on 800 MHz Public Safety Radio Pool spectrum.

- 3. In their waiver request, GPU and the Commonwealth submit that the benefits of sharing this 800 MHz radio system will include rapid deployment of a Public Safety/Industrial/Business system that will transmit reliable communications between state and local agencies throughout Pennsylvania. Also, they assert that a unified system will achieve significant spectrum efficiencies.
- 4. Requests for waiver of the Commission's rules are subject, unless otherwise provided, to treatment by the Commission as restricted proceedings for ex parte purposes under 47 CFR 1.1208. Because of the policy implications and potential impact of this proceeding on persons not parties to the waiver request, we believe it would be in the public interest to treat this case as a permit-but-disclose proceeding under the ex parte rules. See 47 CFR 1.1200(a), 1.1206. Therefore, any ex parte presentations that are made with respect to the issues involved in the subject Request for Waiver, subsequent to the release of this Public Notice, will be permissible but must be disclosed in accordance with the requirements of 47 CFR 1206(b).

Federal Communications Commission.

D'wana R. Terry,

Chief, Public Safety and Private Wireless Division, Wireless Telecommunications Bureau.

[FR Doc. 99–1157 Filed 1–19–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6712–01–M

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

[Report No. 2311]

Petitions for Reconsideration and Clarification of Action in Rulemaking Proceedings

January 12, 1999.

Petitions for reconsideration and clarification have been filed in the Commission's rulemaking proceedings listed in this Public Notice and published pursuant to 47 CFR Section 1.429(e). The full text of these documents are available for viewing and copying in Room 239, 1919 M Street, N.W., Washington, D.C. or may be purchased from the Commission's copy contractor, ITS, Inc. (202) 857-3800. Oppositions to these petitions must be filed by February 4, 1999. See Section 1.4(b)(1) of the Commission's rules (47 CFR 1.4(b)(1)). Replies to an opposition must be filed within 10 days after the time for filing oppositions has expired.

Subject: Amendment of Parts 1, 21, and 74 to Enable Multipoint Distribution Service and Instructional Television Fixed Service Licensees to Engage in Fixed Two-Way Transmissions (MM Docket No. 97–217, RM–9060).

Number of Petitions Filed: 11 Subject: Petition for Declaratory Ruling and Request for Expedited Action on the July 15, 1997 Order of the Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission Regarding Area Codes 412, 610, 215, and 717 (NSD File No. L–97–42). Implementation of the Local Competition Provision of the Telecommunications Act of 1996 (CC Docket No. 96–98).

Number of Petitions Filed: 12 Subject: Implementation of Section 207 of the Telecommunications Act of 1996 Restrictions on Over-the-Air Reception Devices: Television Broadcast and Multichannel Multipoint Distribution Service (CS Docket No. 96– 83).

Number of Petitions Filed: 1 Federal Communications Commission. Magalie Roman Salas,

Secretary.

[FR Doc. 99–1159 Filed 1–19–99; 8:45 am]

FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY

National Flood Insurance Program; Standard Flood Hazard Determination Form

AGENCY: Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA). **ACTION:** Notice of availability and effective date.

SUMMARY: FEMA gives notice of the availability of the revised Standard Flood Hazard Determination Form.

EFFECTIVE DATE: January 20, 1999.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Michael K. Buckley, Director, Technical Services Division, Mitigation

Michael K. Buckley, Director, Technical Services Division, Mitigation Directorate, Federal Emergency Management Agency, 500 C Street SW., Washington, DC 20472, (202) 646–2756, (telefax) (202) 646–4596.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Office of Management and Budget (OMB) has reviewed and cleared the Standard Flood Hazard Determination form under the requirements of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3507) and under the National Flood Insurance Reform Act of 1994. OMB approved the form for use, with an effective date of October 1998, expiring October 31, 2001. Because the revised form made no

changes in the information collected, a transition period of 90 days from the date of this publication will be provided for users to update automated applications.

Title: Standard Flood Hazard Determination form (FEMA form 81–93).

OMB Number: 3067-0264.

Availability: The Standard Flood Hazard Determination form is available on FEMA's Web Site at www.fema.gov/library/fform.htm. The form is also available through FEMA's Fax-on-Demand at (202) 646–FEMA, request document #23103, or by mail after December 15, 1998, from the FEMA publications office at (800) 480–2520. Requests for large quantities of the form will not be honored. The form should be locally reproduced.

