

NPA: Landmark Services, Inc., Santa Ana, California; Internal Revenue Service Mailroom, Los Angeles, California

NPA: Goodwill Industries of Southern California, Los Angeles, California; Internal Revenue Service Mailroom, North Florida; Internal Revenue Service Mailroom, Modis Building, Jacksonville, Florida

NPA: CCAR Services, Inc., Green Cove Springs, Florida; Internal Revenue Service Mailroom, Nashville, Tennessee

NPA: Goodwill Government Services, Inc., Nashville, Tennessee; Internal Revenue Service Mailroom, New Orleans, Louisiana

NPA: The Lighthouse for the Blind in New Orleans, New Orleans, Louisiana; Internal Revenue Service Mailroom, Oakland, California; Internal Revenue Service Mailroom, San Francisco, California

NPA: Pacific Coast Community Services, Truckee, California; Internal Revenue Service Mailroom, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma

NPA: The Oklahoma League for the Blind, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma; Internal Revenue Service Mailroom, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania

NPA: Horizon House, Inc., Philadelphia, Pennsylvania; Internal Revenue Service Mailroom, Phoenix, Arizona

NPA: Goodwill Community Services, Inc., Phoenix, Arizona; Internal Revenue Service Mailroom, South Florida, Plantation, Florida

NPA: ServiceSource, Inc., Alexandria, Virginia; Internal Revenue Service Mailroom, Richmond, Virginia

NPA: Goodwill Services, Inc., Richmond, Virginia; Internal Revenue Service Mailroom, Riverside, Chicago, Illinois

NPA: Jewish Vocational Service and Employment Center, Chicago, Illinois; Internal Revenue Service Mailroom, Springfield, New Jersey

NPA: New Jersey Association for the Deaf-Blind, Inc., Somerset, New Jersey; Internal Revenue Service Mailroom, St. Louis, Missouri

NPA: MGI Services Corporation, St. Louis, Missouri; Internal Revenue Service Mailroom, St. Paul, Minnesota

NPA: Tasks Unlimited, Inc., Minneapolis, Minnesota

Contract Activity: U.S. Treasury, IRS Headquarters, Oxon Hill, Maryland
Service Type/Location: Reproduction and Courier Service; Naval Facilities Engineering Command, Chesapeake, Washington, DC

NPA: Sheltered Occupational Center of Northern Virginia, Inc., Arlington, Virginia

Contract Activity: Naval Facilities Engineering Command, Chesapeake, Washington, DC

Deletions

Regulatory Flexibility Act Certification

I certify that the following action will not have a significant impact on a substantial number of small entities. The major factors considered for this certification were:

1. If approved, the action will not result in any additional reporting, recordkeeping or other compliance requirements for small entities.
2. If approved, the action will result in authorizing small entities to furnish the product to the Government.
3. There are no known regulatory alternatives which would accomplish the objectives of the Javits-Wagner-O'Day Act (41 U.S.C. 46–48c) in connection with the product proposed for deletion from the Procurement List. (End of Certification)

The following product is proposed for deletion from the Procurement List:

Product

Product/NSN: Scraper and Squeegee 7920–00–045–2556

NPA: L.C. Industries For The Blind, Inc., Durham, North Carolina

Contract Activity: GSA, Southwest Supply Center, Fort Worth, Texas

Sheryl D. Kennerly,

Director, Information Management.

[FR Doc. 03–18336 Filed 7–17–03; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6353–01–P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Notice to Announce Secretary Evans, Oil and Gas Business Development Mission to Russia, September 21–25, 2003; Correction

AGENCY: Department of Commerce.

SUMMARY: The Department of Commerce published a document in the **Federal Register** of July 15, 2003, concerning notice to announce DOC Secretary Evans, Oil and Gas Business Development Mission to Russia, September 21–25, 2003. The document contained incorrect Web site addresses.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Molly Costa, 202–482–0692.

