their own rate, the cash deposit rate will be the rate applicable to the China exporter that supplied that non-China exporter.

These deposit requirements, when imposed, shall remain in effect until further notice.

Notification to Interested Parties

This notice also serves as a final reminder to importers of their responsibility under 19 CFR 351.402(f)(2) to file a certificate regarding the reimbursement of antidumping duties prior to liquidation of the relevant entries during this review period. Failure to comply with this requirement could result in the Secretary's presumption that reimbursement of the antidumping duties occurred and the subsequent assessment of double antidumping duties.

This notice also serves as a reminder to parties subject to administrative protective orders (APOs) of their responsibility concerning the return or destruction of proprietary information disclosed under APO in accordance with 19 CFR 351.305, which continues to govern business proprietary information in this segment of the proceeding. Timely written notification of the return/destruction of APO materials or conversion to judicial protective order is hereby requested. Failure to comply with the regulations and terms of an APO is a violation that is subject to sanction.

This notice of the final results of this antidumping duty administrative review is issued and published in accordance with sections 751(a)(1) and 777(i) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.213 and 19 CFR 351.221(b)(5).

Dated: May 21, 2019.

Christian Marsh,

Deputy Assistant Secretary for Enforcement and Compliance.

Appendix

Issues and Decision Memorandum

I. Summarv

- II. Background
- III. Scope of the Order
- IV. Discussion of the Issues
- Comment: Commerce Should Assign the Mandatory Respondent Decca a Rate Based on Total Adverse Facts Available
- V. Recommendation
- [FR Doc. 2019–11081 Filed 5–28–19; 8:45 am]

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DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

[A-570-909]

Certain Steel Nails From the People's Republic of China: Amended Final Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review; 2016–2017

AGENCY: Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce. SUMMARY: On April 24, 2019, the Department of Commerce (Commerce) published in the Federal Register the final results of the administrative review of the antidumping duty (AD) order on certain steel nails from the People's Republic of China (China). Commerce is amending the final results of the administrative review to correct an unintentional ministerial error.

DATES: Applicable May 29, 2019.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Susan Pulongbarit or Benito Ballesteros, AD/CVD Operations, Office V, Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 1401 Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20230; telephone 202–482–4031 or 202–482–7425, respectively.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: On April 24, 2019, Commerce published in the Federal Register the final results of the administrative review of certain steel nails from China.¹ No interested party submitted ministerial allegations concerning the *Final Results*. Following the publication of the *Final Results*, Commerce identified a ministerial error in Dezhou Hualude Hardware Products Co., Ltd.'s (Dezhou Hualude) final results margin calculation program.²

Legal Framework

A ministerial error, as defined in section 751(h) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act), includes "errors in addition, subtraction, or other arithmetic function, clerical errors resulting from inaccurate copying, duplication, or the like, and any other type of unintentional error which the administering authority considers ministerial." ³ With respect to final results of administrative reviews, 19 CFR 351.224(e) provides that Commerce "will analyze any comments received and, if appropriate, correct any ministerial error by amending the final results of review" Even when interested parties do not submit ministerial error comments, Commerce has the authority to self-correct ministerial errors provided the selfcorrection occurs within the statutory timeline for judicial review.⁴

Ministerial Errors

In the Final Results, we stated our intention to adjust U.S. price in the margin programming for Dezhou Hualude's international freight and marine insurance expenses.⁵ However, following the *Final Results*, we observed that the SAS code input into the program inadvertently caused the program to create missing values for the international freight expenses pertaining to sales to certain importers, which in turn removed those sales from the program and failed to generate importerspecific liquidation rates for those importers. Modifying the final margin program to fix these missing values will properly include the sales in the program and generate the proper importer-specific liquidation rates. Accordingly, we have determined, in accordance with section 751(h) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.224(f), that an unintentional ministerial error was made in the *Final Results*. For a detailed discussion of this ministerial error, as well as Commerce's analysis, see Ministerial Error Memorandum.

