Tennessee had entered into a contract with ENA for that funding year.

5. We conclude that, in light of the specific circumstances and the enumerated safeguards, it is appropriate to apply a modification of the Good Samaritan policy in this instance. We instruct USAC to grant Tennessee's request to substitute a common carrier as its Good Samaritan service provider for Funding Year 2002, consistent with its existing procedures for Good Samaritan providers and to process Tennessee's funding request. USAC shall determine whether the selected common carrier meets its existing criteria for identifying a substitute service provider. If USAC determines that Tennessee's application for Funding Year 2002 otherwise complies with the rules of the schools and libraries program, USAC shall issue a funding commitment to Tennessee. Upon determining that all of the invoices submitted by ENA's subcontractors comply with program rules and procedures, USAC then may disburse funds to the designated common carrier for payment to ENA's subcontractors. USAC should determine the identities of the subcontractors, their portion of the contract, and the portion associated with services provided by ENA. USAC should ascertain what services have been rendered, the total cost of those services, and the amount that Tennessee has actually paid for the services rendered. USAC may disburse funds for services delivered until the end of Funding Year 2002.

6. We also instruct USAC to set aside on ENA's account any funds that would have been paid to ENA to compensate it directly for its services under the Tennessee contract, but we do not authorize any payment to ENA at this time. We do not know how long the pending investigation may continue, and cannot predict its ultimate resolution. Absent an indictment or other public action, it may be difficult to determine whether the relevant authorities have concluded their investigation. We therefore cannot specify at this time the circumstances under which it would be appropriate for Tennessee or ENA to petition for reimbursement of funds owed to ENA for services rendered pursuant to ENA's Funding Year 2002 contract with Tennessee. At the same time, we expressly contemplate that ENA should have the opportunity to make its case at some future date that the remaining funds should be released to it for services rendered. If, however, ENA ultimately is found either civilly or criminally liable for any actions arising out of its participation in the schools

and libraries program, the Commission shall initiate debarment proceedings pursuant to the rules adopted in the Commission's most recent order relating to the schools and libraries universal service mechanism.

7. We deny Tennessee's request that payments be made to its selected Good Samaritan provider to cover the salaries of certain key ENA employees who are necessary to keep the network operational for the remainder of the school year. We remain concerned about any funds going to persons currently employed by ENA at this point, especially given the percentage of funding that Tennessee asserts is required to pay these individuals. We encourage Tennessee to explore alternative arrangements to ensure that its network continues to support the educational mission of the state.

8. In reaching this decision, we seek to balance USAC's proper caution in acting on a funding request that may be associated with a law enforcement investigation with the equally important objective of avoiding potentially harmful effects on third parties. We recognize that the circumstances surrounding other investigations may vary significantly. In granting this petition, we emphasize the narrowness of this fact-specific determination. We do not intend our action today to affect the efficient administration of this universal service support mechanism.

9. In conclusion, we emphasize that we seek to guard against waste, fraud and abuse, while ensuring that universal service is preserved and advanced. We recognize that the ongoing investigation may call into question compliance with Commission rules and requirements. If it is ultimately determined that Tennessee, ENA, or other party has violated any program requirements, the Commission shall take all appropriate actions to address that wrongdoing, including, if merited, seeking reimbursement of disbursed funds. It remains incumbent upon the applicant to ensure its compliance with all program rules. But we decline to relegate the Tennessee Funding Year 2002 application to limbo indefinitely, during the pendency of this ongoing investigation.

III. Ordering Clause

10. Pursuant to sections 1–4, and 254 of the Communications Act of 1934, 47 U.S.C. 151–154 and 254, and § 54.503 of the Commission's rules, that the Petition for Immediate Relief filed by the State of Tennessee on April 17, 2003, is granted to the extent provided herein. We instruct SLD to process Tennessee's Funding Year 2002 application and, if

appropriate, disburse funds to the designated Good Samaritan provider, as provided herein.

Federal Communications Commission.

William F. Caton,

Deputy Secretary.

