

Turkey is the most important process involved in producing the finished product. Therefore, we find in accordance with 19 CFR § 102.21(c)(4), the country of origin of the surgical face mask with a protective eye-shield for purposes of government procurement is Turkey.

HOLDING:

Based on the facts and analysis set forth above, the finished surgical face mask with a protective eye-shield is a product of Turkey for the purpose of government procurement.

Notice of this final determination will be given in the Federal Register, as required by 19 CFR § 177.29. Any party-at-interest other than the party which requested the final determination may request, pursuant to 19 CFR § 177.31, that CBP reexamine the matter anew and issue a new final determination. Any party-at-interest may, within 30 days after publication of the Federal Register notice referenced above, seek judicial review of this final determination before the Court of International Trade.

Sincerely,

Sandra L. Bell,
Executive Director, Office of Regulations and
Rulings, Office of International Trade.

[FR Doc. 2011-26550 Filed 10-13-11; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 9111-14-P

DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT

[Docket No. FR-5477-N-41a]

Federal Property Suitable as Facilities to Assist the Homeless

AGENCY: Office of the Assistant
Secretary for Community Planning and
Development, HUD.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: This Notice identifies
unutilized, underutilized, excess, and
surplus Federal property reviewed by
HUD for suitability for possible use to
assist the homeless.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:
Juanita Perry, Department of Housing
and Urban Development, 451 Seventh
Street, SW., Room 7262, Washington,
DC 20410; telephone (202) 708-1234;
TTY number for the hearing- and
speech-impaired (202) 708-2565, (these
telephone numbers are not toll-free), or
call the toll-free Title V information line
at 800-927-7588.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: In
accordance with the December 12, 1988
court order in *National Coalition for the
Homeless v. Veterans Administration*,
No. 88-2503-OG (D.D.C.), HUD
publishes a Notice, on a weekly basis,
identifying unutilized, underutilized,
excess and surplus Federal buildings
and real property that HUD has
reviewed for suitability for use to assist
the homeless. Today's Notice is for the

purpose of announcing that no
additional properties have been
determined suitable or unsuitable this
week.

Dated: October 6, 2011.

Mark R. Johnston,

Deputy Assistant Secretary for Special Needs.

[FR Doc. 2011-26317 Filed 10-13-11; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4210-67-P

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Fish and Wildlife Service

[FWS-R3-ES-2011-N202; 30120-1112-
0000-F6]

Endangered and Threatened Wildlife and Plants; Incidental Take Permit Application; Proposed Low-Effect Habitat Conservation Plan and Associated Documents; Duke Energy Corp., Gibson County, IN

AGENCY: Fish and Wildlife Service,
Interior.

ACTION: Notice of availability; request
for comments.

SUMMARY: We, the U.S. Fish and
Wildlife Service, invite the public to
comment on the following application
to conduct certain activities with
endangered species. With some
exceptions, the Endangered Species Act
(Act) prohibits activities with
endangered and threatened species
unless a Federal permit allows such
activity. The Act requires that we invite
public comment before issuing these
permits.

DATES: We must receive any written
comments on or before November 14,
2011.

ADDRESSES: Send written comments by
U.S. Mail to the Regional Director, Attn:
Lisa Mandell, U.S. Fish and Wildlife
Service, Ecological Services, 5600
American Blvd., West, Suite 990,
Bloomington, MN 55437-1458; or by
electronic mail to permitsR3ES@fws.gov.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Lisa
Mandell, (612) 713-5343.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: We invite
public comment on the following permit
application for certain activities with
endangered species authorized by
section 10(a)(2)(A) of the Act (16 U.S.C.
1531 *et seq.*) and our regulations
governing the taking of endangered
species in the Code of Federal
Regulations (CFR) at 50 CFR 17. Submit
your written data, comments, or request
for a copy of the complete application
and Habitat Conservation Plan (HCP) to
the address shown in **ADDRESSES**.

Background

In 1986, a single pair of endangered
Interior least terns (*Sterna antillarum*)
nested at Cinergy Corporation's
(Cinergy) Gibson Generating Station in
Gibson County, Indiana. Since that time,
the least tern colony at the facility has
grown. During the 1990s, Cinergy
worked cooperatively with the Indiana
Department of Natural Resources (IDNR)
and the Service to maintain favorable
conditions for successful tern
production at the Gibson Generating
Station. Between 1986 and 1999, the
most terns recorded in a single year
(1998) included an estimated 85 adult
terns, 63 nests, and 72 fledged young.

In the late 1990s, Cinergy worked
cooperatively with the IDNR and the
Service to develop a Habitat
Conservation Plan (HCP) regarding
continued operation of the facility, and,
in late 1999, the Service issued an
Incidental Take Permit (ITP) to Cinergy.
In 2005, the ITP was renewed.
Management of the facility under the
HCP has promoted the continued
growth of the tern colony. In 2010, an
estimated 150 adults, 110 nests, and 165
fledged young were recorded. In
addition to the growth in numbers, the
tern colony has expanded to areas
beyond the original location along a
splitter dike adjacent to a cooling pond.
Nesting has now been documented on
the splitter dike, adjacent to ash ponds,
a coal combustion waste landfill,
construction areas and station access
roads. The expansion of the tern nesting
area presents management challenges
for the generating station and associated
facilities.

Current Proposal

Duke Power Company purchased and
merged with Cinergy Corp. to form Duke
Energy Corporation (Duke) in 2006.
Duke has continued to operate the
facility in accordance with the HCP and
the ITP. Duke has applied to the Service
for renewal of its ITP number TE016724.
An updated HCP accompanies this
renewal application. The HCP describes
management activities in and around
the Gibson Generating Station,
including water management, predator
control, and minimization of human
disturbance due to recreational use.

