

Dated: November 12, 2002.

Joseph C. Montgomery,

Director, NEPA Compliance Division, Office of Federal Activities.

[FR Doc. 02-29053 Filed 11-14-02; 8:45 am]

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ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

[FRL-7408-8]

Notice of Meeting of the EPA's Children's Health Protection Advisory Committee (CHPAC)

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Notice of meeting.

SUMMARY: Pursuant to the provisions of the Federal Advisory Committee Act, Public Law 92-463, notice is hereby given that the next meeting of the Children's Health Protection Advisory Committee (CHPAC) will be held December 2-4, 2002 at the Hotel Washington, Washington, DC. The CHPAC was created to advise the Environmental Protection Agency on science, regulations, and other issues relating to children's environmental health.

DATES: Monday, December 2, the Science/Regulatory Work Group and the Smart Growth Work Group will meet; plenary sessions will take place Tuesday, December 3, and Wednesday, December 4.

ADDRESSES: Hotel Washington, 515 15th Street, NW, Washington, DC.

Agenda Items: The meetings of the CHPAC are open to the public. The Science/Regulatory Work Group will meet December 2, from 9 a.m. to 5 p.m. The Smart Growth Workgroup will meet on December 2, from 1 p.m. to 5 p.m. The plenary CHPAC will meet on Tuesday, December 3, from 9 a.m. to 5:30 p.m., with a public comment period at 5:15 p.m., and on Wednesday, December 4, from 8:30 a.m. to 12 p.m.

The plenary session will open with introductions and a review of the agenda and objectives for the meeting. Agenda items include highlights of the Office of Children's Health Protection (OCHP) activities and reports from the Smart Growth Workgroup and the Science and Regulatory Work Group. Other potential agenda items include an EPA Briefing on the Draft Cancer Guidelines and Interim Policy Statement and an informational panel on the National Children's Study.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Contact Joanne Rodman, Office of Children's Health Protection, USEPA,

MC 1107A, 1200 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW, Washington, DC 20460, (202) 564-2188, rodman.joanne@epa.gov.

Dated: November 8, 2002.

Joanne K. Rodman,

Designated Federal Official.

[FR Doc. 02-29055 Filed 11-14-02; 8:45 am]

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ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

[OPP-2002-0284; FRL-7280-1]

Notice of Filing a Pesticide Petition to Establish a Tolerance for a Certain Pesticide Chemical in or on Food

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: This notice announces the initial filing of a pesticide petition proposing the establishment of regulations for residues of a certain pesticide chemical in or on various food commodities.

DATES: Comments, identified by docket ID number OPP-2002-0284, must be received on or before December 16, 2002.

ADDRESSES: Comments may be submitted electronically, by mail, or through hand delivery/courier. Follow the detailed instructions as provided in Unit I. of the **SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Bipin Gandhi, Registration Division (7505C), Office of Pesticide Programs, Environmental Protection Agency, 1200 Pennsylvania Ave., NW., Washington, DC 20460-0001; telephone number: (703) 308-8380; e-mail address: gandhi.bipin@epa.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. General Information

A. Does this Action Apply to Me?

You may be potentially affected by this action if you are an agricultural producer, food manufacturer, pesticide manufacturer, or antimicrobial pesticide manufacturer. Potentially affected entities may include, but are not limited to:

Cat-egories	NAICS	Examples of Potentially Affected Entities
Industry	111	Crop Production
	112	Animal Production
	311	Food manufacturing
	32532	Pesticide Manufacturing

Cat-egories	NAICS	Examples of Potentially Affected Entities
	32561	Antimicrobial Pesticide

This listing is not intended to be exhaustive, but rather provides a guide for readers regarding entities likely to be affected by this action. Other types of entities not listed in this unit could also be affected. The North American Industrial Classification System (NAICS) codes have been provided to assist you and others in determining whether this action might apply to certain entities. If you have any questions regarding the applicability of this action to a particular entity, consult the person listed under **FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT**.

