

DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT

[Docket No. FR-4893-N-01]

List of Federally Assisted Programs

AGENCY: Office of the Assistant Secretary for Fair Housing and Equal Opportunity, HUD.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: This notice announces a list of HUD programs that are subject to the nondiscrimination provisions in Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Pamela Walsh, Director, Program Standards Division, Office of Fair Housing and Equal Opportunity, Department of Housing and Urban Development, 451 Seventh Street, SW., Washington, DC 20410-2000, telephone (202) 708-2288, extension 7017 (this is not a toll-free number). Hearing- and speech-impaired individuals may access this telephone number via TTY by calling the toll-free Federal Information Relay Service at (800) 877-8339.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: On September 11, 1995, HUD published a final rule (60 FR 47260) that removed from Title 24 of the Code of Federal Regulations any regulation determined unnecessary or obsolete. Among the numerous changes, HUD removed Appendix A from 24 CFR part 1. The regulations in 24 CFR part 1 effectuate the provisions of Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000d-2000d-7), which provides that "no person in the United States shall, on the ground of race, color, or national origin, be excluded from participation in, be denied the benefits of, or be subjected to discrimination under any program or activity receiving Federal financial assistance." Appendix A was a list of HUD's programs that provide Federal financial assistance and, therefore, are subject to the nondiscrimination provisions of Title VI and 24 CFR part 1.

In the September 11, 1995, final rule, HUD determined that Appendix A was unnecessary because no regulatory requirement is included and the information can be provided through other non-rulemaking means. To that end, HUD is publishing, and will publish periodically, a list of HUD programs that are subject to the provisions of Title VI. This notice is provided for information and reference; therefore applicability of Title VI and Title VI regulations is not affected by inclusion on or omission from this list.

HUD Programs Subject to Title VI

Community Planning and Development

1. *Community Development Block Grant (Entitlement Program)*, Title I, Housing and Community Development Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5301 *et seq.*), 24 CFR part 570: Provides annual grants on a formula basis to entitled communities to carry out a wide range of community development activities directed toward neighborhood revitalization, economic development, and improved community facilities and services.

2. *Community Development Block Grant (State Program)*, Title I, Housing and Community Development Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5301 *et seq.*), 24 CFR part 570: Provides annual grants on formal basis to carry out a wide range of community development activities directed toward neighborhood revitalization, economic development, and improved community facilities and services to states and units of local government in no-entitled areas.

3. *Community Development Block Grant (HUD-Administered Small Cities Program)*, Title I, Housing and Community Development Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5301 *et seq.*), 24 CFR part 570: Provides annual grants on a formula basis to carry out a wide range of community development activities directed toward neighborhood revitalization, economic development, and improved community facilities and services. HUD's Honolulu Office administers the funds to non-entitled areas in the state of Hawaii (Kauai, Maui and Hawaii).

4. *Community Development Block Grant Section 108 Loan Guarantee Program*, Section 108 of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5308), 24 CFR part 570, subpart M: Provides communities with a source of financing for economic development, housing rehabilitation, public facilities, and large-scale physical development projects.

5. *Community Development Block Grant (Disaster Recovery Assistance)*, Title I of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5301 *et seq.*), Public Laws: 107-206, 107-117, 107-73, 107-38, 106-31, 105-277, 105-276, 105-174, 105-18, 104-134, 104-19, 103-327, 103-211, 103-75, and 103-50: Provides flexible grants to help cities, counties, and states recover from presidentially declared disasters, especially in low- and moderate-income areas.

6. *Community Development Block Grant—Section 107 (Insular Areas Grants)*, Section 107, Housing and Community Development Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5307), 24 CFR part 570:

Provides annual grants on a formula basis to carry out a wide range of community development activities directed toward neighborhood revitalization, economic development, and improved community facilities and services. HUD's Honolulu and Caribbean field offices administer the funds to non-entitled areas in the insular areas of American Samoa, Guam, Northern Mariana Islands, and U.S. Virgin Islands.