[FR Doc. 03–18640 Filed 7–22–03; 8:45 am]

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

50 CFR Part 660

[Docket No. 021209300-3048-02; I.D. 112502C]

Fisheries off West Coast States and in the Western Pacific; Pacific Coast Groundfish Fishery; Groundfish Fishery Management Measures; Corrections

AGENCY: National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Commerce.

ACTION: Corrections to the 2003 specifications and management measures.

SUMMARY: NMFS announces corrections to the Pacific Coast groundfish management measures published on March 7, 2003. South of 40°10' N. lat., references to an area between Point Fermin and Newport South Jetty open during July and August to limited entry fixed gear and open access groundfish fisheries is corrected to allow California scorpionfish retention. Regulatory language referring to exempted prawn trawl in the open access fishery is clarified to only allow fishing inside the Rockfish Conservation Area (RCA) north of 40°10′ N. lat. as stated in the trip limit tables (Table 5 (North) and Table 5 (South)). This action also includes a correction to latitude and longitude coordinates for the RCA 75 fm (137 m) boundary. Typographical errors were corrected for these coordinates in a previous correction published on April 15, 2003, to the final rule but erroneously omitted in the most recent inseason action published on July 7, 2003).

DATES: Effective 0001 hours local July 22, 2003, until the 2004 annual specifications and management measures are effective, unless modified, superseded, or rescinded through a publication in the Federal Register.

ADDRESSES: Submit comments to D. Robert Lohn, Administrator, Northwest Region, NMFS, 7600 Sand Point Way

NE, Seattle, WA 98115–0070; or Rod McInnis, Acting Administrator, Southwest Region, NMFS, 501 West Ocean Blvd, Suite 4200, Long Beach, CA 90802–4213.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Jamie Goen (Northwest Region, NMFS), phone: 206–526–6140; fax: 206–526–6736; and e-mail: jamie.goen@noaa.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Electronic Access

This **Federal Register** document is available on the Government Printing Office's website at: http://www.access.gpo.gov/su_docs/ca/docs/aces/aces140.html. Background information and documents are available at the NMFS Northwest Region website at: http://www.nwr.noaa.gov/1sustfsh/gdfsh01.htm and at the Pacific Fishery Management Council's website at: http://www.pcouncil.org.

Background

The Pacific Coast groundfish specifications and management measures for the 2003 fishing year (January 1-December 31, 2003) were initially published in the Federal **Register** as an emergency rule for January 1-February 28, 2003 (68 FR 908, January 7, 2003) and as a proposed rule for March 1-December 31, 2003 (68 FR 936, January 7, 2003). The emergency rule was amended at 68 FR 4719, January 30, 2003, and the final rule for March 1-December 31, 2003 was published in the Federal Register on March 7, 2003 (68 FR 11182). The final rule has been subsequently amended at 68 FR 18166 (April 15, 2003), at 68 FR 23901 (May 6, 2003), at 68 FR 23924 (May 6, 2003), at 68 FR 32680 (June 2, 2003), 68 FR 35575 (June 16, 2003) and at 68 FR 40187 (July 7, 2003).

Management measures for the Pacific Coast groundfish fishery, effective March 1-December 31, 2003 (68 FR 11182, March 7, 2003), contain errors in which species are subject to the limited entry fixed gear and open access Pt. Fermin/Newport South Jetty area (also known as Huntington Flats) opening during July through August. The inseason action published on May 6, 2003 (68 FR 23901), initially corrected the Pt. Fermin/Newport South Jetty area opening from applying to all Federal groundfish species to applying to all Federal groundfish species, except all rockfish and lingcod. The correction in the inseason action published on May 6, 2003, stated, "The intent of California's California Rockfish Conservation Area proposal presented to the Pacific Council at its September 2002 meeting, as well as language in California's Code

