Communications Act of 1934, as amended, 47 U.S.C. 154(i) and 303(r).

Federal Communications Commission.

William F. Caton,

Deputy Secretary.

[FR Doc. 99-23163 Filed 9-3-99; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6712-01-P

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

[DA 99-1571]

QUALCOMM's Pioneers Preference

AGENCY: Federal Communications Commission.

ACTION: Notice.

summary: The Commission released a document on August 10, 1999, that dismisses Sprint Spectrum L.P. (Sprint) and PrimeCo Personal Communications, L.P., (PrimeCo) as parties to QUALCOMM, Incorporated pioneer preference proceeding. Since there is no longer any possibility that QUALCOMM's pioneer's preference will lead to the rescission of any license held by Sprint or PrimeCo, we are hereby dismissing Sprint and PrimeCo as parties to QUALCOMM's pioneer's preference proceeding.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Rodney Small, Office of Engineering and Technology, (202) 418–2452.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This is a summary of the text of the Commission's *Public Notice*, GEN Docket 90–314, DA 99–1571 released August 10, 1999. The document is available for inspection and copying during normal business hours in the FCC Reference Center, Room CY–A257, 445 12th Street, S.W., Washington, D.C., and also may be purchased from the Commission's duplication contractor, International Transcription Service, (202) 857–3800, 1231 20th Street, N.W. Washington, D.C. 20036.

1. On February 25, 1997, Sprint and PrimeCo became parties to the QUALCOMM, Incorporated's (QUALCOMM's) pioneer's preference proceeding. We explained that because the Court of Appeals for the D.C. Circuit (Court) had recently vacated the Commission's decision to deny QUALCOMM's application for a 2 GHz broadband Personal Communications Services (PCS) pioneer's preference in the Southern Florida area, there was the possibility of a conflict between QUALCOMM's application and the fact that the only two broadband PCS licenses in the Miami-Ft. Lauderdale, Florida, Major Trading Area (MTA) had

already been awarded to Sprint and PrimeCo.

2. Subsequently, the Commission dismissed QUALCOMM's application for a pioneer's preference; however, QUALCOMM appealed that dismissal, and the Court granted QUALCOMM's petition for review. In its decision, the Court stated:

The FCC's sole discretion on remand * * * was to fashion an appropriate remedy for QUALCOMM in view of the fact that the Miami-Fort Lauderdale MTA sought by QUALCOMM had been awarded as a result of an auction to Sprint. QUALCOMM and the intervenors [Sprint and PrimeCo] argued on remand, and the FCC did not claim to the contrary, that the FCC had authority to grant QUALCOMM alternative relief.

3. On August 9, 1999, in compliance with the Court's decision, the Commission released an *Order* granting QUALCOMM a pioneer's preference. In the *Order*, the Commission stated that it planned to act promptly to identify suitable frequency spectrum for an award of a license to QUALCOMM.

4. We agree with Sprint, PrimeCo, and QUALCOMM that the Commission has the authority to grant QUALCOMM relief without rescinding, or otherwise adversely affecting, the broadband PCS licenses held by Sprint and PrimeCo in the Miami-Fort Lauderdale MTA. Moreover, in its decision, the Court strongly suggested that it expects the Commission to grant QUALCOMM relief without rescinding either of the Miami MTA licenses currently held by Sprint and PrimeCo. We also believe that the Commission at this point has no intention of taking a license from either Sprint or PrimeCo in order to award a license to QUALCOMM. Since there is no longer any possibility that QUALCOMM's pioneer's preference will lead to the rescission of any license held by Sprint or PrimeCo, we are hereby dismissing Sprint and PrimeCo as parties to QUALCOMM's pioneer's preference proceeding.

Federal Communications Commission.

William F. Caton,

Deputy Secretary.

