Applicants state that to the extent that an in-kind redemption could be viewed as involving the "purchase" of portfolio securities by the Feeder Fund from the Master Fund, and by the Plan from the Feeder Fund, section 17(a)(2) may prohibit the transaction.

3. Section 17(b) of the Act provides that, notwithstanding section 17(a) of the Act, the Commission will exempt a proposed transaction from section 17(a) of the Act if evidence establishes that: (a) the terms of the proposed transaction are reasonable and fair and do not involve overreaching; (b) the proposed transaction is consistent with the policy of each registered investment company involved; and (c) the proposed transaction is consistent with the general purposes of the Act.

4. Applicants submit that the terms of the transaction meet the standards set forth in section 17(b) of the Act. Applicants state that neither the Advisers nor the Plan will have any opportunity to select the specific portfolio securities to be distributed. Rather, the Plan will receive a pro rata share of each portfolio security held by the Master Fund, except for odd lot securities, fractional shares, and accruals on such securities, certificates of deposit, and proceeds from the liquidation of S&P 500 Index futures contracts held by the Master Fund. Applicants further state that the portfolio securities to be distributed to the Plan will be valued according to an objective, verifiable standard and that the in-kind redemption is consistent with the investment policies of the Feeder Fund and the Master Fund. Applicants also state that the proposed in-kind redemption is consistent with the general purposes of the Act.

Applicants' Conditions

Applicants agree that any order granting the requested relief will be subject to the following conditions:

1. The securities distributed pursuant to the redemption in-kind (the "In-Kind Securities") will be distributed on a pro rata basis, provided that cash will be distributed: (a) For certificates of deposit; (b) in lieu of shares not amounting to round lots, fractional shares, and accruals on such securities; and (c) as proceeds from the liquidation of S&P 500 Index future contracts held by the Master Fund.

The In-Kind Securities distributed to the Plan will be valued in the same manner as they would be valued for purposes of computing each of the Feeder Fund's and the Master Fund's net asset value.

3. The Feeder Fund and the Master Fund will maintain and preserve for a

period of not less than six years from the end of the fiscal year in which the in-kind redemption occurs, the first two years in an easily accessible place, a written record of the redemption setting forth a description of each security distributed in-kind, the terms of the inkind distribution and the information or materials upon which the valuation was made.

For the Commission, by the Division of Investment Management, under delegated authority.

Jonathan G. Katz,

Secretary.

[FR Doc. 99-27597 Filed 10-21-99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 8010-01-M

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

[Investment Company Act Release No. 24087, 812–11728]

Federated Investors, Inc., et al.; Notice of Application

October 18, 1999.

AGENCY: Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC").

ACTION: Notice of an application under section 6(c) of the Investment Company Act of 1940 (the "Act") for an exemption from sections 18(f) and 21(b) of the Act, under section 12(d)(1)(J) of the Act for an exemption from section 12(d)(1) of the Act, under sections 6(c) and 17(b) of the Act for an exemption from sections 17(a)(1) and 17(a)(3) of the Act, and under section 17(d) of the Act and rule 17d-1 under the Act to permit certain joint arrangements.

SUMMARY OF THE APPLICATION:

Applicants request an order that would permit certain registered open-end management investment companies to participate in a joint lending and borrowing facility.

APPLICANTS: Federated Investors, Inc. ("Federated"), for itself and on behalf of Federated investment Management Company, Federated Global investment Management Corp., Federated **Investment Counseling, and Passport** Research Limited (collectively, with Federated, the "Advisers"); Automated Government Money Trust, Cash Trust Series II, Edward D. Jones & Co. Daily Passport Cash Trust, Federated ARMs Fund, Federated Core Trust, Federated Equity Funds, Federated GNMA Trust, Federated Government Trust, Federated High Yield Trust, Federated Income Securities Trust, Federated Income Trust, Federated Index Trust, Federated Institutional Trust, Federated Insurance Series, Federated Master Trust,

