

ADDRESSES: We encourage you to send comments by electronic mail to reg-comm@fca.gov or through the Pending Regulations section of FCA's Web site, <http://www.fca.gov>. You may also send comments to Robert E. Donnelly, Acting Director, Regulation and Policy Division, Office of Policy and Analysis, Farm Credit Administration, 1501 Farm Credit Drive, McLean, Virginia 22102-5090 or by facsimile to (703) 734-5784. You may review copies of all comments we receive at our office in McLean, Virginia.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Dennis K. Carpenter, Senior Policy Analyst, Office of Policy and Analysis, Farm Credit Administration, McLean, VA 22102-5090, (703) 883-4498, TTY (703) 883-4434.

or

Richard A. Katz, Senior Attorney, Office of General Counsel, Farm Credit Administration, McLean, VA 22102-5090, (703) 883-4020, TTY (703) 883-4020.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: On January 17, 2003, we published a notice in the **Federal Register** seeking public comment on the treatment of loan syndication transactions by Farm Credit System (System) banks and associations. The comment period expired on February 18, 2003. See 68 FR 2540, January 17, 2003. We subsequently reopened the comment period until April 21, 2003, to provide interested parties an additional 60 days to comment on this issue. See 68 FR 8764, February 20, 2003.

A member of the public has now requested us to extend the comment period for an additional 60 days, until June 20, 2003. In response to this request, we are extending the comment period until June 20, 2003, so all interested parties have more time to respond to our questions. The FCA supports public involvement and participation in its regulatory and policy process and invites all interested parties to review and provide comments on our notice.

Dated: April 16, 2003.

Jeanette C. Brinkley,
Secretary, Farm Credit Administration Board.
[FR Doc. 03-9732 Filed 4-18-03; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6705-01-P

FARM CREDIT ADMINISTRATION

Market Access Agreement

AGENCY: Farm Credit Administration (FCA).

ACTION: Notice of approval of the draft amended and restated market access agreement.

SUMMARY: The Farm Credit Administration (FCA) announces it has approved the Draft Amended and Restated Market Access Agreement (Draft Restated MAA) proposed to be entered into by all of the banks of the Farm Credit System (System) and the Federal Farm Credit Banks Funding Corporation (Funding Corporation). The Draft Restated MAA sets forth the rights and responsibilities of each of the parties when the condition of a bank falls below pre-established financial performance thresholds.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Samuel R. Coleman, CFA, Senior Policy Analyst, Office of Policy and Analysis, Farm Credit Administration, McLean, VA 22102-5090, (703) 883-4498, TTY (703) 883-4434,

or

James M. Morris, Senior Counsel, Office of General Counsel, Farm Credit Administration, McLean, VA 22102-5090, (703) 883-4020, TTY (703) 883-4020.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The FCA published the Draft Restated MAA in the **Federal Register** on January 15, 2003 (68 FR 2037) with a request for public comment. No public comments were received on the Draft Restated MAA.

The Draft Restated MAA is an update to the original Market Access Agreement (MAA) approved by the FCA on August 17, 1994, and published in the **Federal Register** on August 23, 1994 (59 FR 43344). The Draft Restated MAA provides that it will go into effect after certain conditions precedent have been satisfied, including FCA's approval of, and the Farm Credit System Insurance Corporation's (FCSIC) expression of its support for, the Draft Restated MAA. The FCA announces it has approved the Draft Restated MAA.

System banks and the Funding Corporation entered into the original MAA on September 1, 1994, to help control the risk by outlining each party's respective rights and responsibilities in the event the condition of a System bank fell below certain financial performance thresholds. As part of the original MAA, System banks and the Funding Corporation agreed to periodic reviews of the terms of the MAA to consider whether any amendments were appropriate. The Draft Restated MAA updates the original MAA and provides for more stringent financial performance thresholds on each System bank. Both the original MAA and Draft Restated

MAA establish financial performance thresholds at which conditions are placed on the activities of a bank or a bank's access to participation in Systemwide and consolidated obligations is restricted.

FCA published the Draft Restated MAA in the **Federal Register** on January 15, 2003, with a request for public comments by February 14, 2003. No comments were received. Having given the public notice and the opportunity to comment, the FCA Board hereby approves the Draft Restated MAA pursuant to sections 4.2(c), 4.2(d) and 4.9(b)(2) of the Farm Credit Act of 1971, as amended. The FCA's approval of the Draft Restated MAA is conditioned on the board of directors of each bank and the Funding Corporation approving the Draft Restated MAA. Neither the Draft Restated MAA, when it becomes effective, nor FCA approval of it shall in any way restrict or qualify the authority of the FCA or the FCSIC to exercise any of the powers, rights, or duties granted by law to the FCA or the FCSIC. Finally, the FCA retains the right to modify or revoke its approval of the Draft Restated MAA at any time.

