of reimbursement to States will be established by the Secretary, subject to reduction if obligations would exceed the amount of available funds, with any unobligated funds to remain available only for obligation in the fiscal year beginning October 1, 1996."

Notwithstanding the initial rates established by the Older Americans Act, the Department is required to comply with the spending clause of the U.S. Constitution and 31 U.S.C. 1341(a)(1)(A) (known as the Antideficiency Act), which prohibit the obligation or expenditure of funds in excess of the available appropriation. Thus the Department is required to establish (and if necessary, adjust) rates in such a manner as to not exceed the program appropriation.

Fiscal Year 1999 Level of Assistance

Based on its projection of the number of meals to be claimed during the fiscal year, and in light of constitutional and statutory prohibitions on obligating or spending funds in excess of the available appropriation, the Department announced an initial per-meal reimbursement rate of \$.5539 for Fiscal Year 1999, the highest rate which it believed could be sustained throughout the fiscal year. This initial level of permeal assistance was announced in the March 3, 1999 Federal Register (64 FR 10269).

The Department's meal service projection for Fiscal Year 1999 assumed a slightly higher rate of growth than occurred in the preceding fiscal year. This initial per-meal support level of \$.5539 was sustained throughout Fiscal Year 1999, and thus no adjustment was necessary to keep expenditures within the limit of the \$140 million NPE appropriation established by Pub. L. 104–180, nor were any funds remaining at the end of Fiscal Year 1999.

Fiscal Year 2000 Initial Level of Assistance

It is the Department's goal to establish the highest rate that can be sustained throughout the fiscal year so as to maximize the flow of program funds to States during the fiscal year. However, the Department wants also to minimize the possibility of a rate reduction and the hardship it causes to program operators. In order to guard against the need for a reduction, the Department, once again, has projected a slightly higher rate of growth in meal service than occurred in the preceding fiscal year. Based on its projections, the Department announces an initial permeal support level of \$.5404, which will not be increased, and which will be decreased only if necessary to keep

expenditures within the limit of the \$140 million NPE Fiscal Year 2000 appropriation established by Pub. L. 106–78. Any of these funds not paid out for Fiscal Year 2000 reimbursement will, in accordance with Pub. L. 105–277, remain available through Fiscal Year 2000. In the unlikely event that the rate needs to decreased, States will be notified directly.

Dated: January 13, 2000.

Samuel Chambers,

Administrator, Food and Nutrition Service. [FR Doc. 00–3830 Filed 2–16–00; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3410–30–M

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Forest Service

Information Collection; Request for Comments; Recreation Marketing Surveys for Coconino and Pacific Northwest

AGENCY: Forest Service, USDA.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: In accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, the Forest Service announces its intention to request an extension of a currently approved information collection. This collected information enables the Forest Service to keep apprised of the recreational experiences most desired by visitors to National Forest System lands. The information also will help the agency develop a user fee system that will be most compatible with the demands visitors place on recreational sites and facilities. These fees supplement agency funding to help maintain the recreational sites experiencing the most visitor traffic. Adult visitors will be selected at random from two study areas, the Sedona District of the Coconino National Forest in Arizona and the Pacific Northwest Region of the Forest Service in Oregon and Washington. DATES: Comments must be received in writing on or before April 17, 2000. ADDRESSES: All comments should be addressed to: Daniel W. McCollum. Rocky Mountain Research Station, 2150 Centre Ave., Building A, Suite 350, Forest Service, USDA, Fort Collins, CO

Comments also may be submitted via facsimile to (970) 295–5959 or by e-mail to dmccollu/rmrs@fs.fed.us.

The public may inspect comments received at the offices of the Rocky Mountain Research Station, Research Work Unit RM—4851, 2150 Centre Ave., Building A, Suite 350, Fort Collins, Colorado. Visitors are urged to call ahead to facilitate entrance into the offices

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Daniel W. McCollum, Rocky Mountain Research Station, at (970) 295–5962. SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

The types of and demand for outdoor recreational opportunities on public lands has increased in recent years. Funding often has been insufficient to meet the increased demand for recreational opportunities and, at the same time, protect the natural resources from overuse and degradation. In 1996, the U.S. Congress authorized the Recreation Fee Demonstration Program to allow "new user fees" to be collected by four Federal agencies at 100 locations. The purpose of the new user fees is to see if funding provided by the fees would address the problem of insufficient funding for recreational site maintenance and protection of natural resources. User fees are payments visitors must provide in order to utilize certain recreational amenities and sites on National Forest System lands.

The Forest Service is now seeking reactions from recreational visitors whose visit was or is contingent upon paying a fee to utilize a recreational amenity or site. This survey focuses on two sites: (1) The Sedona District of the Coconino National Forest in Arizona and (2) the Pacific Northwest Region of the Forest Service in Oregon and Washington. Responses of individuals who will visit these two sites for recreational experiences in the spring and summer of 2000 will be compared with responses obtained from recreational visitors to these sites in the fall and winter of 1999. Information will be collected in 2001, 2002, and 2003 to see how well the "new user fees" are meeting the objective of providing supplemental funding for maintenance of recreational amenities and sites, as well as natural resource protection.

This information collection also seeks to estimate the effects that user fees will have on the future numbers of visitors to National Forest System lands and how fees will influence the recreational experiences individuals will choose.