Federated Municipal Trust, Federated Short-Term Municipal Trust, Federated Short-Term U.S. Government Trust, Federated Stock Trust, Federated Tax-Free Trust, Federated U.S. Government Bond Fund, Federated U.S. Government Securities Fund: 1-3 Years, Federated U.S. Government Securities Fund: 2–5 Years, Federated U.S. Government Securities Fund: 5-10 Years. Intermediate Municipal Trust, Managed Series Trust, Money Market Obligations Trust, Money Market Obligations Trust II, Money Market Trust, Municipal Securities Income Trust, Cash Trust Series, Inc., Federated Adjustable Rate U.S. Government Fund, Inc., Federated American Leaders Fund, Inc., Federated Equity Income Fund. Inc., Federated Fund for U.S. Government Securities, Inc., Federated Government Income Securities, Inc., Federated High Income Bond Fund, Inc., Federated Municipal Opportunities Fund, Inc., Federated Municipal Securities Fund, Inc. Federated Stock and Bond Fund, Inc., Federated Total Return Series, Inc., Federated Utility Fund, Inc., Fixed Income Securities, Inc., International Series, Inc., Investment Series Funds, Inc., Liberty U.S. Government Money Market Trust, Liquid Cash Trust, Money Market Management, Inc., Tax-Free Instruments Trust. Trust for Government Cash Reserves. Trust for Short-Term U.S. Government Securities, Trust for U.S. Treasury Obligations and World Investment Series, Inc., and all other registered open-end management investment companies and series thereof that are advised or subadvised by Federated or a person controlling, controlled by, or under common control with Federated, and all other registered open-end management investment companies and series thereof for which the Advisers in the future act as investment adviser or subadviser other than funds which are not sponsored by Federated (collectively, the "Funds"). **FILING DATES:** The application was filed on July 29, 1999. Applicants have agreed to file an amendment, the substance of which is reflected in this notice, during the notice period. HEARING OR NOTIFICATION OF HEARING: An order granting the application will be issued unless the SEC orders a hearing. Interested persons may request a hearing by writing to the SEC's Secretary and serving applicant with a copy of the request, personally or by mail. Hearing requests should be received by the SEC by 5:30 p.m. on November 8, 1999, and should be accompanied by proof of service on applicants, in the form of an affidavit or, for lawyers, a certificate of service.

Hearing requests should state the nature of the writer's interest, the reason for the request, and the issues contested. Persons who wish to be notified of a hearing may request notification by writing to the SEC's Secretary. ADDRESSES: Secretary, SEC, 450 Fifth Street, NW, Washington, DC 20549-

0609. Applicants, 5800 Corporate Drive, Pittsburgh, PA 15237.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Susan K. Pascocello, Senior Counsel, at (202) 942–0654, or Michael W. Mundt, Branch Chief, at (202) 942-0564, (Division of Investment Management, Office of Investment Company Regulation).

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The following is a summary of the application. The complete application may be obtained for a fee at the SEC's Public Reference Branch, 450 Fifth Street, NW, Washington, DC 20549-0102 (tel. 202-942-8090).

Applicants' Representations

- 1. Each Fund is registered under the Act as an open-end management investment company and is organized either as a Maryland corporation or a Massachusetts business trust. Additional Funds may be added in the future.1 The Advisers are registered under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940 and serve as investment advisers to the Funds. Each Fund has entered into an investment advisory agreement with its Adviser under which the Adviser exercises discretionary authority to purchase and sell securities for the Funds.
- 2. Some Funds may lend money to banks or other entities by entering into repurchase agreements or purchasing other short-term instruments. Other Funds may borrow money from the same or other banks for temporary purposes to satisfy redemption requests or to cover unanticipated cash shortfalls such as a trade "fail" in which cash payment for a portfolio security sold by a Fund has been delayed. Currently, certain Funds have credit arrangements with their custodian (i.e., overdraft protection), and certain Funds are establishing lines of credit with a bank under which the bank may, but is not obligated to, lend money to the Funds to meet the Funds' temporary cash needs.
- 3. If the Funds were to borrow money from any bank under their current arrangements or under other credit

arrangements, the Funds would pay interest on the borrowed cash at a rate which would be significantly higher than the rate that would be earned by other (non-borrowing) Funds on investments in repurchase agreements and other short-term instruments of the same maturity as the bank loan. Applicants believe this differential represents the bank's profit for serving as a middleman between a borrower and lender. Other bank loan arrangements, such as committed lines of credit, would require the Funds to pay substantial commitment fees in addition to the interest rate to be paid by the

borrowing Fund.

custodian.