B. How Can I Get Copies of this Document and Other Related Information?

1. *Docket.* EPA has established an official public docket for this action under docket identification (ID) number OPP-2002-0284. The official public docket consists of the documents specifically referenced in this action, any public comments received, and other information related to this action. Although a part of the official docket, the public docket does not include Confidential Business Information (CBI) or other information whose disclosure is restricted by statute. The official public docket is the collection of materials that is available for public viewing at the Public Information and Records Integrity Branch (PIRIB), Rm. 119, Crystal Mall# 2, 1921 Jefferson Davis Hwy., Arlington, VA. This docket facility is open from 8:30 a.m. to 4 p.m., Monday through Friday, excluding legal holidays. The docket telephone number is (703) 305-5805.

2. *Electronic access.* You may access this **Federal Register** document electronically through the EPA Internet under the "**Federal Register**" listings at <http://www.epa.gov/fedrgstr/>.

An electronic version of the public docket is available through EPA's electronic public docket and comment system, EPA Dockets. You may use EPA Dockets at <http://www.epa.gov/edocket/> to submit or view public comments, access the index listing of the contents of the official public docket, and to access those documents in the public docket that are available electronically. Although not all docket materials may be available electronically, you may still access any of the publicly available docket materials through the docket facility identified in Unit I.B.1. Once in

the system, select "search," then key in the appropriate docket ID number.

Certain types of information will not be placed in the EPA Dockets. Information claimed as CBI and other information whose disclosure is restricted by statute, which is not included in the official public docket, will not be available for public viewing in EPA's electronic public docket. EPA's policy is that copyrighted material will not be placed in EPA's electronic public docket but will be available only in printed, paper form in the official public docket. To the extent feasible, publicly available docket materials will be made available in EPA's electronic public docket. When a document is selected from the index list in EPA Dockets, the system will identify whether the document is available for viewing in EPA's electronic public docket. Although not all docket materials may be available electronically, you may still access any of the publicly available docket materials through the docket facility identified in Unit I.B. EPA intends to work towards providing electronic access to all of the publicly available docket materials through EPA's electronic public docket.

For public commenters, it is important to note that EPA's policy is that public comments, whether submitted electronically or in paper, will be made available for public viewing in EPA's electronic public docket as EPA receives them and without change, unless the comment contains copyrighted material, CBI, or other information whose disclosure is restricted by statute. When EPA identifies a comment containing copyrighted material, EPA will provide a reference to that material in the version of the comment that is placed in EPA's electronic public docket. The entire printed comment, including the copyrighted material, will be available in the public docket.

Public comments submitted on computer disks that are mailed or delivered to the docket will be transferred to EPA's electronic public docket. Public comments that are mailed or delivered to the docket will be scanned and placed in EPA's electronic public docket. Where practical, physical objects will be photographed, and the photograph will be placed in EPA's electronic public docket along with a brief description written by the docket staff.

C. How and To Whom Do I Submit Comments?

You may submit comments electronically, by mail, or through hand delivery/courier. To ensure proper

receipt by EPA, identify the appropriate docket ID number in the subject line on the first page of your comment. Please ensure that your comments are submitted within the specified comment period. Comments received after the close of the comment period will be marked "late." EPA is not required to consider these late comments. If you wish to submit CBI or information that is otherwise protected by statute, please follow the instructions in Unit I.D. Do not use EPA Dockets or e-mail to submit CBI or information protected by statute.

1. *Electronically.* If you submit an electronic comment as prescribed in this unit, EPA recommends that you include your name, mailing address, and an e-mail address or other contact information in the body of your comment. Also include this contact information on the outside of any disk or CD ROM you submit, and in any cover letter accompanying the disk or CD ROM. This ensures that you can be identified as the submitter of the comment and allows EPA to contact you in case EPA cannot read your comment due to technical difficulties or needs further information on the substance of your comment. EPA's policy is that EPA will not edit your comment, and any identifying or contact information provided in the body of a comment will be included as part of the comment that is placed in the official public docket, and made available in EPA's electronic public docket. If EPA cannot read your comment due to technical difficulties and cannot contact you for clarification, EPA may not be able to consider your comment.