Description of Information Collection

Title: Recreation Marketing Surveys for Coconino and Pacific Northwest. OMB Number: 0596–0149.

Expiration Date of Approval: December 31, 1999.

Type of Request: Extension of a previously approved information collection.

Abstract: Forest Service employees and cooperating University of Montana

and Arizona State University researchers, who are specialists in economics, marketing, outdoor recreation, and statistics, will collect the information and analyze it to learn what current recreational visitors and potential recreational visitors desire in terms of recreational experiences. The data also will enable the agency to design a method for payment of fees, which will supplement agency funding and help the agency meet the demands for recreational experiences in an environmentally and socially responsible manner.

This information will be collected for two case studies: (1) the Sedona District of the Coconino National Forest in Arizona, and (2) the Pacific Northwest Region of the Forest Service in Oregon and Washington. The purpose of the Coconino study will be to evaluate the success of a new recreational fee demonstration project. The purpose of the Pacific Northwest Region study is to consider the public's perception of the feasibility of consolidating the 18 to 20 recreation fee demonstration sites into a Region-wide pass (the entire Pacific Northwest Region that includes all of Oregon and all of Washington) or into two State-wide passes (one for Oregon and one for Washington) that would be good at all the sites within the Region or within a single State. The other aspect of the study is to gain the public's perception of the feasibility of modifying the fee structure so the fees charged are the same for identical or similar amenities or experiences at different recreational sites. Both cases will be part of the Recreation Fee Demonstration Program authorized by the 1966 Recreation Fee Demonstration Program to evaluate the role of fees in providing recreational opportunities on the public lands.

For the Coconino National Forest case study, Forest Service personnel will work with Arizona State University personnel, and for the Pacific Northwest Region case study, Forest Service personnel will work with University of Montana personnel to conduct on-site, face-to-face interviews. Respondents will answer questions that include where they live, their planned length of visit, their planned primary recreational activity, whether the area provided them an opportunity for a satisfactory recreational experience, how satisfied they are with the area, their age, race, ethnic background, and their annual

Respondents also will be asked to complete an optional mail-back survey containing additional questions, such as whether they would like to have restroom facilities at the site, if restrooms were at the site, whether they were clean, if they would like to have directional signs, geographical maps, the extent to which their visit met their expectations, if they accept that fees will be charged for various recreational activities, their preferred method of paying their fees, if they consider the fee amounts charged to be fair.

Data gathered in this information collection is not available from other sources.

Estimate of annual burden: 30 minutes.

Type of respondents: Individuals visiting the Sedona District of the Coconino National Forest in Arizona and Pacific Northwest Region of the Forest Service in Oregon and Washington.

Estimated annual number of respondents: 2500.

Estimated annual number of responses per respondent: 1.

Estimated total annual burden on respondents: 1,250 hours.

Comment Is Invited

The agency invites comments on the following: (a) Whether the information proposed for the collection is appropriate for the stated purposes and the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information will have practical utility; (b) the accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used; (c) ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and (d) ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information on respondents, including the use of automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology.

Use of Comments

All comments, including name and address when provided, will become a matter of public record. Comments received in response to this notice will be summarized and included in the request for Office of Management and Budget approval.

Dated: February 10, 2000.

Robert Lewis, Jr.,

Deputy Chief for Research & Development. [FR Doc. 00–3837 Filed 2–16–00; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3410–11–U

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Forest Service

Little East Creek Fuels Reduction Environmental Impact Statement

AGENCY: Forest Service, USDA. **ACTION:** Notice of intent to prepare an Environmental Impact Statement.

SUMMARY: The Department of Agriculture, Forest Service, will prepare an Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) to reduce the fire hazard and restore damaged components of the ecosystem within the Little East Creek Area. The Record of Decision will disclose how the Forest Service has decided to treat approximately 3,725 acres of blowdown fuels. The proposed action is to treat an estimated 2,122 acres by means such as commercial timber sales, mechanical piling and burning, prescribed fire, and by hand treatment and provide access to nonfederally owned lands within the project boundaries. A range of alternatives responsive to significant issues will be developed, including a no-action alternative. The proposed project is located on the LaCroix Ranger District, Cook MN, Superior National Forest. In addition, the LaCroix Ranger District may be requesting the project be considered an emergency under 36 CFR 215.10(d)(1).

DATES: Comments concerning the scope of this project should be received by March 17, 2000.

ADDRESSES: Please send written comments to: LaCroix Ranger District, Superior National Forest, Attn: Little East Creek Fuels Reduction EIS, 320 N HWY 53, Cook, MN 55723.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Constance Chaney, District Ranger, or John Galazen, Team Leader, LaCrox Ranger District, Superior National Forest, 320 N HWY 53 Cook, MN 55723, telephone (218) 666–002.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Public participation will be an integral component of the study process and will be especially important at several point during the analysis. The first is during the scoping process. The Forest Service will be seeking information, comments, and assistance from Federal, State and local agencies, individuals, and organizations that may be interested in, or affected by the proposed activities. The scoping process will include: (1) identification of potential issues,(2) identification of issues to be analyzed in depth, and (3) elimination of insignificant issues or those which have been covered by a previous environmental review. Written scoping