

*Respondents:* Business or other for-profit; Not-for-profit institutions, Individuals or households, State, Local or Tribal Government.

*Number of Respondents and Responses:* 405 respondents; 655 responses.

*Estimated Time per Response:* 15 hours.

*Frequency of Response:* On occasion reporting requirements; Recordkeeping requirements; and Third party disclosure requirement.

*Obligation to Respond:* Required to obtain or retain benefits. Statutory authority for this information collection is contained in 47 U.S.C. Sections 4, 302, 303, 307 and 336 of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended.

*Total Annual Burden:* 3,474 hours.

*Total Annual Cost:* \$52,150.

*Privacy Act Impact Assessment:* This information collection affects individuals or households. The Commission has a System of Records, FCC/OET-1 "Experimental Radio Station License Files" which covers the personally identifiable information (PII) that individual applicants may include in their submissions for experimental radio authorizations. The system of records notice (SORN) was published in the **Federal Register** on April 5, 2006, see 71 FR 17234, 17241. The SORN may be viewed at <https://www.fcc.gov/general/privacy-act-information>.

*Nature and Extent of Confidentiality:* Applicants may request that any information supplied be withheld from public inspection, e.g., granted confidentiality, pursuant to 47 CFR Section 0.459 of the Commission's rules.

*Needs and Uses:* The Commission will submit this revised information collection to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) after this 60-day comment period to obtain the three-year clearance.

On June 29, 2016, the Commission adopted a Second Report and Order, in ET Docket No. 10-236 and 06-155; FCC 16-86, which updates Part 5 of the CFR—"Experimental Radio Service" (ERS).<sup>1</sup> The Commission's recent Report and Order revises and streamlines the rule part under for the ERS. This rule change allows licensees operation under frequency bands mentioned in Section 5.303 and as state, within rule part

15.205(a). These rule changes update procedures used to obtain and use an experimental license.

### Section 5.303 Frequencies

(a) Licensees may operate in any frequency band, including those above 38.6 GHz, except for frequency bands exclusively allocated to the passive services (including the radio astronomy service). In addition, licensees may not use any frequency or frequency band below 38.6 GHz that is listed in § 15.205(a) of this chapter.

(b) *Exception:* Licensees may use frequencies listed in § 15.205(a) of this chapter for testing medical devices (as defined in § 5.402(b) of this chapter), if the device is designed to comply with all applicable service rules in Part 18, Industrial, Scientific, and Medical Equipment; Part 95, Personal Radio Services Subpart H—Wireless Medical Telemetry Service; or Part 95, Subpart I—Medical Device Radiocommunication Service.

Federal Communications Commission.

**Marlene Dortch,**

*Secretary.*

[FR Doc. 2018-17098 Filed 8-9-18; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 6712-01-P**

## FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM

### Change in Bank Control Notices; Acquisitions of Shares of a Bank or Bank Holding Company

The notificants listed below have applied under the Change in Bank Control Act (12 U.S.C. 1817(j)) and § 225.41 of the Board's Regulation Y (12 CFR 225.41) to acquire shares of a bank or bank holding company. The factors that are considered in acting on the notices are set forth in paragraph 7 of the Act (12 U.S.C. 1817(j)(7)).

The notices are available for immediate inspection at the Federal Reserve Bank indicated. The notices also will be available for inspection at the offices of the Board of Governors. Interested persons may express their views in writing to the Reserve Bank indicated for that notice or to the offices of the Board of Governors. Comments must be received not later than August 28, 2018.

*A. Federal Reserve Bank of Kansas City* (Dennis Denney, Assistant Vice President) 1 Memorial Drive, Kansas City, Missouri 64198-0001:

1. *Kelley V. Ayres, Minden, Nebraska, individually, as trustee of the Eloise R. Agee Non-Exempt Trust, Minden, Nebraska, and as a member of the Ayres Family Group;* to retain voting shares of

First Minden Financial Corporation (Company), and thereby indirectly retain shares of First Bank and Trust Company, both of Minden, Nebraska. Additionally, Lynda S. Ayres, Minden, Nebraska, to join the Ayres Family Group, which, acting in concert, controls Company.