7. *The HOME Investment Partnerships (HOME) Program*, Cranston-Gonzalez National Affordable Housing Act, Title II (1990) (42 U.S.C. 12701 *et seq.*), 24 CFR part 92: Provides grants to state and local governments to implement local housing strategies designed to increase homeownership and affordable housing opportunities for low- and very low-income Americans, including homeownership downpayment, tenant-based assistance, housing rehabilitation, assistance to homebuyers, and new construction of housing.

8. *Shelter Plus Care (S+C)*, Cranston-Gonzalez National Affordable Housing Act (Pub. L. 101-625), which amended Title IV of the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act by adding subtitle F authorizing the Shelter Plus Care Program, 24 CFR part 582: Provides rental assistance for homeless people with disabilities, primarily those with serious mental illness, chronic problems with alcohol or drugs or both, or acquired immunodeficiency syndrome (AIDS) and related diseases. Each dollar of rental assistance must be matched by dollar provided by the grantee from federal or private sources to be used for supportive services.

9. *Emergency Shelter Grants Program*, Title IV, McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 11371-11378), as amended by Public Law 100-77, Public Law 101-625, Public Law 104-330, and Public Law 106-377, 24 CFR part 576: Provides grants to help increase the number and quality of emergency shelters for homeless individuals and families, to operate these facilities and provide essential supportive services, and to help prevent homelessness.

10. *Surplus Property for Use to Assist the Homeless*, Title V, McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act, Section 501 of Title V, Public Law 101-645 (42 U.S.C. 11411), 24 CFR parts 581 and 586: Makes unutilized, underutilized, excess, or surplus Federal properties available to states, local governments, and nonprofit organizations for use to assist homeless persons.

11. *Supportive Housing Program—Transitional Housing Component*, Subtitle C of Title IV of the McKinney-

Vento Homeless Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 11381): Provides grants for new construction, acquisition, rehabilitation, or leasing of buildings to house and provide supportive services to assist homeless persons to move into independent living; grants to fund a portion of annual operating costs and supportive services; and grants for technical assistance.

12. *Supportive Housing Program—Permanent Housing Component*, Subtitle C of Title IV of the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 11381), 24 CFR part 583: Provides grants for new construction, acquisition, rehabilitation, or leasing of buildings to develop community-based, long-term housing with support services for homeless persons with disabilities; grants to fund a portion of annual operating costs and supportive services; and grants for technical assistance.

13. *Section 8 Moderate Rehabilitation Single Room Occupancy (SRO) Program*, Title IV, subtitle E, McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 11401), 24 CFR part 882, subpart H: Assists very low-income, single, homeless individuals in obtaining decent, safe, and sanitary housing in privately-owned rehabilitated buildings through Section 8 rental assistance payments to participating landlords.

14. *Brownfields Economic Development Initiative (BEDI)*, Section 108(q) of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5308(q)): Provides competitive economic development grants to CDBG recipients for enhancing either the security of guaranteed loans or the viability of projects financed under Section 108. Grants are used to redevelop industrial or commercial sites known as brownfields due to the presence or potential presence of environmental contamination.

15. *Economic Development Initiative (EDI) Grants*, Section 108(q) of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974, as added by Section 232(a)(1) of the Multifamily Property Disposition Reform Act of 1994 (42 U.S.C. 5308(q)): Provides economic development grants to CDBG recipients for the purpose of enhancing either the security of guaranteed loans or the viability of projects financed by those loans. EDI enables localities to carry out eligible economic development activities, especially for low- and moderate-income persons, and reduce the risk of potential defaults on Section 108 loan guarantee-assisted projects.

16. *Round II Urban Empowerment Zones*, Provides grants for economic development activities in economically disadvantaged areas.

17. *Youthbuild*, Subtitle D of Title IV of the Cranston-Gonzales National Affordable Housing Act (42 U.S.C. 12899 *et seq.*), 24 CFR part 585: Provides economically disadvantaged young adults with opportunities to obtain education, employment skills, and meaningful on-site work experience and expands the supply of affordable housing for homeless and low- and very low-income persons.

