

period beginning the year before the divestiture. Staff estimates that the burden on each participant to provide this information will be 4 hours, for a total of 348 hours (51 buyers + 36 respondents = 87, $87 \times 4 = 348$). The total cumulative burden of the document production and chart completion will be 522 hours (174+348). The estimated total burden for the entire study is therefore calculated to be 825 hours (303+522), which has been rounded to 1,000 hours to allow for small additions such as interviews with and follow-up document requests of subsequent buyers.

Estimate of information collection annual labor cost burden: \$75,000.

It is difficult to calculate reliably the costs associated with this information collection, as they entail varying compensation levels of executives, management, and/or support staff among many companies and various industries. Individuals among some or all of those labor categories may be involved in the information collection process. Nonetheless, assuming that responses to interviews, the questionnaire, and the document request are handled by executive and mid-management level personnel alone, and applying a blended average hourly compensation rate of \$75/hour for their labor, the total cost should not exceed \$75,000 (based on the upward rounding of estimated total hourly burden for the study).

Estimate of information collection annual capital and operating cost burden: None.

The data for the study are being collected in two principal ways. Staff is conducting telephone interviews and asking respondents and buyers to respond to a brief questionnaire and produce existing documents. None of these means of collecting information requires any capital expenditure. Interviews solely involve respondents and buyers making available one or more company officials for approximately 1½ hours. The questionnaires and document requests seek only information that the respondents and buyers maintain in the ordinary and usual course of their business. No additional cost burden is imposed.

Debra A. Valentine,
General Counsel.

[FR Doc. 98-20298 Filed 7-29-98; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6750-01-M

GENERAL SERVICES ADMINISTRATION

Fleet Management Division; Cancellation of Standard Forms

AGENCY: Federal Supply Service,
General Services Administration.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: This notice announces the General Services Administration's intent to cancel the following Standard forms:

SF 149, U.S. Government National Credit Card, and SF 149A, U.S. Government Fleet Credit Card.

Both of these forms were replaced with a bank credit card.

DATES: Effective July 30, 1998.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Mr. William Webster, Environmental and Legislation Branch (703) 305-6276. This contact is for information on the new fleet services credit card only.

Dated: July 20, 1998.

Barbara M. Williams,
*Deputy Standard and Optional Forms
Management Officer.*

[FR Doc. 98-20334 Filed 7-29-98; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6820-34-M

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Administration for Children and Families

President's Committee on Mental Retardation; Meeting

AGENCY: President's Committee on
Mental Retardation.

TIME AND DATE: August 28, 1998, 8 a.m.-
2 p.m.

PLACE: Renaissance Mayflower Hotel,
1127 Connecticut Avenue, NW.,
Washington, DC. 20036.

STATUS: Full Committee Meetings are
open to the public. An interpreter for
the deaf will be available upon advance
request. All meeting sites are barrier
free.

MATTERS TO BE CONSIDERED: The
Committee plans to discuss critical
issues concerning Federal Policy,
Federal Research and Demonstration,
State Policy Collaboration, Minority and
Cultural Diversity and Mission and
Public Awareness, relating to
individuals with mental retardation.

The PCMR acts in an advisory
capacity to the President and the
Secretary of the U.S. Department of
Health and Human Services on a broad
range of topics relating to programs,
services, and supports for persons with

mental retardation. The Committee, by
Executive Order, is responsible for
evaluating the adequacy of current
practices in programs and supports for
persons with mental retardation, and for
reviewing legislative proposals that
impact the quality of life that is
experienced by citizens with mental
retardation and their families.

CONTACT PERSON FOR MORE INFORMATION:
Gary H. Blumenthal, 352-G Hubert H.
Humphrey Building, 200 Independence
Avenue, SW., Washington, DC. 20201-
0001; (202) 619-0634.

Dated: July 24, 1998.

John L. Pride,

Deputy Executive Director, PCMR.

[FR Doc. 98-20420 Filed 7-29-98; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4184-01-M

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Food and Drug Administration

[Docket No. 98N-0572]

Agency Information Collection Activities: Proposed Collection; Comment Request

AGENCY: Food and Drug Administration,
HHS.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The Food and Drug
Administration (FDA) is announcing an
opportunity for public comment on the
proposed collection of certain
information by the agency. Under the
Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (the
PRA), Federal agencies are required to
publish notice in the **Federal Register**
concerning each proposed collection of
information and to allow 60 days for
public comment in response to the
notice. This notice solicits comments on
the proposed collection of information
concerning a pilot program in which
volunteers from the retail food industry
will use Hazard Analysis Critical
Control Point (HACCP) principles and
partner with interested regulatory
authorities in the program
implementation.

