

in conjunction with the World Bank and the governments of the different countries who elect to undertake performance measurement of their public health systems using this methodology. The process will be funded through the Bank and the government of the countries. No Federal funds will be used in the process. It is anticipated that more than nine (9) countries may be involved. The annualized burden is estimated to be 120 hours.

	Number of respondents	Number of responses per respondents	Avg. burden response in hrs.
Year 1	5	1	120

Dated: September 29, 2003.
Nancy E. Cheal,
Acting Associate Director for Policy, Planning and Evaluation, Centers for Disease Control Prevention.
[FR Doc. 03–25083 Filed 10–2–03; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 4163–18–P

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention
[30Day–75–03]

Proposed Data Collections Submitted for Public Comment and Recommendations

The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) publishes a list of information collection requests under review by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) in compliance with the Paperwork Reduction Act (44 U.S.C. Chapter 35). To request a copy of these requests, call the CDC Reports Clearance Officer at (404) 498–1210. Send written

comments to CDC, Desk Officer, Human Resources and Housing Branch, New Executive Office Building, Room 10235, Washington, DC 20503 or by fax to (202) 395–6974. Written comments should be received within 30 days of this notice.
Proposed Project: Potential Reproductive and Neurological Effects of Exposure to Acrylamide—NEW—The National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).
The mission of the National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH) is to promote safety and health at work for all people through research and prevention. Consistent with this mission, NIOSH is undertaking a study of the reproductive and neurobehavioral effects of the occupational exposure to acrylamide. Acrylamide workers and control workers (N = 100 per group) will be recruited from manufacturing, end-user and non-exposed settings. Exposure will be characterized by acrylamide hemoglobin, adduct and urinary metabolite levels, ambient area, personal air, and dermal sampling. Reproductive effects will be evaluated

by examining semen quality, sperm DNA integrity, reproductive hormone levels, and prostate specific antigen (PSA) levels.
Neurobehavioral effects will be assessed using sensation-tactile, postural stability, grooved pegboard, and simple reaction time tests. Two questionnaires will be administered on one occasion. Questionnaire information will be collected concurrently to augment test interpretation, adjust for potential confounders and covariates during regression analysis, correlate specific jobs and job activities with exposure measurements, and for validation purposes. Findings from this study will clarify if the adverse reproductive effects observed in animal studies are also present in acrylamide-exposed workers, and if preclinical neurobehavioral deficits are present at acrylamide doses currently considered to be within safe limits. This study is scheduled for implementation in late 2003 and 2004. The annualized estimated burden for this data collection is 87 hours.

Survey questionnaire	Number of respondents	Number of responses/respondent	Average burden/response (in hours)
Medical & Reproductive History Questionnaire	100	1	13/60
Occupational History Questionnaire	100	1	34/60
Non-participant Questionnaire	250	1	2/60

Dated: September 29, 2003.
Nancy E. Cheal,
Acting Associate Director for Policy, Planning and Evaluation, Centers for Disease Control Prevention.
[FR Doc. 03–25084 Filed 10–2–03; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 4163–18–P

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention
[30Day–77–03]

Proposed Data Collections Submitted for Public Comment and Recommendations

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Proposed Project: 2004 Methodological Study of the Youth Risk Behavior Survey (YRBS)—New—National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion (NCCDPHP), Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).

Background

CDC intends to conduct a methodological study of the Youth Risk Behavior Survey in the Spring of 2004 to assess the effects of setting and mode of survey administration on the reporting of health-risk behaviors among adolescents. This study will provide methodological guidance for future surveys, especially surveys of adolescents. In 2000, the Office of the Assistant Secretary for Planning and Evaluation (ASPE), Department of Health and Human Services (HHS), commissioned five expert papers

written on the topic "Examining Substance Abuse Data Collection Methodologies." The papers focused on the Youth Risk Behavior Survey (YRBS), the National Survey on Drug Use and Health (NSDUH, formerly the National Household Survey on Drug Abuse, or NHSDA), and Monitoring the Future (MTF). A consensus among the authors was that disparate results across the studies are most likely a product of methodological differences across the surveys. The 2004 Methodological Study of the YRBS is designed to measure the extent to which the prevalence of health-risk behaviors

among students varies by whether the survey is administered in schools versus students' homes (setting), and by whether the survey is administered using paper and pencil questionnaire booklets versus computer assisted self interviewing (mode).

Approximately 5,480 high school students will be given questionnaires in one of the four setting/mode combinations. Elucidation of the impact of these factors on prevalence will assist in reducing response effects and improving the quality of the YRBS data. The total estimated annualized burden for this data collection is 4,110 hours.

Respondents	Number of respondents	Number of responses per respondent	Average burden per response (in hours)
High school students—paper & pencil, school-based questionnaire	1,344	1	45/60
High school students—paper & pencil, home-based questionnaire	1,344	1	45/60
High school students—CASI, school based questionnaire	1,344	1	45/60
High school students—CASI, home based questionnaire	1,344	1	45/60
School administrators recruitment	104	1	45/60

Dated: September 29, 2003.

Nancy E. Cheal,

Acting Associate Director for Policy, Planning and Evaluation, Centers for Disease Control Prevention.

[FR Doc. 03-25085 Filed 10-2-03; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4163-18-P

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

[30Day-76-03]

Proposed Data Collections Submitted for Public Comment and Recommendations

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Proposed Project: WISEWOMAN Reporting System—New—National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion (NCCDPHP), Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).

Background

The WISEWOMAN program, which focuses on reducing cardiovascular disease risk factors among at-risk women, was in response to the "Secretary of Health and Human Services Continuous Improvement Initiative", asking for the development of programs that examine ways in which service delivery can be improved for select populations. Title XV of the Public Health Service Act, Section 1509 originally authorized the Secretary of the Department of Health and Human Services to establish up to three demonstration projects. Through appropriations language, the CDC WISEWOMAN program is now allowed to fund up to 15 projects, although current plans includes 12 demonstration projects. At full implementation, the projects are expected to screen approximately 30,000 women annually for cardiovascular disease risk factors. The program targets women already participating in the National Breast and Cervical Cancer Early Detection Program (NBCCEDP) and provides screening for select cardiovascular disease risk factors (including elevated cholesterol, hypertension, and abnormal blood glucose levels), lifestyle interventions, and medical referrals as required in an effort to improve cardiovascular health among participants.

CDC proposes to collect and analyze baseline and follow-up data (12 months post enrollment) for all participants. These data, called the minimum data elements (MDE's), includes

demographic and risk factor information about women served in each program and information concerning the number and type of intervention sessions attended. The MDE data allows for an assessment of how effective WISEWOMAN is at reducing the burden of cardiovascular disease risk factors among participants. CDC also proposes to collect programmatic data for all WISEWOMAN programs. Programmatic data includes information related to grantee management, public education and outreach, professional education, service delivery, cost, and an assessment of how well each program is meeting their stated objectives.

All required data will be submitted electronically to a contractor to conduct the WISEWOMAN evaluation. MDE and cost data will be submitted twice a year, October 15 and April 15. October 15 reporting will cover all MDE's and costs for activities that took place between January 1 and June 30, and the April 15 submission will cover MDE's and costs for activities occurring between July 1 and December 31. Quarterly reports containing programmatic data will be due to RTI on January 31 (reflecting October 1–December 31 program activities), April 30 (reflecting January 1–March 31), July 31 (reflecting April 1–June 30), and October 31 (reflecting July 1–September 30). All reports will be due in a pre-determined format provided by CDC and the contractor. The contractor will provide training as requested to WISEWOMAN personnel at each