

take place from 7 p.m. until 10 p.m. on Sunday, 8:30 a.m. until 5 p.m. on Monday and Tuesday and from 8:30 a.m. until 3:30 p.m. on Wednesday. The meeting will be held at the Holiday Inn Rosslyn at Key Bridge, 1900 North Fort Myer Drive, Arlington, Virginia. The purpose of this meeting is to discuss the Federal Depository Library Program. All sessions are open to the public.

A limited number of rooms are being held for Council attendees at the rate of \$150 (plus tax). Reservations can be made by dialing toll free, 1-800-368-3408 or the hotel directly at 703-807-2000. The rate is good for the meeting dates as well as the three (3) days prior to the meeting and the three (3) days after the meeting. To receive the Government rate, you must make your reservation no later than September 20, 2002, and mention Code: DLC. After that date, rooms will be subject to availability at the best obtainable rate.

**Michael F. DiMario,**

*Public Printer.*

[FR Doc. 02-23341 Filed 9-12-02; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 1520-01-P

## DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

### Program Support Center; Agency Information Collection Activities: Proposed Collections; Comment Request

The Department of Health and Human Services, Program Support Center (PSC) will periodically publish summaries of proposed information collection projects and solicit public comments in compliance with the requirements of section 3506(c)(2)(A) of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995. To request more information on the project or to obtain a copy of the information collection plans and instruments, call the PSC Reports Clearance Officer on (301) 443-0433.

Comments are invited on: (a) Whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information shall have practical utility; (b) the accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information; (c) ways to enhance the quality, utility and clarity of the information to be collected; and (d) ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information on respondents, including through the use of automated collection techniques or other forms of information technology.

1. HHS Payment Management System Forms (PSC-270 and PSC-272)—0937-0200—Extension. The PSC-270, Request for Advance or Reimbursement, is used to make advances or reimbursement payments to grantees. It serves in place of the SF-270. *Respondents:* State and local governments; profit and nonprofit businesses and organizations receiving grants from HHS. *Total Number of Respondents:* 100. *Frequency of Response:* monthly. *Average Burden per Response:* 15 minutes. *Estimated Annual Burden:* 300 hours. The PSC-272, Federal Cash Transactions Report, is used to monitor Federal cash advances to grantees and obtain Federal cash disbursement data. It serves in place of the SF-272. *Respondents:* State and local governments, profit and nonprofit businesses and institutions receiving grants from HHS. *Total Number of Respondents:* 15,325. *Frequency of Response:* quarterly. *Average Burden per Response:* 3 hours. *Estimated Annual Burden:* 183,900 hours. *Total Burden:* 184,200 hours.

Send comments to Irene West, PSC Reports Clearance Officer, Room 17A39, Parklawn Building, 5600 Fishers Lane, Rockville, MD 20857. Written comments should be received within 60 days of this notice.

Dated: September 3, 2002.

**Mike Blank,**

*Deputy Assistant Secretary for Program Support.*

[FR Doc. 02-23344 Filed 9-12-02; 8:45 am]

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## DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

### Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

[30DAY-49-02]

### Agency Forms Undergoing Paperwork Reduction Act Review

The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) publishes a list of information collection requests under review by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) in compliance with the Paperwork Reduction Act (44 U.S.C. Chapter 35). To request a copy of these requests, call the CDC Reports Clearance Officer at (404) 498-1210. Send written comments to CDC, Desk Officer, Human Resources and Housing Branch, New Executive Office Building, Room 10235, Washington, DC 20503. Written comments should be received within 30 days of this notice.

### Proposed Project

Perceptions of Tuberculosis Among Foreign Born Persons—New—National Center for HIV, STD, and TB Prevention (NCHSTP), Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). CDC proposes to conduct an ethnographic study to assess the attitudes, beliefs, and practices of selected foreign born persons regarding tuberculosis (TB). The purpose of this two-year effort is to provide formative research findings to use when designing future surveys, planning interventions, and evaluating programs to improve TB screening and adherence to therapy among foreign born persons. This research will also identify program gaps in addressing the special needs of these populations. A review of published data and consensus among TB researchers suggest that elimination of TB in the United States will depend largely upon reducing the impact of the disease among the foreign born. Currently, almost half of all domestic TB cases occur among foreign-born persons, and this proportion is growing. Providing culturally appropriate and responsive services to people from a variety of ethnic and cultural backgrounds is a challenge for local TB control programs and has been identified as a priority area in TB elimination activities.

Recognizing this challenge, the CDC Working Group on Tuberculosis Among Foreign Born Persons in 1998 developed recommendations for increasing emphasis on prevention and control of TB in foreign-born populations. The recommendations highlighted the need to utilize operational and behavioral research to gain a better understanding of relevant barriers to diagnosis and care. While few studies have examined these issues with the goal of developing practical tools to enhance TB services, a New York State research project, conducted among Vietnamese refugees, created a valid research method for assessing TB issues among this population. The project resulted in policy change that increased this group's adherence to therapy.