4. Applicants request an order that would permit the Funds to enter into lending agreements ("Interfund Lending Agreements") under which the Funds would lend and borrow money for temporary purposes directly to and from each other through a credit facility "Interfund Loan"). Applicants believe that the proposed credit facility would substantially reduce the Funds potential borrowing costs and enhance their ability to earn higher rates of interest on short-term loans. Although the proposed credit facility would substantially reduce the Funds' needs to borrow from banks, the Funds would be free to establish committed lines of credit or other borrowing arrangements with banks. Certain Funds also would continue to maintain overdraft

protection currently provided by their

5. Applicants anticipate that the credit facility would provide a borrowing Fund with significant savings when the cash position of the Fund is insufficient to meet temporary cash requirements. This situation would arise when redemptions exceed anticipated volumes and certain Funds have insufficient cash on hand to satisfy such redemptions. When the Funds liquidate portfolio securities to meet redemption requests, which normally are affected immediately, they often do not receive payment in settlement for up to three days (or longer for certain foreign transactions). The credit facility would provide a source of immediate, shortterm liquidity pending settlement of the sale of portfolio securities.

6. Applicants also propose using the credit facility when a sale of securities fails due to circumstances such as a delay in the delivery of cash to the Fund's custodian or improper delivery instructions by the broker effecting the transaction. Sales fails may present a cash shortfall if the Fund has undertaken to purchase a security with the proceeds from securities sold. When the Fund experiences a cash shortfall

due to a sales fail, the custodian typically extends temporary credit to cover the shortfall and the Fund incurs overdraft charges. Alternatively the Fund could fail on its intended purchase due to lack of funds from the previous sale, resulting in additional cost to the Fund, or sell a security on a same day settlement basis, earning a lower return on the investment. Use of the credit facility under these circumstances would enable the Fund to have access to immediate short-term liquidity without incurring custodian overdraft or other charges.

7. While borrowing arrangements with banks will continue to be available to cover unanticipated redemptions and sales fails, under the proposed credit facility a borrowing Fund would pay lower interest rates than those offered by banks on short-term loans. In addition, Funds making short-term cash loans directly to other Funds would earn interest at a rate higher than they otherwise could obtain from investing their cash in repurchase agreements. Thus applicants believe that the proposed credit facility would benefit both borrowing and lending Funds.

8. The interest rate charged to the Funds on any Interfund Loan (the "Interfund Loan Rate") would be the average of the "Repo Rate" and the "Bank Loan Rate," both as defined below. The Repo Rate for any day would be the highest rate available to the Funds from investments in overnight repurchase agreements. The Bank Loan Rate for any day would be calculated by Federated on each day an Interfund Loan is made according to a formula established by the directors or trustees of each Fund (the "Directors") designed to approximate the lowest interest rate at which bank short-term loans would be available to the Funds. The formula would be based upon a publicly available rate (e.g., Federal Funds plus 50 basis points) and would vary with this rate so as to reflect changing bank loan rates. Each Fund's Directors periodically would review the continuing appropriateness of using the publicly available rate, as well as the relationship between the Bank Loan Rate and current bank loan rates that would be available to the Funds. The initial formula and any subsequent modifications to the formula would be subject to the approval of each Fund's Directors.

9. The credit facility would be administered by Federated's fund treasury department (the "Credit Facility Team"). Under the proposed credit facility, the portfolio managers for each participating Fund could provide standing instructions to participate

¹ All existing Funds that currently intend to rely on the order have been named as applicants, and any other existing or future Fund that may rely on the order will comply with the terms and conditions in the application.

daily as a borrower or lender. The Credit Facility Team on each business day would collect data on the uninvested cash and borrowing requirements of all participating Funds from the Funds' custodian. Once it has determined the aggregate amount of cash available for loans and borrowing demand, the Credit Facility Team would allocate loans among borrowing Funds without any further communication from portfolio managers. Applicants expect far more available uninvested cash each day than borrowing demand. After the Credit Facility Team has allocated cash for Interfund Loans, the Advisers will invest any remaining cash in accordance with their normal practice. The money market Funds typically would not participate as borrowers because they rarely need to borrow cash to meet redemptions.

