Committee operations; (2) handlers are aware of this action which was unanimously recommended by the Committee at a public meeting; and (3) this interim final rule provides a 60-day comment period, and all comments timely received will be considered prior to finalization of this rule.

List of Subjects in 7 CFR Part 955

Marketing agreements, Onions, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

For the reasons set forth in the preamble, 7 CFR part 955 is amended as follows:

PART 955—VIDALIA ONIONS GROWN IN GEORGIA

1. The authority citation for 7 CFR part 955 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 7 U.S.C. 601-674.

2. A new Subpart—Rules and Regulations is added preceding § 955.101 to read as follows:

Subpart—Rules and Regulations

3. A new § 955.113 is added to read as follows:

§ 955.113 Fiscal period.

Pursuant to § 955.13, fiscal period shall mean the period beginning January 1 and ending December 31 of each year, except that the fiscal period that began on September 16, 1998, shall end on December 31, 1999.

Dated: August 30, 1999.

Robert C. Keeney

Deputy Administrator, Fruit and Vegetable Programs.

[FR Doc. 99-23012 Filed 9-2-99: 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3410-02-P

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service

7 CFR Part 301

[Docket No. 98-083-6]

Mediterranean Fruit Fly; Removal of **Quarantined Area**

AGENCY: Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service, USDA.

ACTION: Interim rule and request for

comments.

SUMMARY: We are amending the Mediterranean fruit fly regulations by removing the quarantined area in Orange County, CA, from the list of quarantined areas. The quarantine was necessary to prevent the spread of the Mediterranean fruit fly to noninfested areas of the United States. We have

determined that the Mediterranean fruit fly has been eradicated from this area and that restrictions on the interstate movement of regulated articles from this area are no longer necessary. This action relieves unnecessary restrictions on the interstate movement of regulated articles from this area. As a result of this action, there are no longer any areas in the continental United States quarantined because of the Mediterranean fruit fly.

DATES: This interim rule is effective as of August 27, 1999. We invite you to comment on this docket. We will consider all comments that we receive by November 2, 1999.

ADDRESSES: Please send your comment and three copies to: Docket No. 98-083-6. Regulatory Analysis and Development, PPD, APHIS, Suite 3C03,4700 River Road, Unit 118, Riverdale, MD 20737-1238.

Please state that your comment refers to Docket No. 98-083-6.

You may read any comments that we receive on this docket in our reading room. The reading room is located in room 1141 of the USDA South Building, 14th Street and Independence Avenue, SW., Washington, DC. Normal reading room hours are 8 a.m. to 4:30 p.m., Monday through Friday, except holidays. To be sure someone is there to help you, please call (202) 690-2817 before coming.

APHIS documents published in the Federal Register, and related information, including the names of organizations and individuals who have commented on APHIS rules, are available on the Internet at http:// www.aphis.usda.gov/ppd/rad/ webrepor.html.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Mr. Michael B. Stefan, Operations Officer. Invasive Species and Pest Management, PPQ, APHIS, 4700 River Road Unit 134, Riverdale, MD 20737-1236; (301) 734-8247.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

The Mediterranean fruit fly, Ceratitis capitata (Wiedemann), is one of the world's most destructive pests of numerous fruits and vegetables. The Mediterranean fruit fly (Medfly) can cause serious economic losses. Heavy infestations can cause complete loss of crops, and losses of 25 to 50 percent are not uncommon. The short life cycle of this pest permits the rapid development of serious outbreaks.

The Mediterranean fruit fly regulations (contained in 7 CFR 301.78 through 301.78-10 and referred to below as the regulations) restrict the movement of regulated articles from

quarantined areas to prevent the spread of Medfly to noninfested areas of the United States. Since an initial finding of Medfly in a portion of San Diego County, CA, in August 1998, the quarantined areas in California have included portions of Orange, Riverside, and San Diego Counties.

In an interim rule effective August 13, 1998, and published in the **Federal** Register on August 20, 1998 (63 FR 44539-44541, Docket No. 98-083-1), we added a portion of San Diego County, CA, to the list of quarantined areas. In a second interim rule effective August 14, 1998, and published in the **Federal** Register on August 21, 1998 (63 FR 44774-44776, Docket No. 98-083-2), we added a portion of Orange County, CA, to the list of quarantined areas. In a third interim rule effective November 24, 1998, and published in the Federal Register on December 1, 1998 (63 FR 65999-66001, Docket No. 98-083-3), we added an area in Riverside and Orange Counties, CA, to the list of quarantined areas. In a fourth interim rule effective June 1, 1999, and published in the Federal Register on June 7, 1999 (64 FR 30213-30214, Docket No. 98-083-4), we removed a portion of San Diego County, CA, from the list of quarantined areas. In a fifth interim rule effective August 16, 1999, and published in the **Federal** Register on August 23, 1999 (64 FR 45859-45860, Docket No. 98-083-5), we removed a portion of Riverside and Orange Counties, CA, from the list of quarantined areas.

We have determined, based on trapping surveys conducted by the Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service (APHIS) and California State and county inspectors, that the Medfly has been eradicated from the quarantined area in Orange County, CA. The last finding of Medfly thought to be associated with the infestation in that portion of Orange County, CA, was October 27, 1998. Since that time, no evidence of infestation has been found in this area. We are, therefore, removing that portion of Orange County, CA, from the list of areas in § 301.78–3(c) quarantined because of the Medfly. As a result of this action, there are no longer any areas in the continental United States quarantined because of the Medfly.

