

Permit TE-64115A

Applicant: Bureau of Land Management, Yuma, Arizona.

Applicant requests a new permit for research and recovery purposes to conduct presence/absence surveys for Yuma clapper rail (*Rallus longirostris yumanensis*) within Arizona.

Permit TE-64595A

Applicant: Gulf South Research Corporation, Baton Rouge, Louisiana.

Applicant requests a new permit for research and recovery purposes to collect genetic material from Sneed Pincushion cactus (*Coryphantha sneedii*) and Lee Pincushion cactus (*Coryphantha sneedii leei*) within New Mexico and Texas.

Permit TE-64968A

Applicant: Apex Companies, LLC, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma.

Applicant requests a new permit for research and recovery purposes to conduct presence/absence surveys, bait away, trapping and relocation of American burying beetle (*Nicrophorus americanus*) within Oklahoma, Texas, South Dakota, Nebraska, Kansas, and Arkansas.

Permit TE-841353

Applicant: Loomis Partners, Inc., Austin, Texas.

Applicant requests an amendment to a current permit for capture, removal, and release of Houston Toad (*Bufo houstonensis*) related to FEMA operations within Bastrop County, Texas.

Permit TE-227185

Applicant: Andrew Eastty, San Diego, California.

Applicant requests an amendment to a current permit for research and recovery purposes to conduct presence/absence surveys of southwestern willow flycatcher (*Empidonax traillii extimus*) within Arizona, New Mexico, and Texas.

Permit TE-144755

Applicant: Reagan Smith Energy Solutions, Inc., Oklahoma City, Oklahoma.

Applicant requests an amendment to a current permit for research and recovery purposes to conduct presence/absence surveys, mist netting, and trapping for gray bat (*Myotis grisescens*) and Indiana bat (*Myotis sodalis*) within Arkansas, Texas, Louisiana, Alabama, Mississippi, Kentucky, Florida, South Carolina, Georgia, Oklahoma, North Carolina, and Tennessee.

Permit TE-800611

Applicant: SWCA Environmental Consultants, San Antonio, Texas.

Applicant requests an amendment to a current permit for capture, removal, and release of Houston Toad (*Bufo houstonensis*) related to FEMA operations within Bastrop County, Texas.

Permit TE-66060A

Applicant: Janine A. Spencer, Tucson, Arizona.

Applicant requests a new permit for research and recovery purposes to conduct presence/absence surveys for southwestern willow flycatcher (*Empidonax traillii extimus*) within Arizona.

Permit TE-840214

Applicant: Luminant Power, Dallas, Texas.

Applicant requests an amendment to a current permit for research and recovery purposes to conduct presence/absence surveys of interior least tern (*Sterna antillarum*) at Turlington Mine (Freestone County), Kossee Mine (Robertson and Limestone Counties), and Bremond Mine (Robertson County) within Texas.

Permit TE-65178A

Applicant: Jennifer L. Reidy, Columbia, Missouri.

Applicant requests a new permit for research and recovery purposes to conduct presence/absence surveys, point counts, nest searches, nest monitoring, mist netting, and banding of golden-cheeked warbler (*Dendroica chrysoparia*) within Texas.

Permit TE-66055A

Applicant: The Navajo Nation dba The Navajo Nation Zoological & Botanical Park, Window Rock, Arizona.

Applicant requests a new permit for research and recovery purposes to hold and exhibit Razorback sucker (*Xyrauchen texanus*), and Colorado pikeminnow (*Ptychocheilus lucius*) at the zoo in Arizona.

Permit TE-821577

Applicant: Arizona Game and Fish Department, Phoenix, Arizona.

Applicant requests an amendment to a current permit for research and recovery purposes to conduct presence/absence surveys of loach minnow (*Tiaroga cobitis*) and spikedace (*Meda fulgida*) in Arizona.

Permit TE-815409

Applicant: New Mexico Department of Game and Fish, Santa Fe, New Mexico.

Applicant requests an amendment to a current permit for research and recovery purposes to conduct presence/absence surveys of loach minnow (*Tiaroga cobitis*) and spikedace (*Meda fulgida*) in New Mexico.

National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA)

In compliance with NEPA (42 U.S.C. 4321 *et seq.*), we have made an initial determination that the proposed activities in these permits are categorically excluded from the requirement to prepare an environmental assessment or environmental impact statement (516 DM 6 Appendix 1, 1.4C(1)).

