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DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Grain Inspection, Packers and Stockyards Administration

7 CFR Part 868 RIN 0580-AA82

Fees for Rice Inspection Services

AGENCY: Grain Inspection, Packers and Stockyards Administration, USDA.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: The Grain Inspection, Packers and Stockyards Administration (GIPSA) is implementing an approximate 4.1 percent increase in fees for all hourly rates and certain unit rates for inspection services performed under the Agricultural Marketing Act (AMA) of 1946 in the rice inspection program. These increases are needed to cover increased operational costs resulting from the mandated January 2003 Federal pay increase.

EFFECTIVE DATE: June 9, 2003.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

David Orr, Director, Field Management Division, at his E-mail address: *David.M.Orr@.usda.gov*, or telephone him at (202) 720–0228.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Executive Order 12866, the Regulatory Flexibility Act, and the Paperwork Reduction Act

This final rule has been determined to be nonsignificant for the purpose of Executive Order 12866 and, therefore, has not been reviewed by the Office of Management and Budget.

Also, pursuant to the requirements set forth in the Regulatory Flexibility Act, Donna Reifschneider, Administrator, GIPSA, has determined that this final rule will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities as defined in the Regulatory Flexibility Act (5 U.S.C. 601 et seq.).

GIPSA regularly reviews its user-fee programs to determine if the fees are adequate and continues to seek costsaving opportunities and implement appropriate changes to reduce costs. Such actions can provide alternatives to fee increases. Employee salaries and benefits are major program costs that account for approximately 84 percent of GIPSA's total operating budget. The mandated January 2003 general and locality salary increase that averages 4.1 percent for all GIPSA employees has increased program costs in the rice inspection program.

The existing fee schedule for GIPSA's rice inspection program will not generate sufficient revenues to cover program costs while maintaining an adequate reserve balance. Fees for this program are in Tables 1 and 2 of 7 CFR 868.91. In Fiscal Year (FY) 2000, operating costs in the rice program were \$4,034,964 with revenue of \$4,837,116 that resulted in a positive margin of \$802,152 and a positive reserve of \$406,359. In FY 2001, operating costs in the rice program were \$3,842,326 with revenue of \$4,102,960 that resulted in a positive margin of \$260,634 and a positive reserve of \$611,654. In FY 2002, operating costs in the rice program were \$3,882,574 with revenue of \$3,885,121 that resulted in a positive margin of \$2,547 and a positive reserve of \$311,596. The current positive reserve balance of \$311.596 is below the desired 3-month reserve of approximately \$1 million.

GIPSA has reviewed the financial position of our rice inspection program based on the increased salary and benefit costs, along with the projected FY 2003 workload. Even though the financial status of the rice inspection program has improved, GIPSA has concluded that it cannot absorb the increased costs caused by the 4.1 percent salary increase with the small positive reserve balance. This fee increase will collect an estimated \$155,500 in additional revenues in the rice program based on the projected FY 2003 work volume of 3.4 million metric tons.

This fee increase applies primarily to GIPSA customers that produce, process, and market rice for the domestic and international markets. There are approximately 550 such customers located primarily in Arkansas, Louisiana, and Texas. Many of these

customers meet the criteria for small entities established by the Small Business Administration criteria for small businesses. Even though the fees are being increased, the increase will not be excessive (4.1 percent) and should not significantly affect those entities. Those entities are under no obligation to use GIPSA's service and, therefore, any decision on their part to discontinue the use of service should not prevent them from marketing their products.

There will be no additional reporting or record keeping requirements imposed by this final action. In compliance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 35), the information collection and record keeping requirements in part 868 have been previously approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 0580–0013. GIPSA has not identified any other Federal rules which may duplicate, overlap, or conflict with this final rule.

Executive Order 12988

This final rule has been reviewed under Executive Order 12988, Civil Justice Reform. This final action is not intended to have a retroactive effect. This final action will not preempt any State or local laws, regulations, or policies unless they present irreconcilable conflict with this rule. There are no administrative procedures that must be exhausted prior to any judicial challenge to the provisions of this final rule.