10. The Credit Facility Team would allocate borrowing demand and cash available for lending among the Funds on what the Credit Facility Team believes to be an equitable basis, subject to certain administrative procedures applicable to all Funds, such as the time of filing requests to participate, minimum loan lot sizes, and the need to minimize the number of transactions and associated administrative costs. To reduce transaction costs, each loan normally would be allocated in a manner intended to minimize the number of participants necessary to complete the loan transaction.

11. Federated would (i) monitor the interest rates charged and the other terms and conditions of the loans, (ii) limit the borrowings and loans entered into by each Fund to ensure that they comply with the Fund's investment policies and limitations, (iii) ensure equitable treatment of each Fund, and (iv) make quarterly reports to the Directors concerning any transactions by the Fund under the credit facility and the interest rates charged. The method of allocation and related administrative procedures would be approved by each Fund's Directors, including a majority of Directors who are not "interested persons" of the Fund, as defined in section 2(a)(19) of the Act ("Independent Directors"), to ensure that both borrowing and lending Funds participate on an equitable basis.

12. Federated would administer the credit facility as part of its duties under the existing management or advisory or service contract with each Fund and would receive no additional fee as compensation for its services. Federated or companies affiliated with it may collect standard pricing, recordkeeping, bookkeeping, and accounting fees applicable to repurchase and lending

transactions generally, including transactions effected through the credit facility. Fees would be no higher than those applicable for comparable bank loan transactions.

13. Each Fund's participation in the proposed credit facility will be consistent with its organizational documents and its investment policies and limitations. All Interfund Loans will be consistent with each Fund's participation in Interfund Lending Agreements will be disclosed in the Fund's prospectus or statement of additional information prior to the commencement of the arrangement and at all times during the pendency of Interfund Loans. No Fund may participate in the credit facility unless: (i) The Fund has obtained shareholder approval for its participation, or, if such approval is not required by law, upon receipt of requisite regulatory approval, the Fund's prospectus and/or statement of additional information have disclosed at all times following the issuance of the requested order the possibility of the Fund's participation in the credit facility; and (ii) the Fund has fully disclosed all material information concerning the credit facility in its prospectus and/or statement of additional information. No Fund will borrow more than the lesser of the amount permitted by section 18 of the Act or the amount permitted by its investment limitations. No Fund may lend to another Fund through the credit facility if the loan would cause its aggregate loans through the credit facility to exceed 15% of its net assets at the time of the loan, and a Fund's Interfund Loans to any one Fund's may not exceed 5% of the lending Fund's net

14. In connection with the credit facility, applicants request an order under (i) section 6(c) of the Act granting relief from sections 18(f) and 21(b) of the Act; (ii) section 12(d)(1) of the Act granting relief from section 12(d)(1) of the Act; (iii) sections 6(c) and 17(b) of the Act granting relief from sections 17(a)(1) and 17(a)(3) of the Act; and (iv) section 17(d) of the Act and rule 17d–1 under the Act to permit certain joint arrangements.

Applicants' Legal Analysis

1. Section 17(a)(3) generally prohibits any affiliated person, or affiliated person of an affiliated person, from borrowing money or other property from a registered investment company. Section 21(b) generally prohibits any registered management investment company from lending money or other property to any person if that person controls or is under common control

with the company. Section 2(a)(3)(C) of the Act defines an "affiliated person" of another person, in part, to be any person directly or indirectly controlling, controlled by, or under common control with, the other person. Applicants state that the Funds may be under common control by virtue of having a common investment adviser and because of the overlap of Directors and officers of the Funds.