i. *EPA Dockets.* Your use of EPA's electronic public docket to submit comments to EPA electronically is EPA's preferred method for receiving comments. Go directly to EPA Dockets at <http://www.epa.gov/edocket>, and follow the online instructions for submitting comments. Once in the system, select "search," and then key in docket ID number OPP-2002-0284. The system is an "anonymous access" system, which means EPA will not know your identity, e-mail address, or other contact information unless you provide it in the body of your comment.

ii. *E-mail.* Comments may be sent by e-mail to opp-docket@epa.gov, Attention: Docket ID Number OPP-2002-0284. In contrast to EPA's electronic public docket, EPA's e-mail system is not an "anonymous access" system. If you send an e-mail comment directly to the docket without going through EPA's electronic public docket, EPA's e-mail system automatically captures your e-mail address. E-mail addresses that are automatically

captured by EPA's e-mail system are included as part of the comment that is placed in the official public docket, and made available in EPA's electronic public docket.

iii. *Disk or CD ROM.* You may submit comments on a disk or CD ROM that you mail to the mailing address identified in Unit I.C.2. These electronic submissions will be accepted in WordPerfect or ASCII file format. Avoid the use of special characters and any form of encryption.

2. *By mail.* Send your comments to: Public Information and Records Integrity Branch (PIRIB) (7502C), Office of Pesticide Programs (OPP), Environmental Protection Agency, 1200 Pennsylvania Ave., NW., Washington, DC 20460-0001, Attention: Docket ID Number OPP-2002-0284.

3. *By hand delivery or courier.* Deliver your comments to: Public Information and Records Integrity Branch (PIRIB), Office of Pesticide Programs (OPP), Environmental Protection Agency, Rm. 119, Crystal Mall# 2, 1921 Jefferson Davis Hwy., Arlington, VA, Attention: Docket ID Number OPP-2002-0284. Such deliveries are only accepted during the docket's normal hours of operation as identified in Unit I.B.1.

D. How Should I Submit CBI To the Agency?

Do not submit information that you consider to be CBI electronically through EPA's electronic public docket or by e-mail. You may claim information that you submit to EPA as CBI by marking any part or all of that information as CBI (if you submit CBI on disk or CD ROM, mark the outside of the disk or CD ROM as CBI and then identify electronically within the disk or CD ROM the specific information that is CBI). Information so marked will not be disclosed except in accordance with procedures set forth in 40 CFR part 2.

In addition to one complete version of the comment that includes any information claimed as CBI, a copy of the comment that does not contain the information claimed as CBI must be submitted for inclusion in the public docket and EPA's electronic public docket. If you submit the copy that does not contain CBI on disk or CD ROM, mark the outside of the disk or CD ROM clearly that it does not contain CBI. Information not marked as CBI will be included in the public docket and EPA's electronic public docket without prior notice. If you have any questions about CBI or the procedures for claiming CBI, please consult the person listed under **FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT.**

E. What Should I Consider as I Prepare My Comments for EPA?

You may find the following suggestions helpful for preparing your comments:

1. Explain your views as clearly as possible.
2. Describe any assumptions that you used.
3. Provide copies of any technical information and/or data you used that support your views.
4. If you estimate potential burden or costs, explain how you arrived at the estimate that you provide.
5. Provide specific examples to illustrate your concerns.
6. Make sure to submit your comments by the deadline in this notice.
7. To ensure proper receipt by EPA, be sure to identify the docket ID number assigned to this action in the subject line on the first page of your response. You may also provide the name, date, and **Federal Register** citation.

II. What Action is the Agency Taking?

EPA has received a pesticide petition as follows proposing the establishment and/or amendment of regulations for residues of a certain pesticide chemical in or on various food commodities under section 408 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (FFDCA), 21 U.S.C. 346a. EPA has determined that this petition contains data or information regarding the elements set forth in FFDCA section 408(d)(2); however, EPA has not fully evaluated the sufficiency of the submitted data at this time or whether the data support granting of the petition. Additional data may be needed before EPA rules on the petition.

List of Subjects

Environmental protection, Agricultural commodities, Feed additives, Food additives, Pesticides and pests, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

Dated: November 6, 2002.

Debra Edwards,

Acting Director, Registration Division, Office of Pesticide Programs.