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FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

[DA 99-1640]

Accreditation Requirements for Telecommunication Certification Bodies

AGENCY: Federal Communications Commission.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: This document streamlines the Commission's equipment authorization requirements by allowing Telecommunications Certification Bodies (TCBs) to certify equipment under the Commission's Rules. The Commission released a public notice on August 17, 1999, listing those regulations and requirements.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Art Wall, Office of Engineering and Technology, (202) 418–2442, for *Part 2 Information*; and Bill Howden, Common Carrier Bureau, (202) 418–2343, for *Part 68 Information*.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This is the text of the Commission's Public Notice, DA 99–1640, released August 17, 1999. This document is available for inspection and copying during regular business hours in the FCC Reference Information Center, Room CY-A257, 445 12th Street, SW, Washington, DC, and is available on the FCC's Internet site at www.fcc.gov/Bureaus/ Engineering_Technology/ Public_Notices/1999/. This document may also be purchased from the Commission's duplication contractor, International Transcription Service, Inc., (202) 857-3800, 1231 20th Street, NW, Washington, DC 20036.

Summary of Public Notice

1. In December 1998, the Commission adopted new rules to streamline its equipment authorization requirements by allowing Telecommunications Certification Bodies (TCBs) to certify equipment under parts 2 and 68 of the Commission's Rules. This notice provides further information on the accreditation requirements for TCBs.

2. The requirements for TCBs were specified in the Commission's Report and Order (R&O) in GEN Docket 98–68 (FCC 98–338), adopted on December 17, 1998, 64 FR 4984, February 2, 1999, http://www.fcc.gov/Engineering_Tcchnology/Orders/1998/

fcc98338.pdf/. TCBs are required to be accredited by the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST), or NIST may allow, in accordance with its procedures, other appropriate qualified accrediting bodies to accredit TCBs.

3. TCBs are to be accredited in accordance with ISO/IEC Guide 65 (1996), General Requirements for Bodies Operating Product Certification Systems and the appropriate FCCf Rules. The staff of the FCC's Office of Engineering and Technology (OET) and Common Carrier Bureau (CCB) have worked closely with NIST, equipment manufacturers and test laboratories to develop an accreditation process that is

consistent with the requirements of ISO/IEC Guide 65 and the FCC Rules.

- 4. Accreditation will be available for several different scopes of equipment subject to certification. TCBs can choose to obtain accreditation for any or all of the available scopes, depending on their needs. The scopes are defined in the attachment to this notice. The attachment also specifies the capabilities that must be demonstrated to obtain accreditation within each scope. Finally, the attachment clarifies certain aspects of the TCB requirements in the Rules.
- 5. NIST will announce the administrative details for applying for TCB accreditation in the near future. The Commission will continue working with NIST to assist in the accreditation of TCBs.
- 6. TCBs located outside the United States may certify equipment in accordance with the terms of an effective bilateral or multilateral mutual recognition agreement. Accreditation of TCBs outside the United States shall be consistent with this public notice and the attachment to this notice.

Procedures for Accrediting a Telecommunication Certification Body

I. TCB Designation Process and Requirements

The process for designation of TCBs and requirements that must be met are contained in the FCC rules. See, in particular, 47 CFR 2.960, 2.962, 68.160 and 68.162.

Accreditation Requirements

TCBs shall be capable of testing equipment to a core set of equipment tests for each scope of accreditation, as stated below. TCBs must be accredited in accordance with the general guidelines in ISO/IEC Guide 65 (1996), General requirements for bodies operating certification systems. To ensure that it is capable of performing the tests within the scope of accreditation, the TCB must also be accredited to ISO/IEC Guide 25, General requirements for the competence of calibration and testing laboratories. Both ISO/IEC Guides are available through the American National Standards Institute, Customer Service, 11 West 42nd Street, New York, NY-10036, telephone 212-642-4900 facsimile 212-302-1286, or e-mail to jrichard@ansi.org.