- 2. Section 6(c) provides that an exemptive order may be granted where an exemption is necessary or appropriate in the public interest and consistent with the protection of investors and the purposes fairly intended by the policy and provisions of the Act. Section 17(b) authorizes the SEC to exempt a proposed transaction from section 17(a) provided that the terms of the transaction, including the consideration to be paid or received, are fair and reasonable and do not involve overreaching on the part of any person concerned, and the transaction is consistent with the policy of the investment company as recited in its registration statement and with the general purposes of the Act. Applicants believe that the proposed arrangements satisfy these standards.
- 3. Applicants submit that sections 17(a)(3) and 21(b) of the Act were intended to prevent a person with strong potential adverse interests to and some influence over the investment decisions of a registered investment company from causing or inducing the investment company to engage in lending transactions that unfairly inure to the benefit of that person and that are detrimental to the best interests of the investment company and its shareholders. Applicants assert that the proposed credit facility transactions do not raise these concerns because (i) Federated would administer the program as a disinterested fiduciary; (ii) all Interfund Loans would consist only of uninvested cash reserves that the Fund otherwise would invest in shortterm repurchase agreements or other stock-term instruments; (iii) the Interfund Loans would not involve a greater risk than other similar investments; (iv) the lending Fund would receive interest at a rate higher than it could obtain through other similar investments; and (v) the borrowing Fund would pay interest at a rate lower than otherwise available to it under its bank loan agreements and avoid the up-front commitment fees associated with committed lines of credit. Moreover, applicants believe that the other conditions in the application would effectively preclude the

possibility of any Fund obtaining an undue advantage over any other Fund.

4. Section 17(a)(1) generally prohibits an affiliated person of a registered investment company, or an affiliated person of an affiliated person, from selling any securities or other property to the company. Section 12(d)(1) of the Act generally makes it unlawful for a registered investment company to purchase or otherwise acquire any security issued by any other investment company except in accordance with the limitations set forth in that section. Applicants believe that the obligation of a borrowing Fund to repay an Interfund Loan may constitute a security under sections 17(a)(1) and 12(d)(1). Section 12(d)(1)(J) provides that the SEC may exempt persons or transactions from any provision of section 12(d)(1) if and to the extend such exception is consistent with the public interest and the protection of investors. Applicants contend that the standards under sections 6(c), 17(b) and 12(d)(1) are satisfied for all the reasons set forth above in support of their request for relief from sections 17(a)(3) and 21(b) and for the reasons discussed below.

Applicants state that section 12(d)(1) was intended to prevent the pyramiding of investment companies in order to avoid duplicative costs and fees attendant upon multiple layers of investment companies. Applicants submit that the proposed credit facility does not involve these abuses. Applicants note that there would be no duplicative costs or fees to the Funds or shareholders, and that Federated would receive no additional compensation for its services in administering the credit facility. Applicants also note that the purpose of the proposed credit facility is to provide economic benefits for all the participating Funds.

6. Section 18(f)(1) prohibits open-end investment companies from issuing any senior security except that a company is permitted to borrow from any bank, if immediately after the borrowing, there is an asset coverage of at least 300 per cent for all borrowings of the company. Under section 18(g) of the Act, the term "senior security" includes any bond, debenture, note, or similar obligation or instrument constituting a security and evidencing indebtedness. Applicants request exemptive relief from section 18(f)(1) to the limited extent necessary to implement the credit facility (because the lending Funds are not banks).

7. Applicants believe that granting relief under section 6(c) is appropriate because the Funds would remain subject to the requirement of section 18(f)(1) that all borrowings of the Fund, including combined credit facility and

bank borrowings, have at least 300% asset coverage. Based on the conditions and safeguards described in the application, applicants also submit that to allow the Funds to borrow from other Funds pursuant to the proposed credit facility is consistent with the purposes and policies of section 18(f)(1).

8. Section 17(d) and rule 17d-1 generally prohibit any affiliated person of a registered investment company, or affiliated person of an affiliated person, when acting as principal, from effecting any joint transaction in which the company participates unless the transaction is approved by the SEC. Rule 17d-1 provides that in passing upon applications for exemptive relief from section 17(d), the SEC will consider whether the participation of a registered investment company in a joint enterprise on the basis proposed is consistent with the provisions, policies, and purposes of the Act and the extent to which the company's participation is on a basis different from or less advantageous than that of other participants.

9. Applicants submit that the purpose of section 17(d) is to avoid overreaching by and unfair advantage to investment company insiders. Applicants believe that the credit facility is consistent with the provisions, policies and purposes of the Act in that it offers both reduced borrowing costs and enhanced returns on loaned funds to all participating Funds and their shareholders. Applicants note that each Fund would have an equal opportunity to borrow and lend on equal terms consistent with its investment policies and fundamental investment limitations. Applicants therefore believe that each Fund's participation in the credit facility will be on terms which are no different from or less advantageous than that of other participating Funds.