*B. Federal Reserve Bank of San Francisco* (Gerald C. Tsai, Director, Applications and Enforcement) 101 Market Street, San Francisco, California 94105-1579:

1. *Shirley W. Nelson 2014 Trust UA 3/05/2014, 9/06/2001 Shirley W. Nelson Revocable Trust, Alamo, California, Steven P. Nelson Jr., Summit Stock Trust UA 6/28/2018, Alamo, California, Bobby Westmoreland, Celina, Tennessee, and Lester Kenny Westmoreland, Celina, Tennessee;* to retain shares of Summit Bancshares, Inc., and thereby indirectly retain shares of Summit Bank, both of Oakland, California.

Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, August 7, 2018.

**Yao-Chin Chao,**

*Assistant Secretary of the Board.*

[FR Doc. 2018-17215 Filed 8-9-18; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE P**

## GENERAL SERVICES ADMINISTRATION

[Notice-PBS-2018-04; Docket No. 2018-0002; Sequence No. 19]

### Notice of Intent To Prepare a Supplemental Environmental Impact Statement (SEIS) for the Sale of the Plum Island and an Ancillary Support Facility at Orient Point, New York

**AGENCY:** Office of Real Property Utilization & Disposal, General Services Administration (GSA).

**ACTION:** Notice of intent.

**SUMMARY:** The U.S. General Services Administration (GSA) as the operational Joint Lead Agency, announces its Notice of Intent (NOI) to prepare a Supplemental Environmental Impact Statement (SEIS) for the sale of Plum Island, New York and an ancillary support facility at Orient Point, New York (hereinafter collectively referred to as Plum Island). That sale is now anticipated to occur no sooner than 2023. The U.S. Department of Homeland Security (DHS) will act as a Joint Lead Agency in ongoing consultation with GSA for the NEPA and associated regulatory compliance activities. The SEIS prepared during this process will supersede the Final EIS (FEIS) issued on June 25, 2013. After publication of the

<sup>1</sup> See In the Matter of Promoting Expanded Opportunities for Radio Experimentation and Market Trials Under Part 5 of the Commission's Rules and Streamlining Other Related Rules, ET Docket No. 10-236; 2006 Biennial Review of Telecommunications Regulations—Part 2, Administered by the Office of Engineering and Technology (OET), ET Docket No. 06-155; 31 FCC Rcd 7529 (2016), FCC 16-86.

SEIS, a new Record of Decision (ROD) will be issued to supersede the ROD issued on August 29, 2013.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Mr. John L.A. Dugan, Real Property Utilization & Disposal Division, General Services Administration, 10 Causeway Street, Room 1100, Boston, MA 02222, or email [john.dugan@gsa.gov](mailto:john.dugan@gsa.gov).

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:**

**Description**

Plum Island is an 840-acre island located approximately 1.5 miles off the northeast tip of Orient Point, Long Island, New York. Plum Island is formerly the home of the U.S. Army's Fort Terry, and was transferred to the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) in 1954 to establish a research facility for foot-and-mouth disease. In 2003, Plum Island was transferred to DHS, and DHS now, in cooperation with the USDA, operates Plum Island Animal Disease Center (PIADC). In addition to the buildings and facilities that support the PIADC mission, other assets on Plum Island include natural undeveloped land, the Plum Island Lighthouse constructed in 1869, and buildings and structures associated with the former Fort Terry.

**Statutory Authority**

Pursuant to the requirements of the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (NEPA), and the President's Council on Environmental Quality Regulations (40 CFR 1500–1508), as implemented by the GSA Order PBS P 1095.4C, GSA and DHS will prepare the SEIS for the sale of Plum Island. The sale is mandated in Section 540 of the Consolidated Security, Disaster Assistance, and Continuing Appropriations Act of 2009, United States Public Law 110–329. United States Public Law 110–329 requires the Secretary of the DHS to liquidate the Plum Island asset by directing the Administrator of the GSA to sell through public sale all real and related personal property and transportation assets which support Plum Island operations, subject to such terms and conditions as necessary to protect government interests and meet program requirements. The Public Law mandates the public sale as a result of the determination by DHS to construct and operate a new National Bio and Agro Defense Facility (NBAF) in Manhattan, Kansas and move its operations to the NBAF (Record of Decision dated January 16, 2009).

