for Admission). These items are completed by individuals wishing to be admitted as students to the U.S. Merchant Marine Academy and are reviewed by staff members of the Academy.

Need and Use of the Information: The collected information is necessary to select the best qualified candidates for the U. S. Merchant Marine Academy.

Description of Respondents: Individuals desiring to become students at the U.S. Merchant Marine Academy.

Annual Responses: 2500 Annual Burden: 5 hours

Comments: Comments should refer to the docket number that appears at the top of this document. Written comments maybe submitted to the Docket Clerk, U.S. DOT Dockets, Room PL-401, 400 Seventh Street, SW, Washington, DC 20590. Comments may also be submitted by electronic means via the Internet at http://dmses.dot.gov/submit. Specifically, address whether this information collection is necessary for proper performance of the function of the agency and will have practical utility, accuracy, of the burden estimates, ways to minimize this burden, and ways to enhance quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected. All comments received will be available for examination at the above address between 10 a.m. and 5 p.m. ET, Monday through Friday, except Federal Holidays. An electronic version of this document is available on the World Wide Web at http://dms.dot.gov.

Dated: July 1, 1999.

By Order of the Maritime Administrator. **Joel C. Richard**,

Secretary.

[FR Doc. 99–17200 Filed 7–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910–18–P

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

National Highway Traffic Safety Administration

[Docket No. NHTSA-99-5914]

Decision That Nonconforming 1991– 1998 Honda VT600 Motorcycles Are Eligible for Importation

AGENCY: National Highway Traffic Safety Administration (NHTSA), DOT. ACTION: Notice of decision by NHTSA that nonconforming 1991–1998 Honda VT600 motorcycles are eligible for importation.

SUMMARY: This document announces the decision by NHTSA that 1991–1998 Honda VT600 motorcycles not originally manufactured to comply with

all applicable Federal motor vehicle safety standards are eligible for importation into the United States because they are substantially similar to vehicles originally manufactured for importation into and sale in the United States and certified by their manufacturer as complying with the safety standards (the U.S. certified version of the 1991–1998 Honda VT600), and they are capable of being readily altered to conform to the standards.

DATES: This decision is effective July 7, 1999.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: George Entwistle, Office of Vehicle Safety Compliance, NHTSA (202–366– 5306).

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

Under 49 U.S.C. 30141(a)(1)(A), a motor vehicle that was not originally manufactured to conform to all applicable Federal motor vehicle safety standards shall be refused admission into the United States unless NHTSA has decided that the motor vehicle is substantially similar to a motor vehicle originally manufactured for importation into and sale in the United States, certified under 49 U.S.C. 30115, and of the same model year as the model of the motor vehicle to be compared, and is capable of being readily altered to conform to all applicable Federal motor vehicle safety standards.

Petitions for eligibility decisions may be submitted by either manufacturers or importers who have registered with NHTSA pursuant to 49 CFR part 592. As specified in 49 CFR 593.7, NHTSA publishes notice in the Federal Register of each petition that it receives, and affords interested persons an opportunity to comment on the petition. At the close of the comment period, NHTSA decides, on the basis of the petition and any comments that it has received, whether the vehicle is eligible for importation. The agency then publishes this decision in the Federal Register.

Champagne Imports, Inc. of Lansdale, Pennsylvania ("Champagne") (Registered Importer 90–009) petitioned NHTSA to decide whether 1991–1998 Honda VT600 motorcycles are eligible for importation into the United States. NHTSA published notice of the petition under Docket No. NHTSA–98–4864 on Wednesday, December 16, 1998 (63 FR 69357) to afford an opportunity for public comment. The reader is referred to that notice for a thorough description of the petition.

One comment was received in response to the notice of the petition, from American Honda Motor Co., Inc. ("Honda"), the United States representative of the vehicles manufacturer. In this comment, Honda stated that the headlights on non-U.S. certified 1991-1998 Honda VT600 motorcycles do not conform to Federal Motor Vehicle Safety Standard No. 108, Lamps, Reflective Devices, and Associated Equipment, because they have an asymmetrical beam for right hand traffic. Honda also stated that vehicle identification numbers assigned to non-U.S. certified 1991-1998 Honda VT600 motorcycles contain only eleven digits, and therefore do not conform to the requirements of 49 CFR part 565.

