provision, regardless of whether it has been modified, altered, or repaired in the area subject to the requirements of this AD. For airplanes that have been modified, altered, or repaired so that the performance of the requirements of this AD is affected, the owner/operator must request approval for an alternative method of compliance in accordance with paragraph (c) of this AD. The request should include an assessment of the effect of the modification, alteration, or repair on the unsafe condition addressed by this AD; and, if the unsafe condition has not been eliminated, the request should include specific proposed actions to address it.

Compliance: Required as indicated, unless accomplished previously.

To ensure continued structural integrity of these airplanes, accomplish the following:

Airworthiness Limitations Revision

(a) Within 30 days after the effective date of this AD, revise the Airworthiness Limitations Section of the Instructions for Continued Airworthiness by incorporating the "Time Limits" section of the ATR42–400/500 Maintenance Planning Document, Revision 3, dated February 1999, into the Airworthiness Limitations Section.

(b) Except as provided in paragraph (c) of this AD: After the actions specified in paragraph (a) of this AD have been accomplished, no alternative inspections or inspection intervals may be approved for the structural elements specified in the documents listed in paragraph (a) of this AD.

Alternative Methods of Compliance

(c) An alternative method of compliance or adjustment of the compliance time that provides an acceptable level of safety may be used if approved by the Manager, International Branch, ANM–116, FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate. Operators shall submit their requests through an appropriate FAA Principal Maintenance Inspector, who may add comments and then send it to the Manager, International Branch, ANM–116.

Note 2: Information concerning the existence of approved alternative methods of compliance with this AD, if any, may be obtained from the International Branch, ANM-116.

Special Flight Permits

(d) Special flight permits may be issued in accordance with sections 21.197 and 21.199 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR 21.197 and 21.199) to operate the airplane to a location where the requirements of this AD can be accomplished.

Effective Date

(e) This amendment becomes effective on December 19, 2000.

Issued in Renton, Washington, on November 3, 2000.

Donald L. Riggin,

Acting Manager, Transport Airplane Directorate, Aircraft Certification Service. [FR Doc. 00–28828 Filed 11–13–00; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910–13–U

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Aviation Administration

14 CFR Part 39

[Docket No. 98-ANE-69-AD; Amendment 39-11982; AD 2000-23-12]

RIN 2120-AA64

Airworthiness Directives; CFE Company Model CFE738-1-1B Turbofan Engines

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration, DOT. **ACTION:** Final rule.

SUMMARY: This amendment adopts a new airworthiness directive (AD), applicable to CFE Company model CFE738–1–1B turbofan engines, that requires new life limits for certain HPC rotor components in all engines. This amendment is prompted by a reduction in the calculated service life of certain compressor rotor rotating parts to values below currently approved service lives. The actions specified by this AD are intended to prevent failure of certain HPC rotor components, which could result in an uncontained engine failure and damage to the airplane.

DATES: Effective January 16, 2001.

ADDRESSES: The rulemaking docket may be examined at the FAA, New England Region, Office of the Regional Counsel, 12 New England Executive Park, Burlington, MA; or at the Office of the Federal Register, 800 North Capitol Street, NW, suite 700, Washington, DC.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Keith Mead, Aerospace Engineer, Engine Certification Office, FAA, Engine and Propeller Directorate, 12 New England Executive Park, Burlington, MA 01803–5299; telephone: (781) 238–7744, fax: (781) 238–7199.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: A

proposal to amend part 39 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 39) to include an airworthiness directive (AD) that is applicable to CFE Company Model CFE 738-1-1B turbofan engines was published in the Federal Register on December 14, 1998 (63 FR 68707). Based on additional material stress testing, the FAA published a supplemental notice of proposed rule making (SNPRM) on September 23, 1999 (64 FR 51484). That SNPRM removed the proposal that would have required a dimensional inspection of the curvic couplings for parts that contain a machining mismatch and would have required those parts to be removed from service. That SNPRM, however, also introduced a requirement to remove parts prior to a new reduced cyclic life

limit for specific high pressure compressor rotating parts. Since those changes expanded the scope of the originally proposed rule, the FAA determined that it was necessary to reopen the comment period. At the time the SNPRM was published, the manufacturer anticipated that the proposed reduced limits may be increased based upon further testing and analysis for the stage 4 and 5 blisk and impeller aft shaft.

Comments Received

One comment was received. The manufacturer, using the data obtained from additional testing and analysis, and life analysis prediction techniques approved by the FAA, has requested that the cyclic life limits for the stage 4 and 5 blisk proposed in the published SNPRM be increased. This analysis showed that the life predictions of two of the three stage 4 and 5 blisk configurations met initial published part cyclic life requirements. The analysis showed that the life of the remaining stage 4 and 5 blisk configuration should be reduced from the previously approved cyclic life limit.

The FAA agrees with the revised limits for the stage 4 and 5 blisk. This final rule has been revised accordingly by removing two of the stage 4 and 5 blisk configurations listed in the SNPRM and listing the recalculated cyclic life for the third stage 4 and 5 blisk configuration.

In addition, reference to inspection work hours was removed from the economic analysis section. Inspection requirements for these parts were removed in the SNPRM, and are not applicable to this AD.

