Coopers Landing. This bridge is located at latitude 60°29′ N., longitude 149°50′ W., approximately.

The area described contains approximately 1,760 acres.

2. The public land within the area described above will remain withdrawn as part of the Kenai National Wildlife Refuge, pursuant to Section 303(4) of the Alaska National Interest Lands Conservation Act, 16 U.S.C. 668(dd) (1994), and the Kenai Wilderness, pursuant to Section 702(7) of the Alaska National Interest Lands Conservation Act, 16 U.S.C. 1132 (1994), and will be subject to the terms and conditions of any other withdrawal or segregation of record. The National Forest System land within the above-described area will continue to be subject to the terms and conditions of the Chugach National Forest reservation and any other withdrawal or segregation of record.

Dated: August 28, 1998.

Bob Armstrong,

Assistant Secretary of the Interior. [FR Doc. 98–24880 Filed 9–16–98; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4310–JA–P

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Bureau of Land Management

[ID-933-1430-00; IDI-15613 et al.]

Public Land Order No. 7363; Revocation of 4 Executive Orders, 3 Secretarial Orders, and 1 Geological Survey Order; Idaho

AGENCY: Bureau of Land Management, Interior.

ACTION: Public Land Order.

SUMMARY: This order revokes 4 Executive orders, 3 Secretarial orders, and 1 Geological Survey order insofar as they affect 8,597.76 acres of lands withdrawn for certain Bureau of Land Management Powersite Classifications and Reserves in the State of Idaho. Of the lands being revoked, 3,634.85 acres will be opened to surface entry. The remaining 4,962.91 acres will remain closed to surface entry and mining due to overlapping withdrawals or the lands having been conveyed out of Federal ownership. All of the lands containing Federally owned minerals have been and will remain open to mineral leasing. The lands still in Federal ownership and not overlapped by other withdrawals, have been and will remain open to mining.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Larry R. Lievsay, BLM Idaho State Office, 1387 S. Vinnell Way, Boise,

Idaho 83709, 208–373–3864. A copy of the legal description of the lands involved is available from this location.

By virtue of the authority vested in the Secretary of the Interior by Section 204 of the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976, 43 U.S.C. 1714 (1994), it is ordered as follows:

- 1. The following 4 Executive orders, 3 Secretarial orders, and 1 Geological Survey order are hereby revoked insofar as they affect the lands described in the orders referenced below:
- (a) Executive Order dated May 19, 1913, Powersite Reserve No. 358 (IDI–15613):
- (b) Executive Order dated May 6, 1919, Powersite Reserve No. 725 (IDI–15619);
- (c) Secretarial Order dated December 14, 1926, Powersite Classification No. 160 (IDI–15688);
- (d) Secretarial Order dated May 12, 1941, Powersite Classification No. 325 (IDI–15695);
- (e) Secretarial Order dated August 2, 1927, Powersite Classification No. 186 (IDI–15711):
- (f) Geological Survey Order dated April 18, 1957, Powersite Classification No. 440 (IDI–15797);
- (g) Executive Order dated November 5, 1916, Powersite Reserve No. 552 (IDI–21014):
- (h) Executive Order dated September 22, 1917, Powersite Reserve No. 638 (IDI–21015);

The areas within the above Secretarial orders, Executive orders, and Geological Survey order aggregate 8,597.76 acres in Elmore, Boise, Fremont, Bonneville, Kootenai, Nez Perce, Custer, and Lemhi Counties.

2. At 9 a.m. on October 19, 1998, the lands referenced in paragraph 1, except those lands overlapped by other withdrawals or conveyed out of Federal ownership, will be opened to the operation of the public land laws generally, subject to valid existing rights, the provisions of existing withdrawals, other segregations of record, and the requirements of applicable law. All valid applications received at or prior to 9 a.m. on October 19, 1998, shall be considered as simultaneously filed at that time. Those received thereafter shall be considered in the order of filing

Dated: August 28, 1998.

