County, Unincorporated Areas	280307	May 20, 1980, Emerg; August 1, 1986, Reg; October 18, 2019, Susp.	do	Do.
South Carolina:				
Hardeeville, City of, Beaufort and Jasper Coun- ties.	450113	May 27, 1975, Emerg; September 1, 1987, Reg; Oc- tober 18, 2019, Susp.	do	Do.
Jasper County, Unincorporated Areas	450112	June 10, 1975, Emerg; September 29, 1986, Reg; October 18, 2019, Susp.	do	Do.
Region VI				
Texas:				
Austin County, Unincorporated Areas	480704	November 21, 1975, Emerg; January 17, 1990, Reg; October 18, 2019, Susp.	do	Do.
San Felipe, Town of, Austin County	480705	April 7, 1976, Emerg; January 3, 1986, Reg; October 18, 2019, Susp.	do	Do.
Sealy, City of, Austin County	480017	July 31, 1975, Emerg; January 17, 1990, Reg; Octo- ber 18, 2019, Susp.	do	Do.
Region X				
Oregon:				
Depoe Bay, City of, Lincoln County	410283	January 11, 1979, Emerg; October 15, 1980, Reg; October 18, 2019, Susp.	do	Do.
Lincoln County, Unincorporated Areas	410129	February 16, 1973, Emerg; September 3, 1980, Reg; October 18, 2019, Susp.	do	Do.

State and location	Community No.	Effective date authorization/cancellation of sale of flood insurance in community	Current effective map date	Date certain Federal assistance no longer available in SFHAs
Marion County, Unincorporated Areas	410154	December 10, 1971, Emerg; August 15, 1979, Reg; October 18, 2019, Susp.	do	Do.
Newport, City of, Lincoln County	410131	October 18, 1974, Emerg; April 15, 1980, Reg; October 18, 2019, Susp.	do	Do.
Salem, City of, Marion and Polk Counties	410167	December 3, 1971, Emerg; June 15, 1979, Reg; Oc- tober 18, 2019, Susp.	do	Do.
Siletz, City of, Lincoln County	410132	May 30, 1975, Emerg; March 1, 1979, Reg; October 18, 2019, Susp.	October 18, 2019	October 18, 2019.
Toledo, City of, Lincoln County	410133	April 19, 1973, Emerg; March 1, 1979, Reg; October 18, 2019, Susp.	do	Do.
Turner, City of, Marion County	410171	August 1, 1975, Emerg; April 2, 1979, Reg; October 18, 2019, Susp.	do	Do.
Waldport, City of, Lincoln County	410134	November 1, 1974, Emerg; March 15, 1979, Reg; October 18, 2019, Susp.	do	Do.
Yachats, City of, Lincoln County	410135	July 18, 1975, Emerg; March 1, 1979, Reg; October 18, 2019, Susp.	do	Do.

*.....do = Ditto.

Code for reading third column: Emerg.-Emergency; Reg.-Regular; Susp.-Suspension.

Dated: October 3, 2019.

Katherine B. Fox,

Assistant Administrator for Mitigation, Federal Insurance and Mitigation Administration—FEMA Resilience, Department of Homeland Security, Federal Emergency Management Agency. [FR Doc. 2019–22123 Filed 10–9–19; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 9110–12–P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

50 CFR Part 635

[Docket No. 150413357-5999-02]

RIN 0648-XT024

Atlantic Highly Migratory Species; Commercial Aggregated Large Coastal Shark and Hammerhead Shark Management Group in the Atlantic Region; Retention Limit Adjustment

AGENCY: National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Commerce.

ACTION: Temporary rule; inseason retention limit adjustment.

SUMMARY: NMFS is adjusting the commercial aggregated large coastal shark (LCS) and hammerhead shark management group retention limit for directed shark limited access permit holders in the Atlantic region from 45 LCS other than sandbar sharks per vessel per trip to 55 LCS other than sandbar sharks per vessel per trip. This action is based on consideration of the regulatory determination criteria regarding inseason adjustments. The retention limit will remain at 55 LCS other than sandbar sharks per vessel per trip in the Atlantic region through the rest of the 2019 fishing season or until NMFS announces via a notification in the **Federal Register** another adjustment to the retention limit or a fishery closure. This retention limit adjustment affects anyone with a directed shark limited access permit fishing for LCS in the Atlantic region.

DATES: This retention limit adjustment is effective on October 9, 2019, through December 31, 2019, or until NMFS announces via a notification in the **Federal Register** another adjustment to the retention limit or a fishery closure, if warranted.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Guy DuBeck, Ian Miller, or Karyl Brewster-Geisz 301–427–8503; fax 301–713–1917.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Atlantic shark fisheries are managed under the 2006 Consolidated Highly Migratory Species (HMS) Fishery Management Plan (FMP), its amendments, and implementing regulations (50 CFR part 635) issued under authority of the Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act (16 U.S.C. 1801 *et seq.*).

Atlantic shark fisheries have separate regional (Gulf of Mexico and Atlantic) quotas for all management groups except those for blue shark, porbeagle shark, pelagic sharks (other than porbeagle or blue sharks), and the shark research fishery for LCS and sandbar sharks. The boundary between the Gulf of Mexico region and the Atlantic region is defined at §635.27(b)(1) as a line beginning on the East Coast of Florida at the mainland at 25°20.4' N lat, proceeding due east. Any water and land to the north and east of that boundary is considered, for the purposes of setting and monitoring quotas, to be within the Atlantic region. This inseason action only affects the aggregated LCS and hammerhead shark

management groups in the Atlantic region.

Under § 635.24(a)(8), NMFS may adjust the commercial retention limits in the shark fisheries during the fishing season. Before making any adjustment, NMFS must consider specified regulatory criteria (see § 635.24(a)(8)(i) through (vi)). After considering these criteria as discussed below, NMFS has concluded that increasing the retention limit of the Atlantic aggregated LCS and hammerhead management groups for directed shark limited access permit holders in the Atlantic region will allow use of available aggregated LCS and hammerhead shark management group quotas and will provide fishermen throughout the region equitable fishing opportunities for the rest of the year. Therefore, NMFS is increasing the commercial Atlantic aggregated LCS and hammerhead shark retention limit in the Atlantic region from 45 to 55 LCS other than sandbar shark per vessel per trip.

NMFS considered the inseason retention limit adjustment criteria listed at § 635.24(a)(8)(i) through (vi), which includes:

• The amount of remaining shark quota in the relevant area, region, or sub-region to date, based on dealer reports.

Based on dealer reports through September 13, 2019, 34.5 metric tons (mt) dressed weight (dw) (76,011 lb dw), or 20 percent, of the 168.9 mt dw shark quota for aggregated LCS and 9.3 mt dw (20,479 lb dw), or 34 percent, of the 27.1 mt dw shark quota for the hammerhead management groups have been harvested in the Atlantic region. This means that approximately 80 percent of the aggregated LCS quota remains available and approximately 66 percent of the hammerhead shark quota remains available. NMFS took action on April 2,