from Hulcher. All comments received before the close of business on the comment closing date indicated at the beginning of this notice will be considered and will be available for examination in the docket at the location listed under the address section of this notice. Comments received after the comment closing date will be filed in the public docket and will be considered to the extent practicable, but the FHWA may deny the exemption at any time after the close of the comment period. In addition to late comments, the FHWA will also continue to file, in the public docket, relevant information that becomes available after the comment closing date. Interested persons should continue to examine the public docket for new material.

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 31136 and 31315; and 49 CFR 1.48.

Issued on: July 22, 1999.

Kenneth R. Wykle,

Federal Highway Administrator. [FR Doc. 99–19463 Filed 7–29–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910–22–P

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Surface Transportation Board

[STB Finance Docket No. 33784]

Penn Virginia Corporation— Continuance in Control Exemption— Kanawha Rail Corp.

Penn Virginia Corporation (Penn Virginia) has filed a notice of exemption to continue in control of the Kanawha Rail Corp. (Kanawha),¹ upon Kanawha's becoming a Class III railroad.

The transaction is scheduled to be consummated on July 29, 1999, the effective date of the exemption (7 days after the notice of exemption was filed).

This transaction is related to STB Finance Docket No. 33783, *Kanawha Rail Corp.—Acquisition and Operation Exemption—Winifrede Railroad Company*, wherein Kanawha seeks to acquire and operate approximately 6.47 miles of rail line together with associated rail properties from the Winifrede Railroad Company.

Penn Virginia indirectly exercises control over the Powell River Railroad Company (PRR). PRR is wholly owned by the Powell River Railroad Corporation (PRCC). PRCC, in turn, is wholly owned by Penn Virginia.

Penn Virginia states that: (i) the rail line to be operated by Kanawha does not connect with the PRR (the only other railroad controlled by Penn Virginia); (ii) the transaction is not part of a series of anticipated transactions that would connect Kanawha with the PRR; and (iii) the transaction does not involve a Class I carrier. Therefore, the transaction is exempt from the prior approval requirements of 49 U.S.C. 11323. *See* 49 CFR 1180.2(d)(2).

Under 49 U.S.C. 10502(g), the Board may not use its exemption authority to relieve a rail carrier of its statutory obligation to protect the interests of its employees. Section 11326(c), however, does not provide for labor protection for transactions under sections 11324 and 11325 that involve only Class III rail carriers. Because this transaction involves Class III rail carriers only, the Board, under the statute, may not impose labor protective conditions for this transaction.

If the notice contains false or misleading information, the exemption is void *ab initio*. Petitions to revoke the exemption under 49 U.S.C. 10502(d) may be filed at any time. The filing of a petition to revoke will not automatically stay the transaction.

An original and 10 copies of all pleadings, referring to STB Finance Docket No. 33784, must be filed with the Surface Transportation Board, Office of the Secretary, Case Control Unit, 1925 K Street, N.W., Washington, DC 20423– 0001. In addition, a copy of each pleading must be served on Kelvin J. Dowd, Esq., Slover & Loftus, 1224 Seventeenth Street, N.W., Washington, DC 20036.

Board decisions and notices are available on our website at "WWW.STB.DOT.GOV."

Decided: July 23, 1999. By the Board, David M. Konschnik, Director, Office of Proceedings.

Vernon A. Williams,

Secretary.

[FR Doc. 99–19560 Filed 7–29–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4915–00–P

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Surface Transportation Board

[STB Finance Docket No. 33783]

Kanawha Rail Corp.—Acquisition and Operation Exemption—Winifrede Railroad Company

Kanawha Rail Corp. (Kanawha),¹ a noncarrier, has filed a verified notice of exemption under 49 CFR 1150.31 to acquire from Winifrede Railroad Company and operate approximately 6.47 miles of rail trackage in Kanawha County, WV (subject line), together with associated rail properties. The subject line extends from its northern terminus at an interchange with CSX Transportation, Inc., at CSX Station 670+30, south along Fields Creek, in Cabin Creek District, to its southern terminus.