Economic Analysis

There are approximately 245 engines of the affected design in the worldwide fleet. The FAA estimates that 156 engines would be affected by this proposed AD. Required parts, on a prorated basis, would cost approximately \$13,613 per engine. Based on these figures, the total cost impact of the proposed AD on US operators is estimated to be \$2,123628.

Regulatory Impact

This rule does not have federalism implications, as defined in Executive Order 13132, because it would not have a substantial direct effect on the States, on the relationship between the national government and the States, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government. Accordingly, the FAA has not consulted with state

authorities prior to publication of this rule.

For the reasons discussed above, I certify that this action (1) is not a "significant regulatory action" under Executive Order 12866; (2) is not a "significant rule" under the DOT Regulatory Policies and Procedures (44 FR 11034, February 26, 1979); and (3) will not have a significant economic impact, positive or negative, on a substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act. A final evaluation has been prepared for this action and is contained in the Rules Docket. A copy of it may be obtained by contacting the Rules Docket at the location provided under the caption ADDRESSES.

List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 39

Air transportation, Aircraft, Aviation safety, Safety.

Adoption of the Amendment

Accordingly, pursuant to the authority delegated to me by the

Administrator, the Federal Aviation Administration proposes to amend part 39 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 39) as follows:

PART 39—AIRWORTHINESS DIRECTIVES

1. The authority citation for part 39 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 106(g), 40113, 44701.

§ 39.13 [Amended]

2. Section 39.13 is amended by adding the following new airworthiness directive:

2000–23–12 CFE Company: Amendment 39–11982. Docket No. 98–ANE–69–AD.

Applicability: CFE Company Model CFE738–1–1B turbofan engines, installed on but not limited to the Dassault Aviation Falcon 2000 series airplanes.

Note 1: This airworthiness directive (AD) applies to each engine identified in the preceding applicability provision, regardless of whether it has been modified, altered, or repaired in the area subject to the

requirements of this AD. For engines that have been modified, altered, or repaired so that the performance of the requirements of this AD is affected, the owner/operator must request approval for an alternative method of compliance in accordance with paragraph (c) of this AD. The request should include an assessment of the effect of the modification, alteration, or repair on the unsafe condition addressed by this AD; and, if the unsafe condition has not been eliminated, the request should include specific proposed actions to address it.

Compliance: Required as indicated, unless accomplished previously.

To prevent failure of certain high pressure compressor

(HPC) rotor components, which could result in an uncontained engine failure and damage to the airplane, accomplish the following:

(a) Remove from service certain stage 4 and 5 blisks and impeller aft shafts prior to exceeding the new cyclic life limits as follows, and replace with serviceable parts:

Nomenclature	Part No. (P/N)	Cyclic life limit
Stage 4 and 5 Blisk	6079T80P04 6079T80P05	6,700 cycles since new (CSN). 5,100 CSN. 2,160 CSN. 7,100 CSN. 7,100 CSN.

(b) Except for the provisions of paragraph (c) of this AD, no parts, identified by P/N in paragraph (a) of this AD, that exceed the new life limits may be installed.

Alternative Methods of Compliance

(c) An alternative method of compliance or adjustment of the compliance time that provides an acceptable level of safety may be used if approved by the Manager, Engine Certification Office (ECO). Operators shall submit their requests through an appropriate FAA Principal Maintenance Inspector, who may add comments and then send it to the Manager, ECO.

Note 2: Information concerning the existence of approved alternative methods of compliance with this airworthiness directive, if any, may be obtained from the ECO.

Special Flight Permits

(d) Special flight permits may be issued in accordance with sections 21.197 and 21.199 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR 21.197 and 21.199) to operate the airplane to a location where the requirements of this AD can be accomplished.

Effective Date of This AD

(e) This amendment becomes effective on January 16, 2001.

Issued in Burlington, Massachusetts, on November 6, 2000.

Donald Plouffe,

Acting Manager, Engine and Propeller Directorate, Aircraft Certification Service. [FR Doc. 00–28961 Filed 11–13–00; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910–13–P

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

40 CFR Part 52

[NH-042-7169a; A-1-FRL-6871-2]

Approval and Promulgation of Air Quality Implementation Plans; New Hampshire; New Hampshire—Nitrogen Oxides Budget and Allowance Trading Program

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Direct final rule.

SUMMARY: EPA is approving State Implementation Plan (SIP) revisions submitted by the State of New Hampshire. This action consists of approving regulations in New Hampshire, as well as a case-specific order and two emission quantification

protocols for Public Service of New Hampshire (PSNH). The regulations and order are part of a regional nitrogen oxide (NO_X) reduction program designed to reduce stationary source NO_X emissions during the ozone season in the Ozone Transport Region (OTR) of the northeastern United States, Section 184(a) of the Clean Air Act defines the OTR as the States of Connecticut, Delaware, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, New Iersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont, and the Consolidated metropolitan Statistical Area that includes the District of Columbia. These SIP revisions were submitted pursuant to section 110 of the Clean Air Act (CAA).

DATES: This direct final rule is effective on January 16, 2001 without further notice, unless EPA receives adverse comment by December 14, 2000. If adverse comment is received, EPA will publish a timely withdrawal of the direct final rule in the **Federal Register** and inform the public that the rule will not take effect.

ADDRESSES: Comments may be mailed to David Conroy, Manager, Air Quality Planning Unit, Office of Ecosystem