On May 21, 1998, we published a Notice with request for comments on revisions to the Standard Flood Hazard Determination Form, 63 FR 27969. We received comments from three banking organizations, one real estate broker, and one flood determination firm.

The majority of respondents asked us to reconsider revising the form, since the proposed changes did not substantially alter the meaning or requirements of the form. They noted further that the changes will give rise to added costs for automated systems and printed stock, which must be upgraded and reprinted, and for requisite notification to users.

FEMA is revising the Standard Flood Hazard Determination form to comply with requirements of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3507) and the Office of Management and Budget. In order to comply with these requirements, we clarified the instructions and made minor editorial changes to the form based on comments and questions received from users during the first iteration of the form.

Comments about specific items on the form included the need for additional space in some boxes, requests for deletion of some items and the addition of others, including borrower's name and base flood elevation.

Because the form is property-specific we did not include the borrower's name. We did not add the base flood elevation to the form because it is not a determining factor in the requirement of flood insurance; in addition, its procurement would add considerable expense.

We received other comments concerning the mandatory flood insurance purchase requirement and the application process for Letters of Map Change. Because these comments are not pertinent to the Standard Flood Hazard Determination form, they are not addressed here.

INFORMATION COLLECTION: The Standard Flood Hazard Determination form must be completed by federally regulated lending institutions and federal agency lenders when making, increasing, extending or renewing any loan secured

by improved real estate, for the purpose of documenting the factors considered as to whether flood insurance is required and available. When purchasing loans Government sponsored enterprises must require this form to document the factors they consider when they determine whether flood insurance is required and

available. The Federal Emergency Management Agency does not collect this information.

Dated: January 13, 1999.

Michael J. Armstrong,

Associate Director, Mitigation Directorate.

BILLING CODE 6718-04-P

FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY				See The Attached		O.M.B. No. 3067-0264		
STANDARD FLOOD HAZARD DETERMINATION SECTION I - LOAN INFO			EODMATION	Instructions		Expires October 31, 2001		
1. LENDER NAME AND ADDRESS		COLLATERAL (Building/Mobile Home/Personal Property) PROPERTY ADDRESS (Legal Description may be attached)						
3. LENDER ID. NO. 4. LOAN IDE		ENTIFIER 5. A			AMOUNT OF FLOOD INSURANCE REQUIRED			
SECTION II								
A. NATIONAL FLOOD INSURANCE PROGRAM (NFIP) COMMUNITY JURISDICTION								
1. NFIP Community Name		2. County(ies)		3. State	3. State 4. NFIP Community Number			
130110								
B. NATIONAL FLOOD INSURANCE PROGRA	AM (NEID) DA	TA AFFECTING PLU	II DING/MORII I	E HOME			·····	
NFIP Map Number or Community-Panel	2. NFIP Map F		5. No NFIP					
(Community name, if not the same as		d Date	3. LOMA	/LOMR	4. Flood Zone	Мар		
				☐ yes	3			
				Date				
C. FEDERAL FLOOD INSURANCE AVAILABILITY (Check all that apply)				Da		<u> </u>	l	
Federal Flood insurance is not available. Building/Mobile Home is in a Coastal be available. CBRA/OPA designation D. DETERMINATION	Barrier Resou	rces Area (CBRA) o	-		OPA), Fed	eral Flood insuran	ce may not	
IS BUILDING/MOBILE H (ZONES CONTAINING) If yes, flood insurance is required b If no, flood insurance is not require	THE LET	TTERS "A" d Disaster Prote	OR "V") ction Act of	? YE f 1973.		□ NO		
E. COMMENTS (Optional):								
This determination is based on examini other information needed to locate the	•	• •		Management	Agency	revisions to it, a	nd any	
F. PREPARER'S INFORMATION NAME, ADDRESS, TELEPHONE NUMBER (If	other than I	ender)			DAT	TE OF DETERMINA	ATION	
TO MALE ASSESSED A TELEFICIAL NOMBER (II)	Carse Gran Le				56	. Z S. SETERMINE		