of Regulations at Title 14, Section 27.82 (d)(2), was that this area should be open to limited entry fixed gear and open access fixed gear for all Federal groundfish species, except all rockfish, lingcod and ocean whitefish (Note: Ocean whitefish is managed by the State of California). This area is intended to be open during July-August to allow vessels to intercept California scorpionfish that are spawning on the sandy flats." However, language allowing California scorpionfish to be retained in the Pt. Fermin/Newport South Jetty area during the July through August opening was inadvertently left out of the May 6, 2003 correction. Since California scorpionfish is a species of rockfish, the language in the May 6, 2003 inseason action prohibits fishing for all rockfish in the Pt. Fermin/ Newport South Jetty area, including mistakenly prohibiting fishing for California scorpionfish. This document corrects the error by specifying that fishing for California scorpionfish is permitted during the Pt. Fermin/ Newport South Jetty opening.

In addition, regulatory language in the open access fishery section of the management measures (paragraph IV.C.(1)) referring to exempted prawn trawl in the open access fishery is clarified in this document to only allow fishing inside and retention of groundfish caught in the Rockfish Conservation Area (RCA) north of 40°10′ N. lat. as stated in the trip limit tables (Table 5 (North) and Table 5 (South)).

NMFS Actions

■ For the reasons stated herein, NMFS announces the following corrections to the 2003 specifications and management measures (68 FR 11182 (March 7, 2003), as amended at 68 FR 18166 (April 15, 2003), at 68 FR 23901 (May 6, 2003), at 68 FR 23924 (May 6, 2003), at 68 FR 32680 (June 2, 2003) at 68 FR 35575 (June 16, 2003) and at 68 FR 40187 (July 7, 2003)) to read as follows:

PART 660—[CORRECTED]

- 1. On page 11206, in section IV., under A. General Definitions and Provisions, paragraph (19)(e)(ii) is corrected to read as follows:
- (ii) The 75–fm (137–m) depth contour used north of 40°10′ N. lat. as an eastern boundary for the trawl RCA is defined by straight lines connecting all of the following points in the order stated:
- (19) 48°05.91′ N. lat., 125°08.30′ W. long.:
- (20) 48°07.00′ N. lat., 125°09.80′ W. long.;

- (21) 48°06.93′ N. lat., 125°11.48′ W. long.;
- (22) 48°04.98′ N. lat., 125°10.02′ W. long.;
- * * * * *
- 2. On page 11217, in section IV., under B. Limited Entry Fishery, paragraph (1) is revised to read as follows:

IV. NMFS Actions

B. Limited Entry Fishery

(1) General. Most species taken in limited entry fisheries will be managed with cumulative trip limits (see paragraph IV.A.(1)(d),) size limits (see paragraph IV.A.(6)), seasons (see paragraph IV.A.(7)), and areas that are closed to specific gear types. The trawl fishery has gear requirements and trip limits that differ by the type of trawl gear on board (see paragraph IV.A.(14)). Cowcod retention is prohibited in all fisheries and groundfish vessels operating south of Point Conception must adhere to CCA restrictions (see paragraph IV.A.(19)). Yelloweye rockfish retention is prohibited in the limited entry fixed gear fisheries. Most of the management measures for the limited entry fishery are listed above and in the following tables: Table 3 (North), Table 3 (South), Table 4 (North), and Table 4 (South).

A header in Table 3 (North), Table 3 (South), Table 4 (North) and Table 4 (South) generally describes the Rockfish Conservation Area (i.e., closed area) for vessels participating in the limited entry fishery. The RCA boundaries are defined by latitude and longitude coordinates (See paragraph IV.A.(19), earlier) [Note: Between a line drawn due south from Point Fermin (33°42′ 30" N. lat.; 118°17′ 30" W. long.) and a line drawn due west from the Newport South Jetty (33°35'37" N. lat.; 117°52'50" W. long.,) vessels fishing for all Federal groundfish species, except lingcod and all rockfish other than California scorpionfish, with hook-and-line and/or trap (or pot) gear may operate from shore to a seaward boundary line which approximates 50 fm (91 m) in the months of July and August.]