Dated: April 15, 2003.

Jeanette C. Brinkley,
Secretary, Farm Credit Administration Board.
[FR Doc. 03-9711 Filed 4-18-03; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6705-01-P

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

[EB Docket No. 03-96; FCC 03-75]

NOS Communications, Inc., Affinity Network Incorporated, and NOSVA Limited Partnership ("NOS/ANI" or "the Companies"), Order To Show Cause and Notice of Opportunity for Hearing

AGENCY: Federal Communications Commission.

ACTION: Notice; order to show cause and opportunity for hearing.

SUMMARY: This document is an order for NOS/ANI to show cause and give the Companies the opportunity for a hearing before the Commission. The Commission has found that an evidentiary hearing is required to determine whether: (1) The Commission should revoke the operating authority of the Companies, (2) NOS/ANI and its principal should be ordered to cease and desist from any future provision of interstate common carrier services without the prior consent of the Commission, and (3) a forfeiture against

NOS/ANI is warranted and, if so, the amount of the forfeiture.

DATES: Effective April 21, 2003.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Donna Cyrus, Attorney Advisor for Telecommunications Consumers Division, Enforcement Bureau (202) 418-7325.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This is a synopsis of the Commission's document regarding EB Docket No. 03-96, released on April 7, 2003. The complete text of this document is available for inspection and copying during normal business hours in the FCC Reference Information Center, 445 12th Street, SW., CY-A257, Washington, DC, 20554, and also may be purchased from the Commission's copy contractor, Qualex International, 445 12th SW., CY-B402, Washington, DC, 20554, (202) 863-2893. It is also available on the Commission's Web site at http://www.fcc.gov/Daily_Releases/Daily_Business/2003/db0407/FCC-03-68A1.pdf.

Synopsis

A. Background

1. NOS/ANI are switchless resellers of MCI long distance service. Their customers are primarily small and medium-sized companies. NOS/ANI operates as a common carrier subject to Title II of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended (the "Act"). Specifically, NOS/ANI currently provides or has provided resale interstate long distance telecommunications services to consumers in numerous states. Under the regulatory scheme established by the Act and the Commission's rules, NOS/ANI is classified as a nondominant interexchange carrier. As such, it is considered to have "blanket" authority to operate domestic common carrier facilities within the meaning of section 214 of the Act.

2. It appears that NOS/ANI may have willfully or repeatedly violated sections 201(b) of the Act, by conducting a misleading marketing campaign (the "Winback Campaign") apparently designed to improperly induce former customers into authorizing switches back to NOS/ANI. These improper inducements apparently included the Companies contacting their former customers and describing "problems" that the customers' chosen carriers were allegedly having in completing the customers' requests to establish new service. NOS/ANI apparently threatened their former customers with loss of service unless they agreed to retain NOS/ANI services as a "temporary measure." Under coercion, some of these customers signed Letters of

Agency ("LOAs") that authorized the Companies to be their preferred carriers, believing that doing so was necessary to keep receiving service while their new preferred carriers completed their switches. The representations of NOS/ANI to their former customers appear to be knowingly false. In reality, the consumers had already been switched to their new preferred carriers and the Companies' marketing campaign was an apparently misleading scheme to trick consumers into returning to the Companies' services.

3. The Enforcement Bureau (the "Bureau") initiated this investigation against NOS/ANI after receiving information about the Companies' marketing campaign from Mr. Robert Faulkner, a former NOS/ANI employee. Based upon the information provided by Mr. Faulkner, the Bureau contacted numerous consumers to investigate the allegations. All of the consumers who form the basis of this Order have signed declarations under penalty of perjury stating that NOS/ANI contacted them after they switched to new carriers and told them that their new carriers had not picked up all of their lines, and that as result, their lines were still billing with NOS/ANI. The consumers also state that they were threatened with service disruption if they did not sign new LOAs, which they were told were temporary, but necessary to keep their service running. Some of the consumers were induced into signing the LOAs with the assurance that it was only temporary, while others refused to sign.