Public Availability of Comments

All comments and materials we receive in response to this request will be available for public inspection, by appointment, during normal business hours at the address listed in the **ADDRESSES** section of this notice.

Before including your address, phone number, email address, or other personal identifying information in your comment, you should be aware that your entire comment—including your personal identifying information—may be made publicly available at any time. While you can ask us in your comment to withhold your personal identifying information from public review, we cannot guarantee that we will be able to do so.

Authority: We provide this notice under section 10 of the Act (16 U.S.C. 1531 *et seq.*)

Dated: March 13, 2012.

Joy E. Nicholopoulos,

Acting Regional Director, Southwest Region.

[FR Doc. 2012-6777 Filed 3-20-12; 8:45 am]

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DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR**Fish and Wildlife Service**

[FWS-R4-ES-2012-N057: 40120-1112-0000-F2]

Endangered and Threatened Wildlife and Plants; Receipt of Applications for Incidental Take Permits; Availability of Proposed Low-Effect Habitat Conservation Plan and Associated Documents; Sarasota County, FL

AGENCY: Fish and Wildlife Service, Interior.

ACTION: Notice of availability; request for comment/information.

SUMMARY: We, the Fish and Wildlife Service (Service), announce the availability of incidental take permit (ITP) applications and a Habitat Conservation Plan (HCP). Walter and Marilyn Krieseder, Brian and Pamela Sullivan, and Fritz and Ping Faulhaber (applicants) request ITPs under the Endangered Species Act of 1973, as amended (Act). The applicants anticipate taking approximately 0.43 acres of nesting habitat of endangered and threatened sea turtle species in Sarasota County, Florida, for the construction of a shoreline armoring structure. The applicants' HCP describes the minimization and mitigation measures proposed to address the effects of the project on nesting sea turtles.

DATES: Written comments on the ITP applications and HCP should be sent to the South Florida Ecological Services Office (see **ADDRESSES**) and should be received on or before April 20, 2012.

ADDRESSES: You may request documents by email, U.S. mail, or fax (see below). These documents are also available for public inspection by appointment during normal business hours at the office below. Send your comments or requests by any one of the following methods.

Email: Trish_Adams@fws.gov. Use "Attn: Permit numbers TE65165A-0, TE65167A-0, and TE65168A-0" as your message subject line.

Fax: Trish Adams, (772) 562-4288, Attn: Permit numbers TE65165A-0, TE65167A-0, and TE65168A-0.

U.S. mail: Trish Adams, HCP Coordinator, South Florida Ecological Services Field Office, Attn: Permit numbers TE65165A-0, TE65167A-0, and TE65168A-0, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, 1339 20th Street, Vero Beach, FL 32960-3559.

In-person drop-off: You may drop off information during regular business hours at the above office address.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Ms. Trish Adams, HCP Coordinator, South Florida Ecological Services Office, Vero Beach, Florida (see **ADDRESSES**); telephone: 772-562-3909, extension 232.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The applicants anticipate taking beach nesting habitat of the threatened loggerhead sea turtle (*Caretta caretta*), endangered leatherback sea turtle (*Dermochelys coriacea*), endangered green sea turtle (*Chelonia mydas*), endangered hawksbill sea turtle (*Eretmochelys imbricata*), and

endangered Kemp's ridley sea turtle (*Lepidochelys kempi*) in Sarasota County, Florida. The Service listed both the leatherback and hawksbill sea turtle as endangered on June 2, 1970 (35 FR 8491), and the Kemp's Ridley sea turtle as endangered on December 2, 1970 (35 FR 18320). The Service listed the loggerhead as threatened and the green sea turtle as endangered in the same final rule, on July 28, 1978 (43 FR 32800).

