0—Nuclear Materials, Facilities, and Equipment [and Miscellaneous Items], the following Export Control Classification Numbers (ECCNs) are amended:

- a. By revising the License Requirements section for ECCNs 0A984 and 0A986;
- b. By revising the entry heading for ECCN 0A985; and
- c. By adding a new ECCN 0A987, to read as follows:

0A984 Shotguns, barrel length 18 inches (45.72 cm) inches or over; buckshot shotgun shells; except equipment used exclusively to treat or tranquilize animals, and except arms designed solely for signal, flare, or saluting use; and parts, n.e.s.

License Requirements

Reason for Control: CC, FC, UN

Control(s)	Country Chart
FC applies to entire entry CC applies to shotguns with a barrel length over 18 in. (45.72 cm) but less than 24 in. (60.96 cm) or buckshot shotgun shells controlled by this entry, regardless of end-user.	FC Column 1 CC Column 1
CC applies to shotguns with a barrel length greater than or equal to 24 in. (60.96 cm), regardless of end-user.	CC Column 2
CC applies to shotguns with a barrel length greater than or equal to 24 in. (60.96 cm) if for sale or resale to police or law enforcement.	CC Column 3
UN applies to entire entry	Rwanda; Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (Serbia and Mon- tenegro)

0A985 Discharge type arms (for example, stun guns, shock batons, electric cattle prods, immobilization guns and projectiles, etc.) except equipment used exclusively to treat or tranquilize animals, and except arms designed solely for signal, flare, or saluting use; and parts, n.e.s.

0A986 Shotgun shells, except buckshot shotgun shells, and parts.

License Requirements

Reason for Control: FC, UN

Control(s)	Country Chart
FC applies to entire entry	FC Column 1

Control(s)	Country Chart
UN applies to entire entry	Rwanda; Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (Serbia and Mon- tenegro)

0A987 Optical sighting devices for firearms (including shotguns controlled by 0A984); and parts, n.e.s.

License Requirements

Reason for Control: FC, CC, UN

Control(s)	Country Chart
FC applies to optical sights for firearms, including shotguns described in ECCN 0A984, and related parts.	FC Column 1
CC applies to entire entry	CC Column 1
UN applies to entire entry	Rwanda; Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (Serbia and Mon- tenegro)

Dated: April 6, 1999.

R. Roger Majak,

Assistant Secretary for Export Administration.

[FR Doc. 99–9160 Filed 4–12–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510–33–P

UNITED STATES INFORMATION AGENCY

22 CFR Part 514

Exchange Visitor Program

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: To enhance the programmatic utility of the Short-Term Scholar category of exchange participation, the Agency is amending existing regulations to permit short-term scholar participants to lecture and consult at institutions not listed on their Form IAP-66.

EFFECTIVE DATE: This rule is effective April 13, 1999.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Sally J. Lawrence, Chief, Program Designation Branch, United States Information Agency, 301 4th Street, S.W., Washington, D.C. 20547; Telephone, (202) 401–9823.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Short-Term Scholar category allows foreign

scholars to enter the United States for a period of up to six months to lecture, observe, consult, and participate in seminars, workshops, conferences, study tours, professional meetings, and other similar educational and professional activities. This category of exchange participation facilitates international collaboration between foreign scholars and their American colleagues and promotes professional relationships and institutional linkages.

Designated sponsors that utilize this category of exchange participation have suggested to the Agency that the overall effectiveness and utility of these exchanges would be enhanced if the participants were able to accept invitations to lecture and consult at institutions not listed on the participant's Form IAP-66. The Agency has reviewed this suggestion and agrees that the ability to accept such invitations, if they can be fulfilled without delaying or extending the duration of the participant's program, is a desirable program enhancement. Accordingly, the Agency is amending 22 CFR 514.21(f) to permit the program sponsor's responsible officer to authorize the participant's acceptance of such invitations.

In accordance with 5 U.S.C. 605(b), the Agency certifies that this rule does not have a significant adverse economic impact on a substantial number of small entities. This rule is not considered to be a major rule within the meaning of Section 1(b) of E.O. 12291, nor does it have federal implications warranting the preparation of a Federalism Assessment in accordance with E.O. 12612.

List of Subjects in 22 CFR Part 514

Cultural exchange programs.

Dated: April 7, 1999.

Les Jin,

General Counsel.

Accordingly, 22 CFR part 514 is amended as follows:

PART 514—EXCHANGE VISITOR PROGRAM

1. The authority citation for part 514 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 8. U.S.C. 1101(a)(15(j), 1182, 1258; 22 U.S.C. 1431–1442, 2451–2460; Reorganization Plan No. 2 of 1977, 42 FR 62461, 3 CFR, 1977 Comp. p. 200; E.O. 12048, 43 FR 13361, 3 CFR, 1978 Comp. p. 168; USIA Delegation Order No. 85–5 (50 FR 27393).

2. Section 514.21 paragraph (f) is revised to read as follows:

§514.21 Short-term scholars.

* * * * *

(f) Location of exchange. The shortterm scholar shall participate in the Exchange Visitor Program at the conferences, workshops, seminars, or other events or activities stated on his or her Form IAP-66. A participant may also lecture or consult at institutions not listed on the Form IAP-66 if his or her Responsible Officer issues a written authorization of such activity. Such written authorization must be attached to the participant's Form IAP-66.

