§ 1225.8 Funds withheld from apportionment.

- (a) Beginning in fiscal year 2004, the Secretary shall withhold 2 percent of the amount required to be apportioned for Federal-aid highways to any State under each of paragraphs (1), (3), and (4) of section 104(b) of title 23, United States Code, if a State has not enacted and is not enforcing a law that meets the requirements of 23 U.S.C. 163 and § 1225.4 of this part.
- (b) In fiscal year 2005, the Secretary shall withhold 4 percent of the amount required to be apportioned for Federal-aid highways to any State under each of paragraphs (1), (3), and (4) of section 104(b) of title 23, United States Code, if a State has not enacted and is not enforcing a law that meets the requirements of 23 U.S.C. 163 and § 1225.4 of this part.
- (c) In fiscal year 2006, the Secretary shall withhold 6 percent of the amount required to be apportioned for Federalaid highways to any State under each of paragraphs (1), (3), and (4) of section 104(b) of title 23, United States Code, if a State has not enacted and is not enforcing a law that meets the requirements of 23 U.S.C. 163 and § 1225.4 of this part.
- (d) In fiscal year 2007, and in each fiscal year thereafter, the Secretary shall withhold 8 percent of the amount required to be apportioned for Federalaid highways to any State under each of paragraphs (1), (3), and (4) of section 104(b) of title 23, United States Code, if a State has not enacted and is not enforcing a law that meets the requirements of 23 U.S.C. 163 and § 1225.4 of this part.

§ 1225.9 Period of availability of withheld funds.

If a State meets the requirements of 23 U.S.C. 163 and § 1225.4 of this part within 4 years from the date that a State's apportionment is reduced under § 1225.8, the apportionment for such State shall be increased by an amount equal to the reduction, as illustrated by appendix A of this part. The restored apportionment will be available to a State, as quickly as possible, upon a determination by NHTSA that the State is in conformance and notification to the FHWA.

§ 1225.10 Apportionment of withheld funds after compliance.

If a State has not met the requirements of 23 U.S.C. 163 and § 1225.4 of this part by October 1, 2007, the funds withheld under § 1225.8 shall begin to lapse and will no longer be available for apportionment to the State, in

accordance with appendix A of this part.

§ 1225.11 Notification of compliance.

- (a) Beginning with FY 2004, NHTSA and FHWA will notify States of their compliance or noncompliance with the statutory and regulatory requirements of 23 U.S.C. 163 and this part, based on a review of certifications received. States will be required to submit their certifications on or before September 30, to avoid the withholding of funds in a fiscal year.
- (b) This notification of compliance will take place through FHWA's normal certification of apportionments process. If the agencies do not receive a certification from a State, by June 15 of any fiscal year, or if the certification does not conform to the requirements of 23 U.S.C. 163 and this part, the agencies will make an initial determination that the State is not in compliance.

§ 1225.12 Procedures affecting States in noncompliance.

- (a) Each fiscal year, each State determined to be in noncompliance with 23 U.S.C. 163 and this part, based on NHTSA and FHWA's preliminary review of its certification, will be advised of the amount of funds expected to be withheld under § 1225.8 from apportionment, as part of the advance notice of apportionments required under 23 U.S.C. 104(e), which is ordinarily issued on July 1 of each fiscal year.
- (b) If NHTSA and FHWA determine that any State is not in compliance with 23 U.S.C. 163 and this part, based on the agencies' preliminary review, the State may submit documentation showing why it is in compliance. States will have until September 30 to rebut the initial determination or to come into compliance with 23 U.S.C. and this part. Documentation shall be submitted through NHTSA's Regional Administrators, who will refer the requests to appropriate NHTSA and FHWA offices for review.
- (c) Each fiscal year, each State determined not to be in compliance with 23 U.S.C. 163 and this part, based on NHTSA's and FHWA's final determination, will receive notice of the funds being withheld under § 1225.8 from apportionment, as part of the certification of apportionments required under 23 U.S.C. 104(e), which normally occurs on October 1 of each fiscal year.

Appendix A to Part 1225—Effects of the 0.08 BAC Sanction Program on Non-Complying States

EFFECTS OF THE 0.08 BAC SANCTION PROGRAM ON NON-COMPLYING STATES

Fiscal year	Withhold	Lapse
2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012	2% 4 6 8 8 8 8 8	2% withheld in FY04. 4% withheld in FY05. 6% withheld in FY06. 8% withheld in FY07. 8% withheld in FY08.

Issued on: August 18, 2003.

Mary E. Peters,

Administrator, Federal Highway Administration.

Jeffrey W. Runge,

Administrator, National Highway Traffic Safety Administration.

[FR Doc. 03–21492 Filed 8–21–03; 8:45 am] **BILLING CODE 4910–59–U**

DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY

Internal Revenue Service

26 CFR Part 1

[TD 9080]

RIN 1545-BC47

Reduction of Tax Attributes Due to Discharge of Indebtedness; Correction

AGENCY: Internal Revenue Service (IRS), Treasury.

ACTION: Correction to final and temporary regulations.

SUMMARY: This document contains corrections to final and temporary regulations relating to the reduction of tax attributes under sections 108 and 1017 of the Internal Revenue Code. These temporary regulations affect taxpayers that excluded discharge of under section 108. This document was published in the Federal Register on July 18, 2003 (68 FR 42590).

EFFECTIVE DATE: This correction is effective July 18, 2003.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Theresa M. Kolish (202) 622–7930 (not a toll-free number).

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

The proposed regulations that are the subject of these corrections are under

sections 108 and 1017 of the Internal Revenue Code.

Need for Correction

As published, the final regulations (TD 9080) contain errors that may prove to be misleading and are in need of clarification.