4. The Companies' Winback Campaign apparently began in December 2001. As alleged by the consumers, and reflected in audiotapes, the conversations between consumers and NOS/ANI representatives followed a similar script, during which NOS/ANI apparently made numerous false representations to the consumers to induce them to switch their services back to NOS/ANI. NOS/ANI representatives also represented to these consumers that their lines were still billing with the Companies because their new carrier had not yet switched over the services. During the calls made in this marketing campaign, NOS/ANI representatives also advised the consumers that they needed to execute new LOAs until the consumers' new carriers picked up their lines, to ensure continuity of service. Consumers were incorrectly informed that once they signed an LOA with another company to switch their services from NOS/ANI, even though their lines were still being billed by NOS/ANI, NOS/ANI did not "have authorization to carry the traffic anymore." NOS/ANI representatives

apparently told consumers that once they signed the Companies' allegedly standard, FCC-approved LOA, with a notation to "See attached addendum," the consumers' service would continue, and all ties with NOS/ANI would be severed as soon as the new carriers picked up their lines.

5. The apparent pattern of these conversations NOS/ANI had with former customers bears a remarkable similarity to a "Winback Script" provided by Mr. Faulkner, who attested that the Companies originated the script in December 2001, with top management handing down the script to branch managers and sales representatives in the Winback/Quality Assurance Department. Under the script, the LOA is described as providing temporary authority for NOS/ANI to keep their former customers' service running "til the new carrier picks them up."

B. Discussion

6. The consumer complaints and information from a former company executive all suggest a continuous telemarketing campaign, apparently intended for the sole purpose of tricking and threatening former customers into signing new LOAs to switch their services back to NOS/ANI. This practice depicts a callous disregard for the requirements of the Communications Act and section 201(b) in particular. Section 201(b) of the Act, states, in pertinent part, that "[a]ll charges, practices, classifications, and regulations for and in connection with such communication service, shall be just and reasonable, and any such charge, practice, classification, or regulation that is unjust or unreasonable is hereby declared to be unlawful." Based upon our review of the evidence before us, we find that NOS/ANI's apparent telemarketing campaign evidences apparently willful or repeated violations of section 201(b) of the Act. The Companies' apparent Winback Campaign involving misleading representations to consumers regarding the switch status of their services and threats of service disruption to scare consumers into signing LOAs appears to constitute an "unjust and unreasonable practice" within the meaning of section 201(b).

7. Further, there is nothing in the Act or in our rules which supports NOS/ANI's statements to consumers that NOS/ANI would lose authority to carry a consumer's lines once the consumer signs a new LOA with another carrier. In fact, this interpretation of our rules would provide absurd results, as it often is the case that a preferred carrier

change is not executed until days after the consumer has requested the change and the request has been submitted to the local carrier and executed. Under NOS/ANI's theory, every carrier would be providing service without authorization if it did not immediately obtain "transitional" or "temporary" LOAs from consumers switching from their service to another carrier the moment those consumers requested the change or signed new LOAs with the other carriers. Further, administration in such an event would be nearly impossible, as most consumers do not even contact the old carrier when requesting a change to a different carrier. They simply give authorization to the new carrier. Given that carriers are only notified of lost accounts from the local carriers after the switches have been complete, the old carriers would have no way of knowing from whom to request these temporary LOAs.

8. It necessarily follows, therefore, that an old carrier loses authorization when the carrier change has been completed, and not when the consumer signs a new LOA or otherwise requests a carrier change. That said, NOS/ANI's statements to consumers that new LOAs are needed because consumers' new carriers did not pick up all of their lines are apparently false and misleading and not based upon any reasonable interpretation of the Act or our rules. In the unlikely event that a new carrier does not pick up all of a consumer's lines, NOS/ANI would continue to be the authorized carrier until the lines were switched over notwithstanding the Companies' dubious policy against partial accounts.

9. It appears that NOS/ANI engaged in an unjust and unreasonable marketing practice in apparent violation of the Act. It thus appears that the continued operation of NOS/ANI as a common carrier may not serve the public convenience and necessity within the meaning of section 214 of the Act. We therefore direct the ALJ to determine whether the NOS/ANI blanket section 214 authorization should be revoked. Further, in light of the egregious nature of NOS/ANI's apparently unlawful activities, we direct the ALJ to determine whether specific Commission authorization should be required for NOS/ANI, or the principal or principals of NOS/ANI, to provide any interstate common carrier services in the future.

C. Conclusion

10. In light of the totality of the information now before us, an evidentiary hearing is warranted to determine whether the continued operation of NOS/ANI as a common

carrier would serve the public convenience and necessity within the meaning of section 214 of the Act. Further, due to the egregious nature of NOS/ANI's apparently unlawful activities, NOS/ANI will be required to show cause why an order to cease and desist from the provision of any interstate common carrier services without the prior consent of the Commission should not be issued. In addition, consistent with our practice in revocation proceedings, the hearing will also address whether a forfeiture should be levied against NOS/ANI for willful and repeated violation of section 201(b) of the Act.