III. Accreditation Scopes

TCBs will be accredited to certify one or more of the following scopes of equipment:

- A. Unlicensed Radio Frequency Devices
- 1. Low power transmitters operating on frequencies below 1 GHz (with the exception of spread spectrum devices), emergency alert systems, unintentional radiators (e.g., personal computers and associated peripherals and TV Interface Devices) and consumer ISM devices subject to certification (e.g., microwave ovens, RF lighting and other consumer ISM devices).
- 2. Low power transmitters operating on frequencies above 1 GHz, with the exception of spread spectrum devices.
- 3. Unlicensed Personal Communication System (PCS) devices.
- 4. Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure (UNII) devices and low power transmitters using spread spectrum techniques.
- B. Licensed Radio Service Equipment
- 1. Personal Mobile Radio Services in 47 CFR parts 22 (cellular), 24, 25, 26, and 27.
- 2. General Mobile Radio Services in the following 47 CFR parts 22 (noncellular), 74, 90, 95 and 97.
- 3. Maritime and Aviation Radio Services in 47 CFR parts 80 and 87.
- 4. Microwave Radio Services in 47 CFR parts 21, 74 and 101.
- C. Telephone Terminal Equipment (47 CFR part 68)
- 1. Telephone terminal equipment in 47 CFR part 68.

Notes for Accreditation Scopes A, B and C: (1) The TCB is not required to have the capability to perform each required test, but must have the minimum testing capabilities specified below for each type of equipment.

- (2) The measurement procedures for licensed PCS devices and UNII devices and the procedures for determining RF exposure for hand-held transmitters have not been published. Accreditation and designation of a TCB to certify such equipment will be withheld until the appropriate procedures have been published.
- IV. Specific Capabilities: Unlicensed Radio Frequency Devices

The TCB must:

- A. Possess a thorough knowledge of FCC Rules contained in 47 CFR parts 2, 11, 15 & 18, including latest interpretations thereof;
- B. Possess a thorough knowledge of all appropriate procedures (e.g., ANSI C63.4–1992, FCC MP–5, etc.) for testing and evaluating radio frequency devices;
- C. Possess a thorough understanding of the FCC equipment authorization program and specifically, 47 CFR part 2, Subparts I, J and K;

- D. Have copies of all applicable FCC Rules and test procedures and be able to demonstrate an ability to obtain recent rules and interpretations;
- E. Be capable of evaluating the application and results of each of the following types of tests that are appropriate for the scope of accreditation:
- 1. Radiated emission tests from 9 kHz to 1 GHz;
- 2. Radiated emission tests from 1 GHz to 231 GHz (for devices having emissions on frequencies above 1 GHz);
- 3. Line conducted emission tests from 9 kHz to 30 MHz;
 - 4. Power density measurements;
 - 5. RF bandwidth measurements;
 - Frequency stability measurements;
- 7. RF exposure measurements and computations, as specified in FCC OET Bulletin 65—Supplement C and 47 CFR 2.1091 and 2.1093;
- 8. Site attenuation measurements per ANSI C63.4–1992;
- 9. RF output power measurements, per 47 CFR 15.247 and 47 CFR part 15, Subparts D and E;
- 10. RF antenna conducted measurements;
- 11. Processing gain for direct sequence spread spectrum systems (47 CFR 15.247);
- 12. UPCS monitoring tests (47 CFR part 15, subpart D).
- F. Be capable of evaluating test reports and associated documentation to determine the compliance of devices operating under the general provisions of part 15, as well as the following specific devices that are appropriate for the scope of accreditation:
- 1. Swept-frequency anti-pilferage systems (47 CFR 15.223);
- 2. Low power transmitters, e.g. R/C toys and baby monitors (47 CFR 15.227 and 15.235);
- 3. Remote control and security systems (47 CFR 15.231);
- 4. Cordless telephones (47 CFR 15.233);
- 5. Frequency-hopping & directsequence spread spectrum systems (47 CFR 15.247);
- 6. Cordless telephones (47 CFR 15.249)
- 7. Field disturbance sensors, intrusion detectors (47 CFR 15.245);
- 8. Biomedical telemetry devices (47 CFR 15.241 and 15.242);
- 9. Auditory assistance devices (47 CFR 15.237);
- 10. Automatic vehicle identification systems (47 CFR 15.251);
- 11. Vehicle radar systems (47 CFR 15.253);
- 12. Unlicensed Personal Communication Systems (47 CFR part 15, subpart D);