Applicants' Conditions

Applicants agree that any order granting the requested relief will be subject to the following conditions:

1. The interest rates to be charged to the Funds under the credit facility will be the average of the Repo Rate and the Bank Loan Rate, adjusted daily.

2. On each business day, Federated will compare the Bank Loan Rate with the Repo Rate and will make cash available for Interfund Loans only if the Interfund Loan Rate is (a) more favorable to the lending Fund than the Repo Rate, and (b) more favorable to the borrowing Fund than the Bank Loan Rate.

3. If a Fund has outstanding borrowings, any Interfund Loans to the Fund (a) will be at an interest rate equal

to or lower than any outstanding bank loan, (b) will be secured at least on an equal priority basis with at least an equivalent percentage of collateral to loan value as any outstanding bank loan that requires collateral, (c) will have a maturity no longer than any outstanding bank loan (and in any event not over seven days), and (d) will provide that, if an event of default occurs under any agreement evidencing an outstanding bank loan to the Fund, that event of default will automatically (without need for action or notice by the lending Fund) constitute an immediate event of default under the Interfund Lending Agreement entitling the lending Fund to call the Interfund Loan (and exercise all rights with respect to any collateral) and that such call will be made if the lending bank exercises its right to call its loan under its agreement with the borrowing Fund.

4. A Fund may make an unsecured borrowing through the credit facility if its outstanding borrowings from all sources immediately after the interfund borrowing total 10% or less of its total assets, provided that if the Fund has a secured loan outstanding from any other lender, including but not limited to another Fund, the Fund's interfund borrowing will be secured on at least an equal priority basis with at least an equivalent percentage of collateral to loan value as any outstanding loan that requires collateral. If a Fund's total outstanding borrowings immediately after an interfund borrowing would be greater than 10% of its total assets, the Fund may borrow through the credit facility on a secured basis only. A Fund may not borrow through the credit facility or from any other source if its total outstanding borrowings immediately after the interfund borrowing would be more than 331/3% of its total assets.

5. Before any Fund that has outstanding interfund borrowings may, through additional borrowings, cause its outstanding borrowings from all sources to exceed 10% of its total assets, the Fund must first secure each outstanding Interfund Loan by the pledge of segregated collateral with a market value at least equal to 102% of the outstanding principal value of the loan. If the total outstanding borrowings of a Fund with outstanding Interfund Loans exceeds 10% of its total assets for any other reason (such as decline in net asset value or because of shareholder redemptions), the Fund will within one business day thereafter: (a) Repay all its outstanding Interfund Loans, (b) reduce its outstanding indebtedness to 10% or less of its total assets, or (c) secure each outstanding Interfund Loan by the

pledge of segregated collateral with a market value at least equal to 102% of the outstanding principal value of the loan until the Fund's total outstanding borrowings cease to exceed 10% of its total assets, at which time the collateral called for by this condition (5) shall no longer be required. Until each Interfund Loan that is outstanding at any time that a Fund's total outstanding borrowings exceeds 10% is repaid or the Fund's total outstanding borrowings cease to exceed 10% of its total assets, the Fund will mark the value of the collateral to market each day and will pledge such additional collateral as is necessary to maintain the market value of the collateral that secures each outstanding Interfund Loan at least equal to 102% of the outstanding principal value of the

- 6. No Fund may lend to another Fund through the credit facility if the loan would cause its aggregate outstanding loans through the credit facility to exceed 15% of its net assets at the time of the loan.
- 7. A Fund's Interfund Loans to any one Fund shall not exceed 5% of the lending Fund's net assets.
- 8. The duration of Interfund Loans will be limited to the time required to receive payment for securities sold, but in no event more than seven days. Loans effected within seven days of each other will be treated as separate loan transactions for purposes of this condition.
- Each Interfund Loan may be called on one business day's notice by a lending Fund and may be repaid on any day by a borrowing Fund.
- 10. A Fund's participation in the credit facility must be consistent with its investment policies and limitations and organizational documents. A Fund's borrowings through the credit facility, as measured on the day when the most recent loan was made, will not exceed the greater of 125% of the Fund's total net cash redemptions and 102% of sales fails for the preceding seven calendar days.
- 11. Federated's Credit Facility Team will calculate total Fund borrowing and lending demand through the credit facility, and allocate loans on an equitable basis among the Funds without the intervention of any portfolio manager of the Funds. The Credit Facility Team will not solicit cash for the credit facility from any Fund or prospectively publish or disseminate loan demand data to portfolio managers. The Advisers will invest any amounts remaining after satisfaction of borrowing demand in accordance with their normal practice.