Correction of Publication

■ Accordingly, the publication of the final regulations (TD 9080), which is the subject of FR Doc. 03–18145, is corrected as follows:

§1.108-7T [Corrected]

- 1. On page 42592, column 3, § 1.108–7T, paragraph (a)(2), line 2, the language "section 108(b)(5), however, to reduce" is corrected to read "section 108(b)(5), however, to apply any portion of the excluded COD income to reduce".
- 2. On page 42592, column 3, § 1.108—7T, paragraph (a)(2), lines 3 thru 7, the language "first the basis of depreciable property to the extent of the excluded COD income. If the basis of depreciable property is insufficient to offset the entire amount of the excluded COD, the' is corrected to read "first the basis of depreciable property to the extent the excluded COD income is not so applied, the".
- 3. On page 42593, column 1, § 1.108–7T, paragraph (d)(ii), of *Example 3*, line 3, the language "trade debts of \$200,000 and a depreciable", is corrected to read "debts of \$200,000 and a depreciable".
- 4. On page 42592, column 1, § 1.108–7T, paragraph (d)(ii), of *Example 3*, line 14, the language "trade debts of \$200,000 and a depreciable", is corrected to read "debts of \$200,000 and a depreciable".
- 5. On page 42593, column 1, § 1.108–7T, paragraph (d)(ii), of *Example 3*, line 19, the language "requirements of section 354(a)(1)(A) and (B)." is corrected to read "requirements of section 354(b)(1) (A) and (B).".
- 6. On page 42593, column 1, § 1.108–7T, paragraph (ii), of *Example 3*, line 2, the language "to X's trade creditors, under section", is corrected to read "to X's creditors, under section".
- 7. On page 42593, column 1, § 1.108–7T, paragraph (ii), of *Example 3*, line 7, the language "owed the trade creditors for \$100,000, the fair" is corrected to read "owed the creditors for \$100,000, the fair".
- 8. On page 42593, column 2, § 1.108—7T, paragraph (ii), of *Example 4*, line 2, the language "distribution of Y stock to X's trade creditors," is corrected to read

"distribution of Y stock to X's creditors,".

LaNita Van Dyke,

Acting Chief, Regulations Unit, Associate Chief Counsel (Procedure and Administration).

[FR Doc. 03–21469 Filed 8–21–03; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4830–01–P

DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

Coast Guard

33 CFR Part 165

[COTP San Francisco Bay 03-021]

RIN 1625-AA00

Security Zone; Suisun Bay, Concord, CA

AGENCY: Coast Guard, DHS. **ACTION:** Temporary final rule.

SUMMARY: The Coast Guard is establishing a temporary security zone in the navigable waters of the United States adjacent to the Military Ocean Terminal Concord (MOTCO), California (formerly United States Naval Weapons Center Concord, California). The security zone is required to safely onload/offload military equipment. The required security zone is based on recent terrorist actions against the United States and for national security reasons to protect the public and areas surrounding MOTCO from potential terrorist attacks. The security zone will prohibit all persons and vessels from entering, transiting through or anchoring within a portion of the Suisun Bay surrounding MOTCO unless authorized by the Captain of the Port (COTP), or his designated representative.

DATES: This regulation is effective from 9 a.m. PDT on August 20, 2003 to 11:59 p.m. PDT on August 25, 2003.

ADDRESSES: Documents indicated in this preamble as being available in the docket are part of docket [COTP San Francisco Bay 03–021] and are available for inspection or copying at Coast Guard Marine Safety Office San Francisco Bay, Coast Guard Island, Alameda, California, 94501, between 9 a.m. and 4 p.m., Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Lieutenant Doug Ebbers, U.S. Coast Guard Marine Safety Office San Francisco Bay, at (510) 437–3073.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Regulatory Information

We did not publish a notice of proposed rulemaking (NPRM) for this regulation. Under 5 U.S.C. 553(b)(B), the Coast Guard finds that good cause exists for not publishing a NPRM. Additionally, under 5 U.S.C. 553(d)(3), the Coast Guard finds that good cause exists for making this rule effective less than 30 days after publication in the Federal Register as the schedule and other logistical details were not known until a date fewer than 30 days prior to the start date of the military operation. Publishing a NPRM and delaying its effective date would be contrary to the public interest since the safety and security of the people, ports, waterways, and properties of the Port Chicago and Suisun Bay areas would be jeopardized without the protection afforded by this security zone. Any delay in implementing this rule would be contrary to the public interest since immediate action is necessary to ensure the protection of all cargo vessels, their crews, the public and national security.

Background and Purpose

Since the September 11, 2001 terrorist attacks on the World Trade Center in New York, the Pentagon in Arlington, Virginia and Flight 93, the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) has issued several warnings concerning the potential for additional terrorist attacks within the United States. In addition, the ongoing hostilities in Afghanistan and the conflict in Iraq have made it prudent for U.S. ports to be on a higher state of alert because Al-Qaeda and other organizations have declared an ongoing intention to conduct armed attacks on U.S. interests worldwide.

Additionally, the threat of maritime attacks is real as evidenced by the October 2002 attack of a tank vessel off the coast of Yemen and the continuing threat to U.S. assets as described in the President's finding in Executive Order 13273 of August 21, 2002 (67 FR 56215, September 3, 2002) that the security of the U.S. is endangered by the September, 11, 2001 attacks and that such disturbances continue to endanger the international relations of the United States. See also Continuation of the National Emergency with Respect to Certain Terrorist Attacks, (67 FR 58317, September 13, 2002); Continuation of the National Emergency With Respect To Persons Who Commit, Threaten To Commit, Or Support Terrorism, (67 FR 59447, September 20, 2002). Additionally, a Maritime Advisory was issued to: Operators of U.S. Flag and Effective U.S. controlled Vessels and other Maritime Interests, detailing the