

### Scope of the Review

For purposes of this review, the product covered is ERT from Indonesia. ERT is defined as vulcanized rubber thread obtained by extrusion of stable or concentrated natural rubber latex of any cross sectional shape, measuring from 0.18 mm, which is 0.007 inches or 140 gauge, to 1.42 mm, which is 0.056 inch or 18 gauge, in diameter.

ERT is currently classified under subheading 4007.00.00 of the *Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States* ("HTSUS"). Although the HTSUS subheading is provided for convenience and customs purposes, the written description of the scope of this review is dispositive.

### Rescission of Review

Within 90 days of the June 25, 2002 notice of initiation, Swasthi requested to withdraw its request for an administrative review. See Letter from Swasthi to the Department (August 29, 2002).

In accordance with the Department's regulations, and consistent with its practice, the Department hereby rescinds the administrative review of ERT from Indonesia for the period May 1, 2001, to April 30, 2002. See 19 CFR section 351.213(d)(1), which states in pertinent part: "The Secretary will rescind an administrative review under this section, in whole or in part, if a party that requested a review withdraws the request within 90 days of the date of publication of notice of initiation of the requested review."

This notice is in accordance with section 751(a)(1) of the Tariff Act of 1930 as amended and section 351.213(d) of the Department's regulations.

Dated: January 10, 2003.

**Holly A. Kuga,**

*Acting Deputy Assistant Secretary for Import Administration.*

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## DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

### International Trade Administration

[A-570-831]

#### **Fresh Garlic from the People's Republic of China; Final Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review and Rescission of Administrative Review in Part**

**AGENCY:** Import Administration, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

**ACTION:** Notice of Final Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative

Review and Rescission of Administrative Review in Part.

**SUMMARY:** On August 9, 2002, the Department of Commerce published the preliminary results of the administrative review of the antidumping duty order on fresh garlic from the People's Republic of China. The period of review is November 1, 2000, through October 31, 2001. The administrative review covers thirteen producers/exporters of subject merchandise.

We invited interested parties to comment on our preliminary results. Based on our analysis of the comments received, we have made no changes to our analysis of our intent to rescind the review with respect to one respondent company. We have determined that we should rescind the review of another respondent company instead of assigning that company a rate based on adverse facts available. For a discussion of the rescissions, see the section "Partial Rescission of Review" listed below. The final dumping margins for the administrative review are listed in the "Final Results of the Review" section below.

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** January 30, 2003.

#### **FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:**

Edythe Artman or Catherine Cartsos, Office of Antidumping/Countervailing Duty Enforcement 3, Import Administration, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th Street and Constitution Avenue, N.W., Washington, DC 20230; telephone (202) 482-3931 or (202) 482-1757, respectively.

#### **SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:**

##### **Background**

On August 9, 2002, the Department published the preliminary results of the administrative review of the antidumping duty order on fresh garlic from the People's Republic of China. See *Fresh Garlic from the People's Republic of China: Preliminary Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review, Partial Rescission of Administrative Review, and Intent to Rescind Administrative Review in Part*, 67 FR 51822 (August 9, 2002) (*Preliminary Results*). We invited parties to comment on our preliminary results. With respect to our intent to rescind the administrative review in part, we received comments from the petitioners and Clipper Manufacturing Ltd. (Clipper). With respect to the preliminary results of the administrative review, we received comments from the petitioners, the respondent Taian Fook Huat Tong Kee Foods Co., Ltd. (FHTK), and the respondent Golden Light Trading Company, Ltd. (Golden Light).

We have conducted these reviews in accordance with section 751 of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended, and 19 CFR 351.213 (2001).

### Scope of the Order

The products covered by this antidumping duty order are all grades of garlic, whole or separated into constituent cloves, whether or not peeled, fresh, chilled, frozen, provisionally preserved, or packed in water or other neutral substance, but not prepared or preserved by the addition of other ingredients or heat processing. The differences between grades are based on color, size, sheathing, and level of decay.

The scope of this order does not include the following: (a) garlic that has been mechanically harvested and that is primarily, but not exclusively, destined for non-fresh use; or (b) garlic that has been specially prepared and cultivated prior to planting and then harvested and otherwise prepared for use as seed.