Ordering Clauses

11. Pursuant to sections 4(i) and 214 of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, 47 U.S.C. 154(i) and 214, the principal or principals of NOS Communications, Inc., Affinity Network Incorporated, and NOSVA Limited Partnership *are directed to show cause* why the operating authority bestowed on NOS Communications, Inc., Affinity Network Incorporated, and NOSVA Limited Partnership pursuant to section 214 of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, should not be revoked.

12. Pursuant to section 312(b) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, 47 U.S.C. 312(b), the principal or principals of NOS Communications, Inc., Affinity Network Incorporated, and NOSVA Limited Partnership *are directed to show cause* why an order directing them to cease and desist from the provision of any interstate common carrier services without the prior consent of the Commission should not be issued.

13. The hearing shall be held at a time and location to be specified by the Chief Administrative Law Judge in a subsequent order. The ALJ shall apply the conclusions of law set forth in this Order to the findings that he makes in that hearing, upon the following issues:

(a) To determine whether NOS Communications, Inc., Affinity Network Incorporated, and NOSVA Limited Partnership engaged in a misleading and continuous telemarketing campaign in apparent willful and repeated violation of section 201(b) of the Act's prohibition against unjust and unreasonable practices;

(b) To determine, in light of all the foregoing, whether NOS Communications, Inc., Affinity Network Incorporated, and NOSVA Limited Partnership authorization pursuant to section 214 of the Act to operate as common carriers should be revoked;

(c) To determine whether, in light of all the foregoing, NOS Communications,

Inc., Affinity Network Incorporated, and NOSVA Limited Partnership and/or their principals should be ordered to cease and desist from the provision of any interstate common carrier services without the prior consent of the Commission.

14. The Chief, Enforcement Bureau, shall be a party to the designated hearing. Pursuant to section 312(d) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, both the burden of proceeding and the burden of proof shall be upon the Enforcement Bureau as to issues (a) through (c) inclusive.

15. To avail themselves of the opportunity to be heard, the principal or principals of NOS Communications, Inc., Affinity Network Incorporated, and NOSVA Limited Partnership, pursuant to section 1.91(c) of the Commission's rules, *shall file* with the Commission within 30 days of the mailing of this Order to Show Cause and Notice of Opportunity for Hearing a *written appearance* stating that a principal or other legal representative from NOS Communications, Inc., Affinity Network Incorporated, and NOSVA Limited Partnership will appear at the hearing and present evidence on the matters specified in the Show Cause Order. If NOS Communications, Inc., Affinity Network Incorporated, and NOSVA Limited Partnership fail to file a written appearance within the time specified, NOS Communications, Inc., Affinity Network Incorporated, and NOSVA Limited Partnership's right to a hearing *shall be deemed to be waived*. In the event that the right to a hearing is waived, the Presiding Judge, or the Chief, Administrative Law Judge if no Presiding Judge has been designated, *shall terminate* the hearing proceeding as to that entity and *certify* this case to the Commission in the regular course of business, and an appropriate order shall be entered.

16. If it is determined that NOS Communications, Inc., Affinity Network Incorporated, and NOSVA Limited Partnership have willfully or repeatedly violated any provision of the Act or the Commission's rules cited in this Order to Show Cause and Notice of Opportunity for Hearing, it shall be further determined whether an Order for Forfeiture shall be issued pursuant to section 503(b) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, for the maximum forfeiture amount of \$120,000 per day for more than ten (10) days up to the statutory maximum of \$1,200,000.

17. This document constitutes a *notice of opportunity for hearing* pursuant to section 503(b)(3)(A) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, 47 U.S.C. 503(b)(A), for the

potential forfeiture liability outlined above.

18. A copy of this *order to show cause and notice of opportunity for hearing* shall be sent by certified mail, return receipt requested, to NOS

Communications, Inc., Affinity Network Incorporated, and NOSVA Limited Partnership at:

NOS Communications, Inc., 6110
Executive Boulevard, Ste. 508,
Rockville, MD 20852.

Affinity Network, Inc., 4380 Boulder
Highway, Las Vegas, NV 89121.

NOSVA Limited Partnership, 6701
Democracy Boulevard, Ste. 811,
Bethesda, MD 20817.

Federal Communications Commission.

Marlene H. Dortch,

Secretary.

[FR Doc. 03-9687 Filed 4-18-03; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6712-01-P

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

[CG Docket No. 03-84; DA 03-867]

The Bundling of Local Telephone Service With Long Distance Service

AGENCY: Federal Communications
Commission.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: In this document, the Commission seeks comments on a petition for declaratory ruling concerning the bundling of local telephone service with long distance service.

DATES: Comments are due on June 5, 2003, and reply comments are due June 20, 2003.