DATES: Submit written comments on the
collection of information by September
28, 1998.

ADDRESSES: Submit written comments
on the collection of information to the
Dockets Management Branch (HFA-
305), Food and Drug Administration,
5630 Fishers Lane, rm. 1061, Rockville,
MD 20852. All comments should be
identified with the docket number
found in brackets in the heading of this
document.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Margaret R. Schlosburg, Office of Information Resources Management (HFA-250), Food and Drug Administration, 5600 Fishers Lane, Rockville, MD 20857, 301-827-1223.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Under the PRA (44 U.S.C. 3501-3520), Federal agencies must obtain approval from the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for each collection of information they conduct or sponsor. "Collection of information" is defined in 44 U.S.C. 3502(3) and 5 CFR 1320.3(c) and includes agency requests or requirements that members of the public submit reports, keep records, or provide information to a third party. Section 3506(c)(2)(A) of the PRA (44 U.S.C. 3506(c)(2)(A)) requires Federal agencies to provide a 60-day notice in the **Federal Register** concerning each proposed collection of information before submitting the collection to OMB for approval. To comply with this requirement, FDA is publishing notice of the proposed collection of information set forth in this document.

With respect to the following collection of information, FDA invites comments on: (1) Whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of FDA's functions, including whether the information will have practical utility; (2) the accuracy of FDA's estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used; (3) ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and (4) ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information on respondents, including through the use of automated collection techniques,

when appropriate, and other forms of information technology.

Collection of Letters of Interest and Food Safety Data by Retail Food Operators in a Voluntary Pilot Program using HACCP Principles

Section 301 (21 U.S.C. 331 *et seq.*) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act enables FDA to ensure that foods in interstate commerce are safe. In addition, under authority granted in the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 243 *et seq.*), the agency engages in a range of activities intended to ensure safety of the nation's food supply, from regulating food when it can be a vector of disease to assisting, and cooperating with, the States to ensure effective State and local food safety programs. FDA endeavors to assist the more than 3,000 Federal, tribal, State, and local regulatory agencies that have primary responsibility for monitoring retail food establishments to ensure that consumers are protected.

FDA is proposing to collect information, through a voluntary pilot program, on how HACCP principles might be implemented in the retail food industry. The pilot program is designed to provide insight into the problems, costs, and benefits of developing and implementing HACCP principles for food service, retail food stores, and other retail food establishments, in order to improve and provide direct guidance to both the retail industry and regulatory authorities for the implementation of HACCP principles in the retail food sector. FDA will select candidates with a goal of ensuring that the participants in the program cross the spectrum of retail activities, have a range of scientific capabilities, have facilities of varying sizes, and have a

range of HACCP experience. FDA has been approached by State and local governments to provide guidance for applying HACCP principles at retail, therefore the agency intends to collect information through the pilot program to develop and enhance guidance. The agency intends to make a summary of the results of the retail pilot program publicly available.

The agency will request interested retail food establishments along with regulatory authorities interested in participating in the pilot program to send to FDA a letter of interest. FDA requests that the letters of interest from the retail food establishments provide information concerning the nature of their menu, the location and size of their facility, the type of techniques they use to prepare their products, the extent to which, and how, they employ HACCP; identify area government officials with whom they have worked to implement or reinforce the system; identify which government officials they would like involved in the pilot program; and identify trade associations they would like involved with them in the pilot. FDA will consider these factors in reviewing the letters of interest from retail applicants as a basis for identifying a limited number of individual establishments that, in the judgment of the agency, are best suited to participate in the program. The agency will request selected retail pilot participants to maintain their food safety program based upon HACCP principles for the duration of the pilot. FDA will study the information and data the pilot participants use to maintain their food safety program.

FDA estimates the burdens of this collection of the information as follows:

TABLE 1.—ESTIMATED ANNUAL REPORTING BURDEN¹

Activity	No. of Respondents	Annual Frequency per Response	Total Annual Responses	Hours per Response	Total Hours
Letters of interest from State/local/tribal authorities ²	50	1	50	1	50
Letters from interested retail firms ²	50	1	50	1	50
Total					100

¹ There are no operating and maintenance costs or capital costs associated with this collection of information.