Amended Final Results

In accordance with section 751(h) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.224(e), we are amending the Final Results of this administrative review of nails from China. For the amended final results, Commerce has recalculated the weighted-average margin for Dezhou Hualude. Commerce has also updated the sample rate assigned to the nonselected companies, which is based on an average of the rates of the three mandatory respondents, The Stanley Works (Langfang) Fastening Systems Co., Ltd. and Stanley Black & Decker, Inc. (collectively, Stanley), Dezhou Hualude, and Shandong Dinglong Import & Export Co., Ltd. (Shandong Dinglong), as discussed in the Ministerial Error Memorandum. The revised weighted-average dumping margins for the administrative review are as follows:

¹ See Certain Steel Nails from the People's Republic of China: Final Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review, and Final Determination of No Shipments; 2016–2017, 84 FR 17134 (April 24, 2019) (Final Results) and accompanying Issues and Decision Memorandum (IDM).

² See Memorandum, "Administrative Review Certain Steel Nails from the People's Republic of China; 2016–2017: Ministerial Error Memorandum," dated concurrently with this notice (Ministerial Error Memorandum).

³ See also 19 CFR 351.224(f).

⁴ See American Signature, Inc. v. United States, 598 F.3d 816, 826–28 (Fed. Cir. 2010).

⁵ See Final Results and accompany IDM at 26.

Exporter	Weighted- average margin (percent)
Dezhou Hualude Hardware Products Co., Ltd	69.99
Shandong Dinglong Import & Export Co., Ltd ⁶	118.04
The Stanley Works (Langfang) Fastening Systems Co., Ltd. and Stanley Black & Decker, Inc. (collectively, Stanley) ⁷	3.94
Hebei Canzhou New Century Foreign Trade Co., Ltd	43.26
Mingguang Ruifeng Hardware Products Co., Ltd	43.26
Qingdao D&L Group Ltd	43.26
SDC International Australia Pty. Ltd	43.26
Shandong Oriental Cherry Hardware Group Co., Ltd	43.26
Shanghai Curvet Hardware Products Co., Ltd	43.26
Shanghai Yueda Nails Industry Co., Ltd. a.k.a. Shanghai Yueda Nails Co., Ltd	43.26
Shanxi Hairui Trade Co., Ltd	43.26
Shanxi Pioneer Hardware Industrial Co., Ltd	43.26 43.26
Shanxi Tianli Industries Co., Ltd	43.26
S-Mart (Tianjin) Technology Development Co., Ltd Suntec Industries Co., Ltd	43.26
Tianjin Huixinshangmao Co., Ltd	43.26
Tianjin Jinchi Metal Products Co., Ltd	43.26
Tianjin Jinghai County Hongli Industry & Business Co., Ltd	43.26
Tianjin Universal Machinery Imp. & Exp. Corporation	43.26
Tianjin Zhonglian Metals Ware Co., Ltd	43.26
Xi'an Metals & Minerals Import & Export Co., Ltd	43.26
Zhangjiagang Lianfeng Metals Products Co., Ltd	43.26

Disclosure

We intend to disclose the calculations performed for these amended final results of review within five days of the date of publication of this notice in the **Federal Register**, in accordance with 19 CFR 351.224(b).

Assessment Rates

Commerce shall determine, and U.S. Customs Border Protection (CBP) shall assess antidumping duties on all appropriate entries covered by this review pursuant to section 751(a)(2)(A) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.212(b).

Where the respondent reported reliable entered values, we calculated importer- (or customer-) specific ad valorem rates by aggregating the dumping margins calculated for all U.S. sales to each importer (or customer) and dividing this amount by the total entered value of the sales to each importer (or customer).8 Where Commerce calculated a weightedaverage dumping margin by dividing the total amount of dumping for reviewed sales to that party by the total sales quantity associated with those transactions, Commerce will direct CBP to assess importer-specific assessment rates based on the resulting per-unit rates.⁹ Where an importer- (or customer-) specific *ad valorem* or per-unit rate is greater than *de minimis* (*i.e.*, 0.50

percent), Commerce will instruct CBP to collect the appropriate duties at the time of liquidation.¹⁰ Where an importer- (or customer-) specific *ad valorem* or perunit rate is zero or *de minimis*, Commerce will instruct CBP to liquidate appropriate entries without regard to antidumping duties.¹¹ We intend to instruct CBP to liquidate entries containing subject merchandise exported by the China-wide entity at the China-wide rate.