ADDRESSES: Federal Communications Commission, 445 12th Street, SW., Room TW-A325, Washington, DC 20554. See **SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION** for further filing instructions.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Calvin Osborne, Policy Division, Consumer & Governmental Affairs Bureau, (202) 418-2512.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: A public notice was released on March 27, 2003, regarding a petitioner who filed a Petition for Declaratory Ruling with the Federal Communications Commission on August 9, 2002. The petitioner's petition was filed pursuant to an Order by the United States District Court for the Middle District of Florida which referred several questions to the Commission under the doctrine of primary jurisdiction. The petitioner requests that the Commission issue a ruling on the following issues: (1)

Whether the state claims set forth by petitioner in the complaint are preempted by the Communications Act giving exclusive jurisdiction to the Commission; (2) whether local telephone service providers may provide local service only to their customers, or must, by virtue of their filed tariff rates or otherwise, bundle local service with long distance service, even where a customer has no need for long distance service; and (3) if long distance service is not required to be bundled with local service in all events, if the practice of bundling these services is a violation of the Communications Act.

The Commission seeks comment on the three issues outlined in the filing. Pursuant to §§ 1.415 and 1.419 of the Commission's rules, 47 CFR 1.415, 1.419, interested parties may file comments on or before June 5, 2003, and reply comments on or before June 20, 2003. Comments may be filed using the Commission's Electronic Comment Filing System (ECFS) or by filing paper copies.

Comments filed through the ECFS can be sent as an electronic file via the Internet to <http://www.fcc.gov/cgb/ecfs/>. Generally, only one copy of an electronic submission must be filed. If multiple docket or rulemaking numbers appear in the caption of this proceeding, however, commenters must transmit one electronic copy of the comments to each docket or rulemaking number referenced in the caption. In completing the transmittal screen, commenters should include their full name, U.S. Postal Service mailing address, and the applicable docket or rulemaking number. Parties may also submit an electronic comment by Internet e-mail. To get filing instructions for e-mail comments, commenters should send an e-mail to ecfs@fcc.gov, and should include the following words in the body of the message, "get form". A sample form and directions will be sent in reply. Parties who choose to file by paper must file an original and four copies of each filing. If more than one docket or rulemaking number appears in the caption of this proceeding, commenters must submit two additional copies for each additional docket or rulemaking number.

Filings can be sent by hand or messenger delivery, by commercial overnight courier, or by first-class or overnight U.S. Postal Service mail (although we continue to experience delays in receiving U.S. Postal Service mail).

The Commission's contractor, Vistrionix, Inc., will receive hand-delivered or messenger-delivered paper

filings for the Commission's Secretary at 236 Massachusetts Avenue, NE., Suite 110, Washington, DC 20002. The filing hours at this location are 8 a.m. to 7 p.m. All hand deliveries must be held together with rubber bands or fasteners. Any envelopes must be disposed of before entering the building. Commercial overnight mail (other than U.S. Postal Service Express Mail and Priority Mail) must be sent to 9300 East Hampton Drive, Capitol Heights, MD 20743. U.S. Postal Service first-class mail, Express Mail, and Priority Mail should be addressed to 445 12th Street, SW., Washington, DC 20554. All filings must be addressed to the Commission's Secretary, Office of the Secretary, Federal Communications Commission.

Federal Communications Commission.

Margaret M. Egler,

*Deputy Chief, Consumer & Governmental
Affairs Bureau.*

[FR Doc. 03-9686 Filed 4-18-03; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6712-01-P

FEDERAL DEPOSIT INSURANCE CORPORATION

Agency Information Collection Activities: Proposed Collection; Comment Request

AGENCY: Federal Deposit Insurance
Corporation (FDIC).

ACTION: Notice and request for comment.

SUMMARY: The FDIC, as part of its continuing effort to reduce paperwork and respondent burden, invites the general public and other Federal agencies to take this opportunity to comment on proposed and/or continuing information collections, as required by the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. chapter 35). Currently, the FDIC is soliciting comments concerning the following collections of information titled: (1) Foreign Branch Report of Condition, (2) Certification of Eligibility under the Affordable Housing Program, and (3) Mutual-to-Stock Conversions of State Savings Banks.

DATES: Comments must be submitted on or before June 20, 2003.

ADDRESSES: Interested parties are invited to submit written comments to Tamara R. Manly, Management Analyst (Consumer and Compliance Unit), (202) 898-7453, Legal Division, Room MB-3109, Attention: Comments/Legal, Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, 550 17th Street, NW., Washington, DC 20429. All comments should refer to the OMB control number. Comments may be hand-delivered to the guard station at