18. *Rural Housing and Economic Development*, The "Rural Housing and Economic Development" heading in the appropriations acts for Fiscal Years 1999, 2000, 2001, 2002, and 2003: Provides grants to meet rural communities' economic and housing needs.

19. *Self-Help Homeownership Opportunity Program (SHOP)*, Section 11 of the Housing Opportunity Program Extension Act of 1996 (42 U.S.C. 12805 note): Provides competitive grants to national and regional organizations and consortia that provide or facilitate self-help housing opportunities. Under the program, homebuyers and volunteers contribute a significant amount of sweat equity toward home construction.

20. *Capacity Building for Community Development*, Section 4 of the HUD Demonstration Act of 1993 (Pub. L. 103-120; 42 U.S.C. 9816 note, as amended by Section 10004 of Pub. L. 105-118): Provides grants to develop the capacity and ability of community development corporations and community housing development organizations to undertake community development and affordable housing projects and programs.

21. *Housing Opportunities for Persons With AIDS (HOPWA)*, The AIDS Housing Opportunity Act (42 U.S.C. 12901 *et seq.*), Subtitle D of Title VIII of the Cranston-Gonzalez National Affordable Housing Act, 24 CFR part 574: Provides grants to eligible states and cities to provide housing assistance and related supportive services to meet the needs of low-income persons with HIV/AIDS or related diseases and their families.

22. *Neighborhood Initiatives Program*, The appropriations acts for Fiscal Years 1998, 1999, 2000, 2001, 2002, and 2003: Provides funding for neighborhood initiatives that improve the conditions of distressed and blighted areas and neighborhoods; to stimulate investment, economic diversification, and community revitalization in areas with population outmigration or a stagnating or declining economic base; or to determine whether housing benefits can be integrated more effectively with welfare reform initiatives.

23. *Technical Assistance Programs—HOME, CHDO (HOME), McKinney-*

Vento Homeless Assistance, and HOPWA: Funds are available to provide technical assistance, under cooperative agreements with HUD, for four separate programs: (1) HOME Investment Partnerships Program; (2) HOME Investment Partnerships Program for Community Housing Development Organizations; (3) McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance; and (4) Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS (HOPWA).

Single Family Housing Programs

24. *Single Family Property Disposition (204(g))*, Section 203, National Housing Act (12 U.S.C. 1709(b)), 24 CFR part 203: Disposes of one-to four-family FHA properties, either through the competitive, sealed-bid process or direct sale, and constitutes Federal financial assistance where such sales are to nonprofit organizations, states, or local governments and are discounted below fair market value.

25. *Counseling for Homebuyers, Homeowners, and Tenants (Section 106)*, Section 106, Housing and Urban Development Act of 1968 (12 U.S.C. 1701x): Awards housing counseling grants on a competitive basis to approved counseling agencies.

Multifamily Housing Programs

26. *Supportive Housing for the Elderly (Section 202)*, Section 202, Housing Act of 1959 (12 U.S.C. 1701q), as amended by Section 801 of the Cranston-Gonzalez National Affordable Housing Act, 24 CFR part 891: Provides interest-free capital advances to eligible private, nonprofit organizations to finance the development of rental housing with supportive services for the elderly. In addition, project rental assistance contract (PRAC) funds are used to cover the difference between the tenants' contributions toward rent and the HUD-approved expense to operate the project. PRAC funds may also be used to provide supportive services and to hire a service coordinator in projects serving frail elderly residents.

27. *Assisted Living Conversion Program (ALCP)*, Section 202(b), Housing Act of 1959 (12 U.S.C. 1701q): Provides grants to private, nonprofit owners of eligible developments to convert some or all of the dwelling units in the development into an assisted living facility for the frail elderly.