The subject merchandise is used principally as a food product and for seasoning. The subject garlic is currently classifiable under subheadings 0703.20.0010, 0703.20.0020, 0703.20.0090, 0710.80.7060, 0710.80.9750, 0711.90.6000, and 2005.90.9700 of the *Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States* (HTSUS). Although the HTSUS subheadings are provided for convenience and customs purposes, our written description of the scope of this order is dispositive. In order to be excluded from the antidumping duty order, garlic entered under the HTSUS subheadings listed above that is (1) mechanically harvested and primarily, but not exclusively, destined for non-fresh use or (2) specially prepared and cultivated prior to planting and then harvested and otherwise prepared for use as seed must be accompanied by declarations to the Customs Service to that effect.

### Analysis of Comments Received

All issues raised in the case and rebuttal briefs by parties to the administrative review are addressed in the "Issues and Decision Memorandum for the Administrative Review of Fresh Garlic from the People's Republic of China" from Susan Kuhbach to Faryar Shirzad (January 21, 2003) (Decision Memo), which is hereby adopted by this notice. A list of the issues which parties raised and to which we responded in the Decision Memo is attached to this notice as an Appendix. The Decision Memo is a public document and is on file in the Central Records Unit (CRU), Main Commerce Building, Room B-099, and is accessible on the Web at

[www.ia.ita.doc.gov](http://www.ia.ita.doc.gov). The paper copy and electronic version of the memorandum is identical in content.

### Separate Rates

In our preliminary results, we presumed that Golden Light was a market-economy company and that, accordingly, it qualified for a company-specific rate. We determined that a separate-rate analysis was not warranted for FHTK because, as a wholly owned foreign subsidiary, its parent company was beyond the jurisdiction of the People's Republic of China (PRC). See *Preliminary Results*, 67 FR at 51823. We have not received any information since the issuance of the *Preliminary Results* that provides a basis for reconsideration of these determinations.

### Use of Adverse Facts Available

In the Preliminary Results, we determined that Golden Light, Phil-Sino International Trading Inc. (Phil-Sino), and Wo Hing (H.K.) Trading Co. (Wo Hing) should be assigned the rate of 376.67 percent based on use of the adverse facts available. In addition, we determined that this rate should be used as the adverse facts available for the PRC-wide entity and, accordingly, we applied this rate to Foshan Foodstuffs Import & Export Company, Jinan Import & Export Corporation, Jinxiang Foreign Trade Corporation, Jinxiang Hong Chong Fruits & Vegetable Products Company, Ltd., Quingdao Rui Sheng Food Company, Ltd., Rizhao Hanxi Fisheries & Comprehensive Development Co., Ltd., Shandong Commercial Group Corporation, and Zhejiang Materials Industry International Co., Ltd. See *Preliminary Results*, 67 FR at 51825.

Because we are rescinding the review for Golden Light, we find that the use of adverse facts available for its margin is not warranted. See the section "Partial Rescission of Review" below for a discussion of our determination.

### Changes Since the Preliminary Results

Based on our analysis of comments received, we have rescinded the review of Golden Light.

With respect to FHTK, we have based the surrogate value for garlic sprouts on data from the *Monthly Trade Statistics of Foreign Trade of India Volume II Imports* (Indian Import Statistics) that falls under the tariff category for onions, shallots, garlic, leeks, and other alliaceous vegetables, fresh or chilled. We have based the value for potassium fertilizer on Indian import data that falls under the tariff category for mineral or chemical fertilizers, potassic, and covers the entire period of review. We have

updated the financial information for the three Indian mushroom producers upon which we based our calculation of the surrogate financial ratios. Finally, we have based the value for electricity on data from the 1999/2000 *Teri Energy Data Directory and Yearbook*.

We have not changed our analysis with respect to the rescission of Clipper from the review or with respect to the other respondents in the review.

