solvent recovery systems must submit a request for approval of the control device to EPA. The General Provisions also require that an affected source with an initial startup date before the effective date of the relevant standard under Part 63 submit a one-time initial notification. This notification must be submitted one year before the compliance deadline. For sources constructed or reconstructed after the effective date of the relevant standard, the General Provisions require that the source submit an application for approval of construction or reconstruction. The application is required to contain information on the air pollution control device that will be used for each potential HAP emission point. The information in the initial notification and the application for construction or reconstruction will enable enforcement personnel to identify the sources subject to the standards and to identify those sources that are already in compliance.

The General Provisions also require that affected sources submit a notification of compliance status. This notification must be signed by a responsible company official who certifies its accuracy and certifies that the source has complied with the relevant standards. Performance test results also are included in the compliance status report. The notification of compliance status must be submitted within 60 days after the compliance date for the affected source.

In addition, affected sources demonstrating compliance through the operation of continuous monitoring systems (CMS) are required by the General Provisions to conduct a performance evaluation of the CMS. A report of the performance evaluation results is required to be submitted to EPA. Respondents operating a control device who do not operate a continuous emissions monitoring system must monitor incinerator temperatures as well as a parameter representing the performance of the capture system. Excess emissions and CMS performance reports documenting excess emissions and parameter monitoring exceedances are also required to be submitted to the Agency semiannually.

Respondents operating solvent recovery systems who do not operate a continuous emissions monitoring system must conduct monthly material balances and keep records of these material balances as well as organic HAP and volatile matter usage. Respondents complying with the regulation through the use of low HAP materials , or through the use of a control device in combination with low HAP materials must keep records of monthly HAP use, materials use, and solids contents of materials applied. HAP use reports are required annually by sources using the provisions of the rule to establish area source status.

The General Provisions require owners or operators that comply by means of control devices to develop startup, shutdown, and malfunction plans, documenting procedures that will be followed in the case of these events. Startup, shutdown and malfunction reports also are required to be submitted, demonstrating the actions taken by an owner or operator in the event of a startup, shutdown, or malfunction. When actions taken are consistent with the plan, reports are required semiannually. When actions taken are inconsistent with the plan, reports must be submitted within two working days.

All reports and records must comply with the General Provisions for 40 CFR part 63. All records must be maintained by the affected source for a period of 5 years. The information collected will be used by the Administrator to determine that all sources subject to the NESHAP are achieving the standards.

All requests, applications, and reports are submitted to the respondent's State agency, if it has an approved title V permit program implementation authority. Otherwise, this information is submitted to the appropriate Regional Office of the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) as indicated in section 63.13 of the General Provisions.

An agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number. The OMB control numbers for EPA's regulations are listed in 40 CFR part 9 and 48 CFR Chapter 15. The EPA would like to solicit comments to:

(i) Evaluate whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information will have practical utility;

(ii) Evaluate the accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used;

(iii) Enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and

(iv) Minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including through the use of appropriate automated electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology, e.g.; permitting electronic submission of responses.

Burden statement: The average annual burden hours for each respondent is as follows: Performance testing, notification and reporting is 282 hours, CMS testing and installing is 500 hours, CMS maintenance, records, and reporting is 398 hours, and all other reporting and recordkeeping is 325 hours. There are 180 affected facilities. Because the performance testing and CMS testing and installation may be a one time occurrence and because the ''other recordkeeping'' category includes hours that would only be used if the facility is not using a CMS, the hours are not totaled into one value. The average total annual cost for reporting for the first three years is $9186.00 per facility. Total annualized capital/startup costs for monitoring equipment purchases to comply with this rule are estimated at $20,000 per respondent using CMS. Costs for operation and maintenance of this equipment are estimated at $9,000 per year per respondent for the first three years after promulgation.

Burden means the total time, effort, or financial resources expended by persons to generate, maintain, retain, or disclose or provide information to or for a Federal agency. This includes the time needed to review instructions; develop, acquire, install, and utilize technology and systems for the purposed of collecting, validating, and verifying information, processing and maintaining information, and disclosing and providing information; adjust the existing ways to comply with any previously applicable instructions and requirements; train personnel to be able to respond to a collection of information; search data sources; complete and review the collection of information; and transmit or otherwise disclose the information.

Dated: July 22, 1999.

Elliott Gilberg,

Division Director, CCSMD, OC.

[FR Doc. 99–19438 Filed 7–28–99; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560–50–P

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

[FRL–6409–5]

Accidental Release Prevention Requirements: Risk Management Programs Under Section 112(r)(7) of the Clean Air Act as Amended; Confidential Business Information

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Notice of intent to disclose information.

SUMMARY: The purpose of this document is to inform submitters of risk management plans (RMPs) containing information claimed or designated as confidential business information (CBI) that EPA will be distributing RMPs, including the confidential information they may contain, to another federal agency, the Chemical Safety and Hazard Investigation Board (the ''Chemical Safety Board'' (CSB) or ''Board''), according to the requirements of 40 CFR 2.209(c).