Management measures may be changed during the year by announcement in the **Federal Register**. However, the management regimes for several fisheries (nontrawl sablefish, Pacific whiting, and black rockfish) do not neatly fit into these tables and are addressed immediately following Table 3 (North), Table 3 (South), Table 4 (North), and Table 4 (South).

* * * * *

■ 3. On page 11221, in section IV., under B. Limited Entry Fishery, at the end of paragraph (1), Table 4 (South) is revised to read as follows:

IV. NMFS Actions

B. Limited Entry Fishery

(1) * * *

BILLING CODE 3510-22-S

Table 4 (South). Trip Limits for Limited Entry Fixed Gear South of $40^{\circ}10'$ N. Latitude $^{1/}$

Other Limits and Requirements Apply -- Read Sections IV. A. and B. NMFS Actions before using this table

	using this table				
		JUL-AUG	SEP-OCT	NOV-DEC	
Rockfish Conservation Area ^{7/} (RCA): South of 40°10' N. lat.		20 fm - 150 fm (See footnote 9 for description of Pt. Fermin/Newport South Jetty open area)	20 fm - 150 fm		
1	Minor slope rockfish ^{4/}				
2	40°10' - 38° N. lat.	No more than 25% of weight of sablefish landed/ trip 1,800 lb/ 2 months			
3	South of 38° N. lat.	30,000 lb/ 2 months			
4	Splitnose				
5	40°10' - 38° N. lat.	1,800 lb/ 2 months			
6	South of 38° N. lat.	20,000 lb/ 2 months			
7	Sablefish				
8	40°10' - 36° N. lat.	300 lb/ day, or 1 landing per week of up to 800 lb, not to exceed 3,200 lb/ 2 months			
9	South of 36° N. lat.	350 lb/ day, or 1 landing per week of up to 1,050 lb			
10	Longspine thornyhead	9,000 lb/ 2 months			
11	Shortspine thornyhead	2,000 lb/ 2 months			
12	Dover sole	5,000 lb/ month			
13	Arrowtooth flounder	When fishing for Pacific sanddabs, vessels using hook-and-line			
14	Petrale sole	gear with no more than 12 hooks per line, using hooks no larger than "Number 2" hooks, which measure 11 mm (0.44 inches)			
15	Rex sole	point to shank, and up to 1 lb (0.45 kg) of weight per line are not			
16	All other flatfish ^{2/}	subject to the RCAs.			
17	Whiting ^{3/}	10,000 lb/ trip			
18	Minor shelf rockfish, widow, and yellowtail rockfish ^{4/}	250 lb/ 2 months	200 lb/ 2 months	100 lb/ 2 months	
19	Canary rockfish	CLOSED ⁵ /			
20	Yelloweye rockfish	CLOSED ^{5/}			
21	Cowcod	CLOSED⁵/			
22	Bocaccio	CLOSED ⁵ /			
23	Minor nearshore rockfish				
24	Shallow nearshore	400 lb/ 2 months	300 lb/ 2 months	200 lb/ 2 months	
25	Deeper nearshore	500 lb/ 2 months	300 lb/ 2 months	200 lb/ 2 months	
26	California scorpionfish	800 lb/ 2 months		SED ^{5/}	
	Lingcod ⁶	400 lb/ month, when nearshore open CLOSED ^{5/}			
	Other fish ^{8/}				