Pursuant to Commerce's assessment practice, for entries that were not reported in the U.S. sales databases submitted by companies individually examined during this review, Commerce will instruct CBP to liquidate such entries at the China-wide entity rate. Additionally, if Commerce determines that an exporter had no shipments of the subject merchandise, any suspended entries that entered under that exporter's case number (*i.e.*, at that exporter's rate) will be liquidated at the China-wide entity rate.¹²

Cash Deposit Requirements

The following cash deposit requirements will be effective retroactively on any entries made on or after April 24, 2019, the date of publication of the *Final Results*, for all shipments of the subject merchandise entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after the publication date, as provided for by section 751(a)(2)(C) of the Act: (1) For the exporters listed above, the cash deposit rate will be the rate established in the "Amended Final Results" section (except, if the rate is zero or *de minimis*, a zero cash deposit rate will be required for that company); (2) for previously investigated or reviewed China and non-China exporters not listed above that have separate rates, the cash deposit rate will continue to be the exporter-specific rate published for the most recent period; (3) for all China exporters of subject merchandise which have not been found to be entitled to a separate rate, the cash deposit rate will be the China-wide rate of 118.04 percent; and (4) for all non-China exporters of subject merchandise which have not received their own rate, the cash deposit rate will be the rate applicable to the China exporters that supplied that non-China exporter. The deposit requirements, when imposed, shall remain in effect until further notice.

Notification to Importers

This notice also serves as a final reminder to importers of their responsibility under 19 CFR 351.402(f) to file a certificate regarding the reimbursement of antidumping duties prior to liquidation of the relevant entries during this POR. Failure to comply with this requirement could result in Commerce's presumption that reimbursement of antidumping duties occurred and the subsequent assessment of doubled antidumping duties.

⁶ There are no changes to the dumping margin for Shandong Dinglong.

⁷ There are no changes to the dumping margin for Stanley.

⁸ See 19 CFR 351.212(b)(1). ⁹ Id.

¹⁰ Id.

¹¹ See 19 CFR 351.106(c)(2).

¹² See Non-Market Economy Antidumping Proceedings: Assessment of Antidumping Duties, 76 FR 65694 (October 24, 2011).

Administrative Protective Orders

This notice also serves as a reminder to parties subject to administrative protective order (APO) of their responsibility concerning the return or destruction of proprietary information disclosed under APO in accordance with 19 CFR 351.305(a)(3), which continues to govern business proprietary information in this segment of the proceeding. Timely written notification of the return or destruction of APO materials, or conversion to judicial protective order, is hereby requested. Failure to comply with the regulations and terms of an APO is a violation which is subject to sanction.

These amended final results and notice are issued and published in accordance with sections 751(h) and 777(i) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.224(e).

Dated: May 22, 2019.

Christian Marsh,

Deputy Assistant Secretary for Enforcement and Compliance.

[FR Doc. 2019–11126 Filed 5–28–19; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510–DS–P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Submission for OMB Review; Comment Request

The Department of Commerce will submit to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for clearance the following proposal for collection of information under the provisions of the Paperwork Reduction Act (44 U.S.C. Chapter 35).

Agency: International Trade Administration.

Title: Procedures for Importation of Supplies for Use in Emergency Relief Work.

Form Number(s): N/A. OMB Control Number: 0625–0256. Type of Request: Regular Submission. Burden Hours: 15. Number of Respondents: 1. Average Hours per Response: 15.

Needs and Uses: The regulations (19 CFR 358.101–104) provide procedures for requesting the Secretary of Commerce to permit the importation of supplies, such as food, clothing, and medical, surgical, and other supplies, for use in emergency relief work free of antidumping and countervailing duties.

Affected Public: Business or other forprofit organizations.

Frequency: Varies.