The proposed two year study will build upon this research with Vietnamese refugees but will incorporate several cultural groups in four U.S. cities with a high burden of foreign-born TB patients. In depth ethnographic interviews will be conducted with 200 adults from the four ethnic/cultural groups, 50 per site. The information will be gathered by trained professional, multilingual/multi-cultural interviewers who will be rendered by the contracting agent. The data collection instrument will be comprised of semi-structured and open-

ended questions intended to elicit a full range of responses concerning the participants' cultural beliefs and attitudes toward TB. Interviews will last no longer than one hour. Analysis of data will be performed with Atlas.ti, a qualitative analysis computer program.

The ultimate project outcomes will include a cultural competency resource manual with profiles of TB beliefs and

behaviors from the studied cultural groups. The manual will assist local and state health departments in developing customized interventions tailored to the local context. Culturally appropriate interventions will increase tuberculin skin testing and patient adherence to treatment for active TB disease and latent TB infection. In addition, the results can be used to develop targeted

outreach, as well as customized communication protocols, patient education materials, incentives, and enablers. Finally, the study will produce a valid interview instrument that TB clinics can adopt for their own assessments of TB beliefs and attitudes among the local communities they serve. The annual burden for this data collection is 100 hours.

Respondents	Number of respondents	Number of responses/respondent	Average burden/response (in hours)
Foreign Born Persons (interviewed) .....	100	1	1

Dated: September 5, 2002.

**Nancy Cheal,**

*Acting Associate Director for Policy, Planning and Evaluation, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.*

[FR Doc. 02-23284 Filed 9-12-02; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 4163-18-P**

## DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

### Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

[30DAY-28-02]

#### Agency Forms Undergoing Paperwork Reduction Act Review

The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) publishes a list of information collection requests under review by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) in compliance with the Paperwork Reduction Act (44 U.S.C. chapter 35). To request a copy of these requests, call the CDC Reports Clearance Officer at (404) 498-1210. Send written comments to CDC, Desk Officer, Human Resources and Housing Branch, New Executive Office Building, Room 10235, Washington, DC 20503. Written comments should be received within 30 days of this notice.

#### Proposed Project

National AIDS and STD Hotline Survey of Callers (OMB No. 0920-0295)—Revision—National Center for HIV, STD, and TB Prevention (NCHSTP), Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). The purpose of this request is to continue active and passive data collection from people who call the CDC National AIDS and Sexually Transmitted Disease (STD) Hotlines. The mission of the CDC National AIDS and STD Hotlines is to provide the general population of the United States, its territories, and Puerto Rico with highly visible and readily

accessible resources for accurate and timely information on HIV/AIDS and other STDs. The CDC is seeking OMB approval for renewal of the data collection with one proposed change and one proposed system enhancement, both aimed at improving the management and evaluation of collected information.

The change is the ability of CDC to survey every 15th caller, instead of every 30th caller, to the hotlines. The information gathered will assist CDC in the improvement of HIV and STD services, particularly to high-risk populations. Before the integration of the National AIDS and STD Hotlines in 1998, every 15th caller was surveyed in the AIDS hotline, and every 30th caller was surveyed in the STD hotline.

The National AIDS Hotline responded to a maximum of 1.6 million calls per year during the 1980s and early 1990s. Throughout the period, the calls have decreased to approximately 650,000 calls per year due to changes such as treatment advances, a more knowledgeable audience, and access to information on the Internet. However, the number of callers selected for the survey has increased to assure that a substantial amount of data can be submitted to CDC regarding information about the callers who contact the hotline. Respondents (callers) will be the general public, and only the callers to the hotlines will be affected.

The enhancement to the data collection is the employment of a partially integrated system that will allow CDC Information Specialists to answer calls about HIV/AIDS and STDs using the same toll free telephone system. The telephone system will be designed to display telephone numbers for both the AIDS Hotline and the STD Hotline. Thus, when a caller contacts the hotline for AIDS information, the phone for the AIDS Hotline will appear on the caller ID. If the caller wants additional information about STDs, the

same Information Specialist can respond to the call rather than requesting that the caller place a separate call to the STD Hotline. This process will also allow for an integrated data collection system for AIDS and STD caller information and service evaluation, as well as allow CDC to provide a more efficient and effective means of addressing the needs of its constituents.

In addition, since both hotlines will still retain their separate telephone numbers, the call volume can be monitored separately with distinct extrapolation of data. This integrated system began in August 2000. The integrated system also supports strategies in the *CDC HIV Prevention Strategic Plan Through 2005*, which also states that HIV prevention must be integrated with STD prevention.

Data will be collected on an active and passive basis for both hotlines. The active data collection method occurs while the caller is on the phone. It allows the Information Specialist to gather information about caller demographics such as age, race, ethnicity and education through a short survey administered at the conclusion of the call. The passive data collection instrument allows the Information Specialist to capture more specific information about the characteristics of the caller such as the callers primary topic for discussion, gender, level of concern of caller. The Information Specialist enters this information into a database once the call is completed.

To assist in completing the surveys and providing accurate data responses, the hotlines will be using the CDC Federal Telecommunications Service (FTS) 2001 telephone systems; call length data from the Integrated Information Program (IIP), which is a computer interface. The hotlines will also be using the Automated Call Distribution (ACD) program which allows the calls to be distributed to the