- 13. Unlicensed NII devices (47 CFR part 15, subpart E);
- G. Be capable of performing the following core set of tests that are within the scope of accreditation:
- 1. Radiated emission tests (9 kHz to 1 GHz):
- 2. Radiated emission tests above 1 GHz that are appropriate for the scope of accreditation;
- 3. Line conducted emission tests (9 kHz to 30 MHz):
 - 4. Power density measurements;
 - 5. RF bandwidth measurements;
- 6. Frequency stability measurements (-20°C to +50°C);
- 7. Site attenuation measurements per ANSI C63.4–1992 (30 MHz to 1000 MHz):
- 8. RF output power measurements, per 47 CFR 15.247 and Subparts D & E of part 15;
- 9. RF antenna conducted measurements;
- H. Have detailed knowledge and equipment for electronic filing and access to the FCC Internet database. The grants of certification issued by the TCB must include the same information (e.g., grantee codes, note codes, FCC ID, equipment classifications, rules parts, etc.) as the grants issued by the FCC. The information for each grant can be obtained from the FCC database.
- V. Specific Capabilities: Licensed Radio Service Equipment

The TCB must:

- A. Possess a knowledge of the Commission's Rules contained in 47 CFR parts 2, 22, 24, 25, 26, 27, 74, 80, 87, 90, 95, 97 and 101, including latest interpretations thereof;
- B. Possess a knowledge of all appropriate standards and procedures (e.g., 47 CFR part 2, EIA/TIA Standard 603, etc.) for testing and evaluating licensed radio equipment;
- C. Possess a thorough understanding of the FCC equipment authorization program covered in 47 CFR part 2, subparts I, J and K, including the required government coordination with other U.S. government agencies (e.g., FAA and USCG);
- D. Have copies of all applicable FCC rules and test procedures and be able to obtain recent rules and interpretations;
- E. Be capable of evaluating each of the following types of tests within the scope of accreditation:
- 1. RF power output measurements (47 CFR 2.1046);
- Modulation characteristics measurements (47 CFR 2.1047);
- 3. Occupied bandwidth measurements (47 CFR 2.1049);
- 4. Spurious emissions at antenna terminals (47 CFR 2.1051);

- 5. Field strength of spurious radiation measurements (47 CFR 2.1053);
- 6. Frequency stability measurements (47 CFR 2.1055);
- 7. RF exposure measurements and computations, as specified in FCC OET Bulletin 65—Supplement C and 47 CFR 2.1091 and 2.1093;
- F. Be capable of evaluating test reports and associated documentation to determine the compliance of the following specific devices within the scope of accreditation:
 - 1. Cellular services (47 CFR part 22);
- 2. Licensed personal communication service (47 CFR part 24);
- 3. Satellite communication services—GMPCS (47 CFR part 25);
- 4. Wireless communication services—WCS (47 CFR parts 26 & 27);
- 5. Radio & auxiliary broadcast services (47 CFR part 74);
- 6. Aviation radio services (47 CFR part 87);
- 7. Maritime radio services (47 CFR part 80);
- 8. Private land mobile radio services (47 CFR part 90);
- 9. Fixed microwave radio services (47 CFR part 101);
- 10. Personal radio services (47 CFR part 95);
- 11. Amateur amplifiers under 47 CFR part 97);
- G. Be capable of performing the following core set of tests that are within the scope of accreditation:
- 1. RF conducted and radiated power output measurements;
- 2. Modulation characteristics measurements:
- 3. Occupied bandwidth measurements:
- 4. Spurious emissions at antenna terminals:
- 5. Field strength measurements (9 kHz to 40 GHz) that are appropriate for the scope of accreditation;
- 6. Frequency stability measurements (-30°C to +50°C);
- H. Have detailed knowledge and equipment for electronic filing and access to the FCC Internet database. (The grants of certification must include the same information (e.g., grantee codes, note codes, FCC ID, equipment classifications, rules parts, etc.) as the grants issued by the FCC. The information for each grant can be obtained from the FCC database.)
- VI. Specific Capabilities: Telephone Terminal Equipment

