

Estimate frequency of response: 3,000 annually.

Leonard Stowe,

*Information Collection Clearance Officer,
National Park Service, WAPC.*

[FR Doc. 99-32714 Filed 12-16-99; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4310-70-P

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

National Park Service

Notice of Intent to Repatriate Cultural Items in the Possession of the Augusta Richmond County Museum, Augusta, GA

AGENCY: National Park Service, Interior.

ACTION: Notice

Notice is hereby given under the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act, 43 CFR 10.10 (a)(3), of the intent to repatriate cultural items in the possession of the Augusta Richmond County Museum, Augusta, GA which meet the definition of "unassociated funerary object" under Section 2 of the Act.

The 50 cultural items are white and red porcelain beads.

During the 1930s, these cultural items were donated to the Augusta Richmond County Museum by Mr. C.E. Storey. Prior to 1932, these cultural items were bought by Mr. Storey from Mr. T.O. Young. Donor information indicates these cultural items came from Cayuga, NY.

Based on appearance and accession information indicating that most of the material from this donation came from graves, these cultural items have been determined to come from a burial during post-contact times. The Cayuga Nation of New York lived in the area of Cayuga, NY during the post-contact period.

Based on the above-mentioned information, officials of the Augusta Richmond County Museum have determined that, pursuant to 43 CFR 10.2 (d)(2)(ii), these 50 cultural items are reasonably believed to have been placed with or near individual human remains at the time of death or later as part of the death rite or ceremony and are believed, by a preponderance of the evidence, to have been removed from a specific burial site of a Native American individual. Officials of the Augusta Richmond County Museum have also determined that, pursuant to 43 CFR 10.2 (e), there is a relationship of shared group identity which can be reasonably traced between these items and the Cayuga Nation of New York.

This notice has been sent to officials of the Cayuga Nation of New York and

the Seneca-Cayuga Tribe of Oklahoma. Representatives of any other Indian tribe that believes itself to be culturally affiliated with these objects should contact Gordon Blaker, Curator, Augusta Richmond County Museum, 560 Reynolds Street, Augusta, GA 30901; telephone: (706) 722-8454 before January 18, 2000. Repatriation of these objects to the Cayuga Nation of New York may begin after that date if no additional claimants come forward.

The National Park Service is not responsible for the determinations within this notice.

Dated: December 7, 1999.

Francis P. McManamon,

*Departmental Consulting Archeologist,
Manager, Archeology and Ethnography
Program.*

[FR Doc. 99-32724 Filed 12-16-99; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4310-70-F

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Office of Surface Mining Reclamation and Enforcement

Valid Existing Rights Final Environmental Impact Statement, OSM-EIS-29

ACTION: Notice of availability of Final Environmental Impact Statement.

SUMMARY: The Office of Surface Mining Reclamation and Enforcement ("we" or OSM) is making available the final environmental impact statement for revisions to its permanent program regulations implementing section 522(e) of the Surface Mining Control and Reclamation Act of 1977 and an interpretive rule concerning the applicability of the section 522(e) prohibitions to subsidence resulting from underground coal mining.

ADDRESSES: The final environmental impact statement (FEIS) is available for inspection at the Office of Surface Mining, Administrative Record-Room 101, 1951 Constitution Avenue, NW, Washington, DC 20240. You may obtain a single copy by writing us at that address or calling 202-208-2847. You also may request a copy via the Internet at osmrules@osmre.gov.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Andy DeVito, Office of Surface Mining (MS 210), 1951 Constitution Avenue, NW, Washington, DC 20240; Telephone: 202-208-2701; E-Mail: adevito@osmre.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: We are making available the FEIS for revisions to OSM's permanent program regulations implementing section 552(e) of the Surface Mining Control and

Reclamation Act of 1977 and an interpretive rule concerning the applicability of the section 522(e) prohibitions to subsidence resulting from underground coal mining.

The FEIS describes the environmental impacts that would result from amending OSM's permanent program regulations that address the issue of valid existing rights and the application of the prohibitions of section 522(e) to the subsidence effects of underground coal mining. Two final rules and the Records of Decision dealing with these issues are being published in this issue of the **Federal Register**.

Dated: December 12, 1999.

Mary Josie Blanchard,

Assistant Director, Program Support.

[FR Doc. 99-32209 Filed 12-16-99; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4310-05-M

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Federal Bureau of Investigation

Agency Information Collection Activities: New Collection; Comment Request

ACTION: Notice of information collection under review; emergency law enforcement services vulnerability; new collection.

The Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, has submitted the following information collection request for review and clearance in accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995. The proposed information collection is published to obtain comments from the public and affected agencies. Comments are encouraged and will be accepted for "sixty days" until February 15, 2000.

Written comments and suggestions from the public and affected agencies concerning the proposed collection of information should address one or more of the following four points:

(1) Evaluate whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information will have practical utility;

(2) Evaluate the accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used;

(3) Enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and

(4) Minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including through the

use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology, e.g., permitting electronic submission of responses.

Overview of this information collection:

(1) Type of Information Collection: New collection.