Table 4 (South) continued

- 1/ "South" means 40°10' N. lat. to the U.S.-Mexico border. 40°10' N. lat. is about 20 nm south of Cape Mendocino, CA.
- 2/ "Other flatfish" means all flatfish at 50 CFR 660.302 except those in this Table 4 with species specific management measures, including trip limits.
- 3/ The whiting "per trip" limit in the Eureka area shoreward of 100 fm is 10,000 lb/ trip throughout the year. Outside Eureka area, the 20,000 lb/ trip limit applies. See IV. B.(3).
- 4/ Chilipepper rockfish is included in the trip limits for minor shelf rockfish and POP is included in the trip limits for minor slope rockfish.
- 5/ Closed means that it is prohibited to take and retain, possess, or land the designated species in the time or area indicated. See IV. A.(7).
- 6/ The minimum size limit for lingcod is 24 inches (61 cm) total length.
- 7/ The "Rockfish Conservation Area" is a gear and/or sector specific closed area generally described by depth contours but specifically defined by lat/long coordinates set out at IV. A.(19)(e) that may vary seasonally.
- 8/ Other fish are defined at 50 CFR 660.302, as those groundfish species or species groups for which there is no trip limit, size limit, quota, or harvest guideline.
- 9/ During July-August, between a line drawn due south from Point Fermin (33° 42' 30" N. lat.; 118° 17' 30" W. long.) and a line drawn due west from the Newport South Jetty (33° 35' 37" N. lat.; 117° 52' 50" W. long.) vessels fishing for all federal groundfish species, except lingcod and all rockfish other than California scorpionfish, with hook&line and/or trap (or pot) gear may operate from shore to a seaward boundary line which approximates 50 fm.

To convert pounds to kilograms, divide by 2.20462, the number of pounds in one kilogram.

■ 4. On page 11222, in section IV., under C. Trip Limits in the Open Access Fishery, paragraph (1) is revised to read as follows:

IV. NMFS Actions

C. Trip Limits in the Open Access Fishery

(1) General. Open access gear is gear used to take and retain groundfish from a vessel that does not have a valid permit for the Pacific Coast groundfish fishery with an endorsement for the gear used to harvest the groundfish. This includes longline, trap, pot, hook-andline (fixed or mobile), setnet and trammel net (south of 38° N. lat. only), and exempted trawl gear (trawls used to target non-groundfish species: pink shrimp or prawns, and, south of Pt. Arena, CA (38°57'30" N. lat.), CA halibut or sea cucumbers). Unless otherwise specified, a vessel operating in the open access fishery is subject to, and must not exceed any trip limit, frequency limit, and/or size limit for the open access fishery. Groundfish species taken in open access fisheries will be managed with cumulative trip limits (see paragraph IV.A.(1)(d)), size limits (see paragraph IV.A.(6)), seasons (see paragraph IV.A.(7)), and closed areas. Cowcod retention is prohibited in all

fisheries and groundfish vessels operating south of Point Conception must adhere to CCA restrictions (see paragraph IV.A.(19)). Retention of yelloweye rockfish and canary rockfish and, south of 40°10′ N. lat., bocaccio is prohibited in all open access fisheries. The trip limits, size limits, seasons, and other management measures for open access groundfish gear, including exempted trawl gear, are listed in Table 5 (North) and Table 5 (South). A header in Table 5 (North) and Table 5 (South) approximates the RCA (i.e., closed area) for vessels participating in the open access fishery. [Note: Between a line drawn due south from Point Fermin (33°42′ 30″ N. lat.; 118°17′ 30″ W. long.) and a line drawn due west from the Newport South Jetty (33°35′37" N. lat.: 117°52′50" W. long.,) vessels fishing for all Federal groundfish species, except lingcod and all rockfish other than California scorpionfish, with hook-andline and/or trap (or pot) gear may operate from shore to a seaward boundary line which approximates 50 fm (91 m) in the months of July and August.] For vessels participating in exempted trawl fisheries, the RCAs are the same as those for limited entry trawl gear, except that pink shrimp and, north of 40°10′ N. lat., prawn trawl are not subject to the RCA. Exempted trawl gear

RCAs are detailed in the exempted trawl gear sections at the bottom of Table 5 (North) and Table 5 (South). Retention of groundfish caught by exempted trawl gear is prohibited in the designated RCAs, except that pink shrimp trawl and, north of 40°10′ N. lat., prawn trawl may retain groundfish caught both inside and outside the trawl RCA subject to the limits in Table 5 (North) and Table 5 (South). Retention of groundfish caught by salmon troll gear is prohibited in the designated RCAs, except that salmon trollers may retain yellowtail rockfish caught both inside and outside the non-trawl RCA subject to the limits in Table 5 (North). The trip limit at 50 CFR 660.323(a)(1) for black rockfish caught with hook-and-line gear also applies. (The black rockfish limit is repeated at paragraph IV.B.(4).)

