present uses and uses proposed in this action.

- ii. Chronic risk. Using the conservative exposure assumptions described above, the aggregate exposure to sulfosate from food will utilize 7.4% of the chronic RfD for the U.S. population. The estimated average concentrations of sulfosate in surface and ground water are less than DWLOCs for sulfosate in drinking water as a contribution to chronic aggregate exposure. Residues of sulfosate in drinking water do not contribute significantly to the aggregate chronic human health risk considering the present uses and uses proposed in this action.
- 2. Infants and children. The database on sulfosate relative to pre- and post-natal toxicity is complete. Because the developmental and reproductive effects occurred in the presence of parental (systemic) toxicity, these data do not suggest an increased pre- or post-natal sensitivity of children and infants to sulfosate exposure. Therefore, Zeneca concludes, upon the basis of reliable data, that a 100-fold uncertainty factor is adequate to protect the safety of infants and children and an additional safety factor is unwarranted.
- i. Acute risk. Using the conservative exposure assumptions described above, the aggregate exposure to sulfosate from food will utilize 23.2% of the acute RfD for the most highly exposed group, nonnursing infants. The estimated peak concentrations of sulfosate in surface and ground water are less than DWLOCs for sulfosate in drinking water as a contribution to acute aggregate exposure. Residues of sulfosate in drinking water do not contribute significantly to the aggregate acute human health risk considering the present uses and uses proposed in this action.
- ii. Chronic risk. Using the conservative exposure assumptions described above, we conclude that the percent of the RfD that will be utilized by aggregate exposure to residues of sulfosate is 30.5% for non-nursing infants, the most highly exposed group. The estimated average concentrations of sulfosate in surface and ground water are less than DWLOCs for sulfosate in drinking water as a contribution to chronic aggregate exposure. Residues of sulfosate in drinking water do not contribute significantly to the aggregate chronic human health risk considering the present uses and uses proposed in this action.

F. International Tolerances

There are no Codex Maximum Residue Levels established for sulfosate. [FR Doc. 99–8775 Filed 4–7–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6560–50–F

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

[FRL-6321-3]

Notice of Proposed Administrative Settlement Pursuant to the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act, as Amended by the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Notice; request for public comment.

SUMMARY: In accordance with section 122(i) of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act, as amended by the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act ("CERCLA"), notice is hereby given that a proposed administrative cost recovery settlement concerning the Caelus Devices Removal Site in Hollister, California was executed by the Agency on March 19, 1999. The proposed settlement resolves an EPA claim under section 107 of CERCLA against the following Respondents: the United States Navy, Helen Sperber, and Victor Edmundson. The proposed settlement was entered into under the authority granted EPA in section 122(h) of CERCLA, and requires the Respondents to pay \$124,195.84 to the Hazardous Substances Superfund in settlement of past costs. For thirty (30) days following the date of publication of this document, the Agency will receive written comments relating to the settlement. The Agency's response to any comments received will be available for public inspection at three locations: the Hollister Public Library; the Environmental Protection Agency, Region 9, Library & Resource Center, 75 Hawthorne Street, San Francisco, California, 94105; and the Environmental Protection Agency, Region 9, Ms. Danielle Carr, Regional Hearing Clerk, 75 Hawthorne Street, San Francisco, California, 94105.

DATES: Comments must be submitted on or before May 10, 1999.

ADDRESSES: The proposed settlement as set forth in the Administrative Consent Order may be obtained from Ms. Danielle Carr, Regional Hearing Clerk, Environmental Protection Agency,

Region 9, 75 Hawthorne Street, San Francisco, California, 94105.

Comments regarding the proposed settlement should be addressed to Ms. Danielle Carr, Regional Hearing Clerk, Environmental Protection Agency, Region 9 at the address provided above, and should reference the Caelus Devices Removal Site located in Hollister, California (EPA Docket No. 99–05).

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Julia A. Jackson, Assistant Regional Counsel, Environmental Protection Agency, Region 9, 75 Hawthorne Street, San Francisco, California 94105, (415) 744–1348.

Dated: March 30, 1999.

Keith Takata,

Director, Superfund Division. [FR Doc. 99–8778 Filed 4–7–99; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560-50-P

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

[FRL-6321-5]

Memphis Container Site; Notice of Proposed Settlement

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Notice of Proposed Settlement.

SUMMARY: Pursuant to section 122(h) of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA), the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) proposes to enter into an Agreement for the recovery of past response costs with Buckman Laboratories, Inc., Perma-Fix of Memphis, Inc., Croda Inks Corporation, IBC Manufacturing Company and Memphis Light, Gas & Water Division, (Settling Parties). Pursuant to the Agreement, the Settling Parties will reimburse EPA for a portion of response costs at the Memphis Container Superfund Site (the "Site") located in Memphis, Shelby County, Tennessee. EPA will consider public comments on the proposed settlement for thirty days. EPA may withdraw from or modify the proposed settlement should such comments disclose facts or considerations which indicate the proposed settlement is inappropriate, improper, or inadequate. Copies of the proposed settlement are available from: Ms. Paula V. Batchelor, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region 4, Program Services Branch,

Street, S.W., Atlanta, Georgia 30303.
Written comments may be submitted to Ms. Batchelor at the above address

Waste Management Division, 61 Forsyth

within 30 days of the date of publication.

