

**Results.** As no parties submitted comments or requested a hearing, the Department continues to find that Qingshui is the successor-in-interest to Cangshan Qingshui for these final results.

**DATES:** *Effective Date:* July 7, 2015.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:**

Hilary E. Sadler, Esq., AD/CVD Operations, Office VII, Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th Street and Constitution Avenue NW., Washington, DC 20230; telephone: (202) 482-4340.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:**

**Background**

Based on a request from Qingshui, the Department initiated a CCR on Qingshui to determine whether it is the successor-in-interest to Cangshan Qingshui, for purposes of determining antidumping duties due as a result of the Order. The Department preliminarily determined that Qingshui is the successor-in-interest to Cangshan Qingshui and is entitled to its cash deposit rate with respect to entries of merchandise subject to the AD order on fresh garlic from the PRC.<sup>3</sup> The Department provided interested parties 30 days from the date of publication of the preliminary results to submit comments or request a public hearing in accordance with 19 CFR 351.309(c)(1)(ii). No parties submitted comments or requests for a public hearing.

**Scope of the Order**

The products covered by the order are all grades of garlic, whole or separated into constituent cloves, whether or not peeled, fresh, chilled, frozen, water or other neutral substance, but not prepared or preserved by the addition of other ingredients or heat processing. The differences between grades are based on color, size, sheathing, and level of decay. The scope of the order does not include the following: (a) Garlic that has been mechanically harvested and that is primarily, but not exclusively, destined for non-fresh use; or (b) garlic that has been specially prepared and cultivated prior to planting and then harvested and otherwise prepared for use as seed. The subject merchandise is used principally as a food product and for seasoning. The subject garlic is currently classifiable under subheadings: 0703.20.0000, 0703.20.0010, 0703.20.0015, 0703.20.0020, 0703.20.0090, 0710.80.7060, 0710.80.9750, 0711.90.6000, 0711.90.6500,

2005.90.9500, 2005.90.9700, 2005.99.9700, and of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS).

Although the HTSUS subheadings are provided for convenience and customs purposes, our written description of the scope of the order is dispositive. In order to be excluded from the order, garlic entered under the HTSUS subheadings listed above that is (1) mechanically harvested and primarily, but not exclusively, destined for non-fresh use or (2) specially prepared and cultivated prior to planting and then harvested and otherwise prepared for use as seed must be accompanied by declarations to U.S. Customs and Border Protection to that effect.

**Final Results of Changed Circumstances Review**

Because no party submitted comments opposing the Department's *Preliminary Results*, and the record contains no other information or evidence that calls into question the *Preliminary Results*, the Department determines that Qingshui is the successor-in-interest to Cangshan Qingshui.

**Instructions to U.S. Customs and Border Protection**

As a result of this determination, the Department finds that Qingshui is entitled to the cash deposit rate previously assigned to Cangshan Qingshui as determined in the new shipper review of Cangshan Qingshui.<sup>4</sup> Consequently, the Department will instruct U.S. Customs and Border Protection to collect estimated antidumping duties for all shipments of subject merchandise produced and/or exported by Qingshui, and entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after the publication date of this notice in the **Federal Register** at \$3.06 per kilogram, which is the current antidumping duty cash deposit rate for Cangshan Qingshui.<sup>5</sup> This cash deposit requirement shall remain in effect until further notice.

**Notification to Parties**

This notice serves as a reminder to parties subject to administrative protective order (APO) of their responsibility concerning the disposition of proprietary information

<sup>4</sup> See *Fresh Garlic From the People's Republic of China: Final Results of the Semiannual Antidumping Duty New Shipper Review of Jinxiang Merry Vegetable Co., Ltd. and Cangshan Qingshui Vegetable Foods Co., Ltd.*; 2012–2013, 79 FR 62103 (October 16, 2014) with accompanying issues and decision memorandum (NSR).

<sup>5</sup> See *id.*

disclosed under APO in accordance with 19 CFR 351.306. Timely written notification of the return/destruction of APO materials or conversion to judicial protective order is hereby requested. Failure to comply with the regulations and terms of an APO is a sanctionable violation.

We are issuing and publishing these final results in accordance with sections 751(b)(1) and 777(i) of the Act, and 19 CFR 351.216.

Dated: June 30, 2015.

**Paul Piquado,**

*Assistant Secretary for Enforcement and Compliance.*

[FR Doc. 2015–16644 Filed 7–6–15; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 3510–DS–P**

**DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE**

**National Institute of Standards and Technology**

[Docket Number: 150414364–5364–01]

**National Institute of Standards and Technology Plan for Providing Public Access to the Results of Federally Funded Research**

**AGENCY:** National Institute of Standards and Technology, Department of Commerce.

**ACTION:** Notice; request for public comment.

**SUMMARY:** The National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) seeks comments on the *NIST Plan for Providing Public Access to the Results of Federally Funded Research* (NIST Public Access Plan). NIST is taking steps to make its scientific data and publications more readily available and accessible by the public, as directed in several recent White House memoranda. The NIST Public Access Plan applies to the results of research funded wholly or in part by NIST, presented in peer-reviewed scholarly publications and as research data. This document outlines NIST's plan for implementing new responsibilities and procedures to manage the public access of scientific data and publications. The NIST Public Access Plan was reviewed by the Office of Science and Technology Policy and the Office of Management and Budget; they approved it on December 4, 2014. Comments received on the NIST Public Access Plan will inform NIST as it revises its directives that implement the Plan.

**DATES:** Comments must be received by 11:59 p.m. Eastern Time on August 21, 2015 to be considered.

<sup>3</sup> See *Preliminary Results*.