### Partial Rescission of Review

#### A. Clipper

Section 772(a) of the Act, states, in part:

*The term "export price" means the price at which the subject merchandise is first sold (or agreed to be sold) before the date of importation by the producer or exporter of the subject merchandise outside of the United States to an unaffiliated purchaser in the United States or to an unaffiliated purchaser for exportation to the United States....*

Accordingly, we have interpreted section 772(a) of the Act to mean that we are to use the price at which the first party in the chain of distribution who has knowledge of the U.S. destination of the merchandise sells the subject merchandise, either directly to a U.S. purchaser or to an intermediary such as a trading company. The party making such a sale, with knowledge of destination, is the appropriate party to be reviewed. Our focus is on the first party in the chain of distribution with knowledge of the U.S. destination, rather than on the first chronological sale of the merchandise. One exception to this rule is that, in non-market economy (NME) cases, we do not base export price on internal transactions between two companies located in the NME. See *Fresh Garlic from the People's Republic of China; Final Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review and Partial Termination of Administrative Review*, 62 FR 23758, 23759 (May 1, 1997).

Applying these principles, we have not reviewed Clipper's sales to its U.S. customer because the evidence on the record supports a finding that PRC export agents which sold the subject merchandise to Clipper had knowledge of the U.S. destination when they made the sales to Clipper. In addition, the sales of the garlic from the export agents to Clipper were the first non-intra-NME sales in the chain of distribution of the merchandise. Thus, these sales provide the appropriate basis on which to determine the export price.

The Department did not receive a request for review of the PRC export agents during the anniversary month of

the publication of the antidumping duty order. See 19 CFR 351.213(b). Thus, it is not appropriate to conduct a review of the sales at issue. Therefore, we are rescinding this administrative review as it applies to Clipper. With this rescission, we will instruct the Customs Service to liquidate the entries during the period of review of subject merchandise from Clipper in accordance with 19 CFR 351.213(d).

#### B. Golden Light

For reasons discussed in response to comment 5 of the Decision Memo, we have determined that it is appropriate to rescind Golden Light from the review pursuant to 19 CFR 351.213(d)(3) on the basis that Golden Light had no entries, exports, or sales of subject merchandise during the POR.

### Final Results of the Administrative Review

We determine that the following dumping margins exist for the period November 1, 2000, through October 31, 2001:

Exporter	Weighted-average percentage margin
Phil-Sino International Trading Inc. ....	376.67
Wo Hing (H.K.) Trading Co. ....	376.67
Taian Fook Huat Tong Kee Foods Co. ....	0.00

The Department shall determine, and the Customs Service shall assess, antidumping duties on all appropriate entries. The Department shall determine, and the Customs Service shall assess, antidumping duties on all appropriate entries. We will issue appropriate assessment instructions directly to the Customs Service within 15 days of publication of these final results of review.

### Cash-Deposit Requirements

The following cash-deposit requirements will be effective upon publication of this notice of final results of administrative review for all shipments of the subject merchandise entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after the publication date, as provided for by section 751(a)(2)(C) of the Act: (1) for merchandise exported by FHTK, the cash-deposit rate will be zero percent; (2) for Phil-Sino and Wo Hing, the cash-deposit rate will be 376.67 percent; (3) for all other PRC exporters which have not been found to be entitled to a separate rate, the cash-deposit rate will be the PRC-wide rate of 376.67 percent; and (4) for all other non-PRC exporters

of subject merchandise from the PRC, including Clipper and Golden Light, the cash-deposit rate will be the rate applicable to the PRC supplier of that exporter. These deposit requirements shall remain in effect until publication of the final results of the next administrative review.

This notice serves as a final reminder to importers of their responsibility under 19 CFR 351.402(f)(2) (2001) to file a certificate regarding the reimbursement of antidumping duties prior to liquidation of the relevant entries during these review periods. Pursuant to 19 CFR 351.402(f)(3), failure to comply with this requirement, could result in the Department's presumption that reimbursement of antidumping duties occurred and the subsequent assessment of doubled antidumping duties.

This notice also serves as a reminder to parties subject to administrative protective order (APO) of their responsibility concerning the disposition of proprietary information disclosed under APO in accordance with 19 CFR 351.305. Timely written notification of the return/destruction of APO materials or conversion to judicial protective order is hereby requested. Failure to comply with the regulations and the terms of an APO is a sanctionable violation.

We are issuing and publishing this determination and notice in accordance with sections 751(a)(1) and 777(i)(1) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.210(c) (2001).

Dated: January 21, 2003.

