facilities described must make one-timeonly notifications and are also required to maintain records of the occurrence and duration of any startup, shutdown, or malfunction. Record keeping includes the initial performance test results including information necessary to determine the conditions of the performance test, and performance test measurements and results, including monitoring each potential source of asbestos emissions for visible emissions to the outside air and inspecting air cleaning devices to ensure proper operation. The reporting requirements include the initial notifications listed, the initial performance test results, and quarterly reports of instances when visible emissions are observed. These notifications, reports and records are required, in general, of milling manufacturing, fabricating, and waste disposal sources subject to the NESHAP Subpart M. Notifications are used to inform the Agency or delegated authority when a source becomes subject to the standard. The reviewing authority may then inspect the source to check if the pollution control devices are properly installed and operated, and if the standard is being met. The quarterly reports are used for problem identification, as a check on source operation and maintenance, and for compliance determinations.

Demolition and Renovation

Owners and operators of demolitions and renovations must notify EPA in advance of the initiation of any asbestos removal work. The notice provides information on the dates of operation, the nature of the removal operation, the quantity of asbestos, and controls to be used. The reviewing authority may then inspect the source to ensure compliance with the standard. The demolition and renovation standard requires that a representative trained in the provisions of the standard be present at the facility. Evidence that the required training has been completed is required. The provisions require that all containers of asbestos waste be labeled including the name of the waste generator and the location of where the waste was generated. Owners or operators of demolitions and renovations are required to prepare and maintain records of each waste shipment as to its destination, the quantity of waste, and the date of shipment, and to furnish a copy of the record to disposal site owners or operators. The regulation also requires that the generators of asbestos waste attempt to reconcile instances in which a signed copy of the waste shipment record is not received from the disposal site and that the generator

notify EPA if delivery to the disposal site cannot be confirmed.

Owners and operators of waste disposal sites are required to document all asbestos waste shipments that are received and send a copy of each record back to the generator. A record of the location and quantity of asbestos in the landfill is required as well as noting the presence and location of asbestos in the landfill property deed. Disposal site owners and operators have to report to EPA any discrepancies between the amount of waste designated on the waste shipment record and the amount actually received, as well as instances of improperly contained waste. An owner or operator of an operation in which asbestos-containing materials are sprayapplied must notify EPA in advance of the spraying operation. The notice provides information on the name and address of the owner or operator, location of the spraying operation, and procedures to be followed.

Any owner or operator subject to the provisions of this part shall maintain a file of these measurements, and retain the file for at least 2 years following the date of such measurements, and records. All reports are sent to the delegated State or Local authority. In the event that there is no such delegated authority, the reports are sent directly to the EPA Regional Office. Responses to this information collection are mandatory. Section 112 of the Clean Air Act as Amended provides EPA with the authority for NESHAP Standards. 40 CFR part 61, subpart M requires the collection and reporting of the emissions data/ work practice compliance. An agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number. The OMB control numbers for EPA's regulations are listed in 40 CFR part 9 and 48 CFR Chapter 15. The Federal Register document required under 5 CFR 1320.8(d), soliciting comments on this collection of information was published on 6/4/99 (64 FR 107); no comments were received.

Burden Statement: The annual public reporting and record keeping burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 2.7 hours per response. Burden means the total time, effort, or financial resources expended by persons to generate, maintain, retain, or disclose or provide information to or for a Federal agency. This includes the time needed to review instructions; develop, acquire, install, and utilize technology and systems for the purposes of collecting, validating, and verifying information, processing and

maintaining information, and disclosing and providing information; adjust the existing ways to comply with any previously applicable instructions and requirements; train personnel to be able to respond to a collection of information; search data sources; complete and review the collection of information; and transmit or otherwise disclose the information.

Respondents/Affected Entities: Owners/Operators of Asbestos Milling, Manufacturing and Fabricating Facilities

Estimated Number of Respondents: 10,647.

Frequency of Response: On occasion, weekly, quarterly and annually.

Estimated Total Annual Hour Burden: 362,159 hours.

Estimated Total Annualized Capital, O&M Cost Burden: \$0.

Send comments on the Agency's need for this information, the accuracy of the provided burden estimates, and any suggested methods for minimizing respondent burden, including through the use of automated collection techniques to the following addresses. Please refer to EPA ICR No. 0111.09 and OMB Control No. 2060–0101 in any correspondence.

Ms. Sandy Farmer, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Office of Policy, Regulatory Information Division (2137), 401 M Street, SW, Washington, DC 20460; and

Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, Office of Management and Budget, Attention: Desk Officer for EPA, 725 17th Street, NW, Washington, DC 20503.

Dated: November 15, 1999.

Richard T. Westlund,

Acting Director, Regulatory Information Division.

[FR Doc. 99–30406 Filed 11–19–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6560–50–P

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

[FRL-6479-3]

Agency Information Collection Activities: Submission for OMB Review; Comment Request, NESHAP: Benzene Waste Operations

AGENCY: Environmental Protection

Agency (EPA). **ACTION:** Notice.

SUMMARY: In compliance with the Paperwork Reduction Act (44 U.S.C. 3501 *et seq.*), this document announces that the following Information

Collection Request (ICR) has been forwarded to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for review and approval: NESHAP, Benzene Waste Operations, OMB Control Number 2060–0183, expiration date 2/29/2000. The ICR describes the nature of the information collection and its expected burden and cost; where appropriate, it includes the actual data collection instrument.