² One time activity.

TABLE 2.—ESTIMATED ANNUAL RECORDKEEPING BURDEN¹

Activity	No. of Recordkeepers	Annual Frequency per Recordkeeping	Total Annual Records	Hours per Recordkeeper	Total Hours
Plan development	50	1	50	100	5,000
Plan implement documentation	50	7,000	350,000	.05	17,500
Implementation review	50	4	200	4	800
Total					23,300

¹ There are no operating and maintenance costs or capital costs associated with this collection of information.

FDA estimates the burden incurred by interested regulatory agencies and retail industry to provide FDA with a letter of interest to be a one time burden. FDA estimates the burden of collecting and maintaining food safety information based upon HACCP principles during the pilot program will vary considerably across the wide spectrum of retail activities and establishments and the type and number of products involved, and the nature of the equipment or instruments required by the retail establishment for monitoring. The estimated burden by the retail industry for maintaining their food safety system would involve the development, if not already implemented, and maintenance of the food safety plan based upon HACCP principles, the implementation and records generated by that plan, and the verification of the plan's implementation activities and records.

These estimates are based on FDA's experience with other government pilot programs and with comments received through the conference of food protection, public meetings, and retail industry advice. This information was utilized to design the pilot program with the least amount of burden to the retail industry.

Dated: July 22, 1998.

William K. Hubbard,

Associate Commissioner for Policy Coordination.

[FR Doc. 98-20309 Filed 7-29-98; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4160-01-F

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Food and Drug Administration

[Docket No. 98N-0194]

Agency Information Collection Activities; Submission for OMB Review; Comment Request

AGENCY: Food and Drug Administration, HHS.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The Food and Drug Administration (FDA) is announcing that the proposed collection of information listed below has been submitted to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for review and clearance under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (the PRA).
DATES: Submit written comments on the collection of information by August 31, 1998.

ADDRESSES: Submit written comments on the collection of information to the Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, OMB, New Executive Office Bldg., 725 17th St. NW., rm. 10235, Washington, DC 20503, Attn: Desk Officer for FDA.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Margaret R. Schlosburg, Office of Information Resources Management (HFA-250), Food and Drug Administration, 5600 Fishers Lane, Rockville, MD 20857, 301-827-1223.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: In compliance with section 3507 of the PRA (44 U.S.C. 3507), FDA has submitted the following proposed collection of information to OMB for review and clearance.

Registration of Cosmetic Product Establishment—21 CFR Part 710 (OMB Control Number 0910-0027—Extension)

Under the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (the act), cosmetic

products that are adulterated under section 601 of the act (21 U.S.C. 361) or misbranded under section 602 of the act (21 U.S.C. 362) may not be distributed in interstate commerce. To assist FDA in carrying out its responsibility to regulate cosmetics, FDA requests that establishments that manufacture or package cosmetic products register with the agency on Form FDA 2511 entitled "Registration of Cosmetic Product Establishment." Regulations providing procedures for the voluntary registration of cosmetic product establishments are found in 21 CFR part 710.

Since mandatory registration of cosmetic establishments is not authorized by statute, voluntary registration provides FDA with the best information available about the location, business trading names used, and the type of activity (manufacturing or packaging) of cosmetic product establishments that participate in this program. In addition, the registration information is an essential part of planning onsite inspections to determine the scope and extent of noncompliance with applicable provisions of the act. The registration information is used to estimate the size of the cosmetic industry regulated. Registration is permanent, although FDA requests that firms submit an amended registration on Form FDA 2511 if any of the information originally submitted changes.

FDA uses registration information as input for a computer data base of cosmetic product establishments. This data base is used for mailing lists to distribute regulatory information or to invite firms to participate in workshops on topics in which they may be interested. FDA estimates the burden of this collection of information as follows:

TABLE 1.—ESTIMATED ANNUAL REPORTING BURDEN¹

21 CFR Part	Form	No. of Respondents	Annual Frequency per Response	Total Annual Responses	Hours per Response	Total Hours
710	FDA 2511	50	1	50	0.4	20

¹ There are no capital costs or operating and maintenance costs associated with this collection of information.