■ 5. On page 11225, in section IV., under C. Trip Limits in the Open Access Fishery, at the end of paragraph (1), Table 5 (South) is revised to read as follows:

IV. NMFS Actions

C. Trip Limits in the Open Access Fishery

(1) * * * * * * * *

Table 5 (South). 2003 Trip Limits for Open Access Gears South of $40^{\circ}10'$ N. Latitude $^{1/}$

Other Limits and Requirements Apply -- Read Sections IV. A. and C. NMFS Actions before using this table

		JUL-AUG	SEP-OCT	NOV-DEC
Roc	kfish Conservation Area ^{7/} (RCA)			
	South of 40°10' N. lat.	20 fm - 150 fm (See footnote 8 for description of Pt. Fermin/Newport South Jetty open area)	20 fm - 150 fm	
1	Minor slope rockfish ^{2/}			- Table 1988
2	40°10' - 38° N. lat.	Per trip, no more than 25% of weight of the sablefish landed		
3	South of 38° N. lat.	10,000 lb/ 2 months		
4	Splitnose	200 lb/ month		
5	Sablefish			
6	40°10' - 36° N. lat.	300 lb/ day, or 1 landing per week of up to 800 lb, not to exceed 3,200 lb/ 2 months		
7	South of 36° N. lat.	350 lb/ day, or 1 landing per week of up to 1,050 lb		
8	Thornyheads			
9	40°10' - 34°27' N. lat.	CLOSED ^{5/}		
10	South of 34°27' N. lat.	50 lb/ day, no more than 2,000 lb/ 2 months		
11	Dover sole	3,000 lb/month, no more than 300 lb of which may be species other than Pacific sanddabs. When fishing for Pacific sanddabs,		
12	Arrowtooth flounder			
13	Petrale sole	vessels using hook-and-line gear with no more than 12 hooks per line, using hooks no larger than "Number 2" hooks, which		
14	Rex sole	measure 11 mm (0.44 inches) point to shank, and up to 1 lb of		
15	All other flatfish ^{3/}	weight per line are not subject to the RCAs.		
16	Whiting	300 lb/ month		
17	Minor shelf rockfish, widow and chilipepper rockfish ^{2/}	250 lb/ 2 months	200 lb/ 2 months	100 lb/ 2 months
18	Canary rockfish	CLOSED ^{5/}		
19	Yelloweye rockfish	CLOSED ^{5/}		
20	Cowcod	CLOSED ^{5/}		
21	Bocaccio	CLOSED ^{5/}		

