associated funerary objects should contact Ennette Morton, Museum Director, Riverside Metropolitan Museum, 3580 Mission Inn Avenue, Riverside, CA 92501, telephone (951) 826–5128, before December 14, 2009. Repatriation of the human remains and associated funerary objects to the Ione Band of Miwok Indians of California may proceed after that date if no additional claimants come forward.

The Riverside Metropolitan Museum is responsible for notifying the Buena Vista Rancheria of Me-wuk Indians of California; California Valley Miwok Tribe, California; Chicken Ranch Rancheria of Me-wuk Indians of California: Ione Band of Miwok Indians of California; Jackson Rancheria of Mewuk Indians of California; Shingle Springs Band of Miwok Indians, Shingle Springs Rancheria (Verona Tract), California: Tuolumne Band of Me-Wuk Indians of the Tuolumne Rancheria of California; and United Auburn Indian Community of the Auburn Rancheria of California that this notice has been published.

Dated: October 15, 2009.

Richard C. Waldbauer,

Acting Manager, National NAGPRA Program. [FR Doc. E9–27237 Filed 11–12–09; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4312–50–8

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

National Park Service

Notice of Inventory Completion: U.S. Department of the Interior, National Park Service, Pecos National Historical Park, Pecos, NM

AGENCY: National Park Service, Interior. **ACTION:** Notice.

Notice is here given in accordance with the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA), 25 U.S.C. 3003, of the completion of an inventory of human remains in the possession of the U.S. Department of the Interior, National Park Service, Pecos National Historical Park, Pecos, NM. The human remains were removed from within the boundaries of Pecos National Historical Park, San Miguel County, NM.

This notice is published as part of the National Park Service's administrative responsibilities under NAGPRA, 25 U.S.C. 3003 (d)(3). The determinations in this notice are the sole responsibility of the superintendent, Pecos National Historical Park.

A detailed assessment of the human remains was made by Pecos National Historical Park professional staff in

consultation with representatives of the Comanche Nation, Oklahoma; Fort Sill Apache Tribe of Oklahoma; Hopi Tribe of Arizona; Jicarilla Apache Nation, New Mexico; Kiowa Indian Tribe of Oklahoma; Mescalero Apache Tribe of the Mescalero Reservation, New Mexico; Navajo Nation, Arizona, New Mexico & Utah; Ohkay Owingeh, New Mexico (formerly the Pueblo of San Juan); Pawnee Nation of Oklahoma; Pueblo of Acoma, New Mexico; Pueblo of Cochiti, New Mexico; Pueblo of Isleta, New Mexico; Pueblo of Jemez, New Mexico; Pueblo of Laguna, New Mexico; Pueblo of Nambe, New Mexico; Pueblo of Picuris, New Mexico: Pueblo of San Ildefonso, New Mexico; Pueblo of Sandia, New Mexico; Pueblo of Santa Ana, New Mexico: Pueblo of Santa Clara, New Mexico; Pueblo of Santo Domingo, New Mexico: Pueblo of Tesuque, New Mexico; Pueblo of Zia, New Mexico; Wichita and Affiliated Tribes (Wichita, Keechi, Waco & Tawakonie), Oklahoma; and Zuni Tribe of the Zuni Reservation, New Mexico. The Apache Tribe of Oklahoma; Pueblo of Pojoaque, New Mexico; Pueblo of San Felipe, New Mexico; Pueblo of Taos, New Mexico; and Ysleta Del Sur Pueblo of Texas were contacted for consultations but did not respond.

Between 1965 and 1980, human remains representing a minimum of 46 individuals were removed from Site LA 625 (Pecos Pueblo and the Pecos Mission Church and Convento Complex), in San Miguel County, NM, by park visitors. The human remains were picked up along the main trail through the site at various times and turned in to park staff at the Pecos National Historical Park Visitor Center. No known individuals were identified. No associated funerary objects are present.

Between 1966 and 1970, human remains representing a minimum of 78 individuals were removed from Site LA 625 in San Miguel County, NM, by National Park Service archeologists Jean Pinkly and Alden Hayes. No known individuals were identified. No associated funerary objects are present.