Immediate Action

The Administrator of the Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service has determined that there is good cause for publishing this interim rule without prior opportunity for public comment. The portion of Orange County, CA,

affected by this document was quarantined to prevent the Medfly from spreading to noninfested areas of the United States. Because the Medfly has been eradicated from this area, and because the continued quarantined status of that portion of Orange County, CA, would impose unnecessary regulatory restrictions on the public, immediate action is warranted to relieve restrictions.

Because prior notice and other public procedures with respect to this action are impracticable and contrary to the public interest under these conditions, we find good cause under 5 U.S.C. 553 to make this action effective less than 30 days after publication in the Federal **Register**. We will consider comments that are received within 60 days of publication of this rule in the **Federal Register**. After the comment period closes, we will publish another document in the Federal Register. The document will include a discussion of any comments we receive and any amendments we are making to the rule as a result of the comments.

Executive Order 12866 and Regulatory Flexibility Act

This rule has been reviewed under Executive Order 12866. For this action, the Office of Management and Budget has waived its review process required by Executive Order 12866.

This interim rule amends the Medfly regulations by removing a portion of Orange County, CA, from quarantine for Medfly. This action affects the interstate movement of regulated articles from this area. We estimate that there are 77 entities in the quarantined area of Orange County, CA, that sell, process, handle, or move regulated articles; this estimate includes 55 fruit sellers, 12 growers, and 10 nurseries. The number of these entities that meet the U.S. Small Business Administration's (SBA) definition of a small entity is unknown, since the information needed to make that determination (i.e., each entity's gross receipts or number of employees) is not currently available. However, it is reasonable to assume that most of the 77 entities are small in size, since the overwhelming majority of businesses in California, as well as the rest of the United States, are small entities by SBA

The effect of this action on small entities should be minimally positive, as they will no longer be required to treat articles to be moved interstate for Medfly.

Therefore, termination of the quarantine of that portion of Orange County, CA, should have a minimal economic effect on the small entities operating in this area. We anticipate that the economic effect of lifting the quarantine, though positive, will be no more significant than was the minimal effect of its imposition.

Under these circumstances, the Administrator of the Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service has determined that this action will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities.

Executive Order 12372

This program/activity is listed in the Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance under No. 10.025 and is subject to Executive Order 12372, which requires intergovernmental consultation with State and local officials. (See 7 CFR part 3015, subpart V.)

Executive Order 12988

This rule has been reviewed under Executive Order 12988, Civil Justice Reform. This rule: (1) Preempts all State and local laws and regulations that are inconsistent with this rule; (2) has no retroactive effect; and (3) does not require administrative proceedings before parties may file suit in court challenging this rule.

Paperwork Reduction Act

This rule contains no information collection or recordkeeping requirements under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3501 *et seq.*).

List of Subjects in 7 CFR Part 301

Agricultural commodities, Plant diseases and pests, Quarantine, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Transportation.

Accordingly, we are amending 7 CFR part 301 as follows:

PART 301—DOMESTIC QUARANTINE NOTICES

1. The authority citation for part 301 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 7 U.S.C. 147a, 150bb, 150dd, 150ee, 150ff, 161, 162, and 164–167; 7 CFR 2.22, 2.80, and 371.2(c).

2. In § 301.78–3, paragraph (c) is revised to read as follows:

§ 301.78–3 Quarantined areas.

* * * * *

(c) There are no areas in the continental United States quarantined because of the Mediterranean fruit fly.

Done in Washington, DC, this 27th day of August 1999.

Bobby R. Acord,

Acting Administrator, Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service. [FR Doc. 99–23011 Filed 9–2–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3410–34–P

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Food and Nutrition Service

7 CFR Parts 272 and 273

[Amt. No. 379]

RIN Number: 0584-AC63

Food Stamp Program: Food Stamp Provisions of the Balanced Budget Act of 1997

AGENCY: Food and Nutrition Service,

USDA.

ACTION: Interim rule.

SUMMARY: This rule will implement two food stamp provisions of the Balanced Budget Act of 1997. The first provision provides State agencies the authority to exempt from the food stamp time-limit at section 6(o)(2) of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 up to 15 percent of the State's caseload that is subject to the requirement. The second provision provides additional funding for administration of Food Stamp Employment and Training programs. These two provisions enhance State flexibility in exempting portions of a State agency's caseload from the food stamp time limit and increase significantly the funding available to create work opportunities for recipients that are subject to the time limit.

DATES: This rule is effective November 2, 1999. Comments must be received by November 2, 1999, in order to be assured of consideration.

ADDRESSES: Comments concerning this interim rule should be submitted to John Knaus, Branch Chief, Program Development Division, Food Stamp Program, Food and Nutrition Service, USDA, 3101 Park Center Drive, Alexandria, Virginia 22302; telephone: (703) 305-2519. Comments may also be datafaxed to the attention of Mr. Knaus at (703) 305–2486 or sent electronically through the internet to: John_Knaus@FNS.USDA.GOV. All written comments will be open for public inspection at the office of the Food and Nutrition Service during regular business hours (8:30 a.m. to 5 p.m., Monday through Friday) at 3101 Park Center Drive, Alexandria, Virginia, 22302, Room 720.