Background

In the February 28, 2003, Federal Register (68 FR 9593) GIPSA proposed an approximate 4.1 percent increase in fees for rice inspection services performed under the Agricultural Marketing Act of 1946. Under the provisions of the AMA (7 U.S.C. 1621, et seq.), rice inspection services are provided upon request and GIPSA must collect a fee from the customer to cover the cost of providing such services. Section 203 (h) of the AMA (7 U.S.C. 1622 (h)) provides for the establishment and collection of fees that are reasonable and, as nearly as practicable, cover the costs of the services rendered. These fees cover the GIPSA administrative and supervisory costs for the performance of official services, including personnel compensation and benefits, travel, rent, communications, utilities, contractual

services, supplies, and equipment. The existing fee schedule for GIPSA's rice inspection program will not generate sufficient revenues to cover program costs while maintaining an adequate reserve balance. Fees for this program are in Tables 1 and 2 of 7 CFR 868.91. In FY 2000, operating costs in the rice program were \$4,034,964 with revenue of \$4,837,116 that resulted in a positive margin of \$802,152 and a positive reserve of \$406,359. In FY 2001, operating costs in the rice program were \$3,842,326 with revenue of \$4,102,960 that resulted in a positive margin of \$260,634 and a positive reserve of \$611,654. In FY 2002, operating costs in the rice program were \$3,882,574 with revenue of \$3,885,121 that resulted in a positive margin of \$2,547 and a positive reserve of \$311,596. The current positive reserve balance of \$311,596 is below the desired 3-month reserve of approximately \$1 million.

GIPSA has reviewed the financial position of its rice inspection program based on the projected increased salary and benefit costs, along with the projected FY 2003 workload. Even though the financial status of the rice inspection program has improved, GIPSA has concluded that with the small positive reserve balance it cannot absorb the increased costs caused by the 4.1 percent salary increase. This fee

increase will collect an estimated \$155,500 in additional revenues in the rice program based on the projected FY 2003 work volume of 3.4 million metric tons.

In 7 CFR 868.91, Table 1—Hourly Rates/Unit Rate Per CWT and Table 2—Unit Rates, currently the regular workday contract and noncontract fees are \$44.60 and \$54.30, respectively, while the nonregular workday contract and noncontract fees are \$61.80 and \$75.00, respectively. The unit rate per hundredweight for export port services is currently \$0.054 per hundredweight. The rice inspection programs current unit rates are:

Service	Rough rice	Brown rice for processing	Milled rice
Inspection for quality (per lot, sublot, or sample inspection)	\$34.80	\$30.00	\$21.50
(a) Milling yield (per sample)	27.00	27.00	
(b) All other factors (per factor)	12.90	12.90	12.90
Total oil and free fatty acid		42.60	42.60
Interpretive line samples:			
(a) Milling degree (per set)			91.00
(b) Parboiled light (per sample)			22.60
Extra copies of certificates (per copy)	3.00	3.00	3.00

Comment Review

GIPSA received no comments in response to the proposed rulemaking published February 28, 2003, in the **Federal Register** at (68 FR 9593).

Final Action

Section 203 of the AMA (7 U.S.C. 1622) provides for the establishment and collection of fees that are reasonable and, as nearly as practicable, cover the costs of the service rendered. These fees cover the GIPSA costs, including administrative and supervisory costs, for the performance of official services,

including personnel compensation, personnel benefits, travel, rent, communications, utilities, contractual services, supplies, and equipment.

List of Subjects in 7 CFR Part 868

Administrative practice and procedure, Agricultural commodities.

■ For reasons set out in the preamble, 7 CFR part 868 is amended as follows:

PART 868—GENERAL REGULATIONS AND STANDARDS FOR CERTAIN AGRICULTURAL COMMODITIES

■ 1. The authority citation for part 868 continues to read as follows:

Authority: Secs. 202–208, 60 Stat. 1087 as amended (7 U.S.C. 1621, *et seq.*)

■ 2. Section 868.91 is revised to read as follows:

§ 868.91 Fees for certain Federal rice inspection services.

The fees shown in Tables 1 and 2 apply to Federal rice inspection services.

TABLE 1—HOURLY RATES/UNIT RATE PER CWT.

[Fees for Federal Rice Inspection Services]

Service ¹	Regular Work- day (Monday- Saturday)	Nonregular Workday (Sun- day-Holiday)
Contract (per hour per Service representative)	\$46.40 56.60	\$64.40 78.00
Export Port Services (per hundredweight) ²	.056	.056

¹Original and appeal inspection services include: Sampling, grading, weighing, and other services requested by the applicant when performed at the applicant's facility.

TABLE 2.—UNIT RATES

Service ¹ , ³	Rough rice	Brown rice for processing	Milled rice
Inspection for quality (per lot, sublot, or sample inspection)	\$35.50	\$30.50	\$22.00

² Services performed at export port locations on lots at rest.

TABLE 2.—UNIT RATES—Continued

Service ¹ , ³	Rough rice	Brown rice for processing	Milled rice
(a) Milling yield (per sample)	27.50	27.50	
(b) All other factors (per factor)	13.20	13.20	13.20
Total oil and free fatty acid		43.00	43.00
Interpretive line samples: ²			
(a) Milling degree (per set)			94.00
(b) Parboiled light (per sample)			23.00
Extra copies of certificates (per copy)	3.00	3.00	3.00

¹Fees apply to determinations (original or appeals) for kind, class, grade, factor analysis, equal to type, milling yield, or any other quality designation as defined in the U.S. Standards for Rice or applicable instructions, whether performed singly or in combination at other than at the applicant's facility.