28. *Multifamily Housing Service Coordinators*, Section 808, Cranston-Gonzalez National Affordable Housing Act (42 U.S.C. 8012), as amended by the Housing and Community Development Act of 1992 (Pub. L. 102-550) and the American Homeownership and Economic Opportunity Act of 2000

(Pub. L. 106–569): Provides funding for service coordinators that assist elderly individuals and persons with disabilities who live in federally assisted multifamily housing to obtain needed supportive services from community agencies.

29. *Supportive Housing for Persons with Disabilities (Section 811)*, Section 811, Cranston-Gonzalez National Affordable Housing Act, 24 CFR part 891: Provides interest-free capital advances to eligible nonprofit sponsors to finance the development of rental housing with the availability of supportive services for persons with disabilities. PRAC funds are used to cover the difference between the tenants' contributions toward rent and the HUD-approved cost to operate the project.

30. *Self-Help Housing Property Disposition*, Public Law 105–50; approved October 6, 1997: Makes surplus federal properties available through sale at less than fair market value to states, their subdivisions and instrumentalities, and nonprofit organizations for self-help housing for low-income persons. Residents of the property make a substantial contribution of labor toward the construction, rehabilitation, or refurbishment of the property.

31. *Mark to Market: Outreach and Training Assistance*, Multifamily Assistance and Housing Reform and Affordability Act of 1997 (42 U.S.C. 1437f note), 24 CFR parts 401 and 402: Provides funding for technical assistance for tenant groups in properties with project-based rental assistance contracts that are nearing expiration and properties whose tenants have been notified that the owner intends to prepay its HUD-insured mortgage. The funding supports outreach, organizing, and training activities for tenants in units receiving HUD assistance.

Public and Indian Housing

32. *Housing Choice Voucher Program*, Section 8 of the United States Housing Act of 1937 (42 U.S.C. 1437f), Section 8(o) for vouchers (tenant-based and project-based) and Section 8(t) for enhanced vouchers, 24 CFR part 5 (certain cross-cutting requirements); 24 CFR part 982, Tenant-based Housing Choice Voucher Program; 24 CFR part 983, Project-based Voucher Program; 24 CFR part 984, Section 8 Family Self-Sufficiency Program; and 24 CFR part 985, Section 8 Management Assessment Program (SEMAP): Provides tenant-based housing assistance subsidies for units that are (in general) chosen by the tenant in the private market.

33. *Mainstream Program*, Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2004 (Pub. L. 108–199, approved January 23, 2004): Provides tenant-based housing assistance for persons with disabilities living in units chosen by the tenant in the private market.

34. *Housing Voucher Homeownership Assistance*, Section 8(y) of the United States Housing Act of 1937, Section 302 of the American Homeownership and Economic Opportunity Act of 2000 (Pub. L. 106–569), 24 CFR part 982, subpart M: Provides monthly assistance to families who are current voucher participants and are purchasing homes in an amount that otherwise would have been provided to that family as tenant-based voucher assistance.

35. *Project-Based Voucher Program*, Section 8(o)(13) of the United States Housing Act of 1937 (42 U.S.C. 1473f(o)(13)), as amended by Section 232 of the Fiscal Year 2001 appropriations act (Pub. L. 106–377, approved October 27, 2000), 66 FR 3605—Regulations will be codified at 24 CFR part 983: Provides rental assistance for eligible families who live in specific housing developments or units.

36. *Renewal of Section 8 Project-Based Rental Assistance*: Assists low- and very low-income families in obtaining decent, safe, and sanitary housing in private accommodations. Rental assistance was originally used in conjunction with both existing properties and new construction (Section 8 New Construction/ Substantial Rehabilitation, and Loan Management and Property Disposition Set Aside programs). Funding no longer is available for new commitments beyond renewing expiring contracts on units already receiving project-based Section 8 rental assistance.

37. *Public Housing Operating Fund*, Section 9(e) of the United States Housing Act of 1937 (42 U.S.C. 1437g(e)), 24 CFR part 990: Provides an annual subsidy to public housing agencies (PHAs) for operations and management.