Kanawha reports that it intends to consummate the transaction upon the effective date of the exemption. The earliest the transaction can be consummated is July 29, 1999 (7 days after the exemption was filed).

This transaction is related to STB Finance Docket No. 33784, Penn Virginia Corporation—Continuance in Control Exemption—Kanawha Rail Corp., wherein Penn Virginia Corporation has concurrently filed a verified notice to continue in control of Kanawha upon its becoming a Class III rail carrier.

If the verified notice contains false or misleading information, the exemption is void *ab initio*. Petitions to reopen the proceeding to revoke the exemption under 49 U.S.C. 10502(d) may be filed at any time. The filing of a petition to revoke will not automatically stay the transaction.

An original and 10 copies of all pleadings, referring to STB Finance Docket No. 33783, must be filed with the Surface Transportation Board, Office of the Secretary, Case Control Unit, 1925 K Street, N.W., Washington, DC 20423– 0001. In addition, a copy of each pleading must be served on Kelvin J. Dowd, Esq., Slover & Loftus, 1224 Seventeenth Street, N.W., Washington, DC 20036.

Board decisions and notices are available on our website at "WWW.STB.DOT.GOV."

Decided: July 23, 1999. By the Board, David M. Konschnik, Director, Office of Proceedings.

Vernon A. Williams,

Secretary.

[FR Doc. 99–19559 Filed 7–29–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4915–00–P

DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY

General Counsel Designation No. 241; Appointment of Members to the Legal Division Performance Review Board

Under the authority granted to me as General Counsel of the Department of the Treasury by 31 U.S.C. 301 and 26 U.S.C. 7801, Treasury Department Order No. 101–5 (Revised), and pursuant to the Civil Service Reform Act, I hereby appoint the following individuals to the Legal Division Performance Review Board:

¹Kanawha was formerly known as Penn Virginia Resources Marketing Corporation.

¹Kanawha was formerly known as Penn Virginia Resources Marketing Corporation.

- (1) For the General Counsel Panel— Kenneth R. Schmalzbach, Acting
- Deputy General Counsel, who shall serve as Chairperson
- Roberta K. McInerney, Assistant General Counsel (Banking & Finance);
- Stephen J. McHale, Assistant General Counsel (Enforcement);
- Russell L. Munk, Assistant General Counsel (International Affairs);
- Rochelle F. Granat, Acting Assistant General Counsel (General Law & Ethics);
- Francine J. Kerner, Deputy Assistant General Counsel (Enforcement);
- Marilyn L. Muench, Deputy Assistant General Counsel (International Affairs);
- Eleni Constantine, Deputy Assistant
- General Counsel (Banking & Finance); John J. Manfreda, Chief Counsel, Bureau
- of Alcohol, Tobacco & Firearms; Elizabeth B. Anderson, Chief Counsel,
- United States Customs Service; and Walter Eccard, Chief Counsel, Bureau of Public Debt.

(2) For the Internal Revenue Service Panel—

Chairperson, Deputy Chief Counsel, IRS; Deputy General Counsel;

Two Associate Chief Counsel, IRS; and

Two Regional Counsel, IRS.

I hereby delegate to the Chief Counsel of the Internal Revenue Service the authority to make the appointments to the IRS Panel specified in this Designation and to make the publication of the IRS Panel as required by 5 U.S.C. 4314(c)(4).

Neal S. Wolin,

Acting General Counsel. [FR Doc. 99–19485 Filed 7–29–99; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4810-25-M

DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY

Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms

[Notice No. 878]

The Department of the Treasury's Odor Recognition Proficiency Standard for Explosives Detection Canines (99R– 235P)

AGENCY: Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms (ATF), Department of the Treasury.

ACTION: Notice of availability.

