Alternatives	Preferred Y/N
Bayfront Park Restoration and Improvement Phase IIa	N
Gulf State Park Pier Renovation	Y
Bon Secour National Wildlife Refuge Recreation Enhancement—Mobile Street Boardwalk Bon Secour National Wildlife Refuge Recreation Enhancement—Centennial Trail Boardwalk	Y N
Restoration Type—Birds	
Stewardship of Coastal Alabama Beach Nesting Bird Habitat	Y N Y

Next Steps

As described above, the Trustees will hold a public meeting to facilitate the public review and comment process. After the public comment period ends, the Trustees will consider and address the comments received before issuing a final RP III/EA.

Public Availability of Comments

Before including your address, phone number, email address, or other personal identifying information in your comment, you should be aware that your entire comment—including your personal identifying information—may be made publicly available at any time. While you can ask us in your comment to withhold your personal identifying information from public review, we cannot guarantee that we will be able to do so.

Administrative Record

The documents comprising the Administrative Record for the RP III/EA can be viewed electronically at https://www.doi.gov/deepwaterhorizon/adminrecord.

Authority

The authority of this action is the Oil Pollution Act of 1990 (33 U.S.C. 2701 et seq.), its implementing Natural Resource Damage Assessment regulations found at 15 CFR part 990, and the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.) and its implementing regulations found at 40 CFR parts 1500–1508.

Mary Josie Blanchard,

Department of the Interior, Director, Gulf of Mexico Restoration.

[FR Doc. 2019–18920 Filed 8–30–19; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4333-15-P

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Bureau of Land Management

[19X.LLID957000.L14400000.BJ0000.241A. 4500134614]

Filing of Plats of Survey: Idaho

AGENCY: Bureau of Land Management, Interior.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The plats of survey of the following described lands are scheduled to be officially filed in the Bureau of Land Management, Idaho State Office, Boise, Idaho, in 30 days from the date of this publication.

Boise Meridian, Idaho

T. 50 N, R. 4 W, accepted July 16, 2019 T. 48 N, R. 5 W, accepted July 17, 2019 T. 35 N, R. 2 E, accepted July 17, 2019 T. 2 S, R. 5 W, accepted July 17, 2019 T. 2 S, R. 6 W, accepted July 17, 2019

ADDRESSES: A copy of the plats may be obtained from the Public Room at the Bureau of Land Management, Idaho State Office, 1387 S. Vinnell Way, Boise, Idaho 83709, upon required payment.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Timothy A. Quincy, (208) 373–3981 Branch of Cadastral Survey, Bureau of Land Management, 1387 South Vinnell Way, Boise, Idaho, 83709–1657. Persons who use a telecommunications device for the deaf (TDD) may call the Federal Relay Service (FRS) at 1–800–877–8339 to contact the above individual during normal business hours. The FRS is available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, to leave a message or question with Mr. Quincy. You will receive a reply during normal business hours.

supplementary information: A person or party who wishes to protest one or more plats of survey identified above must file a written notice with the Chief Cadastral Surveyor for Idaho, Bureau of Land Management. The protest must identify the plat(s) of survey that the person or party wishes to protest and contain all reasons and evidence in support of the protest. The protest must

be filed before the scheduled date of official filing for the plat(s) of survey being protested. Any protest filed after the scheduled date of official filing will be untimely and will not be considered. A protest is considered filed on the date it is received by the Chief Cadastral Surveyor for Idaho during regular business hours; if received after regular business hours, a protest will be considered filed the next business day. If a protest against a plat of survey is received prior to the scheduled date of official filing, the official filing of the plat of survey identified in the protest will be stayed pending consideration of the protest. A plat of survey will not be officially filed until the next business day following dismissal or resolution of all protests of the plat.

Before including your address, phone number, email address, or other personal identifying information in a protest, you should be aware that the documents you submit, including your personal identifying information, may be made publicly available in their entirety at any time. While you can ask us to withhold your personal identifying information from public review, we cannot guarantee that we will be able to do so.

Timothy A. Quincy,

Chief Cadastral Surveyor for Idaho.
[FR Doc. 2019–18985 Filed 8–30–19; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 4310–GG–P

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

National Park Service

[NPS-WASO-NAGPRA-NPS0028647; PPWOCRADN0-PCU00RP14.R50000]

Notice of Inventory Completion: U.S. Department of Agriculture, Forest Service, Shoshone National Forest, Cody, WY

AGENCY: National Park Service, Interior.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA), Forest Service, Shoshone National Forest has completed an inventory of human remains in consultation with the appropriate Indian Tribes or Native Hawaiian organizations and has determined that there is no cultural affiliation between the human remains and any present-day Indian Tribes or Native Hawaiian organizations. Representatives of any Indian Tribe or Native Hawaiian organization not identified in this notice that wish to request transfer of control of these human remains should submit a written request to the USDA, Forest Service, Shoshone National Forest. If no additional requestors come forward, transfer of control of the human remains to the Indian Tribes or Native Hawaiian organizations stated in this notice may proceed.

DATES: Representatives of any Indian Tribe or Native Hawaiian organization not identified in this notice that wish to request transfer of control of these human remains should submit a written request with information in support of the request to the USDA, Forest Service, Shoshone National Forest at the address in this notice by October 3, 2019.