**Background**

The purpose of the SEIS will be to document conditions that have changed

and new information that has become available since the publication of the FEIS and ROD, and will provide a thorough analysis of those conditions and the new information. Items to be studied and analyzed in the SEIS will include, but are not limited to the following: The biological inventory known as the “Biodiversity and Ecological Potential of Plum Island, New York”, also known as the Four-Seasons Study; any activities undertaken by the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service on Plum Island; the zoning plan for Plum Island adopted by the Town of Southold in August 2013; the completion by DHS of a descriptive interpretation of Plum Island's environmental condition, known as a Conceptual Site Model; ongoing environmental remediation and mission closure activities by DHS; activity undertaken by the Army Corps of Engineers under the Formerly Used Defense Site program; progress by DHS under Section 110 of the National Historic Preservation Act; and, the availability of more definitive dates for the transfer of the PIADC mission off Plum Island and the sale of Plum Island.

The Joint Lead Agencies anticipate scoping for the SEIS will begin in 2019. When the scoping process is initiated, a notice will be posted in the **Federal Register** and sent to interested parties including those who commented on the prior NEPA process that concluded with the issuance of the ROD dated August 29, 2013. The agencies anticipate that in addition to preparing a SEIS, the Federal Consistency Review process under the Coastal Zone Management Act and any applicable requirements of the Endangered Species Act will be addressed. After the scoping is completed, a SEIS will incorporate findings from the FEIS, and further document and analyze conditions that have changed, and new information that has become available, since the publication of the FEIS and ROD. The SEIS will identify potentially significant direct, indirect, and cumulative impacts on historical and biological resources, land use, air quality, water quality, water resources, and socioeconomics, as well as other environmental issues that could occur as a result of the proposed action. For potentially significant impacts, the SEIS may identify avoidance, minimization, or mitigation measures to reduce these impacts, where feasible. Once published, the SEIS will supersede the FEIS and ROD issued in 2013.

August 6, 2018

**Barbara J. Salfity,**

*Branch Chief, Real Property Utilization & Disposal Division, General Services Administration.*

[FR Doc. 2018–17212 Filed 8–9–18; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 6820–51–P**

**GENERAL SERVICES  
ADMINISTRATION**

**[Notice-PBS–2018–06; Docket No. 2018–0002; Sequence No. 18]**

**Notice of Availability and  
Announcement of Meeting for the Draft  
Environmental Impact Statement for  
the Otay Mesa Port of Entry, San  
Diego, California**

**AGENCY:** Public Building Service (PBS), General Services Administration (GSA).

**ACTION:** Notice of availability; announcement of meeting.

**SUMMARY:** This notice announces the availability of the Draft Environmental Impact Statement (DEIS), which examines the potential impacts of a proposal by the General Services Administration (GSA) to modernize and expand the existing Otay Mesa Land Port of Entry (LPOE) located at the United States (U.S.)-Mexico border in the City of San Diego community of Otay Mesa, in San Diego County, California. The DEIS describes the reason the project is being proposed, the alternatives being considered, the potential impacts of each of the alternatives on the existing environment, and avoidance, minimization, and/or mitigation measures.

As the lead agency in this undertaking, GSA is acting on behalf of its major tenant at this facility, the Department of Homeland Security's (DHS) Customs and Border Protection (CBP).

**DATES:** A public meeting for the DEIS will be held on Thursday, August 9th, 2018, from 4:00 p.m. to 7:00 p.m., Pacific Time (PT). Interested parties are encouraged to attend and provide written comments on the DEIS. The comment period for the DEIS ends Friday, August 31, 2018. After this date, GSA will prepare the Final EIS.

**ADDRESSES:** The meeting will be held at the Holiday Inn Express and Suites San Diego, 2296 Niels Bohr Court, San Diego, CA, 92154, telephone 619–710–0900.

Further information, including an electronic copy of the DEIS, may be found online on the following website: <https://www.gsa.gov/about-us/regions/>