(2) Title of the Form/Collection: Emergency Law Enforcement Services Vulnerability.

(3) Agency form number, if any, and the applicable component of the Department of Justice sponsoring the collection: Form number 2-240. Federal Bureau of Investigation, FBI Academy.

(4) Affected public who will be asked or required to respond, as well as a brief abstract: Primary: State and Local Law Enforcement Agencies. This form is used to collect feedback from state and local law enforcement regarding their infrastructure vulnerabilities.

(5) An estimate of the total number of respondents and the amount of time estimated for an average respondent to respond: 3200 responses at 30 minutes (0.50) per response.

(6) An estimate of the total public burden (in hours) associated with the collection: 1,600.00 annual burden hours.

If you have additional comments, suggestions, or need a copy of the proposed information collection instrument with instructions, or additional information, please contact James Delaverson (703) 632-3220, Program Manager, Office of Information and Learning Resources, Research and Analysis Center, FBI Academy, Quantico, Virginia 22135. Additionally, comments and/or suggestions regarding the item contained in this notice, especially regarding the estimated public burden and associated response time may also be directed to Mr. James Delaverson.

If additional information is required contact: Mr. Robert B. Briggs, Clearance Officer, United States Department of Justice, Information Management and Security Staff, Justice Management Division, suite 1220, National Place Building, 1331 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW, Washington, DC 20530.

Dated: December 14, 1999.

Robert B. Briggs,

Department Clearance Officer, United States Department of Justice.

[FR Doc. 99-32727 Filed 12-16-99; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4410-02-M

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Federal Bureau of Prisons

Notice of Public Hearing and Publication of the Draft Environmental Impact Statement

The Federal Bureau of Prisons announces the publication of a Draft Environmental Impact Statement (DEIS) regarding the proposed medium-security Federal correctional facility in South Carolina, and public hearings to which all interested persons are invited to attend.

The public hearings are being held to provide for timely public comment and understanding of Federal plans and programs with possible environmental consequences as required by the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969, as amended.

The purpose of the meetings is to afford the public and local officials an opportunity to learn of the Bureau's proposed planning, construction and operation of a medium-security correctional facility in South Carolina.

Public hearings on the document are scheduled for the week of January 3, 2000, at the locations listed below. Information on the specific locations, dates, and times will be published in local newspapers in advance of the meetings.

Georgetown County—Andrews, South Carolina

Williamsburg County—Greeleyville, South Carolina

Marlboro County—Bennettsville, South Carolina

Items addressed in the DEIS include, but are not limited to: Utilities, Traffic, Noise, Cultural Resources and Socio-economic impacts.

A time limit may be invoked to accommodate all persons who may wish to comment on the DEIS. Written statements may be submitted at the meeting, and will be accepted until February 1, 2000.

Written comments may be directed to: David J. Dorworth, Chief, Site Selection and Environmental Review Branch, Federal Bureau of Prisons, 320 First Street, NW, Washington, D.C. 20534, Telephone (202) 514-6470, Telefacsimile (202) 616-6024, SiteSelection@BOP.gov.

Dated: December 3, 1999.

David J. Dorworth,

Chief, Site Selection and Environmental Review Branch.

[FR Doc. 99-32099 Filed 12-16-99; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4410-05-P

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Employment Standards Administration, Wage and Hour Division

Minimum Wages for Federal and Federally Assisted Construction; General Wage Determination Decisions

General wage determination decisions of the Secretary of Labor are issued in accordance with applicable law and are based on the information obtained by the Department of Labor from its study of local wage conditions and data made available from other sources. They specify the basic hourly wage rates and fringe benefits which are determined to be prevailing for the described classes of laborers and mechanics employed on construction projects of a similar character and in the localities specified therein.

The determinations in these decisions of prevailing rates and fringe benefits have been made in accordance with 29 CFR Part 1, by authority of the Secretary of Labor pursuant to the provisions of the Davis-Bacon Act of March 3, 1931, as amended (46 Stat. 1494, as amended, 40 U.S.C. 276a) and of other Federal statutes referred to in 29 CFR Part 1, Appendix, as well as such additional statutes as may from time to time be enacted containing provisions for the payment of wages determined to be prevailing by the Secretary of Labor in accordance with the Davis-Bacon Act. The prevailing rates and fringe benefits determined in these decisions shall, in accordance with the provisions of the foregoing statutes, constitute the minimum wages payable on Federal and federally assisted construction projects to laborers and mechanics of the specified classes engaged on contract work of the character and in the localities described therein.

Good cause is hereby found for not utilizing notice and public comment procedure thereon prior to the issuance of these determinations as prescribed in 5 U.S.C. 553 and not providing for delay in the effective date as prescribed in that section, because the necessity to issue current construction industry wage determinations frequently and in large volume causes procedures to be impractical and contrary to the public interest.

General wage determination decisions, and modifications and supersedes decisions thereto, contain no expiration dates and are effective from their date of notice in the **Federal Register**, or on the date written notice is received by the agency, whichever is earlier. These decisions are to be used