NHTSA accorded Champagne an opportunity to respond to Honda's comment. In its response, Champagne stated that it will modify the headlights on non-U.S. certified 1991–1998 Honda VT600 motorcycles to comply with Standard No. 108. Additionally, Champagne stated that it will address the vehicle identification number issue raised by Honda by utilizing the eleven digit VIN assigned by the original manufacturer of the vehicles as a substitute for the U.S. VIN, as permitted by 49 CFR 565.5(a).

NHTSA believes that Champagne's response adequately addresses the issues that Honda has raised regarding the petition. NHTSA further notes that Honda has not contended that non-U.S. certified 1991-1998 Honda VT600 motorcycles are incapable of being readily altered to comply with applicable motor vehicle safety standards, and that the modifications described by Champagne, which have been performed with relative ease on thousands of motor vehicles imported over the years, would not preclude non-U.S. certified 1991–1998 Honda VT600 motorcycles from being found capable of being so altered.

NHTSA has accordingly decided to grant the petition.

Vehicle Eligibility Number for Subject Vehicles

The importer of a vehicle admissible under any final decision must indicate on the form HS-7 accompanying entry the appropriate vehicle eligibility number indicating that the vehicle is eligible for entry. VSP-294 is the vehicle eligibility number assigned to vehicles admissible under this notice of final decision.

Final Decision

Accordingly, on the basis of the foregoing, NHTSA hereby decides that non-U.S. certified 1991–1998 Honda

VT600 motorcycles are substantially similar to 1991–1998 Honda VT600 motorcycles originally manufactured for importation into and sale in the United States and certified under 49 U.S.C. 30115, and are capable of being readily altered to conform to all applicable Federal motor vehicle safety standards.

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 30141(a)(1)(A) and (b)(1); 49 CFR 593.8; delegations of authority at 49 CFR 1.50 and 501.8.

Issued on: July 1, 1999.

Marilynne Jacobs,

Director, Office of Vehicle Safety Compliance. [FR Doc. 99–17164 Filed 7–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910–59–P

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

National Highway Traffic Safety Administration

[Docket No. NHTSA-99-5913]

Receipt of Petition for Decision that Nonconforming 1993 Mercedes-Benz 320CE Passenger Cars Are Eligible for Importation

AGENCY: National Highway Traffic Safety Administration, DOT

ACTION: Notice of receipt of petition for decision that nonconforming 1993 Mercedes-Benz 320CE passenger cars are eligible for importation.

SUMMARY: This document announces receipt by the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration (NHTSA) of a petition for a decision that 1993 Mercedes-Benz 320CE passenger cars that were not originally manufactured to comply with all applicable Federal motor vehicle safety standards are eligible for importation into the United States because (1) they are substantially similar to vehicles that were originally manufactured for importation into and sale in the United States and that were certified by their manufacturer as complying with the safety standards, and (2) they are capable of being readily altered to conform to the standards.

DATES: The closing date for comments on the petition is August 6, 1999.

ADDRESSES: Comments should refer to the docket number and notice number, and be submitted to: Docket Management, Room PL-401, 400 Seventh St., SW, Washington, DC 20590. (Docket hours are from 9 am to 5 pm).

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: George Entwistle, Office of Vehicle Safety Compliance, NHTSA (202–366– 5306).

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

Under 49 U.S.C. 30141(a)(1)(A), a motor vehicle that was not originally manufactured to conform to all applicable Federal motor vehicle safety standards shall be refused admission into the United States unless NHTSA has decided that the motor vehicle is substantially similar to a motor vehicle originally manufactured for importation into and sale in the United States, certified under 49 U.S.C. 30115, and of the same model year as the model of the motor vehicle to be compared, and is capable of being readily altered to conform to all applicable Federal motor vehicle safety standards.