Bob Armstrong,

Assistant Secretary of the Interior. [FR Doc. 98–24938 Filed 9–16–98; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4310–GG–P

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Bureau of Land Management

[OR-958-1430-01; GP8-0125; OR-19001]

Public Land Order No. 7364; Modification and Partial Revocation of Executive Order No. 5907, Dated August 18, 1932; OR

AGENCY: Bureau of Land Management, Interior.

ACTION: Public land order.

SUMMARY: This order modifies an Executive order to establish a 20-year term as to 40 acres of public land withdrawn for Bureau of Land Management Public Water Reserve No. 146. The land will remain closed to surface entry and non-metalliferous mining. This order also partially revokes the same Executive order insofar as it affects the remaining 438.87 acres. The land does not meet the criteria for a public water reserve. This action will open the land to surface entry and nonmetalliferous mining, unless included in other segregations of record. All of the land has been and will remain open to metalliferous mining and mineral leasing unless included in other segregations of record.

EFFECTIVE DATE: October 19, 1998. **FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Charles R. Roy, BLM Oregon/ Washington State Office, P.O. Box 2965, Portland, Oregon 97208–2965, 503–952–

By virtue of the authority vested in the Secretary of the Interior by Section 204 of the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976, 43 U.S.C. 1714 (1994), it is ordered as follows:

1. Executive Order No. 5907 dated August 18, 1932, which established Public Water Reserve No. 146, is hereby modified to expire 20 years from the effective date of this order unless, as a result of a review conducted before the expiration date pursuant to Section 204(f) of the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976, 43 U.S.C. 1714(f) (1994), the Secretary determines that the withdrawal shall be extended insofar as it affects the following described land:

Willamette Meridian

 $\begin{array}{c} T. \ 38 \ S., \ R. \ 13 \ E., \\ Sec. \ 35, \ SW^{1\!/\!4} \ SW^{1\!/\!4}. \end{array}$

The area described contains 40 acres in Klamath County.

The land described above continues to be withdrawn from settlement, sale, location, or entry under the public land laws and the nonmetalliferous mining laws, to protect Public Water Reserve No. 146. The land has been and will

remain open to leasing under the mineral leasing laws, but will remain closed to metalliferous mining due to another overlapping withdrawal.

2. Executive Order No. 5907 dated August 18, 1932, which established Public Water Reserve No. 146, is hereby revoked insofar as it affects the following described land:

Willamette Meridian

T. 38 S., R. 13 E., Sec. 34, SE¹/₄ SE¹/₄. T. 39 S., R. 13 E., Sec. 2, lots 3 and 4. T. 41 S., R. 23 E., Sec. 12, SE¹/₄ SW¹/₄; Sec. 13, E¹/₂ W¹/₂. T. 38 S., R. 26 E., Sec. 10, NE¹/₄ SW¹/₄; Sec. 11, S¹/₂SW¹/₄.

The area described contains 438.87 acres in Klamath and Lake Counties.

3. The following described land will remain closed to surface entry and mining due to an overlapping withdrawal for the Klamath River Reclamation Project:

Willamette Meridian

T. 38 S., R. 13 E., Sec. 35, SW¹/₄SW¹/₄. T. 39 S., R. 13 E., Sec. 2, lots 3 and 4.

The area described contains 118.87 acres in Klamath County.

4. The following described land will remain closed to mineral leasing and permits due to an overlapping withdrawal for a Bureau of Land Management Wilderness Study Area:

Willamette Meridian

T. 38 S., R. 26 E., Sec. 11, S¹/₂SW¹/₄.

The area described contains 80 acres in Lake County.

5. At 8:30 a.m. on October 19, 1998, the land described in paragraph 2, except as provided in paragraphs 3 and 4, will be opened to the operation of the public land laws generally, subject to valid existing rights, the provisions of existing withdrawals, other segregations of record, and the requirements of applicable law. All valid applications received at or prior to 8:30 a.m., on October 19, 1998, shall be considered as simultaneously filed at that time. Those received thereafter shall be considered in the order of filing.