ADDRESSES: Lisa Timchak, Forest Supervisor, Shoshone National Forest, 808 Meadow Lane Avenue, Cody, WY 82414, telephone (307) 578-5187, email latimchak@fs.fed.us.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Notice is here given in accordance with the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA), 25 U.S.C. 3003, of the completion of an inventory of human remains under the control of the U.S. Department of Agriculture, Forest Service, Shoshone National Forest, Cody, WY. The human remains were removed from Park County, WY.

This notice is published as part of the National Park Service's administrative responsibilities under NAGPRA, 25 U.S.C. 3003(d)(3) and 43 CFR 10.11(d). The determinations in this notice are the sole responsibility of the museum, institution, or Federal agency that has control of the Native American human remains. The National Park Service is not responsible for the determinations in this notice.

Consultation

A detailed assessment of the human remains was made by the USDA, Shoshone National Forest professional staff in consultation with representatives of the Chevenne River Sioux Tribe of the Chevenne River Reservation, South Dakota; Crow Tribe of Montana; Eastern Shoshone Tribe of

the Wind River Reservation, Wyoming (previously listed as the Shoshone Tribe of the Wind River Reservation, Wyoming); Nez Perce Tribe (previously listed as the Nez Perce Tribe of Idaho); Northern Chevenne Tribe of the Northern Chevenne Indian Reservation, Montana; and the Shoshone-Bannock Tribes of the Fort Hall Reservation.

The Arapaho Tribe of the Wind River Reservation, Wyoming; Assiniboine and Sioux Tribes of the Fort Peck Indian Reservation, Montana; Oglala Sioux Tribe (previously listed as the Oglala Sioux Tribe of the Pine Ridge Reservation, South Dakota); and the Three Affiliated Tribes of the Fort Berthold Reservation, North Dakota were invited to consult but did not participate.

Hereafter, all Tribes listed in this section are referred to as "The Consulted and Invited Tribes.'

History and Description of the Remains

On August 10, 1969, human remains representing, at minimum, two individuals were removed by Dr. George C. Frison from 48PA551, the Dead Indian site, which is located near the Dead Indian Campground in the Shoshone National Forest, Park County, WY. At the time, Frison was the Wyoming State Archeologist and Head of the Department of Anthropology at the University of Wyoming. The fragmentary human remains are those of a child eight—nine years old and an adult (represented by a chipped and worn tooth). The burial was reported as probably a secondary internment with no associated funerary objects. No known individuals were identified.

The Dead Indian site was first visited by avocational archeologists in 1967. Subsequently the Wyoming Archaeological Society (WAS) conducted excavations there in 1969, 1971, and 1972. The major excavation of the site, in 1972, was supervised by George C. Frison of the University of Wyoming. Based on three radiocarbon tests and obsidian hydration tests, the site is McKean complex, Middle Archaic (3800+/-110 to 4430+/-250 B.P.).

Determinations Made by the U.S. Department of Agriculture, Forest Service, Shoshone National Forest

Officials of the U.S. Department of Agriculture, Forest Service, Shoshone National Forest have determined that:

• Pursuant to 25 U.S.C. 3001(9), the human remains described in this notice are Native American based on the archeological context, dental morphology, and features of the skeletal elements.

- Pursuant to 25 U.S.C. 3001(9), the human remains described in this notice represent the physical remains of two individuals of Native American ancestry.
- Pursuant to 25 U.S.C. 3001(2), a relationship of shared group identity cannot be reasonably traced between the Native American human remains and any present-day Indian Tribe.
- According to final judgments of the Indian Claims Commission or the Court of Federal Claims, the land from which the Native American human remains were removed is the aboriginal land of the Crow Tribe of Montana.
- Treaties, Acts of Congress, or Executive Orders indicate that the land from which the Native American human remains were removed is the aboriginal land of the Crow Tribe of Montana.
- Pursuant to 43 CFR 10.11(c)(1), the disposition of the human remains may be to the Crow Tribe of Montana.

Additional Requestors and Disposition

Representatives of any Indian Tribe or Native Hawaiian organization not identified in this notice that wish to request transfer of control of these human remains should submit a written request with information in support of the request to Lisa Timchak, Forest Supervisor, Shoshone National Forest, 808 Meadow Lane Avenue, Cody, WY 82414, telephone (307) 578-5187, email latimchak@fs.fed.us, by October 3, 2019. After that date, if no additional requestors have come forward, transfer of control of the human remains to the Crow Tribe of Montana may proceed.

The U.S. Department of Agriculture, Forest Service, Shoshone National Forest is responsible for notifying The Consulted and Invited Tribes that this notice has been published.

Dated: August 6, 2019.

Melanie O'Brien,

Manager, National NAGPRA Program. [FR Doc. 2019-18858 Filed 8-30-19; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4312-52-P

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

National Park Service

[NPS-WASO-NAGPRA-NPS0028705; PPWOCRADN0-PCU00RP14.R50000]

Notice of Inventory Completion: Department of Anthropology. University of Alaska Anchorage, Anchorage, AK

AGENCY: National Park Service, Interior.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The Department of Anthropology, University of Alaska