38. *Public Housing Capital Fund*, Section 9 of the United States Housing Act of 1937 (42 U.S.C. 1437g(d)), 24 CFR parts 905 and 968: Provides capital and management funding for PHAs.

39. *Public Housing/Section 8 Moving to Work*, Section 204 of the Fiscal Year 1996 Appropriations Act (Pub. L. 104–134), and Section 599H(e) of the Quality Housing and Work Responsibility Act (Pub. L. 105–276): Provides incentives to PHAs to design and test approaches for providing and administering housing assistance that save money, give incentives to families with children to become economically self-sufficient,

and increase housing choices for low-income families; also provides training and technical assistance to identify replicable program models.

40. *Demolition and Revitalization of Severely Distressed Public Housing (HOPE VI)*, appropriations acts for Fiscal Year 1993 through 1999; Section 24 of the United States Housing Act of 1937, as amended by Section 535 of the Quality Housing and Work Responsibility Act of 1998 (42 U.S.C. 1437v): Provides competitive grants to PHAs to eradicate severely distressed public housing through demolition, major reconstruction, rehabilitation, and other physical improvements; the provision of replacement housing; management improvements; planning and technical assistance; and the provision of supportive services.

41. *Public Housing Homeownership—Section 32*, Section 32 of the United States Housing Act of 1937 (42 U.S.C. 1437z–4), 24 CFR part 906: Sells public housing units to low-income families.

42. *Resident Opportunity and Self Sufficiency (ROSS)*, Section 34 of the United States Housing Act of 1937 (42 U.S.C. 1437z–6), as amended by Section 221 of the Fiscal Year 2001 Appropriations Act: Provides grants to PHAs for supportive services and resident empowerment activities.

43. *Family Self-Sufficiency Program*, Section 23 of the United States Housing Act of 1937 (42 U.S.C. 1437u), 24 CFR 984: Promotes the development of local strategies to coordinate the use of public housing and Housing Choice Voucher program assistance with public and private resources to enable eligible families to achieve economic independence and self-sufficiency.

44. *Indian Housing Block Grant (IHBG) Program*, Titles I–V of the Native American Housing Assistance and Self-Determination Act of 1996 (NAHASDA) (25 U.S.C. 4101 *et seq.*), 24 CFR part 1000: Provides housing assistance under a single block grant to eligible Indian tribes or their tribally designated housing entities. Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000d) and Title VIII of the Civil Rights Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3601 *et seq.*) apply to Indian tribes that are not covered by the Indian Civil Rights Act. **Note:** the Title VI and Title VIII nondiscrimination requirements do not apply to actions by Indian tribes under Section 201(b) of the Native American Housing Assistance and Self-Determination Act of 1996.

45. *Native Hawaiian Housing Block Grant (NHHBG) Program*, Title VIII of NAHASDA, as added by Section 513 of the American Homeownership and Economic Opportunity Act of 2000 (Pub. L. 106–569) and Section 203 of the

Omnibus Indian Advancement Act (Pub. L. 106–568): Provides block grants to address the housing needs and circumstances of Native Hawaiians.

Fair Housing and Equal Opportunity

46. *Fair Housing Initiatives Program (FHIP)*, Section 561, Housing and Community Development Act of 1987 (42 U.S.C. 3616(a)), 24 CFR part 125: Provides funding to private not-for-profit and for-profit fair housing organizations and Fair Housing Assistance Program (FHAP) agencies for carrying out educational and enforcement programs to prevent or eliminate discriminatory housing practices.

Policy Development and Research

47. *Doctoral Research Grant Programs*, Title V of the Housing and Urban Development Act of 1970 (12 U.S.C. 1701z–1 *et seq.*): Provides competitive grants to Ph.D. candidates to enable them to complete their dissertations, to Ph.D. students early in their studies to complete research projects, and to Ph.D.s early in their academic careers to undertake research on issues related to HUD's priorities.