Correction

In the **Federal Register** of July 15, 2003, in FR Doc. 03–17807 (Vol. 68, No. 135), on page 41782, in the second column, correct the two references to mission Web sites to: <http://www.commerce.gov/russiamission2003>.

Dated: July 15, 2003.

Molly Costa,

Industry Sector Manager, U.S. and Foreign Commercial Service.

[FR Doc. 03–18276 Filed 7–17–03; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510–DR–M

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Foreign-Trade Zones Board

[Docket 34–2003]

Foreign-Trade Zone 39—Dallas/Fort Worth, TX; Application for Subzone Maxtor Corporation (Data Storage Products) Coppell, TX

An application has been submitted to the Foreign-Trade Zones Board (the Board) by the Dallas/Fort Worth International Airport Board, grantee of FTZ 39, requesting special-purpose subzone status for the assembly and warehousing facilities of Maxtor Corporation (Maxtor), located in Coppell, Texas. The application was submitted pursuant to the provisions of the Foreign-Trade Zones Act, as amended (19 U.S.C. 81a–81u), and the regulations of the Board (15 CFR part 400). It was formally filed on July 2, 2003.

The Maxtor facility (18 acres, 245 employees) is located at 611 South Royal Lane, Coppell, Texas. The facility will be used for the assembly and distribution of internal and external hard disk drive kits, retail kits and accessory kits (HTS 8471.70 and 8471.80, duty-free). Components and materials sourced from abroad (representing 97% of all parts used in the assembly process) include: external and internal drives, electrical power supplies, electrical power cables, hard disk drive controller cards, data cables, printed circuit boards, cabling, plastic covers, UV resin, brackets, tape, HDD screws, software, acrylic plates and packaging (HTS 3919.10, 3926.90, 4819.40, 4821.10, 4901.99, 7318.15, 7326.90, 8471.70, 8471.80, 8473.30, 8504.40, 8524.31, 8524.91, 8544.41, 8544.51, duty rate ranges from duty-free to 8.6%).

FTZ procedures would exempt Maxtor from Customs duty payments on the foreign components used in export production. Some 6 percent of the plant's shipments are exported. On its domestic sales, Maxtor would be able to choose the duty rates during Customs entry procedures that apply to the assembled data storage kits (duty-free) for the foreign components noted above. The request indicates that the savings from FTZ procedures would help

improve the plant's international competitiveness.

In accordance with the Board's regulations, a member of the FTZ staff has been appointed examiner to investigate the application and report to the Board.

Public comment is invited from interested parties. Submissions (original and 3 copies) shall be addressed to the Board's Executive Secretary at one of the following addresses:

1. Submissions Via Express/Package Delivery Services: Foreign-Trade-Zones Board, U.S. Department of Commerce, Franklin Court Building—Suite 4100W, 1099 14th St. NW, Washington, DC 20005; or

2. Submissions Via the U.S. Postal Service: Foreign-Trade-Zones Board, U.S. Department of Commerce, FCB—Suite 4100W, 1401 Constitution Ave. NW, Washington, DC 20230. The closing period for their receipt is September 16, 2003. Rebuttal comments in response to material submitted during the foregoing period may be submitted during the subsequent 15-day period to October 1, 2003.

A copy of the application and accompanying exhibits will be available for public inspection at the Office of the Foreign-Trade Zones Board's Executive Secretary at the first address listed above, and at the U.S. Department of Commerce Export Assistance Center, 711 Houston Street, Fort Worth, Texas 76102.

Dated: July 9, 2003.

Dennis Puccinelli,

Executive Secretary.

[FR Doc. 03-18322 Filed 7-17-03; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510-DS-P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

[A-570-887]

Notice of Initiation of Antidumping Duty Investigation: Tetrahydrofurfuryl Alcohol from the People's Republic of China

AGENCY: Import Administration, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

ACTION: Initiation of an Antidumping Duty Investigation.