Dated: March 24, 1999.

Franklin E. Hill,

Chief, Program Services Branch, Waste Management Division.

[FR Doc. 99-8776 Filed 4-7-99; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560-50-M

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

[FRL-6321-4]

Ware Shoals Dyeing and Printing Superfund Site Notice of Proposed Settlement

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Notice; request for public comment.

SUMMARY: In accordance with section 122(i) of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act, as amended ("CERCLA"), 42 U.S.C. 9622(i), notice is hereby given of a proposed administrative settlement for recovery of past response costs concerning the Ware Shoals Dyeing and Printing Site in Ware Shoals, South Carolina with the following settling party: Mount Vernon Mills, Inc. The settlement requires the settling party to pay \$310,000.00 to the Hazardous Substance Superfund. The settlement includes a covenant not to sue the settling party pursuant to section 107(a) of CERCLA, 42 U.S.C. 9607(a). The Agency will consider all comments received and may modify or withdraw its consent to the settlement if comments received disclose facts or considerations which indicate that the settlement is inappropriate, improper, or inadequate. Copies of the proposed settlement are available from: Attn: Paula V. Batchelor, Waste Management Division, U.S. EPA, Region 4, 61 Forsythe Street S.W., Atlanta, Georgia 30303, (404) 562-8887.

Written comments may be submitted to Ms. Batchelor within 30 calendar days of the date of publication.

Dated: March 24, 1999.

Franklin Hill,

Chief, Waste Programs Branch, Waste Management Division.

[FR Doc. 99-8777 Filed 4-7-99; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560-50-M

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

[DA 99-642]

Public Safety National Coordination Committee

AGENCY: Federal Communications Commission.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The Public Safety and Private Wireless Division released this Public Notice advising of the establishment of procedures for oral or written contacts with the Chairperson of the Public Safety National Coordination Committee ("NCC"). The Notice requires that any person or entity that makes an oral or written presentation to the Chairperson of the NCC must provide a document which summarizes that presentation. This is to assure full public participation in the discussion of all matters of substance before the NCC. DATES: Effective immediately.

ADDRESSES: Federal Communications Commission, 445 12th Street, S.W., Room 4–C207, Washington, D.C. 20554.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: D'wana R. Terry, telephone (202)418– 0680. Press Contact, Meribeth McCarrick, Wireless

Telecommunications Bureau, 202–418–0600, or e-mail, mmccarri@fcc.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Following is the complete text of the Public Notice: The FCC has established the Public Safety National Coordination Committee, pursuant to the provisions of the Federal Advisory Committee Act, to advise the Commission on a variety of issues relating to the use of the 24 MHz of spectrum in the 764-776/794-806 MHz frequency bands (collectively, the 700 MHz band) that has been allocated to public safety services. See The Development of Operational, **Technical and Spectrum Requirements** For Meeting Federal, State and Local **Public Safety Agency Communications** Requirements Through the Year 2010 and Establishment of Rules and Requirements For Priority Access Service, WT Docket No. 96–86, First Report and Order and Third Notice of Proposed Rulemaking, FCC 98-191 (1998). The Federal Advisory Committee Act, Public Law 92-463, as amended, requires public notice of all meetings of the NCC. This is to assure full public participation in the discussion of all matters of substance

We wish to assure that all contacts regarding the merits or substance of any NCC consideration which occur outside the scope of formal meetings are a

before the NCC.

matter of record. Therefore, the NCC will require that any person or entity that makes an oral or written presentation to the Chairperson of the NCC (Kathleen Wallman) must provide a document which summarizes that presentation. In the case of an oral communication, the document must be a memorandum reflecting who initiated the contact and the substance of the conversation. In the case of a written contact, the document must be a copy of the letter or pleading constituting the written contact. All such documents must be labelled WTB–2.

Date: This requirement is effective immediately.

Address: Documents provided to the NCC for the public file should be sent to: D'wana R. Terry, Designated Federal Officer, Public Safety National Coordination Committee, Public Safety and Private Wireless Division, Wireless Telecommunications Bureau, Federal Communications Commission, 445 Twelfth Street, S.W., Room 4–C207, Washington, D.C. 20554.

Supplementary Information: All submissions concerning such contacts will be available for public inspection during normal business hours in a file designated WTB–2 maintained in the Public Safety and Private Wireless Division, Wireless Telecommunications Bureau, Federal Communications Commission in Room 4–C207, 445 Twelfth Street, S.W., Washington, D.C. 20554.

Federal Communications Commission.

Herbert W. Zeiler,

Deputy Chief, Public Safety and Private Wireless Division, Wireless Telecommunications Bureau.

[FR Doc. 99–8792 Filed 4–7–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6712–01–P

FEDERAL DEPOSIT INSURANCE CORPORATION

Agency Information Collection Activities: Proposed Collection; Comment Request

AGENCY: Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC).

ACTION: Notice and request for comment.

SUMMARY: The FDIC, as part of its continuing effort to reduce paperwork and respondent burden, invites the general public and other Federal agencies to take this opportunity to comment on proposed and/or continuing information collections, as required by the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. chapter 35). Currently, the FDIC is soliciting comments concerning an information