- 2. <u>NFIP Map Panel Effective/Revised Date</u>. Enter the map effective date or the map revised date shown on the NFIP map. (Example: 6/15/93.) this will be the latest of all dates shown on the map.
- 3. <u>LOMA/LOMR</u>. If a Letter of Map Amendment (LOMA) or Letter of Map Revision (LOMR) has been issued by FEMA since the current Map Panel Effective/Revised Date that revises the flood hazards affecting the building or mobile home, check "yes" and specify the date of the letter; otherwise, no entry is required. Information on LOMAs and LOMRs is available form the following sources:
- * The community's official copy of its NFIP map should have a copy of all subsequently-issued LOMAs and LOMRs attached to it.
- * For LOMAs and LOMRs issued on or after October 1, 1994, FEMA publishes a list of these letters twice a year as a compendium in the Federal Register; This information is also available on FEMA's website at http://www.fema.gov.
- * A subscription service providing digitized copies of these letters on CD-ROM is also available by calling 1-800-358-9616.
- 4. Flood Zone. Enter the flood zone(s) covering the building or mobile home. (Examples: A, AE, A4, AR, AR/A, AR/AE, AR/AO, V, VE, V12, AH, AO, B, C, X, D.) If any part of the building or mobile home is within the Special Flood Hazard Area (SFHA), the entire building or mobile home is considered to be in the SFHA. All flood zones beginning with the letter "A" or "V" are considered Special Flood Hazard Areas (SFHAs). Each flood zone is defined in the legend of the NFIP map on which it appears. If there is no NFIP map for the subject area, enter "none."
- 5. No NFIP Map. If no NFIP map covers the area where the building or mobile home is located, check this box.
- C. FEDERAL FLOOD INSURANCE AVAILABILITY. Check all boxes that apply; however, note that boxes 1 (Federal Flood Insurance is available...) and 2 (Federal Flood Insurance is not available...) are mutually exclusive. Federal flood insurance is available to all residents of a community that participates in the NFIP. Community participation status can be determined by consulting the NFIP Community Status Book, which is available from FEMA and at http://www.fema.gov. The NFIP Community Status Book will indicate whether or not the community is participating in the NFIP and whether participation is in the Emergency or Regular Program. If the community participates in the NFIP, check either Regular Program or Emergency Program. To obtain Federal flood insurance, a copy of this completed form may be provided to an insurance agent.

Federal flood insurance is prohibited in designated Coastal Barrier Resources Areas (CBRA) and Otherwise Protected Areas (OPAs) for buildings or mobile homes built or substantially improved after the date of the CBRA or OPA designation. An information sheet explaining the Coastal Barrier Resources System may be obtained from FEMA by calling 1-800-611-6125.

- D. <u>DETERMINATION</u>: If any portion of the building/mobile home is in an identified Special Flood Hazard Area (SFHA), check yes (flood insurance is required). If no portion of the building/mobile home is in an identified SFHA, check no. If no NFIP map exists for the community, check no. If no NFIP map exists, Section B5 should also be checked.
- **F. PREPARER'S INFORMATION**: If other than the lender, enter the name, address, and telephone number of the company or organization performing the flood hazard determination. An individual's name may be included, but is not required.

<u>Date of Determination</u>. Enter date on which flood hazard determination was completed.

OTHER INFORMATION

MULTIPLE BUILDINGS: If the loan collateral includes more than one building, a schedule for the additional building(s)/mobile home(s) indicating the determination for each may be attached. Otherwise, a separate form must be completed for each building or mobile home. Any attachment(s) should be noted in the comment section. A separate flood insurance policy is required for each building or mobile home.

GUARANTEES REGARDING INFORMATION: Determinations on this form made by persons other than the lender are acceptable only to the extent that the accuracy of the information is guaranteed.

FORM AVAILABILITY: Copies of this form are available from the FEMA fax-on-demand line by calling (202) 646-FEMA and requesting form #23103. Guidance on using the form in a printed, computerized, or electronic format is contained in form #23110. This information is also available on FEMA's website http://www.fema.gov.

STANDARD FLOOD HAZARD DETERMINATION FORM INSTRUCTIONS PAPERWORK BURDEN DISCLOSURE NOTICE

Public reporting burden for FEMA Form 81-93 form is estimated to average 20 minutes per response. The burden estimate includes the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the form. Send comments regarding the accuracy of the burden estimate and any suggestions for reducing the burden to: Information Collections Management, Federal Emergency Management Agency, 500 C Street, SW, Washington, DC 20742; and to the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reduction Project (30676-0264), Washington, DC 20503.