Table 5 (South) contined

le 5 (South) contined						
Minor nearshore rockfish						
Shallow nearshore	400 lb/ 2 months	300 lb/ 2 months	200 lb/ 2 months			
Deeper nearshore	500 lb/ 2 months	300 lb/ 2 months	200 lb/ 2 months			
California scorpionfish	800 lb/ 2 months CLOSED ^{5/}					
Lingcod ^{4/}	300 lb/ month, who	en nearshore open	CLOSED ^{5/}			
Other Fish ^{6/}	Not limited					
PINK SHRIMP EXEMPTED TRAV	NL GEAR (not subject to RCAs)					
South	Effective April 1 - October 31, 2003: Groundfish 500 lb/day, multiplied by the number of days of the trip, not to exceed 1,500 lb/trip. The following sublimits also apply and are counted toward the overall 500 lb/day and 1,500 lb/trip groundfish limits: lingcod 300 lb/ month (minimum 24 inch size limit); sablefish 2,000 lb/ month; canary, thornyheads and yelloweye rockfish are PROHIBITED. All other groundfish species taken are managed under the overall 500 lb/day and 1,500 lb/trip groundfish limits. Landings of these species count toward the per day and per trip groundfish limits and do not have species-specific limits. The amount of groundfish landed may not exceed the amount of pink shrimp landed.					
PRAWN AND, SOUTH OF 38°57'30" N. LAT., CALIFORNIA HALIBUT AND SEA CUCUMBER EXEMPTED TRAWL						
EXEMPTED TRAWL Rockfish Conservation Area ^{7/} (RCA):						
40°10' - 38° N. lat.	60 fm - 200 fm					
38° - 34°27' N. lat.	60 fm - 200 fm					
South of 34°27' N. lat.	100 fm - 200 fm along the mainland coast; shoreline - 200 fm around islands					
	counted toward the 3 of groundfish landed species landed, excemay exceed the amount are limited by the 30 trip limits for sablefis Conception and the comultiplied by the participating in the Callat. are allowed to (1) the ratio requirement, is landed and (2) land than 300 lb of which sanddabs, sand sole	00 lb groundfish per to a may not exceed the a pt that the amount of unt of target species la 0 lb/trip overall ground the coastwide and thorroverall groundfish "per e number of days of the lifornia halibut fishery land up to 100 lb/day provided that at least d up to 3,000 lb/month nich may be species of starry flounder, rock	rip limit. The amount amount of the target spiny dogfish landed anded. Spiny dogfish dfish limit. The daily hyheads south of Pt. trip" limit may not be trip. Vessels south of 38°57'30" N. of groundfish without one California halibuth of flatfish, no more ther than Pacific sole, curlfin sole, or			
	Minor nearshore rockfish Shallow nearshore Deeper nearshore California scorpionfish Lingcod ^{4/} Other Fish ^{6/} PINK SHRIMP EXEMPTED TRAV South PRAWN AND, SOUTH OF 38°57' EXEMPTED TRAWL EXEMPTED TRAWL EXEMPTED TRAWL Rockfish 40°10' - 38° N. lat. 38° - 34°27' N. lat.	Minor nearshore rockfish Shallow nearshore Deeper nearshore California scorpionfish Lingcod ^{4/} 300 lb/ 2 months Boo lb/ 2 months Boo lb/ 2 months Boo lb/ 2 months South Cher Fish ^{6/} PINK SHRIMP EXEMPTED TRAWL GEAR (not subject Effective April 1 - C multiplied by the num lb/trip. The follow toward the overall 50 lingcod 300 lb/ month; cana PROHIBITED. All ot under the overall 50 Landings of these sp groundfish limits an- amount of groundfish PRAWN AND, SOUTH OF 38°57'30" N. LAT., CALIFOR EXEMPTED TRAWL EXEMPTED TRAWL Rockfish Conservation Area 40°10' - 38° N. lat. 38° - 34°27' N. lat. Croundfish 300 lb/trip counted toward the 3 of groundfish landed species landed, exce may exceed the amo are limited by the 30 trip limits for sablefis Conception and the c multiplied by the participating in the Ca lat. are allowed to (1) the ratio requirement, is landed and (2) lan than 300 lb of wis sanddabs, sand sole	Minor nearshore rockfish Shallow nearshore Deeper nearshore California scorpionfish Lingcod ^{4/} Shallow nearshore California scorpionfish C			

Table 5 (South) contined

- 1/ "South" means 40°10' N. lat. to the U.S.-Mexico border. 40°10' N. lat. is about 20 nm south of Cape Mendocino, CA.
- 2/ Yellowtail rockfish is included in the trip limits for minor shelf rockfish and POP is included in the trip limits for minor slope rockfish
- 3/ "Other flatfish" means all flatfish at 50 CFR 660.302 except those in this Table 5 with species specific management measures, including trip limits.
- 4/ The size limit for lingcod is 24 inches (61 cm) total length.
- 5/ Closed means that it is prohibited to take and retain, possess, or land the designated species in the time or area indicated. See IV. A.(7).
- 6/ Other fish are defined at 50 CFR 660.302, as those groundfish species or species groups for which there is no trip limit, size limit, quota, or harvest guideline.
- 7/ The "Rockfish Conservation Area" is a gear and/or sector specific closed area generally described by depth contours, but specifically defined by lat./long. coordinates set out at IV. A.(19)(e), that may vary seasonally.
- 8/ During July-August, between a line drawn due south from Point Fermin (33° 42' 30" N. lat.; 118° 17' 30" W. long.) and a line drawn due west from the Newport South Jetty (33° 35' 37" N. lat.; 117° 52' 50" W. long.,) vessels fishing for all federal groundfish species, except lingcod and all rockfish other than California scorpionfish, with hook&line and/or trap (or pot) gear may operate from shore to a seaward boundary line which approximates 50 fm.