Respondent's Obligation: Voluntary. This information collection request may be viewed at *reginfo.gov*. Follow the instructions to view Department of Commerce collections currently under review by OMB. Written comments and recommendations for the proposed information collection should be sent within 30 days of publication of this notice to *OIRA_Submission@ omb.eop.gov* or fax to (202) 395–5806.

Sheleen Dumas,

Departmental Lead PRA Officer, Office of the Chief Information Officer, Commerce Department.

[FR Doc. 2019–11115 Filed 5–28–19; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510–DS–P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

[C-533-868]

Welded Stainless Pressure Pipe From India: Rescission of the Countervailing Duty Administrative Review; 2017

AGENCY: Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

SUMMARY: The Department of Commerce (Commerce) is rescinding the administrative review of the countervailing duty order on welded stainless pressure pipe (WSPP) from India for the period January 1, 2017, through December 31, 2017.

DATES: Applicable May 29, 2019. FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Emily Halle or Charles Doss, AD/CVD Operations, Office III, Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 1401 Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20230; telephone: (202) 482–0176 and (202) 482–4474, respectively.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

On November 1, 2018, Commerce published a notice of opportunity to request an administrative review of the countervailing duty (CVD) order on WSPP from India.¹ On February 6, 2019, in accordance with section 751(a) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act), Commerce published a notice of initiation of an administrative review of the order covering the period January 1, 2017, through December 31, 2017.² On March 8, 2019, Commerce selected Hindustan Inox Limited (Hindustan Inox), and Sun Mark Stainless Pvt. Ltd. and its cross-owned affiliates, Sunrise Stainless Private Limited and Shah Foils Ltd. (collectively, Sun Mark), as the mandatory respondents in this administrative review.³ On May 7, 2019, Hindustan Inox and Sun Mark withdrew their requests for review; Bristol Metals and Primus Pipe & Tube (the petitioners) also submitted a timely request to rescind the administrative review of the CVD order of WSPP from India with respect to all entities for which it had requested a review.⁴

Rescission of Review

Pursuant to 19 CFR 351.213(d)(1), the Secretary will rescind an administrative review, in whole or in part, if the party or parties who requested the review withdraw(s) the request within 90 days of the date of publication of the notice of initiation of the requested review. Hindustan Inox, Sun Mark, and the petitioners timely withdrew their requests for an administrative review, and no other party requested a review of these companies. Therefore, we are rescinding the administrative review of the CVD order on WSPP from India covering the period January 1, 2017, to December 31, 2017, in its entirety.

Assessment

Commerce will instruct U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) to assess countervailing duties on all appropriate entries. Because Commerce is rescinding this administrative review in its entirety, the entries to which this administrative review pertains shall be assessed countervailing duties that are equal to the cash deposits of estimated countervailing duties required at the time of entry, or withdrawal from warehouse, for consumption, in accordance with 19 CFR 351.212(c)(1)(i). Commerce intends to issue appropriate assessment instructions to CBP 15 days after the publication of this notice in the Federal Register.

Notification Regarding Administrative Protective Order

This notice serves as a final reminder to parties subject to an administrative protective order (APO) of their

¹ See Antidumping or Countervailing Duty Order, Finding, or Suspended Investigation; Opportunity to Request Administrative Review, 83 FR 54912 (November 1, 2018).

² See Initiation of Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Administrative Reviews, 84 FR 2159 (February 6, 2019).

³ See Memorandum, "Administrative Review of the Countervailing Duty Order of Welded Stainless Pressure Pipes from India: Respondent Selection," dated March 8, 2019.

⁴ See Hindustan's letter, "Welded Stainless Pressure Pipe from India: Withdrawal of Request for Countervailing Duty Administrative Review of Hindustan Inox Limited.," dated May 7, 2019; Sun Mark's letter, "Welded Stainless Pressure Pipes from India: Withdrawal of Request for Countervailing Duty Administrative Review," dated May 7, 2019; the petitioners' letter, "Welded Stainless Pressure Pipe from India: Request to Rescind Administrative Review," dated May 7, 2019.