SECTION 1

- 1. **LENDER NAME**: Enter lender name and address.
- 2. <u>COLLATERAL</u> (Building/Mobile Home/Personal Property) PROPERTY ADDRESS: Enter property address for the insurable collateral. In rural areas, a postal address may not be sufficient to locate the property. In these cases, legal property descriptions may be used and may be attached to the form if space provided is insufficient.
- 3. <u>LENDER ID. NO.</u>: The lender funding the loan should identify itself as follows: FDIC-insured lenders should indicate their FDIC Insurance Certificate Number; Federally-insured credit unions should indicate their charter/insurance number; Farm Credit institutions should indicate their UNINUM number. Other lenders who fund loans sold to or securitized by FNMA or FHLMC should enter the FNMA or FHLMC seller/servicer number.
- 4. LOAN IDENTIFIER: Optional. May be used by lenders to conform with their individual method of identifying loans.
- 5. <u>AMOUNT OF FLOOD INSURANCE REQUIRED</u>: Optional. The minimum federal requirement for this amount is the lesser of: the outstanding principal loan balance; the value of the improved property, mobile home and/or personal property used to secure the loan; or the maximum statutory limit of flood insurance coverage. Lenders may exceed the minimum federal requirements. National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP) policies do not provide coverage in excess of the value of the building/mobile home/personal property.

SECTION 2

A. NATIONAL FLOOD INSURANCE PROGRAM (NFIP) COMMUNITY JURISDICTION

- 1. NFIP Community Name. Enter the complete name of the community (as indicated on the NFIP map) in which the building or mobile home is located. Under the NFIP, a community is the political unit that has authority to adopt and enforce floodplain management regulations for the areas within its jurisdiction. A community may be any State or area or political subdivision thereof, or any Indian tribe or authorized tribal organization, or Alaska Native village or authorized native organization. (Examples: Brewer, City of; Washington, Borough of; Worchester, Township of; Baldwin County; Jefferson Parish.) For a building or mobile home that may have been annexed by one community but is shown on another community's NFIP map, enter the Community Name for the community with land-use jurisdiction over the building or mobile home.
- 2. <u>County(ies)</u>. Enter the name of the county or counties in which the community is located. For unicorporated areas of a county, enter "unincorporated areas". For independent cities, enter "independent city."
- 3. State. Enter the two-digit state abbreviation. (Examples: VA, TX, CA.)
- 4. <u>NFIP Community Number</u>. Enter the 6-digit NFIP community number. This number can be determined by consulting the NFIP Community Status Book or can be found on the NFIP map; copies of either can be obtained from FEMA's Website http://www.fema.gov or by calling 1-800-611-6125. If not NFIP Community Number exists for the community, enter "none".

B. NFIP DATA AFFECTING BUILDING/MOBILE HOME

The information in this section (excluding the LOMA/LOMR information) is obtained by reviewing the NFIP map on which the building/mobile home is located. The current NFIP map, and a pamphlet titled "Guide to Flood Maps," may be obtained from FEMA by calling 1-800-611-6125. Note that even when an NFIP map panel is not printed, it may be reflected on a community's NFIP map index with its proper number, date, and flood zone indicated; enter these data accordingly.

1. NFIP Map Number or Community-Panel Number. Enter the 11-digit number shown on the NFIP map that covers the building or mobile home. (Examples: 480214 0022C; 58103C0075 F.) Some older maps will have a 9-digit number (Example: 12345601A.) Note that the first six digits will not match the NFIP Community Number when the sixth digit is a "C" or when one community has annexed land from another but the NFIP map has not yet been updated to reflect this annexation. When the sixth digit is a "C", the NFIP map is in countywide format and shows the flood hazards for the geographic areas of the county on one map, including flood hazards for incorporated communities and for any unincorporated county contained within the county's geographic limits. Such countywide maps will list an NFIP Map Number. For maps not in such countywide format, the NFIP map will list a Community-Panel Number on each panel. If no NFIP map is in effect for the location of the building or mobile home, enter "none".

[FR Doc. 99-1210 Filed 1-19-99; 8:45 am]