**ADDRESSES:** Written comments may be submitted by any of the following methods:

- *Email:* [public-access@nist.gov](mailto:public-access@nist.gov).
- *Fax:* 301-975-8620, Attn: Katherine Sharpless.

- *Mail:* Katherine Sharpless, NIST, 100 Bureau Drive Stop 4701, Gaithersburg, MD 20899-4701.

Please be aware that all comments will be publicly posted online at <http://www.nist.gov/data>. Comments containing references, studies, research, and other empirical data that are not widely published should include copies of the referenced materials. All comments will be made public; therefore personal, proprietary, or confidential information should not be included.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:**

Katherine Sharpless by phone at 301-975-3121 or by email at [katherine.sharpless@nist.gov](mailto:katherine.sharpless@nist.gov).

Please direct media inquiries to Jennifer Huergo, NIST Office of Public Affairs, by phone at 301-975-6343 or by email at [jennifer.huergo@nist.gov](mailto:jennifer.huergo@nist.gov).

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** The National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) is one of our Nation's oldest Federal laboratories (for more information, visit [www.nist.gov](http://www.nist.gov)). As a bureau in the Department of Commerce, the NIST mission is to promote U.S. innovation and industrial competitiveness by advancing measurement science, standards, and technology in ways that enhance economic security and improve our quality of life. From early electrical measurement research to today's quantum information science, NIST has long been, and continues to be, a center for high-impact research meeting the needs of academia, industry, and government. The NIST laboratories conduct world-class research, often in close collaboration with industry, which advances the nation's technology infrastructure and helps U.S. companies continually improve products and services.

NIST publishes this notice to seek comments on the *NIST Plan for Providing Public Access to the Results of Federally Funded Research* (NIST Public Access Plan), posted at [www.nist.gov/data](http://www.nist.gov/data). The NIST Public Access Plan documents NIST's plan to implement new responsibilities and procedures to manage the public access of scientific data and publications. Comments received on the NIST Public Access Plan will inform NIST as it revises its directives that implement the Plan.

NIST is taking steps to make its scientific data and publications more

readily available and accessible by the public, as directed in several recent White House memoranda, Office of Management and Budget Memoranda M-10-06, *Open Government Directive*, and M-13-13, *Open Data Policy—Managing Information as an Asset*; and the February 22, 2013, Office of Science and Technology Policy Memorandum, *Increasing Access to the Results of Federally Funded Scientific Research*.

The NIST Public Access Plan applies to the results of research funded wholly or in part by NIST, presented in peer-reviewed scholarly publications and as research data. Research data means the recorded factual material commonly accepted in the scientific community as necessary to validate research findings, but not any of the following: preliminary analyses,<sup>1</sup> drafts of scientific papers, plans for future research, peer reviews, or communications with colleagues. This “recorded” material excludes physical objects (e.g., laboratory samples). Research data does not include: Trade secrets, commercial information, materials necessary to be held confidential by a researcher until they are published, or similar information which is protected under law; and personnel and medical information and similar information the disclosure of which would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy, such as information that could be used to identify a particular person in a research study.<sup>2</sup>

Putting new plans in place to manage public access to NIST data and publications stands to significantly benefit the public and NIST by ensuring that the integrity of NIST data and publications is maintained throughout their life cycles, and by increasing the visibility of NIST measurements, standards, technology, and research activities. Stakeholder consultation is a critical step in the development of NIST's plan for managing public access to research results.

In May 2013, NIST co-sponsored two public comment meetings at the National Academy of Sciences on providing public access to federally supported R&D data and publications.<sup>3</sup>

<sup>1</sup> For purposes of NIST's Public Access Plan, NIST considers the contents of laboratory notebooks to be preliminary analyses.

<sup>2</sup> For purposes of this notice, NIST is adopting the definition of “research data” provided in 2 CFR 200.315(e)(3). <http://www.gpo.gov/fdsys/pkg/CFR-2014-title2-vol1/pdf/CFR-2014-title2-vol1-sec200-315.pdf>.

<sup>3</sup> *Public Comment Meeting Concerning Public Access to Federally Supported R&D Publications Workshop*, held May 14–15, 2013, and *Public Comment Meeting Concerning Public Access to Federally Supported R&D Data Workshop*, held

The stakeholder input gathered at these public meetings and information from ongoing dialogue with other Federal agencies were considered in the development of the NIST Public Access Plan. NIST invites respondents to comment on the following questions that pertain to the implementation of its public access policy:

- What are the best practices (from academia, industry, and other stakeholder communities) in managing public access of data?
- What are the biggest challenges to implementing a public access policy, and how can these challenges be addressed?
- What criteria could the NIST laboratories use in prioritizing the public release of datasets?
- How can NIST improve its plan to provide greater public access to NIST data?

All comments must be received in accordance with the **DATES** section of the notice above.

**Richard Cavanagh,**

*Acting Associate Director for Laboratory Programs.*

[FR Doc. 2015-16508 Filed 7-6-15; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 3510-13-P**

## DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

### National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

**RIN 0648-XE024**

#### New England Fishery Management Council; Public Meeting

**AGENCY:** National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Commerce.

**ACTION:** Notice; public meetings.

**SUMMARY:** The New England Fishery Management Council (Council) is scheduling a public meeting of its Herring Committee to consider actions affecting New England fisheries in the exclusive economic zone (EEZ). Recommendations from this group will be brought to the full Council for formal consideration and action, if appropriate. **DATES:** This meeting will be held on Wednesday, July 22, 2015 at 9:30 a.m.

**ADDRESSES:**

*Meeting address:* The meeting will be held at the Four Points by Sheraton (formerly Sheraton Colonial), 1 Audubon Road, Wakefield, MA 01880; telephone: (781) 245-9300; fax: (781) 245-0842.

May 16–17, 2013, at the National Academy of Sciences.