Applicants' Proposed Project

We have received applications for incidental take permits, along with a proposed habitat conservation plan. The applicants request 5-year permits under section 10(a)(1)(B) of the Act (87 Stat. 884; 16 U.S.C. 1531 *et seq.*). If we approve the permits, the applicants anticipate taking a total of 0.43 acres of sea turtle nesting habitat for the installation of a geotextile dune core system (an engineered dune feature constructed with tiered sand-filled geotextile containers as its core that is regularly maintained with 3 feet of beach compatible sand), dune crossovers (a stairway over the engineered dune to the beach), and native vegetation; post-construction maintenance throughout the life of the project (e.g., ongoing placement and regular maintenance of sand cover); and response to Emergency Management Events (e.g., events triggered by exposure or less than 3 feet of sand cover over the core). The project is located at latitude 27.1563, longitude -82.4848, Sarasota County, Florida. The project includes Sarasota County Parcels 0159-25-0006, 0159-24-0003, and 0159-24-0001. Parts of these parcels include sea turtle nesting habitat.

The applicants propose to mitigate for potential take of sea turtles as a result of the project through implementation of a predator control program. The applicants will contract with the U.S. Department of Agriculture to implement a trap and removal program targeting raccoons; this program would begin during the first nesting season post ITP issuance. The applicants' ability to financially cover the costs of implementing the HCP—such as mitigation, sea turtle monitoring, physical monitoring, maintenance of sand coverage, and removal of the dune core container system—are assured by: (a) Funds that will be placed annually in an escrow managed by the Coastal Engineer of Record (CEOR) in an amount equal to the estimated costs of mitigation, sea turtle monitoring, HCP Coordinator, and physical monitoring; and (b) a Financial Assurance Agreement between applicants, the

State of Florida, and Sarasota County that is guaranteed by a major financial institution(s) in accordance with Chapter 62B-56.090 F.A.C.

All annual fees are to be paid into an escrow account managed by the CEOR. The account will be managed in accordance with a Joint Maintenance Agreement signed by each applicant. Approximately \$243,900 has been committed for physical and biological monitoring, sand placement construction, and mitigation over the course of the requested 5-year permit. In addition, \$122,500 has been committed for anticipated removal/restoration costs for the entire project, including the small portion of the dune core system located on the Crouse (2315 Cay Key Road) and Meekison (2207 Casey Key Road) properties, to tie into the seawalls on these properties.

Our Preliminary Determination

The Service has made a preliminary determination that the applicants' project, including the proposed minimization and mitigation measures, will individually and cumulatively have a minor or negligible effect on the species covered in the HCP. Therefore, issuance of the ITPs is a "low-effect" action and qualifies as a categorical exclusion under the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) (40 CFR 1506.6), as provided by the Department of the Interior Manual (516 DM 2 Appendix 1 and 516 DM 6 Appendix 1), and as defined in our Habitat Conservation Planning Handbook (November 1996).

We base our determination that issuance of the ITPs qualifies as a low-effect action on the following three criteria: (1) Implementation of the project would result in minor or negligible effects on federally listed, proposed, and candidate species and their habitats; (2) Implementation of the project would result in minor or negligible effects on other environmental values or resources; and (3) Impacts of the project, considered together with the impacts of other past, present, and reasonably foreseeable similarly situated projects, would not result, over time, in cumulative effects to environmental values or resources that would be considered significant. As more fully explained in our environmental action statement and associated Low-Effect Screening Form, the applicants' proposed project qualifies as a "low-effect" project. This preliminary determination may be revised based on our review of public comments that we receive in response to this notice.

Next Steps

The Service will evaluate the HCP and comments received to determine whether the applications meet the requirements of section 10(a) of the Act. The Service will also evaluate whether issuance of the section 10(a)(1)(B) ITPs complies with section 7 of the Act by conducting an intra-Service section 7 consultation. The results of this consultation, in combination with the above findings, will be used in the final analysis to determine whether or not to issue the ITPs. If it is determined that the requirements of the Act are met, the ITPs will be issued for the incidental take of loggerhead, green, leatherback, hawksbill, and Kemp's Ridley sea turtles.

Submitting Comments

If you wish to submit comments or information, you may do so by any one of several methods. Please reference permit numbers TE65165A-0, TE65167A-0, and TE65168A-0 in such comments. You may mail comments to the Service's South Florida Ecological Services Office (see **ADDRESSES**). You may also submit comments via email to trish_adams@fws.gov. Please also include your name and return address in your email message. If you do not receive a confirmation from us that we have received your email message, contact us directly at the telephone number listed under **FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT**. Finally, you may hand deliver comments to the Service office listed under **ADDRESSES**.