The TCB must:

- A. Possess a knowledge of 47 CFR part 68, including latest interpretations thereof.
- B. Possess a thorough understanding of all appropriate procedures (e.g., TIA/

- TSB 31B) for testing and evaluating telephone terminal equipment.
- C. Possess a thorough understanding of the FCC equipment authorization program and specifically FCC Form 730 Application Guide.
- D. Have copies of all applicable FCC Rules and test procedures and be able to obtain recent rules and interpretations;
- E. Possess an ability to evaluate each of the following types of tests:
- 1. Environmental simulation measurements. Specifically, demonstrate ability to perform Type A and Type B surge tests. (47 CFR 68.302)
- 2. Leakage current measurements. (47 CFR 68.304)
- 3. Hazardous voltage measurements. (47 CFR 68.306)
- 4. Analog signal power measurements. (47 CFR 68.308)
- 5. Digital signal power measurements. (47 CFR 68.308)
- 6. Transverse balance measurements. (47 CFR 68.310)
- 7. On-hook impedance measurements. (47 CFR 68.312)
- 8. Billing protection measurements. (47 CFR 68.314)
- 9. Hearing aid compatibility measurements. Specifically demonstrate an understanding of magnetic field strength measurements (ANSI/EIA/TIA-RS-504) and acoustics measurements (ANSI/EIA/TIA-579-1991 and ANSI/EIA/TIA-470-A-1987)) (47 CFR 68.316 and 68.317)
- 10. Additional Limitations. (47 CFR 68.318)
- F. Be capable of evaluating test reports and associated documentation to determine the compliance of devices operating under the general provisions of part 68, as well as the following specific devices:
- 1. Data Modem with a loop-start interfaces.
- 2. Single line telephone set with a loop-start interface.
- 3. PBX with loop-start, ground-start, reverse battery, E&M tie trunk, and OPS interfaces.
- 4. PBX with digital trunks that require decoding encoded analog signals. (T-1, ISDN Basic Rate, and ISDN Primary Rate Interfaces)
- 5. CSU with a T-1 (1.544 Mbps) interface.
- 6. Digital data modem with sub-rate digital interfaces.
- G. Be capable of performing the following core set of tests that are within the scope of accreditation:
- 1. Environmental simulation measurements. Specifically demonstrate ability to perform Type A and Type B surge tests.
 - 2. Leakage current measurements.
 - 3. Hazardous voltage measurements.

- 4. Analog signal power measurements.
 - 5. Digital signal power measurements. 6. Transverse balance measurements.
 - 7. On-hook impedance measurements.
 - 8. Billing protection measurements.
- 9. Hearing aid compatibility measurements. Specifically demonstrate an understanding of magnetic field strength measurements (ANSI/EIA/TIA-RS-504) and acoustics measurements (ANSI/EIA/TIA-579-1991 and ANSI/ EIA/TIA-470-A-1987))

Automatic redialing.

H. Have detailed knowledge for conveying information to FCC required by FCC procedures for telephone terminal equipment.

VII. Clarification of TCB Requirements

TCB Acceptance of Test Data and Sub-Contracting.

A TCB may accept test data from a manufacturer or independent laboratory for purposes of equipment certification. The TCB shall review the test data and must be confident that the product meets the relevant requirements before it approves product. Alternatively, the TCB may perform the required tests itself on a contract basis with the applicant for certification of the product. In such situations, the TCB may subcontract a portion of, or all, the required testing to an independent laboratory. In such cases, the TCB is responsible for all tests performed by the subcontractor and must maintain appropriate oversight of the subcontractor to ensure reliability of the test results. A subcontractor that is accredited to ISO/IEC Guide 25 should not normally require any additional accreditation by the TCB.