Petitions for eligibility decisions may be submitted by either manufacturers or importers who have registered with NHTSA pursuant to 49 CFR part 592. As specified in 49 CFR 593.7, NHTSA publishes notice in the **Federal Register** of each petition that it receives, and affords interested persons an opportunity to comment on the petition. At the close of the comment period, NHTSA decides, on the basis of the petition and any comments that it has received, whether the vehicle is eligible for importation. The agency then publishes this decision in the Federal Register.

Wallace Environmental Testing Laboratories, Inc. of Houston, Texas ("Wallace") (Registered Importer 90–005) has petitioned NHTSA to decide whether 1993 Mercedes-Benz 320CE passenger cars are eligible for importation into the United States. The vehicles which Wallace believes are substantially similar are 1993 Mercedes-Benz 300CE passenger cars that were manufactured for importation into, and sale in, the United States and certified by their manufacturer, Daimler Benz, A.G., as conforming to all applicable Federal motor vehicle safety standards.

The petitioner claims that it carefully compared the 1993 Mercedes-Benz 320CE to the 1993 Mercedes-Benz 300CE, and found the two vehicles to be substantially similar with respect to compliance with most Federal motor vehicle safety standards.

Wallace submitted information with its petition intended to demonstrate that the 1993 Mercedes-Benz 320CE, as originally manufactured, conforms to many Federal motor vehicle safety standards in the same manner as the 1993 Mercedes-Benz 300CE, or is capable of being readily altered to conform to those standards.

Specifically, the petitioner claims that the 1993 Mercedes-Benz 320CE is identical to the 1993 Mercedes-Benz 300CE with respect to compliance with Standard Nos. 102 Transmission Shift Lever Sequence, 103 Defrosting and Defogging Systems, 104 Windshield Wiping and Washing Systems, 105 Hydraulic Brake Systems, 106 Brake Hoses, 109 New Pneumatic Tires, 113 Hood Latch Systems, 116 Brake Fluid, 118 Power Window Systems, 124 Accelerator Control Systems, 201 Occupant Protection in Interior Impact, 202 Head Restraints, 204 Steering Control Rearward Displacement, 205 Glazing Materials, 206 Door Locks and Door Retention Components, 207 Seating Systems, 209 Seat Belt Assemblies, 210 Seat Belt Assembly Anchorages, 212 Windshield Retention, 216 Roof Crush Resistance, 219 Windshield Zone Intrusion, and 302 Flammability of Interior Materials.

Additionally, the petitioner states that the 1993 Mercedes-Benz 320CE complies with the Bumper Standard found in 49 CFR Part 581.

Petitioner also contends that the vehicle is capable of being readily altered to meet the following standards, in the manner indicated:

Standard No. 101 *Controls and Displays:* (a) substitution of a lens marked "Brake" for a lens with an ECE symbol on the brake failure indicator lamp; (b) replacement of the speedometer/odometer with one calibrated in miles per hour.

Standard No. 108 Lamps, Reflective Devices and Associated Equipment: (a) Installation of U.S.-model headlight and front sidemarker assemblies; (b) installation of U.S.-model taillight lenses; (c) installation of a high mounted stop lamp.

Standard No. 110 *Tire Selection and Rims:* Installation of a tire information placard.

Standard No. 111 *Rearview Mirror:* Inscription of the required warning statement in the passenger side rearview mirror.

Standard No. 114 *Theft Protection:* Installation of a warning buzzer and a warning buzzer microswitch in the steering lock assembly.

Standard No. 208 Occupant Crash Protection: (a) Replacement of the driver's seat belt latch and installation of a safety belt warning system that conforms to the standard; (b) replacement of the driver's and passenger's side air and knee bolster with U.S.-model components on vehicles that are not already so equipped. The petitioner states that the vehicles are equipped with Type II seat belts at the front and rear outboard designated seating positions, and with a lap belt at the rear center designated seating position.