Availability of Public Comments

Before including your address, phone number, email address, or other personal identifying information in your comments, you should be aware that your entire comment—including your personal identifying information—may be made publicly available at any time. While you can ask us in your comment to withhold your personal identifying information from public review, we cannot guarantee that we will be able to do so.

Authority

This notice is provided pursuant to Section 10 of the Act and NEPA regulations (40 CFR 1506.6).

Dated: March 15, 2012.

Larry Williams,

Field Supervisor, South Florida Ecological Services Office.

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DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Fish and Wildlife Service

[FWS-R2-R-2012-N230; 1265-0000-10137-S3]

Kootenai National Wildlife Refuge, Boundary County, ID; Final Comprehensive Conservation Plan and Finding of No Significant Impact for Environmental Assessment

AGENCY: Fish and Wildlife Service, Interior.

ACTION: Notice of availability.

SUMMARY: We, the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (Service), announce the availability of our final comprehensive conservation plan (CCP) and finding of no significant impact for the environmental assessment for the Kootenai National Wildlife Refuge (NWR/refuge). In this final CCP, we describe how we will manage the refuge for the next 15 years.

ADDRESSES: You may view or obtain copies of the final CCP and finding of no significant impact (FONSI) for the environmental assessment (EA) by any of the following methods. You may request a hard copy or CD-ROM.

Agency Web Site: Download a copy of the document at <http://www.fws.gov/pacific/planning>.

Email:

FW1PlanningComments@fws.gov.

Include "Kootenai NWR FCCP/EA" in the subject line.

Fax: Attn: Dianna Ellis, Refuge Manager, (208) 267-3888.

U.S. Mail: Dianna Ellis, Refuge Manager, Kootenai National Wildlife Refuge, 287 Westside Road, Bonners Ferry, ID 83805.

In-Person Viewing or Pickup: Call (208) 267-3888 to make an appointment during regular business hours at the above address.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Dianna Ellis, Refuge Manager, (208) 267-3888.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Introduction

With this notice, we announce the completion of the CCP process for Kootenai National Wildlife Refuge. The Service started this process through a notice of intent in the **Federal Register** (74 FR 8102; February 23, 2009). We released the draft CCP/EA to the public, announcing and requesting comments in a notice of availability in the **Federal Register** (76 FR 48877; August 9, 2011).

Kootenai NWR encompasses 2,774 acres along the lower Kootenai River in Boundary County, Idaho. Habitat types

on the refuge include seasonal, semipermanent, and permanent wetlands; floodplain forests; coniferous forests; managed pastures; and croplands. The refuge was established under the Migratory Bird Conservation Act "for use as an inviolate sanctuary, or for any other management purpose, for migratory birds." The refuge provides important habitat for waterbirds, migratory landbirds, and raptors; a variety of mammals including white-tailed deer, elk, and moose; and bull trout, which is listed as a threatened species under the Federal Endangered Species Act.

We announce our CCP decision and the availability of a FONSI for Kootenai NWR in accordance with the National Wildlife Refuge System Administration Act of 1966 (16 U.S.C. 668dd-668ee) (Refuge Administration Act) and National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) (40 CFR 1506.6(b)) requirements. We prepared an analysis of environmental impacts, which we included in an EA that accompanied the draft CCP.

The CCP will guide us in managing and administering the refuges for the next 15 years. Alternative 2, as described in the draft CCP, is the basis for the final CCP.

Background

The Refuge Administration Act, as amended by the National Wildlife Refuge System Improvement Act of 1997, requires us to develop a CCP for each national wildlife refuge. The purpose for developing a CCP is to provide refuge managers with a 15-year plan for achieving refuge purposes and contributing toward the mission of the National Wildlife Refuge System, consistent with sound principles of fish and wildlife management, conservation, legal mandates, and our policies. In addition to outlining broad management direction on conserving wildlife and their habitats, CCPs identify compatible wildlife-dependent recreational opportunities available to the public, including opportunities for compatible hunting, fishing, wildlife observation and photography, and environmental education and interpretation. We will review and update the CCP at least every 15 years in accordance with the Refuge Administration Act.

CCP Alternatives, Including Selected Alternative

Our draft CCP/EA (76 FR 48877; August 9, 2011) discussed several issues. To address these, we developed and evaluated the following alternatives.