**Faryar Shirzad,**

*Assistant Secretary for Import Administration.*

## Appendix

### Decision Memo

1. Rescission of Review of Clipper
2. Rescission of Review of Golden Light
3. Bona Fides of FHTK's Sale
4. Use of Facts Available
5. Valuation of Garlic Seed
6. Valuation of Garlic Sprouts
7. Valuation of Urea
8. Valuation of Potassium Fertilizer
9. Calculation of Surrogate Financial Ratios
10. Valuation of Electricity
11. Valuation of Cartons

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## DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

### International Trade Administration

[A-570-863]

### Honey From the People's Republic of China: Partial Rescission of Antidumping Duty New Shipper Review

**AGENCY:** Import Administration, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

**ACTION:** Notice of partial rescission of the antidumping duty new shipper review of honey from the People's Republic of China.

**SUMMARY:** On August 6, 2002, the Department of Commerce published the initiation of the new shipper reviews of the antidumping duty order on honey from the People's Republic of China. The review covers Chengdu-Duijiangyan Dubao Bee Industrial Co., Ltd., and Wuhan Bee Healthy Co., Ltd. The period of review is December 1, 2001, through May 31, 2002. For the reasons discussed below, we are rescinding the review of Chengdu-Duijiangyan Dubao Bee Industrial Co., Ltd.<sup>1</sup>

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** January 30, 2003.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Angelica Mendoza or Donna Kinsella at (202) 482-3019 and (202) 482-0194, respectively; AD/CVD Enforcement, Office 8, Group III, Import Administration, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th Street and Constitution Avenue, NW., Washington, DC 20230.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

#### The Applicable Statute and Regulations

Unless otherwise indicated, all citations to the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act), are references to the provisions effective January 1, 1995, the effective date of the amendments made to the Act by the Uruguay Round Agreements Act. In addition, unless otherwise indicated, all citations to the Department of Commerce's (the Department's) regulations are to 19 CFR part 351 (April 2002).

#### Scope of the Order

The products covered by this antidumping duty order are natural honey, artificial honey containing more than 50 percent natural honey by weight, preparations of natural honey containing more than 50 percent natural honey by weight, and flavored honey.

<sup>1</sup> We are continuing the new shipper review of the antidumping duty order on honey from the People's Republic of China for Wuhan Bee Healthy Co., Ltd.

The subject merchandise includes all grades and colors of honey whether in liquid, creamed, comb, cut comb, or chunk form, and whether packaged for retail or in bulk form. The merchandise subject to this order is currently classifiable under subheadings 0409.00.00, 1702.90.90, and 2106.90.99 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS). Although the HTSUS subheadings are provided for convenience and U.S. Customs Service (U.S. Customs) purposes, the Department's written description of the merchandise under order is dispositive.

#### Background

On June 28, 2002, Chengdu-Duijiangyan Dubao Bee Industrial Co., Ltd. (Dubao), a producer and exporter of subject merchandise, submitted a request for a new shipper review. Dubao certified in its new shipper review request that (1) it did not export honey to the United States during the period of investigation (POI), (2) it has never been affiliated with any exporter or producer which did export honey during the POI, and (3) its export activities are not controlled by the central government of the People's Republic of China (PRC). Based on Dubao's certifications, the Department initiated a new shipper review of the antidumping duty order on honey from the PRC for "Chengdu-Duijiangyan Dubao Bee Industrial Co., Ltd." for the time period December 1, 2001, through May 31, 2002. *See Honey from the People's Republic of China: Initiation of New Shipper Antidumping Duty Reviews*, 67 FR 50862 (August 6, 2002).

On November 21, 2002, Dubao informed the Department that its counsel incorrectly referred to Dubao as "Chengdu-Duijiangyan Dubao Bee Industrial Co., Ltd." in its submissions to the Department. Dubao claims that the correct name of the company is "Sichuan-Duijiangyan Dubao Bee Industrial Co., Ltd." We did not receive any comments from the American Honey Producers Association nor the Sioux Honey Association (collectively, petitioners) on this issue.

#### Rescission of Review

Dubao did not provide the Department with the correct certifications required under 351.214(b)(2) of the Department's regulations for a new shipper review. The Department's regulations at 19 CFR 351.214(b)(2) state that, if the company requesting the review is both the exporter and the producer of the subject merchandise, then the request from this company must contain a certification that the company did not export subject