Summary of Petition

The petitioner summary of the pesticide petition is printed below as required by FFDCA section 408(d)(3). The summary of the petition was prepared by the petitioner and represents the view of the petitioner. The petition summary announces the availability of a description of the analytical methods available to EPA for the detection and measurement of the

pesticide chemical residues or an explanation of why no such method is needed.

Rhodia, Inc.,

PP 2E6515

EPA has received a pesticide petition (2E6515) from Rhodia, Inc., CN 7500, Prospect Plains Rd., Cranbury, NJ 08512-7500, proposing, pursuant to section 408(d) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (FFDCA), 21 U.S.C. 346a(d), to amend 40 CFR part 180 to establish an exemption from the requirement of a tolerance for 1,3-Benzene dicarboxylic acid, 5-sulfo-, 1,3-dimethyl ester, Sodium salt, polymer with 1,3-benzenedicarboxylic acid, 1,4-benzene dicarboxylic acid, dimethyl 1,4-benzenedicarboxylate and 1,2-ethanediol (CAS Reg. No. 212842-88-1) when used as an inert ingredient in pesticide formulations under 40 CFR 180.960 (polymers). EPA has determined that the petition contains data or information regarding the elements set forth in section 408(d)(2) of the FFDCA; however, EPA has not fully evaluated the sufficiency of the submitted data at this time or whether the data supports granting of the petition. Additional data may be needed before EPA rules on the petition.

A. Residue Chemistry

Rhodia, Inc. is petitioning that 1,3-Benzene dicarboxylic acid, 5-sulfo-, 1,3-dimethyl ester, Sodium salt, polymer with 1,3-benzenedicarboxylic acid, 1,4-benzene dicarboxylic acid, dimethyl 1,4-benzene dicarboxylate and 1,2-ethanediol be exempt from the requirement of a tolerance based upon the definition of a low risk polymer under 40 CFR 723.250(e). Consequently, the analytical method to determine residues, the residues present in plant material, and the magnitude of 1,3-Benzene dicarboxylic acid, 5-sulfo-, 1,3-dimethyl ester, Sodium salt, polymer with 1,3-benzenedicarboxylic acid, 1,4-benzene dicarboxylic acid, dimethyl 1,4-benzene dicarboxylate and 1,2-ethanediol residues in raw agricultural commodities is not relevant.

B. Toxicological Profile

Where it can be determined that an inert ingredient meets the definition of a low risk polymer (40 CFR 723.250), then the production of data is generally not required by EPA to establish a tolerance or the exemption from a tolerance. Rhodia, Inc. asserts that the data and information provided below is sufficient to establish the activity and toxicity associated with 1,3-Benzene dicarboxylic acid, 5-sulfo-, 1,3-dimethyl

ester, Sodium salt, with polymer with 1,3-benzenedicarboxylic acid, 1,4-benzene dicarboxylic acid, dimethyl 1,4-benzene dicarboxylate and 1,2-ethanediol as an inert ingredient when applied to growing crops or raw agricultural commodities.

Further, in the case of chemical substances described as polymers, EPA has established criteria, which when they are met or exceeded, are considered low risk. These criteria are described in 40 CFR 723.250, and identify the polymers that are relatively unreactive, stable, and typically are not absorbed when compared to other chemical substances including some polymers. Rhodia, Inc. has previously submitted information regarding 1,3-Benzene dicarboxylic acid, 5-sulfo-, 1,3-dimethyl ester, Sodium salt, with polymer 1,3-benzene dicarboxylic acid, 1,4-benzene dicarboxylic acid, dimethyl 1,4-benzene dicarboxylate and 1,2-ethanediol to the Environmental Protection Agency in a Pre Manufacturing Notice for consideration under the polymer exemption rule (PMN Number P96-818).

The criteria described in 40 CFR 723.250, and addressed below, will generally exclude polymer chemicals that are not well known and understood, and present great risk of adverse effects. Therefore, the polymers that meet or exceed these criteria can be considered of minimal or no risk.