[FR Doc. 99-9164 Filed 4-12-99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 8230-01-M

UNITED STATES INFORMATION AGENCY

22 CFR Part 514

Exchange Visitor Program

AGENCY: United States Information Agency.

ACTION: Interim final rule.

SUMMARY: The Agency is adopting specific regulations governing participation in summer work travel programs conducted by Agencydesignated sponsors pursuant to Public Law 105–277. These regulations are adopted to assist designated Summer Work Travel sponsors with their administration of program placements for the upcoming summer program

EFFECTIVE DATE: These regulations are effective April 13, 1999.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Stanley S. Colvin, Assistant General Counsel, United States Information Agency, 301 4th Street, SW., Washington, DC 20547, Telephone, (202) 619 - 4979

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Since publication of the General Accounting Office report entitled "Inappropriate Uses of the Exchange Visitor Visa" in 1990, the status of Summer Work Travel programs administered by the Agency has been under a cloud of uncertainty. This uncertainty was due to the GAO report suggestion that the Agency was without adequate statutory authority to administer and oversee Summer Work Travel program activities. In light of this GAO determination, the Agency has pursued several approaches to bring the Summer Work Travel programs under the umbrella of authority to conduct international exchange activities provided by the Fulbright-Hayes Act. Sponsors of these programs have also sought to resolve the question of Agency authority. After years of uncertainty, the Congress, in passage of Public Law 105-

277, vested the Director of USIA with clear statutory authority to administer and oversee Summer Work Travel programs. This legislation also granted discretionary authority to the director to conduct these programs without regard to a requirement that participants have an offer of employment in place prior to their departure from their home country.

Accordingly, the Agency is adopting the following regulations on an interim final basis in order to assist designated Summer Work Travel sponsors with their administration of program placements for the upcoming summer program season. These regulations supersede program guidelines promulgated by the Agency and published at 61 FR 13760 (March 28, 1996) and existing regulations set forth at Subpart G of 22 CFR part 514. These regulations permit program sponsors to facilitate the entry into the United States of program participants for whom prior employment positions have not been arranged. However, a limitation on the number of participants that may enter the United States without a prearranged employment position is imposed. Sponsors must arrange prior employment positions for at least fifty percent of their program participants.

Public Comment

The Agency invites comments regarding this interim final rule notwithstanding the fact that it is under no legal requirement to do so. The oversight and administration of the Exchange Visitor Program are deemed to be foreign affairs functions of the United States Government. The Administrative Procedures Act, 5 U.S.C. 553 (a)(1), (1989), specifically exempts foreign affairs functions from the rulemaking requirements of the Act.

In accordance with 5 U.S.C. 605(b), the Agency certifies that this rule does not have a significant adverse economic impact on a substantial number of small entities. This rule is not considered to be a major rule within the meaning of section 1(b) of E.O. 12291, nor does it have federal implications warranting the preparation of a Federalism Assessment in accordance with E.O. 12612.

List of Subjects in 22 CFR Part 514

Cultural exchange programs. Dated March 24, 1999.

Les Jin,

General Counsel.

Accordingly, 22 CFR part 514 is amended as follows:

PART 514—EXCHANGE VISITOR **PROGRAM**

1. The authority citation for part 514 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(15)(J), 1182, 1258; 22 U.S.C. 1431-1442, 2451-2460; Reorganization Plan No. 2 of 1997, 42 FR 62461, 3 CFR, 1977 Comp. p. 200; E.O. 12048 43 FR 13361, 3 CFR, 1978 Comp. p. 168; USIA Delegation Order No. 85–5 (50 FR

Subpart G—[Removed]

2. Subpart G is removed and reserved, and subpart B is amended by adding a new § 514.32 to read as follows:

§ 514.32 Summer work travel.

(a) *Introduction*. These regulations govern program participation in summer work travel programs conducted by Agency-designated sponsors pursuant to the authority granted the Agency by Public Law 105–277. These programs provide foreign post-secondary students the opportunity to work and travel in the United States for a four month period during their summer vacations. Extensions of program participation are not permitted.

(b) Participant selection and screening. In addition to satisfying the requirements set forth at § 514.10(a), sponsors shall adequately screen all program participants and at a minimum

shall:

(1) Conduct an in-person interview;

(2) Ensure that the participant is a bona fide post-secondary school student in his or her home country; and

(3) Ensure that not more than ten percent of selected program participants have previously participated in a summer work travel program.

(c) Participant orientation. Sponsors shall provide program participants, prior to their departure from the home country, information regarding:

(1) The name and location of their employer, if prior employment has been

arranged; and

(2) Any contractual obligations related to their acceptance of paid employment in the United States, if prior

employment has been arranged.

(d) Participant placement. Sponsors shall ensure that not less than 50 percent of their program participants have pre-arranged employment with a U.S. employer. For all program participants for whom pre-arranged employment has not been secured sponsors shall:

(1) Ensure that the participant has sufficient financial resources to support him or herself during his or her search

for employment;

(2) Provide the participant with predeparture information that explains how