48. *Bridges to Work*, Supportive services program authorized under the CDBG heading in the Fiscal Year 1996 appropriations act (Pub. L. 104–134): Provides grants to link low-income, inner-city residents with suburban jobs by providing job placement, transportation, and supportive services, such as child care and counseling.

49. *Research on Socioeconomic Change in Cities*: Provides grants to academic institutions, nonprofit organizations, and municipalities for research dealing with trends in urban areas, including social, economic, demographic, and fiscal changes.

50. *Community Outreach Partnership Program (COPC)*, Section 107, Housing and Community Development Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5307), 24 CFR part 570: Assists in establishing or implementing outreach and applied research activities that address problems of urban areas and encourages structural change, both within institutions of higher education and in the way institutions relate to their neighbors.

51. *Historically Black Colleges and Universities Program (HBCU)*, Section 107, Housing and Community Development Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5307), 24 CFR part 570: Assists HBCUs in expanding their role and effectiveness in addressing community development needs in their localities, including neighborhood revitalization, housing, and economic development,

principally for persons of low and moderate income.

52. *Hispanic-Serving Institutions Assisting Communities Program (HSIAC)*, Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2004 (Pub. L. 108–199, approved January 23, 2004): Provides grants to assist Hispanic-serving institutions in expanding their role and effectiveness in addressing community development needs in their localities, including neighborhood revitalization, housing, and economic development.

53. *Alaska Native/Native Hawaiian Institutions Assisting Communities Program (AN/NHIAC)*, Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2004 (Pub. L. 108–199, approved January 23, 2004): Assists Alaska Native/Native Hawaiian Institutions of higher education in expanding their role and effectiveness in addressing community development needs in their localities, including neighborhood revitalization, housing, and economic development, principally for persons of low and moderate income.

54. *Tribal Colleges and Universities Program (TCUP)*, Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2004 (Pub. L. 108–199, approved January 23, 2004): Assists tribal colleges and universities in building, expanding, renovating, and equipping their own facilities. Title VI applies only to tribal colleges and universities that are not a part or instrumentality of a tribe.

Healthy Homes and Lead Hazard Control

55. *Lead Hazard Control*, Lead-Based Paint Poisoning Prevention Act (42 U.S.C. 4821 *et seq.*), Residential Lead-Based Paint Hazard Reduction Act of 1992 (Title X of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1992, 42 U.S.C. 4851 *et seq.*), Sections 501 and 502 of the Housing and Urban Development Act of 1970 (12 U.S.C. 1701z–1 and 1701z–2), 24 CFR part 35: Provides grants to state and local governments to evaluate and reduce lead-based paint hazards in privately owned, low-income housing and to nonprofit and for-profit entities to leverage private sector resources to eliminate lead poisoning as a major public health threat to children.

56. *Lead-based Paint Hazard Control Program*, Lead-Based Paint Poisoning Prevention Act (42 U.S.C. 4821 *et seq.*), Residential Lead-Based Paint Hazard Reduction Act of 1992 (Title X of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1992, 42 U.S.C. 4851 *et seq.*), Sections 501 and 502 of the Housing and Urban Development Act of 1970 (12 U.S.C. 1701z–1 and 1701z–2), 24 CFR part 35: Provides grants to government

entities that will formally partner with faith-based and community organizations to reduce lead hazards in eligible privately owned rental and owner-occupied housing

57. *Healthy Homes Demonstration Program*, Sections 501 and 502 of the Housing and Urban Development Act of 1970 (12 U.S.C. 1701z–1 and 1701z–2): Provides grants to state and local governments, federally recognized Indian tribes, and nonprofit applicants for controlling a variety of environmentally unhealthy housing conditions, especially for children.

58. *Operation Lead Elimination Action Program (LEAP)*, Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2004 (Pub. L. 108–199, approved January 23, 2004): Provides grants to nonprofit and for-profit organizations and universities that can leverage HUD funds with private resources and who will reallocate resources to other entities to eliminate lead in residential buildings, especially for low-income, privately owned or owner-occupied housing.