Between 1969 and 1970, human remains representing a minimum of one individual were removed from Site LA 625 in San Miguel County, NM, by University of Nebraska archeologist James Gunnerson. No known individual was identified. No associated funerary objects are present.

Between 1972 and 1976, human remains representing a minimum of eight individuals were removed from Site LA 625 in San Miguel County, NM, by National Park Service stabilization crews. No known individuals were identified. No associated funerary objects are present.

In 1977, human remains representing a minimum of 16 individuals were removed from Site LA 625 in San Miguel County, NM, by National Park Service archeologist Larry Nordby. The human remains were discovered in the back-dirt from the Pecos Mission 18th century church floor excavations. No known individuals were identified. No associated funerary objects are present.

In 1983, human remains representing a minimum of two individuals were removed from Site LA 625 in San Miguel County, NM, by National Park Service archeologist Larry Nordby during the visitor trail construction project. No known individuals were identified. No associated funerary objects are present.

In 1985, human remains representing a minimum of one individual were removed from Site LA 625 in San Miguel County, NM, by National Park Service archeologist Gary Matlock. The remains were discovered protruding from the wall in a passageway in the Pecos Mission Convento. No known individual was identified. No associated funerary objects are present.

The main occupation period of Pecos Pueblo is between A.D. 1325 and 1700. In 1838, the few remaining Pecos Pueblo residents emigrated from the pueblo to the Pueblo of Jemez, New Mexico. The Mission Church and Convento Complex was in use between A.D. 1625 and 1829. The last documented use of the church was in 1829.

In 1976, human remains representing a minimum of one individual were removed from Site LA 14154 (Hoagland's Haven) in San Miguel County, NM, by National Park Service archeologist Larry Nordby. Site LA 14154 was occupied A.D. 1475–1700, and is comprised of two one-room structures of which only the wide masonry foundations remain. No known individual was identified. No associated funerary objects are present.

Officials of Pecos National Historical Park have determined that, pursuant to 25 U.S.C. 3001 (9–10), the human remains described above represent the physical remains of 153 individuals of Native American ancestry. Because the biological evidence is inconclusive for most of the individuals, the determination is based on multiple lines of evidence, including physical anthropology, provenience of the remains, history of the site, tribal consultation, and oral history. Lastly, officials of Pecos National Historical Park have determined that, pursuant to 25 U.S.C. 3001 (2), a relationship of shared group identity cannot reasonably

be traced between the Native American human remains and any present-day Indian tribe.

The Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Review Committee (Review Committee) is responsible for recommending specific actions for disposition of culturally unidentifiable human remains. In January 2009, Pecos National Historical Park requested that the Review Committee recommend disposition of the 153 culturally unidentifiable human remains to the Pueblo of Jemez, New Mexico, because the human remains were found within the tribe's aboriginal and historical territory. The Review Committee considered the proposal at its May 23 – 24, 2009 meeting, and recommended disposition of the human remains to the Pueblo of Jemez, New

A September 16, 2009, letter from the Designated Federal Officer, writing on behalf of the Secretary of the Interior, transmitted the authorization for the park to effect disposition of the physical remains of the culturally unidentifiable individuals to the Pueblo of Jemez, New Mexico, contingent on the publication of a Notice of Inventory Completion in the **Federal Register**. This notice fulfills that requirement.

Representatives of any other Indian tribe that believes itself to be culturally affiliated with the human remains should contact Kathy Billings, superintendent, Pecos National Historical Park, PO Box 418, Pecos, NM 87552, telephone (505) 757–7201, before December 14, 2009. Disposition of the human remains to the Pueblo of Jemez, New Mexico may proceed after that date if no additional claimants come forward.