1,3-Benzene dicarboxylic acid, 5-sulfo-, 1,3-dimethyl ester, Sodium salt, polymer with 1,3-benzene dicarboxylic acid, 1,4-benzene dicarboxylic acid, dimethyl 1,4-benzene dicarboxylate and 1,2-ethanediol conforms to the definition of a low risk polymer as described in 40 CFR 723.250 as described below:

a. 1,3-Benzene dicarboxylic acid, 5-sulfo-, 1,3-dimethyl ester, Sodium salt, polymer with 1,3-benzene dicarboxylic acid, 1,4-benzene dicarboxylic acid, dimethyl 1,4-benzene dicarboxylate and 1,2-ethanediol is not a cationic polymer, nor is it reasonably anticipated to become a cationic polymer in a natural aquatic environment.

b. 1,3-Benzene dicarboxylic acid, 5-sulfo-, 1,3-dimethyl ester, Sodium salt, polymer with 1,3-benzene dicarboxylic acid, 1,4-benzene dicarboxylic acid, dimethyl 1,4-benzene dicarboxylate and 1,2-ethanediol contains as the integral part of its composition the atomic elements hydrogen, oxygen, carbon, and sulfur.

c. 1,3-Benzene dicarboxylic acid, 5-sulfo-, 1,3-dimethyl ester, Sodium salt, polymer with 1,3-benzene dicarboxylic acid, 1,4-benzene dicarboxylic acid, dimethyl 1,4-benzene dicarboxylate and

1,2 ethanediol does not contain as an integral part of its composition, except as impurities, any elements other than those listed in 40 CFR 723.250(d)(2)(ii).

d. 1,3-Benzene dicarboxylic acid, 5-sulfo-, 1,3-dimethyl ester, Sodium salt, polymer with 1,3-benzene dicarboxylic acid, 1,4-benzene dicarboxylic acid, dimethyl 1,4-benzene dicarboxylate and 1,2 ethanediol is not designed nor reasonably anticipated to substantially depolymerize, degrade, or decompose.

e. 1,3-Benzene dicarboxylic acid, 5-sulfo-, 1,3-dimethyl ester, Sodium salt, polymer with 1,3-benzene dicarboxylic acid, 1,4-benzene dicarboxylic acid, dimethyl 1,4-benzene dicarboxylate and 1,2 ethanediol is manufactured from monomers that are listed in the Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA) Chemical Substance Inventory or manufactured under an applicable TSCA section 5 exemption.

f. 1,3-Benzene dicarboxylic acid, 5-sulfo-, 1,3-dimethyl ester, Sodium salt, polymer with 1,3-benzene dicarboxylic acid, 1,4-benzene dicarboxylic acid, dimethyl 1,4-benzene dicarboxylate and 1,2 ethanediol is not a water-absorbing polymer.

g. 1,3-Benzene dicarboxylic acid, 5-sulfo-, 1,3-dimethyl ester, Sodium salt, polymer with 1,3-benzene dicarboxylic acid, 1,4-benzene dicarboxylic acid, dimethyl 1,4-benzene dicarboxylate and 1,2 ethanediol does not contain any reactive functional groups.

h. The minimum number-average molecular weight of 1,3-Benzene dicarboxylic acid, 5-sulfo-, 1,3-dimethyl ester, Sodium salt, polymer with 1,3-benzene dicarboxylic acid, 1,4-benzene dicarboxylic acid, dimethyl 1,4-benzene dicarboxylate and 1,2 ethanediol is 2,580 Daltons. Substances with molecular weights greater than 400 Daltons are generally not absorbed through the intact skin, and substances with molecular weights greater than 1,000 generally are not absorbed through the intact gastrointestinal (GI) tract. Chemicals not absorbed through the skin or GI tract are incapable of eliciting a toxic response via these routes of exposure.

i. 1,3-Benzene dicarboxylic acid, 5-sulfo-, 1,3-dimethyl ester, Sodium salt, polymer with 1,3-benzene dicarboxylic acid, 1,4-benzene dicarboxylic acid, dimethyl 1,4-benzene dicarboxylate and 1,2 ethanediol has a number average molecular weight of approximately 2,580 Daltons and contains less than 4.3% oligomeric material below molecular weight of 500 Daltons and less than 7.0% oligomeric material below 1,000 molecular weight.