59. *Lead Outreach Grant Program*, Sections 1011(e)(8) and (g)(1) of the Residential Lead-Based Paint Hazard Reduction Act of 1992 (Title X of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1992), Consolidated Appropriations Resolution of 2004, Public Law 108–199, approved January 23, 2004): Provides funding to nonprofit and for-profit organizations to develop and distribute outreach and educational materials.

60. *Healthy Homes and Lead Technical Studies*, Sections 501 and 502 of the Housing and Urban Development Act of 1970 (12 U.S.C. 1701z–1 and 1701z–2), Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2004 (Pub. L. 108–199, approved January 23, 2004): Funds research to find improved methods for detecting and controlling lead-based paint and other residential health and safety hazards.

Inactive HUD Programs

(Programs With No New Funding, But That May Still Fund Previous Contracts)

61. *Rent Supplements*: Provided federal payments to reduce rents for certain low-income persons. New rent supplement contracts are no longer available.

62. *Congregate Housing Services*: Provided federal grants to eligible housing projects for the elderly and disabled. No activity in recent years except to extend previously funded grants.

63. *HOPE 2 Homeownership of Multifamily Units*: Provided grants to assist in developing and carrying out

homeownership programs for low-income families and individuals through the use of multifamily rental properties. No new commitments are being made.

64. *HOPE for Homeownership of Single Family Homes (HOPE 3) Program*: Provided grants to assist in developing and carrying out homeownership programs for low-income families and individuals through the rehabilitation of existing single-family homes. No new commitments since 1995.

65. *Emergency Low-Income Housing Preservation (Title II) (except for FHA-mortgage insurance)*: Addressed the preservation of Section 221(d)(3) and Section 236 projects whose low-income use restrictions could otherwise expire 20 years after the final mortgage endorsement. No new commitments are being made.

66. *Low-Income Housing Preservation and Resident Homeownership (Title VI) (except for FHA-mortgage insurance)*: Addressed the preservation of Section 221(d)(3) and Section 236 projects whose low-income use restrictions could otherwise expire 20 years after the

final mortgage endorsement. No new commitments are being made.

67. *Flexible Subsidy (Section 201)*: Provided federal aid for troubled multifamily housing projects as well as capital improvement funds for both troubled and stable subsidized projects. No new commitments are being made.

68. *Direct Loans for Housing for the Elderly or Handicapped (Section 202)*: Provided housing and related facilities for the elderly or handicapped. This program was replaced in Fiscal Year 1999 by the Supporting Housing Program for the Elderly (Section 202 Capital Advances) and Housing for Persons with Disabilities (Section 811).

69. *Section 8 Moderate Rehabilitation Program*: Assisted very low-income families in obtaining decent, safe, and sanitary housing in privately owned, rehabilitated buildings. Funding is no longer available for new commitments beyond renewing expiring contracts.

70. *Section 8 Welfare to Work*: Provided rent assistance for families moving from welfare dependency to self-sufficiency. No funding has been appropriated since Fiscal Year 1999.

71. *Homeownership and Opportunity for People Everywhere (HOPE I)*: Made available grants to provide affordable homeownership to the residents of public housing. No funding has been appropriated since Fiscal Year 1995.

72. *Moving to Opportunity for Fair Housing*: Assisted certain low-income families with children to move to areas of low concentrations of persons living in poverty. No funding has been appropriated since Fiscal Year 1992.

73. *Regional Opportunity Counseling Programs*: Provided funds to PHAs that partner with other PHAs and nonprofit organizations to provide counseling to holders of tenant-based vouchers to help them understand the benefits of de-concentrated areas.

74. *Public and Indian Housing Drug Elimination Program*: Grants to fund drug elimination activities in public, assisted, and Indian housing.

Dated: November 18, 2004.

Carolyn Peoples,

Assistant Secretary for Fair Housing and Equal Opportunity.

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