DATES: Comments must be submitted on or before December 22, 1999.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Sandy Farmer at EPA by phone at (202) 260–2740, by E-Mail at Farmer.Sandy@epamail.epa.gov or download a copy of the ICR off the Internet at http://www.epa.gov/icr and refer to EPA ICR No. 1541.06.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Title: NESHAP: Benzene Waste Operations (OMB Control No. 2060–0183; EPA ICR No. 1541.06) expiring 2/29/2000. This is a request for extension of a currently approved collection.

Abstract: Any facility which manages a waste containing benzene must maintain records and submit reports to the Agency. There is a tiered threshold for burden. Facilities managing waste containing less than 1 megagram of benzene must simply certify to that affect and maintain documentation to support their finding. Facilities managing more than 1 megagram and less than 10 megagrams of benzenecontaining waste must prepare an initial certification, test annually to verify that their waste stream still falls within this range and maintain documentation to support these findings. Facilities managing more than 10 megagrams of waste must submit quarterly and annual reports documenting the results of continuous monitoring. The Agency uses this information to determine compliance and to select plants or processes for inspection.

Owners or operators of the affected facilities described must make one-timeonly notifications. Owners or operators are also required to maintain records of the occurrence and duration of any startup, shutdown, or malfunction in the operation of an affected facility, or any period during which the monitoring system is inoperative. Monitoring requirements specific to Benzene Waste Operations provide information on the operation of the vapor control device and compliance with the standard. Quarterly reports of excess emissions are required. These notifications, reports, and records are essential in determining compliance; and are required, in general, of all sources subject to the NESHAPs. Any owner or

operator subject to the provisions of this part shall maintain a file of these measurements, and retain the file for at least 2 years following the date of such records. Approximately 240 sources are currently subject to the standard, and 120 of those are estimated to have more than 10 Mg/yr of benzene in the waste. It is estimated that no additional sources will become subject to the standard in the next three years. The cost of this ICR will be 405,266 dollars. All reports are sent to the delegated State or local authority. In the event that there is no such delegated authority, the reports are sent directly to the EPA Regional Office.

An agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number. The OMB control numbers for EPA's regulations are listed in 40 CFR part 9 and 48 CFR Chapter 15. The **Federal Register** document required under 5 CFR 1320.8(d), soliciting comments on this collection of information was published on 6/4/99; no comments were received.

Burden Statement: The annual public reporting and recordkeeping burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 71 hours per response. Burden means the total time, effort, or financial resources expended by persons to generate, maintain, retain, or disclose or provide information to or for a Federal agency. This includes the time needed to review instructions; develop, acquire, install, and utilize technology and systems for the purposes of collecting, validating, and verifying information, processing and maintaining information, and disclosing and providing information; adjust the existing ways to comply with any previously applicable instructions and requirements; train personnel to be able to respond to a collection of information; search data sources; complete and review the collection of information; and transmit or otherwise disclose the information.

Respondents/Affected Entities:
Owners/Operators of chemical plants, petroleum refineries, coke by-product recovery plants, and commercial treatment, storage, and disposal facilities.

Estimated Number of Respondents: 240.

Frequency of Response: quarterly, annually.

Estimated Total Annual Hour Burden: 17,028 hours.

Estimated Total Annualized Capital O&M Cost Burden: \$0.

Send comments on the Agency's need for this information, the accuracy of the provided burden estimates, and any suggested methods for minimizing respondent burden, including through the use of automated collection techniques to the following addresses. Please refer to EPA ICR No. 1541.06 and OMB Control No. 2060–0183 in any correspondence.

Ms. Sandy Farmer, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Office of Policy, Regulatory Information Division (2137), 401 M Street, SW, Washington, DC 20460; and

Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, Office of Management and Budget, Attention: Desk Officer for EPA, 725 17th Street, NW, Washington, DC 20503.

Dated: November 9, 1999.

Richard T. Westlund,

Acting Director, Regulatory Information Division.

[FR Doc. 99–30407 Filed 11–19–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6560–50–P

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

[OPPTS-00282; FRL-6395-1]

National Advisory Committee for Acute Exposure Guideline Levels for Hazardous Substances; Notice of Public Meeting

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: A meeting of the National Advisory Committee for Acute Exposure Guideline Levels for Hazardous Substances (NAC/AEGL Committee) will be held on December 6-8, 1999, in Washington, DC. At this meeting, the NAC/AEGL Committee will address, as time permits, the various aspects of the acute toxicity and the development of Acute Exposure Guideline Levels (AEGLs) for the following chemicals: Agent GA (tabun): Ethyl N,Ndimethylphosphoramidocyanidate, Agent GB (sarin): O-isopropyl methylphosphonofluoridate, Agent GD (soman): *O*-pinacolyl methylphosphonofluoridate, Agent GF: O-cyclohexyl-methylfluorophosphonate, Agent HD (sulfur mustard): Bis(2chloroethyl)sulfide, Agent VX: O-ethyl S-(2-diisopropylaminoethyl) methylphosphonothiiolate, bromine, 1,2dichloroethylene, ethylene oxide, methyl isocyanate, otto fuel (propylene glycol dinitrate major component) phosphine, 1,1,1-trichloroethane, and uranium hexafluoride. There will also be a discussion of the review and comment by the National Academy of