EFFECTIVE DATE: July 18, 2003.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Robert Bolling at (202) 482-3434 or Laurel LaCivita at (202) 482-4243, Import Administration, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th Street and

Constitution Avenue, NW, Washington, DC 20230.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

INITIATION OF INVESTIGATION:

The Petition

On June 23, 2003, the Department of Commerce ("the Department") received a petition filed in proper form by Penn Specialty Chemicals, Inc. ("petitioner"). On July 7, 2003, July 10, 2003 and July 11, 2003, the Department received amendments to the petition filed in proper form by the petitioner.

In accordance with section 732(b)(1) of the Tariff Act of 1930 ("the Act"), the petitioner alleges that imports of tetrahydrofurfuryl alcohol ("THFA") from the People's Republic of China ("the PRC") are, or are likely to be, sold in the United States at less than fair value within the meaning of section 731 of the Act, and that imports from the PRC are materially injuring, or are threatening to materially injure, an industry in the United States.

The Department finds that the petitioner filed this petition on behalf of the domestic industry because it is an interested party as defined in sections 771(9)(c) and 771(9)(D) of the Act and has demonstrated sufficient industry support with respect to the antidumping investigation that they are requesting the Department to initiate. *See infra*, "Determination of Industry Support for the Petition."

Scope of the Investigation

For the purpose of this investigation, the product covered is tetrahydrofurfuryl alcohol (C₅H₁₀O₂). THFA, a primary alcohol, is a clear, water white to pale yellow liquid. THFA is a member of the heterocyclic compounds known as furans and is miscible with water and soluble in many common organic solvents. THFA is currently classified in the Harmonized Tariff Schedules of the United States ("HTSUS") under subheading 2932.13.00.00. Although the HTS subheadings are provided for convenience and for the purposes of the U.S. Bureau of Customs and Border Protection ("Customs"), the Department's written description of the merchandise under review is dispositive.

As discussed in the preamble to the Department's regulations (*Antidumping Duties; Countervailing Duties; Final Rule*, 62 FR 27296, 27323 (May 19, 1997)), we are setting aside a period for parties to raise issues regarding product coverage. The Department encourages all parties to submit such comments within 20 calendar days of publication

of this notice. Comments should be addressed to Import Administration's Central Records Unit, Room 1870, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th Street and Constitution Avenue, NW, Washington, DC 20230. The period of scope consultations is intended to provide the Department with ample opportunity to consider all comments and consult with parties prior to the issuance of the preliminary determination.

Determination of Industry Support for the Petition

Section 732(b)(1) of the Act requires that a petition be filed on behalf of the domestic industry. Section 732(c)(4)(A) of the Act provides that the Department's industry support determination, which is to be made before the initiation of the investigation, be based on whether a minimum percentage of the relevant industry supports the petition. A petition meets this requirement if the domestic producers or workers who support the petition account for: (1) at least 25 percent of the total production of the domestic like product; and (2) more than 50 percent of the production of the domestic like product produced by that portion of the industry expressing support for, or opposition to, the petition. Moreover, section 732(c)(4)(D) of the Act provides that, if the petition does not establish support of domestic producers or workers accounting for more than 50 percent of the total production of the domestic like product, the Department shall: i) poll the industry or rely on other information in order to determine if there is support for the petition, as required by subparagraph (A), or ii) determine industry support using a statistically valid sampling method.

Section 771(4)(A) of the Act defines the "industry" as the producers of a domestic like product. Thus, to determine whether a petition has the requisite industry support, the statute directs the Department to look to producers and workers who produce the domestic like product. The International Trade Commission ("ITC"), which is responsible for determining whether "the domestic industry" has been injured, must also determine what constitutes a domestic like product in order to define the industry. While both the Department and the ITC must apply the same statutory definition regarding the domestic like product (section 771(10) of the Act), they do so for different purposes and pursuant to a separate and distinct authority. In addition, the Department's determination is subject to limitations of