DATES: RMPs, including the CBI they may contain, will be distributed to the CSB 10 days after publication of this document in the **Federal Register**.

ADDRESSES: Comments or questions on this document should be mailed or submitted to the address noted in the following **FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT** section.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Dorothy McManus, Chemical Emergency Preparedness and Prevention Office, Environmental Protection Agency, 401 M St. SW (5104), Washington, DC 20460, (202) 260–8606.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Section 112(r) of the Clean Air Act (CAA) establishes a program for the prevention and mitigation of accidental releases of extremely hazardous substances at chemical plants and other stationary sources. As required by section 112(r)(7)(B), EPA has issued regulations (40 CFR part 68) requiring sources with more than a threshold quantity of extremely hazardous substances listed by EPA to develop and implement a risk management program and submit a RMP describing that program to the Agency. Under section 112(r)(7)(B)(iii), all RMPs must also be submitted to the Chemical Safety and Hazard Investigation Board. The Board is an independent federal agency established under section 112(r)(6) of the CAA to investigate serious accidental releases of extremely hazardous substances and to take other specified actions regarding the prevention of accidental releases.

EPA established procedures for claiming, substantiating, and protecting CBI in submitted RMPs in Accidental Release Prevention Requirements; Risk Management Programs Under Clean Air Act Section 112(r)(7), Amendments; Final Rule (see 64 FR 964, January 6, 1999). Further, EPA stated in the preamble of that rule that any information claimed or designated as CBI in RMPs will be provided to the CSB in accordance with EPA's existing CBI regulations at 40 CFR 2.209(c), Disclosure to other Federal agencies (see 64 FR 964, January 6, 1999). Under that provision, ''EPA may disclose business information to another Federal agency if—(1) EPA receives a written request for disclosures of the information from a duly authorized officer or employee of the other agency * * * (2) The request * * * sets forth the official purpose for which the information is needed; and (3) When the information has been claimed as confidential or has been determined to be confidential, the responsible EPA office provides notice to each affected business of the type of information to be disclosed and to whom it is to be disclosed. At the discretion of the office, such notice may be given by notice published in the **Federal Register** at least 10 days prior to disclosure * * *''

EPA and the CSB entered into a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) in March of this year. The MOU notes that CSB has responsibilities under section 112(r)(6) of the CAA with respect to risk management plans (RMPs) submitted pursuant to EPA's regulations implementing section 112(r)(7) of the CAA. In order to fulfill its responsibilities, the CSB needs to have access to all submitted RMPs, including any information contained in RMPs that is claimed or designated as CBI. In accordance with the terms of 40 CFR 2.209(c), the CSB in the MOU indicated its need for access to all RMPs, including any CBI in RMPs. In the MOU, EPA indicated it would notify RMP submitters via a **Federal Register** document that it will provide the CSB with access to all RMPs, including any CBI in RMPs. In addition, with respect to submitted RMPs, EPA will advise the CSB of any unresolved business confidentiality claims and any determinations that information is entitled to confidential treatment. Further, the CSB will protect from disclosure any information in RMPs that is subject to an unresolved business confidentiality claim or that has been designated by EPA as CBI.

Given the foregoing, this **Federal Register** document serves to notify owners or operators of sources covered by the risk management program that all submitted RMPs, including any CBI in RMPs, will be disclosed by EPA to the CSB.

Jim Makris,

Director, Chemical Emergency Preparedness and Prevention Office.

[FR Doc. 99–19436 Filed 7–28–99; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560–50–P

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

[PF–884; FRL–6095–6]

Notice of Filing a Pesticide Petition to Establish a Tolerance for Certain Pesticide Chemicals in or on Food

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: This notice announces the initial filing of a pesticide petition proposing the establishment of regulations for residues of certain pesticide chemicals in or on various food commodities.

DATES: Comments, identified by docket control number PF–884, must be received on or before August 30, 1999.

ADDRESSES: Comments may be submitted by mail, electronically, or in person. Please follow the detailed instructions for each method as provided in Unit I.C. of the ''SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION'' section. To ensure proper receipt by EPA, it is imperative that you identify docket control number PF–884 in the subject line on the first page of your response.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: By mail: Thomas Harris, Insecticide-Rodenticide Branch, Registration Division (7505C), Office of Pesticide Programs, Environmental Protection Agency, 401 M St., SW., Washington, DC 20460; telephone number: (703) 308–9423; and e-mail address: harris.thomas@epa.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. General Information

A. Does this Action Apply to Me?

You may be affected by this action if you are an agricultural producer, food manufacturer or pesticide manufacturer. Potentially affected categories and entities may include, but are not limited to:

Categories	NAICS	Examples of potentially affected entities
Industry	111	Crop production
	112	Animal production
	311	Food manufacturing
	32532	Pesticide manufacturing

This listing is not intended to be exhaustive, but rather provides a guide for readers regarding entities likely to be affected by this action. Other types of entities not listed in the table could also