TCB Auditing Requirements

In the Report and Order, the Commission noted that ISO/IEC Guide 65 requires a certification body to perform surveillance activities. The Commission did not specify a number or percentage of products that a TCB should test to satisfy this guideline, since our experience has shown that different levels of scrutiny are required for different products to ensure compliance. We will rely on TCBs to use judgment in complying with this guideline. In general, a TCB is expected to test at least several samples each year for the various types of products it certified. The TCB may perform other types of surveillance, provided such activities are no more burdensome than type testing on the grantee of certification. This will provide TCBs some flexibility in determining continuing compliance of products that they certify. If a product fails to comply

with the FCC Rules during the auditing process, the TCB shall immediately notify the grantee and the FCC. A follow-up report shall also be provided to the FCC within 30 days of the action taken by the grantee to correct the situation. The TCB shall also submit to the FCC within 30 days of such a request, reports of surveillance activities carried out by the TCB. A TCB may also be required to test a product certified by the TCB and report its findings to the FCC within 30 days to support compliance investigations.

Records Retention

The TCB shall retain for five years all documentation associated with the approval of a product subject to certification by the Commission.

Multiple Sites

A TCB may be accredited for multiple test sites in accordance with guidelines established by NIST.

Federal Communications Commission.

William F. Caton,

Deputy Secretary. [FR Doc. 99-23165 Filed 9-3-99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6712-01-P

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

[DA 99-1591]

Auction of 929 and 931 MHz Paging Service Spectrum; Report No. AUC-99-26-B (Auction No. 26)

AGENCY: Federal Communications Commission.

ACTION: Public Notice.

SUMMARY: This Public Notice announces the procedures and minimum opening bids for the upcoming Paging 929 and 931 MHz Upper Bands Auction ("Upper Bands Auction"). This document gives auction notice and filing requirements for 2,499 paging upper band licenses scheduled for February 24, 2000 and announces minimum opening bids and other procedural issues. On June 7, 1999, the Wireless Telecommunications Bureau ("Bureau") released a Public Notice seeking comment on the establishment of reserve prices or minimum opening bids for the Upper Bands auction. In addition, the Bureau sought comment on a number of procedures to be used in the Upper Bands auction. The Bureau received four comments and no replies in response to the Paging Upper Bands Public Notice.

DATES: This auction is scheduled for February 24, 2000.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Auctions and Industry Analysis Division: Lisa Hartigan, Operations or Arthur Lechtman, Legal Branch at (202) 418–0660; Bob Reagle, Auctions Analysis at (717) 338–2807.

Commercial Wireless Division: Cynthia Thomas, Policy and Rules Branch (202) 418-7240; Charlene Lagerwerff, Licensing and Technical Analysis Branch (202) 418-1385.

Media Contact: Meribeth McCarrick at (202) 418 - 0654.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This is a summary of a Public Notice released August 12, 1999. The text of the public notice, including all attachments, is available for inspection and copying during normal business hours in the FCC Reference Center (Room CY-A257), 445 12th Street, SW., Washington, DC and also may be purchased from the Commission's copy contractor, International Transcription Services, Inc. (ITS, Inc.), 1231 20th Street, NW. Washington, DC 20036, (202) 857-3800. It is also available on the Commission's website at http://www.fcc.gov.

1. The Upper Band Licenses to Be Auctioned: The licenses available in this auction consist of 12 channels in the 929 MHz band and 37 channels in the 931 MHz band. The following tables contain the Block/Frequency Cross-Reference List for the 929 MHz and 931

MHz bands:

929 MHz Paging Channels

Block	Frequency
License Suffix:	
Α	929.0125
В	929.1125
C	929.2375
D	929.3125
E	929.3875
F	929.4375
G	929.4625
H	929.6375
1	929.6875
J	929.7875
K	929.9125
L	929.9625

931 MHz Paging Channels

Block	Frequency
License Suffix:	
AA	931.0125
AB	931.0375
AC	931.0625
AD	931.0875
AE	931.1125
AF	931.1375
AG	931.1625
AH	931.1875
AI	931.2125
AJ	931.2375
AK	931.2625