SUMMARY: The Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms (ATF) is announcing the availability of the Department of the Treasury's Odor Recognition Proficiency Standard for Explosives Detection Canines. The standard has been revised using solicited input and recommendations from other Federal law enforcement agencies that use explosives detection canines. A copy of the standard is available to all interested persons. **ADDRESSES:** To receive a copy of the Department of the Treasury's Odor Recognition Proficiency Standard, send a written request, on official law enforcement or government letterhead, to: Chief, Canine Operations Branch, Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms, 650 Massachusetts Avenue, NW., Room 5100, Washington, DC 20226.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Rhonda Bokorney, Chief, Canine Operations Branch, Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms, 650 Massachusetts Avenue, NW., Washington, DC 20226 (202–927–8680). SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

On September 30, 1996, the Omnibus Consolidated Appropriations Act of 1997, Public Law 104–208, authorized the Secretary of the Treasury to establish a standard for explosives detection canines. Section 653(a) of the Act provides the following:

Authoritzation.—The Secretary of the Treasury is authorized to establish scientific certification standards for explosives detection canines, and shall provide, on a reimbursable basis, for the certification of explosives detection canines employed by Federal agencies, or other agencies providing explosives detection services at airports in the United States.

The Secretary of the Treasury requested the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms (ATF) to develop the standard. On September 29, 1997, we published in the **Federal Register** a notice announcing the establishment of an odor recognition proficiency standard for explosives detection canines (Notice No. 97–101; 62 FR 50982). The standard included a minimum odor recognition proficiency test which could be used by agencies that use detection canines. Copies of the odor recognition proficiency standard were available to all interested persons. In Notice No. 97–101, we also stated

In Notice No. 97–101, we also stated that the established odor recognition proficiency standard would be further tested and validated. Prior to its being scientifically validated, the standard was revised using solicited input and recommendations from other Federal law enforcement agencies that use explosives detection canines.

From May 28, 1998, through February 1999, the Oak Ridge National Laboratory, managed by Lockheed Martin Energy Research Corporation for the U.S. Department of Energy, conducted an independent assessment of the validity of the odor recognition proficiency standard. On march 10, 1999, the Laboratory issued a final report that concluded the standard and test are valid for the measure of the proficiency for detecting explosives odors at the recognition and alerting phase of training.

A copy of the revised Department of the Treasury's Odor Recognition Proficiency Standard is available to law enforcement and government agencies.

Authority and Issuance: This notice is issued under the authority in Sec. 653, Pub. L. 104–208, 110 Stat. 3009.

Signed: July 23, 1999.

John W. Magaw,

Director.

[FR Doc. 99–19520 Filed 7–29–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4810–31–M

UNITED STATES INFORMATION AGENCY

Notice: Culturally Significant Objects Imported for Exhibition Determinations

AGENCY: United States Information Agency.

SUBJECT: Culturally significant objects imported for exhibition determinations.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: Notice is hereby given of the following determinations: Pursuant to the authority vested in me by the Act of October 19, 1965 (79 Stat. 985, 22 U.S.C. 2459), Executive Order 12047 of March 27, 1978 (43 FR 13359, March 29, 1978), and Delegation Order No. 85-5 of June 27, 1985 (50 FR 27393, July 2, 1985). I hereby determine that the objects to be included in the exhibit "The Golden Age of Chinese Archaeology Celebrated Discoveries from the People's Republic of China" imported from abroad for temporary exhibition without profit within the United States, is of cultural significance. These objects are imported from abroad for temporary exhibition without profit within the United States, is of cultural significance. These objects are imported pursuant to a loan agreement with the foreign lender. I also determine that the exhibition or display of the listed exhibit objects at the National Gallery of Art, Washington, DC from on or about September 19, 1999, to on or about January 2, 2000; at the Museum of Fine Arts, Houston TX, from on or about February 13, 2000 to May 7, 2000; and at the Asian Art Museum of San Francisco, San Francisco, CA, from on or about June 17, 2000, to on or about September 11, 2000, is in the national interest. Public Notice of these determinations is ordered to be published in the Federal Register.