Pecos National Historical Park is responsible for notifying the Apache Tribe of Oklahoma; Comanche Nation, Oklahoma; Fort Sill Apache Tribe of Oklahoma; Hopi Tribe of Arizona; Jicarilla Apache Nation, New Mexico; Kiowa Indian Tribe of Oklahoma; Mescalero Apache Tribe of the Mescalero Reservation, New Mexico; Navajo Nation, Arizona, New Mexico & Utah; Ohkay Owingeh, New Mexico (formerly the Pueblo of San Juan); Pawnee Nation of Oklahoma; Pueblo of Acoma, New Mexico; Pueblo of Cochiti, New Mexico; Pueblo of Isleta, New Mexico; Pueblo of Jemez, New Mexico; Pueblo of Laguna, New Mexico; Pueblo of Nambe, New Mexico; Pueblo of Picuris, New Mexico; Pueblo of Pojoague, New Mexico; Pueblo of San Felipe, New Mexico; Pueblo of San Ildefonso, New Mexico; Pueblo of Sandia, New Mexico; Pueblo of Santa Ana, New Mexico; Pueblo of Santa

Clara, New Mexico; Pueblo of Santo Domingo, New Mexico; Pueblo of Taos, New Mexico; Pueblo of Tesuque, New Mexico; Pueblo of Zia, New Mexico; Wichita and Affiliated Tribes (Wichita, Keechi, Waco & Tawakonie), Oklahoma; Ysleta del Sur Pueblo of Texas; and Zuni Tribe of the Zuni Reservation, New Mexico that this notice has been published.

Dated: October 22, 2009.

Sherry Hutt,

Manager, National NAGPRA Program.
[FR Doc. E9–27238 Filed 11–12–09; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 4312–50–8

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Geological Survey

Announcement of National Geospatial Advisory Committee Meeting

AGENCY: U.S. Geological Survey, Interior.

ACTION: Notice of meeting.

SUMMARY: The National Geospatial Advisory Committee (NGAC) will meet on December 1-2, 2009 at the Marriott Metro Center Hotel, 775 12th Street, NW., Washington, DC 20005. The meeting will be held in the London Room. The NGAC, which is composed of representatives from governmental, private sector, non-profit, and academic organizations, was established to advise the Chair of the Federal Geographic Data Committee on management of Federal geospatial programs, the development of the National Spatial Data Infrastructure, and the implementation of Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-16. Topics to be addressed at the meeting include:

- —Current FGDC Activities.
- —National Geospatial Forum.
- —National Research Council—Mapping Science Committee.
- —NGAC Subcommittee Activities, including Economic Recovery, Geospatial Policy, Emerging Technologies, Communications, The National Map, Partnerships, and Governance.
- —Geospatial Revolution Project.
- —National LIDAR Concept.

The meeting will include an opportunity for public comment on December 2. Comments may also be submitted to the NGAC in writing. Members of the public who wish to attend the meeting must register in advance. Please register by contacting Arista Maher at the U.S. Geological Survey (703–648–6283, amaher@usgs.gov). Registrations are due by November 24, 2009. While the

meeting will be open to the public, seating may be limited due to room capacity.

DATES: The meeting will be held from 8:30 a.m. to 5 p.m. on December 1 and from 8 a.m. to 4:30 p.m. on December 2.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: John Mahoney, U.S. Geological Survey (206–220–4621).

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Meetings of the National Geospatial Advisory Committee are open to the public. Additional information about the NGAC and the meeting is available at http://www.fgdc.gov/ngac.

Dated: November 6, 2009.

Ivan DeLoatch.

 $\label{eq:continuous} Executive\ Director,\ Federal\ Geographic\ Data$ Committee.

[FR Doc. E9–27283 Filed 11–12–09; 8:45 am] **BILLING CODE 4311–AM–P**

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Fish and Wildlife Service

[FWS-R4-ES-2009-N219] [41910-1112-0000-F2]

Permit(s); Commercial Park in Brevard County, FL

AGENCY: Fish and Wildlife Service, Interior.

ACTION: Notice of receipt of application for an extension of incidental take permit; availability of proposed loweffect habitat conservation plans; request for comment/information.

SUMMARY: We, the Fish and Wildlife Service (Service), have received an application from The Commons Group, LLC (Applicant) for an extension of incidental take permit (ITP) # TE126179-0 for 10 years under the Endangered Species Act of 1973, as amended (Act). We request public comment on the permit application and plan, as well as on our preliminary determination that the plan qualifies as low-effect under the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA). To make this determination we used our environmental action statement and low-effect screening form, which are also available for review.

DATES: To ensure consideration, please send your written comments by December 14, 2009.

ADDRESSES: If you wish to review the application and HCP, you may request documents by U.S. mail, e-mail, or phone (see below). These documents are also available for public inspection by appointment during normal business