6. At 8:30 a.m. on October 19, 1998, the land described in paragraph 2, except as provided in paragraphs 3 and 4, will be opened to the location and entry under the United States mining laws for nonmetalliferous minerals, subject to valid existing rights, the provisions of existing withdrawals, other segregations of record, and the

requirements of applicable law. Appropriation of lands described in this order under the general mining laws for nonmetalliferous minerals prior to the date and time of restoration is unauthorized. Any such attempted appropriation, including attempted adverse possession under 30 U.S.C. 38 (1994), shall vest no rights against the United States. Acts required to establish a location and to initiate a right of possession are governed by State law where not in conflict with Federal law. The Bureau of Land Management will not intervene in disputes between rival locators over possessory rights since Congress has provided for such determinations in local courts.

Dated: August 28, 1998.

Bob Armstrong,

Assistant Secretary of the Interior. [FR Doc. 98–24937 Filed 9–16–98; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4310–33–P

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Bureau of Land Management

[UT-934-08-1610-00]

Proposed Resource Management Plan/ Final Environmental Impact Statement; Dixie Resource Area, Utah

AGENCY: Bureau of Land Management, Interior.

ACTION: Notice of availability.

SUMMARY: In accordance with Section 102 of the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969, Section 202 of the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976, and 43 CFR Part 1610, the Proposed Resource Management Plan (RMP)/Final Environmental Impact Statement (EIS), hereafter referred to as the "Proposed Plan", has been prepared for the Dixie Resource Area, Cedar City District, Utah, and is available for a thirty day public review and protest period. The Proposed Plan provides decisions for management of approximately 629,000 acres of public lands and 675,750 acres of Federal mineral estate in Washington County, in southwestern Utah. The Proposed Plan is presented in a condensed final environmental impact statement format that (a) draws upon elements of each of the four alternatives analyzed in the Draft RMP/EIS to formulate the new Proposed Plan, (b) reflects consideration given to public comments on, and corrections to, the Draft RMP/EIS, as well as rewording for clarification, and (c) incorporates an expanded environmental impact analysis section.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Lauren Mermejo, RMP Planning

Coordinator, Bureau of Land Management, Dixie Resource Area Office, 345 E. Riverside Drive, St. George, Utah 84790, telephone 435– 688–3216.

ADDRESSES: Protests must be addressed to the Director (WO–210), Bureau of Land Management, Attn: Brenda Williams, Resource Planning Team, 1849 C Street, NW., Washington, DC 20240, within 30 days after the date of publication of this notice for the Proposed Plan.

DATES: The Proposed Plan may be protested. The protest period will commence with the date of publication of a Notice of Filing by the Environmental Protection Agency, which is expected to be on September 18, 1998. Protests must be submitted on or before October 17, 1998.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Proposed Plan presents decisions for managing public lands for the following resource categories or uses: Lands (including acquisition, transfer, easement acquisition, and rights-ofway), Energy and Minerals (including fluid minerals, locatable minerals, and mineral materials), Transportation, Air Quality, Soil and Water, Riparian, Vegetation (including composition and special status species), Fish and Wildlife Habitat (including special status species), Livestock Grazing, Forestry, Recreation, Off-Highway Vehicles, Visual, Wilderness, Cultural and Paleontological, Hazardous Wastes, Fire, and Special Emphasis Areas (including Wild and Scenic Rivers, Areas of Critical Environmental Concern [ACECs], Native American Coordination, and Zion National Park Coordination).

The Proposed Plan brings forth ten ACECs for designation that BLM has determined to require special management to prevent irreparable damage to important historic, cultural, or scenic values, fish and wildlife resources, or other natural systems. In addition, there are portions of five river segments that BLM has concluded it would recommend as suitable for Congressional designation under the Wild and Scenic Rivers Act. This Proposed Plan promotes opportunities for community based partnerships and collaborative processes for successful and effective management of public lands into the future.

The Dixie Resource Area Draft RMP/ EIS was released for public review and comment in October of 1995 and was followed by a seven month comment period. The Draft RMP/EIS analyzed