³ Fees for other services not referenced in Table 2 will be based on the noncontract hourly rate listed in §868.90, Table 1.

Dated: May 6, 2003.

Donna Reifschneider,

Administrator, Grain Inspection, Packers and Stockyards Administration.

[FR Doc. 03-11595 Filed 5-8-03; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3410-EN-P

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Aviation Administration

14 CFR Part 39

[Docket No. 2000-NE-48-AD; Amendment 39-13107; AD 2003-07-11]

RIN 2120-AA64

Airworthiness Directives; Rolls-Royce Deutschland Ltd & Co KG Models BR700–710A1–10 and BR700–710A2–20 Turbofan Engines; Correction

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration, DOT.

ACTION: Final rule; request for comments, correction.

SUMMARY: This document makes a correction to Airworthiness Directive (AD) 2003-07-11, applicable to Rolls-Royce Deutschland Ltd & Co KG (formerly Rolls-Royce Deutschland GmbH, formerly BMW Rolls-Royce GmbH), models BR700-710A1-10 and BR700-710A2-20 turbofan engines. AD 2003-07-11 was published in the Federal Register on April 11, 2003 (68 FR 17727). Subsequently, a correction document was published in the Federal Register on April 23, 2003 (68 FR 19944) that made corrections to the compliance section starting at paragraph (g). This document corrects paragraph (f) of the compliance section that incorrectly references cycles instead of hours. This document changes cycles to hours in paragraph (f). In all other

respects, the original document, with the corrections published on April 23, 2003, remains the same.

EFFECTIVE DATE: April 28, 2003.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

James Lawrence, Aerospace Engineer, Engine Certification Office, FAA, Engine and Propeller Directorate, 12 New England Executive Park, Burlington, MA 01803–5299; telephone (781) 238–7176; fax (781) 238–7199.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: A final rule; request for comments airworthiness directive FR DOC. 03–8327, applicable to Rolls-Royce Deutschland Ltd & Co KG models BR700–710A1–10 and BR700–710A2–20 turbofan engines, was published in the **Federal Register** on April 11, 2003 (68 FR 17727). The following correction is needed:

■ On page 17729, in the second column, under Repetitive Inspections heading, paragraph (f), third line, which reads "500 CSN, in accordance with paragraphs" is corrected to read "500 hours-since-new, in accordance with paragraphs".

Issued in Burlington, MA, on May 2, 2003.

Francis A. Favara,

Acting Manager, Engine and Propeller Directorate, Aircraft Certification Service. [FR Doc. 03–11537 Filed 5–8–03; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910–13–P

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Aviation Administration

14 CFR Part 39

[Docket No. 2002–CE–44–AD; Amendment 39–13142; AD 2003–09–13]

RIN 2120-AA64

Airworthiness Directives; the New Piper Aircraft, Inc. Models PA-23, PA-23-160, PA-23-235, PA-23-250, and PA-E23-250 Airplanes

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration, DOT.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: This amendment adopts a new airworthiness directive (AD) that applies to certain The New Piper Aircraft, Inc. (Piper) Models PA-23, PA-23-160, PA-23-235, PA-23-250, and PA-E23-250 airplanes that do not incorporate a certain design flap control torque tube or torque tube assembly. This AD requires you to repetitively inspect the flap control torque tube for cracks, corrosion, wear, or elongation of the attachment bolt holes (referred to as damage); and requires you to replace any damaged torque tube with either an improved design flap control torque tube or flap control torque tube assembly. The repetitive inspections will no longer be necessary when the improved design torque tube or torque tube assembly is installed. This AD is the result of several reports of damage found in the flap control torque tube on the affected airplanes. The actions specified by this AD are intended to detect and correct damage to the flap control torque tube, which could result in failure of the flap operating system. If such failure occurred during landing or takeoff, then a split flap condition

² Interpretivé line samples may be purchased from the U.S. Department of Agriculture, GIPSA, FGIS, Technical Services Division, 10383 North Ambassador Drive, Kansas City, Missouri 64153–1394. Interpretive line samples also are available for examination at selected FGIS field offices. A list of field offices may be obtained from the Director, Field Management Division, USDA, GIPSA, FGIS, 1400 Independence Avenue, SW, STOP 3630, Washington, D.C. 20250–3630. The interpretive line samples illustrate the lower limit for milling degrees only and the color limit for the factor "Parboiled Light" rice.