- 12. Federated will monitor the interest rates charged and the other terms and conditions of the Interfund Loans and will make a quarterly report to the Directors concerning the participation of the Funds in the credit facility and the terms and other conditions of any extensions of credit under the facility.
- 13. The Directors of each Fund, including a majority of the Independent Directors: (a) Will review no less frequently than quarterly the Fund's participation in the credit facility during the preceding quarter for compliance with the conditions of any order permitting the transactions; (b) will establish the Bank Loan Rate formula used to determine the interest rate on Interfund Loans and review no less frequently than annually the continuing appropriateness of the Bank Loan Rate formula; and (c) will review no less frequently than annually the continuing appropriateness of the Fund's participation in the credit facility.
- 14. In the event an Interfund Loan is not paid according to its terms and the default is not cured within two business days from its maturity or from the time the lending Fund makes a demand for payment under the provisions of the Interfund Lending Agreement, Federated will promptly refer the loan for arbitration to an independent arbitrator selected by the Directors of any fund involved in the loan who will serve as arbitrator of disputes concerning Interfund Loans.² The arbitrator will resolve any problem promptly, and the arbitrator's decision will be binding on both Funds. The arbitrator will submit, at least annually, a written report to the Directors setting forth a description of the nature of any dispute and the actions taken by the Funds to resolve the dispute.
- 15. Each Fund will maintain and preserve for a period of not less than six years from the end of the fiscal year in which any transaction under the credit facility occurred, the first two years in an easily accessible place, written records of all such transactions setting forth a description of the terms of the transaction, including the amount, the maturity, and the rate of interest on the loan, the rate of interest available at the time on short-term repurchase agreements and bank borrowings, and such other information presented to the Fund's Directors in connection with the review required by conditions 12 and 13.

16. Federated will prepare and submit to the Directors for review an initial report describing the operations of the credit facility and the procedures to be implemented to ensure that all Funds are treated fairly. After the commencement of operations of the credit facility, Federated will report on the operations of the credit facility at the Directors' quarterly meetings.

In addition, for two years following the commencement of the credit facility, an independent public accountant for each Fund shall prepare an annual report that evaluates Federated's assertion that it has established procedures reasonably designed to achieve compliance with the conditions of the order. The report shall be prepared in accordance with the Statements on Standards for Attestation Engagements No. 3 and it shall be filed pursuant to Item 77Q3 of Form N-SAR. In particular, the report shall address procedures designed to achieve the following objectives: (a) That the Interfund Rate will be higher than the Repo Rate, but lower than the Bank Loan Rate; (b) compliance with the collateral requirements as set forth in the application; (c) compliance with the percentage limitations on interfund borrowing and lending: (d) allocation of interfund borrowing and lending demand in an equitable manner and in accordance with procedures established by the Directors; and (e) that the interest rate on any Interfund Loan does not exceed the interest rate on any third party borrowings of a borrowing Fund at the time of the Interfund Loan.

After the final report is filed, the Fund's external auditors, in connection with their Fund audit examinations, will continue to review the operation of the credit facility for compliance with the conditions of the application and their review will form the basis, in part, of the auditor's report on internal accounting controls in Form N–SAR.

17. No Fund will participate in the credit facility upon receipt of requisite regulatory approval unless it has fully disclosed in its statement of additional information all material facts about its intended participation.

For the SEC, by the Division of Investment Management, pursuant to delegated authority.

Jonathan G. Katz,

Secretary.

[FR Doc. 99-27643 Filed 10-21-99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 8010-01-M

² If the dispute involves Funds with separate Boards of Directors, the Directors of each Fund will select an independent arbitrator that is satisfactory to each Fund.