Proactive management over the past
25 years has resulted in an increase in
the Interior least tern population nesting
at Gibson Generating Station and
surrounding areas. However, no
incidental take of least terns has
occurred during that time. Actions that
may result in take include human
disturbance during management and
operations, including foot traffic,

vehicle or construction equipment, ash placement, waste disposal, and harassment due to the presence of people and equipment.

Duke proposes to continue to manage its property to protect least terns. In addition, Duke has committed to monitor the result of its activities and the effect on the population of least terns at Gibson Generating Station and the surrounding state and Federal lands.

Environmental Review

In compliance with National Environmental Protection Act (NEPA) (42 U.S.C. 4321 *et seq.*), the Service has made an initial determination that the HCP meets the criteria for a Low Effect HCP and categorical exclusion under NEPA. As such, activities in this HCP and Permit are categorically excluded from the requirement to prepare an environmental assessment or environmental impact statement (516 DM 6 Appendix 1, 1.4C(1)). The NEPA determination is available for review by all interested parties.

Public Comments

We seek public review and comments on this permit application. Please refer to permit number TE016724 when you submit comments. The Habitat Conservation Plan, Incidental Take Permit renewal application, and NEPA determination are available for public inspection on the Midwest Region website at: <http://www.fws.gov/midwest/ endangered/permits/hcp/r3hcps.html>. In addition, the documents are available for public inspection by appointment during normal business hours (8 a.m.–4:30 p.m.) at the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Midwest Regional Office, 5600 American Blvd., West, 10th Floor, Bloomington, MN 55437–1458, (612/713–5350) and at the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Ecological Services Field Office, 620 South Walker Street, Bloomington, IN 47403 (812/334–4261).

Comments and materials we receive are available for public inspection, by appointment, during normal business hours at the address shown in the **ADDRESSES** section. Before including your address, phone number, e-mail address, or other personal identifying information in your comment, you should be aware that your entire comment—including your personal identifying information—may be made publicly available at any time. While you can ask us in your comment to withhold your personal identifying information from public review, we cannot guarantee that we will be able to do so.

Dated: September 28, 2011.

Lynn Lewis,

Assistant Regional Director, Ecological Services, Region 3.

[FR Doc. 2011–26593 Filed 10–13–11; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4310–55–P

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Fish and Wildlife Service

[FWS–R4–R–2011–N138; 40136–1265–0000–S3]

White River National Wildlife Refuge, AR; Draft Comprehensive Conservation Plan and Environmental Assessment

AGENCY: Fish and Wildlife Service, Interior.

ACTION: Notice of availability; request for comments.

SUMMARY: We, the Fish and Wildlife Service (Service), announce the availability of a draft comprehensive conservation plan and environmental assessment (Draft CCP/EA) for White River National Wildlife Refuge (NWR) in Desha, Monroe, Phillips, and Arkansas Counties, Arkansas, for public review and comment. In this Draft CCP/EA, we describe the alternative we propose to use to manage this refuge for the 15 years following approval of the final CCP.

DATES: To ensure consideration, we must receive your written comments by November 14, 2011.

ADDRESSES: You may obtain a copy of the Draft CCP/EA by contacting Mr. Dennis Sharp, via U.S. mail at White River NWR, P.O. Box 205, St. Charles, AR 72140, or via e-mail at dennis_sharp@fws.gov. Alternatively, you may download the document from our Internet Site at <http://www.fws.gov/southeast/planning/under> “Draft Documents.” Submit comments on the Draft CCP/EA to the above postal address or e-mail address.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Mr. Mike Dawson, at (601) 955–1518 (telephone).

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Introduction

With this notice, we continue the CCP process for White River NWR. We started the process through a **Federal Register** notice on January 21, 2009 (74 FR 3628). Please see that notice for more about the refuge and its purposes.

Background

The CCP Process

The National Wildlife Refuge System Administration Act of 1966 (16 U.S.C. 668dd–668ee) (Administration Act), as amended by the National Wildlife Refuge System Improvement Act of 1997, requires us to develop a CCP for each national wildlife refuge. The purpose in developing a CCP is to provide refuge managers with a 15-year plan for achieving refuge purposes and contributing toward the mission of the National Wildlife Refuge System, consistent with sound principles of fish and wildlife management, conservation, legal mandates, and our policies. In addition to outlining broad management direction on conserving wildlife and their habitats, CCPs identify wildlife-dependent recreational opportunities available to the public, including opportunities for hunting, fishing, wildlife observation, wildlife photography, and environmental education and interpretation. We will review and update the CCP at least every 15 years in accordance with the Administration Act.

CCP Alternatives, Including Our Proposed Alternative

We developed three alternatives (A, B, and C) for managing the refuge and chose Alternative C as the proposed alternative. A full description of each alternative is in the Draft CCP/EA. We summarize each alternative below.

Alternative A—Current Management (No Action)

Under Alternative A, current management direction would continue at present levels. We would continue to support existing migratory waterfowl numbers and habitat acreage in an attempt to meet or exceed the foraging habitat objectives of the Lower Mississippi Valley Joint Venture and the North American Waterfowl Management Plan. We would continue to provide functional waterfowl refuge/sanctuary areas throughout the refuge, comprising at least 60 percent of its area. We would continue to provide quality wood duck nesting and brood-rearing habitat in bottomland hardwoods, cypress swamps, and scrub/shrub habitats. If time permits, we would conduct banding to support objectives of the Mississippi Flyway Council.

We would provide incidental benefits for shorebirds, but with no active management on their behalf. Likewise, there would be no active habitat management for marsh birds, but we would continue to provide habitat for them in shallow-water areas and moist-