C. Aggregate Exposure

1. *Dietary exposure.* The physical-chemical characteristics of 1,3-Benzene dicarboxylic acid, 5-sulfo-, 1,3-dimethyl ester, Sodium salt, polymer with 1,3-benzene dicarboxylic acid, 1,4-benzene dicarboxylic acid, dimethyl 1,4-benzene dicarboxylate and 1,2 ethanediol lead to the conclusion that there is a reasonable certainty of no harm from exposure to the polymer from food or drinking water nor from an aggregate exposure.

2. *Non-dietary exposure.* The physical-chemical characteristics of 1,3-Benzene dicarboxylic acid, 5-sulfo-, 1,3-dimethyl ester, Sodium salt, polymer with 1,3-benzene dicarboxylic acid, 1,4-benzene dicarboxylic acid, dimethyl 1,4-benzene dicarboxylate and 1,2 ethanediol lead to the conclusion that there is a reasonable certainty of no harm from exposure to the polymer from non-dietary means.

D. Cumulative Effects

At this time there is no information to indicate that any toxic effects produced by 1,3-Benzene dicarboxylic acid, 5-sulfo-, 1,3-dimethyl ester, Sodium salt, polymer with 1,3-benzene dicarboxylic acid, 1,4-benzene dicarboxylic acid, dimethyl 1,4-benzene dicarboxylate and 1,2 ethanediol would be cumulative with those of any other chemical. Given the compound's categorization as a low risk polymer, and its proposed use in pesticide formulations, there is no expectation of increased risk due to cumulative exposure.

E. Safety Determination

1. *U.S. population.* Based on the polymer's physical-chemical properties, and that it meets or exceeds the polymer exemption criteria at 40 CFR 723.250 for low-risk polymers, adverse effects are not expected.

2. *Infants and children.* Based on the polymer's physical-chemical properties, and that it meets or exceeds the polymer exemption criteria at 40 CFR 723.250 for low-risk polymers, adverse effects are not expected.

F. International Tolerances

There are no CODEX maximum residue limits established for 1,3-Benzene dicarboxylic acid, 5-sulfo-, 1,3-dimethyl ester, Sodium salt, polymer with 1,3-benzene dicarboxylic acid, 1,4-benzene dicarboxylic acid, dimethyl 1,4-benzene dicarboxylate and 1,2 ethanediol in or on crops or commodities at this time.

[FR Doc. 02-29056 Filed 11-14-02; 8:45 am]

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ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

[FRL-7408-4]

Notice of Availability of Annual Reports as Required by the Energy Policy Act of 1992 (EPAct)

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Notice of availability of annual reports as required by the EPAct of 1992.

SUMMARY: The Environmental Protection Agency announces the availability of reports summarizing compliance with alternative fueled vehicle acquisition requirements of the Energy Policy Act of 1992 (EPAct). These reports are available at the following Web site: <http://www.epa.gov/greeningepa/greenfleet/index.htm>. or by request to the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Transportation Management Office. These reports have been prepared and are being made publicly available as mandated by EPAct, which was designed to increase United States energy security in cost-effective and environmentally beneficial ways, in part through increased use of alternative fuels by vehicles owned and operated by the Federal government.

DATES: These reports will be available starting December 1, 2002.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Melvin Joppy, EPA Transportation Management Office at (202) 564-6232 or by e-mail at Joppy.Melvin@epa.gov.

David R. Lloyd,

Acting Director, Facilities Management and Services Division.

[FR Doc. 02-29057 Filed 11-14-02; 8:45 am]

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ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

[FRL-7408-7]

Proposed Prospective Purchaser Agreement Under CERCLA for the Pruitt & Grace Superfund Site

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency ("EPA").

ACTION: Notice; proposal of CERCLA Prospective Purchaser Agreement for the Pruitt & Grace Superfund site.

SUMMARY: EPA is proposing to execute a Prospective Purchaser Agreement ("PPA") under authority of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 ("CERCLA"), 42 U.S.C. 9601 *et seq.*, as amended, and under the