To convert pounds to kilograms, divide by 2.20462, the number of pounds in one kilogram.

Authority: 16 U.S.C. 1801 et seq.

Dated: July 17, 2003.

Rebecca Lent,

Deputy Assistant Administrator for Regulatory Programs, National Marine Fisheries Service.

[FR Doc. 03-18731 Filed 7-22-03; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510-22-C

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

50 CFR Part 679

[Docket No. 021122286-3036-02; I.D. 071803A]

Fisheries of the Exclusive Economic Zone off Alaska; Pelagic Shelf Rockfish in the West Yakutat District of the Gulf of Alaska

AGENCY: National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Commerce.

ACTION: Closure.

SUMMARY: NMFS is prohibiting directed fishing for pelagic shelf rockfish in the West Yakutat District of the Gulf of Alaska (GOA). This action is necessary to prevent exceeding the 2003 total allowable catch (TAC) of pelagic shelf rockfish in this area.

DATES: Effective 1200 hrs, Alaska local time (A.l.t.), July 20, 2003, through 2400 hrs, A.l.t., December 31, 2003.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Mary Furuness, 907–586–7228.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: NMFS manages the groundfish fishery in the GOA exclusive economic zone according to the Fishery Management Plan for Groundfish of the Gulf of Alaska (FMP) prepared by the North Pacific Fishery Management Council under authority of the Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act. Regulations governing fishing by U.S. vessels in accordance with the FMP appear at subpart H of 50 CFR part 600 and 50 CFR part 679.

The 2003 TAC of pelagic shelf rockfish for the West Yakutat District was established as 640 metric tons (mt) by the final 2003 harvest specifications for groundfish in the GOA (68 FR 9924, March 3, 2003).

In accordance with § 679.20(d)(1)(i), the Administrator, Alaska Region, NMFS (Regional Administrator), has determined that the 2003 TAC for pelagic shelf rockfish in the West Yakutat District will be reached. Therefore, the Regional Administrator is establishing a directed fishing allowance of 630 mt, and is setting aside the remaining 10 mt as bycatch to support other anticipated groundfish fisheries. In accordance with § 679.20(d)(1)(iii), the Regional Administrator finds that this directed fishing allowance will soon be reached. Consequently, NMFS is prohibiting directed fishing for pelagic shelf rockfish in the West Yakutat District of the GOA.

Classification

This action responds to the best available information recently obtained from the fishery. The Assistant Administrator for Fisheries, NOAA (AA), finds good cause to waive the requirement to provide prior notice and opportunity for public comment pursuant to the authority set forth at 5 U.S.C. 553(b)(B) as such requirement is contrary to the public interest. This requirement is contrary to the public interest as it would delay the closure of the fishery, lead to exceeding the 2003 TAC for pelagic shelf rockfish in the Western Yakutat District of the GOA, and therefore reduce the public's ability to use and enjoy the fishery resource.

The AA also finds good cause to waive the 30-day delay in the effective date of this action under 5 U.S.C. 553(d)(3). This finding is based upon the reasons provided above for waiver of prior notice and opportunity for public comment.

This action is required by § 679.20 and is exempt from review under Executive Order 12866.

Authority: 16 U.S.C. 1801 et seq.

Dated: July 18, 2003.

John H. Dunnigan

Director, Office of Sustainable Fisheries, National Marine Fisheries Service. [FR Doc. 03–18729 Filed 7–18–03; 3:49 am]

BILLING CODE 3510-22-S