and enhance public safety. The Visiting Fellowship Program, which complements the COPS Office's efforts to add 100,000 officers to our nation's streets and support the development of innovative community policing strategies, is one of a wide variety of policing programs supported under this law.

The Visiting Fellowship Program is intended to offer researchers, law enforcement professionals, community leaders, and legal experts an opportunity to undertake independent research, problem development activities, and policy analysis designed to accomplish one or more of the following: improve police-citizen cooperation and communication; enhance police relationships with other components of the criminal justice system, as well as at all levels of local government; increase police and citizens' ability to solve community problems innovatively; facilitate the restructuring of agencies to allow the fullest use of departmental and community resources; promote the effective flow and use of information both within and outside an agency; and improve law enforcement responsiveness to members of the community.

Visiting Fellows will study a topic of mutual interest to the Fellows and the COPS Office for up to 12 months. While in residence, Fellows will contribute to the development of community policing programs that are national in scope.

Two types of fellowships are available: (1) Community Policing Training and Technical Assistance Fellowships and (2) Program/Policy Support and Evaluation Fellowships. Community Policing Training and Technical Assistance Fellowships will offer police practitioners and community leaders the opportunity to participate in a community policing training program that is national in scope. Fellows will work to broaden their knowledge of a training area that is directly related to community policing. The experience is intended to encourage the further development, enhancement, or renewed exploration of a particular training expertise that supports community policing. Fellows will deliver this expertise innovatively as well as provide technical assistance to others.

Program/Policy Support and Evaluation Fellowships will offer police practitioners, researchers, and policy analysts the opportunity to support innovative community policing programs, to engage in scholarly research activities to assess the effectiveness of community policing approaches and to apply policy analysis skills to support the advancement of community policing nationwide. The experience is intended to encourage the further development, enhancement, or renewed exploration of program, policy and evaluation issues that support community policing. This work will be shared with policy makers and practitioners through a variety of forums.

Grants or cooperative agreements under the Visiting Fellowship Program may support salary, fringe benefits, travel essential to the project, and miscellaneous supplies or equipment in support of the project. Reasonable relocation expenses and the cost of temporary housing also may be permitted in cases of relocation from a Fellow's permanent address.

Under the Visiting Fellowship Program, the COPS Office may award grants or enter into cooperative agreements with individuals, public agencies, colleges or universities, nonprofit organizations, and profitmaking organizations willing to waive their fees.

Receiving a grant or cooperative agreement under the Visiting Fellowship Program will not affect the eligibility of an agency to receive awards under other COPS programs.

The Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance (CFDA) reference for this program is 16.710.

Dated: June 25, 1998.

# Joseph E. Brann,

Director.

[FR Doc. 98–18252 Filed 7–8–98; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4410–AT–M

## DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

## Notice of Lodging of Consent Decree Under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act

Notice is hereby given that on June 16, 1998, a proposed Consent Decree ("decree") in *United States of America* v. *Bell Atlantic—Virginia, Inc., et al.,* Civil Action No. 3:98 CV 372 was lodged with the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Virginia.

In this action, the United States sought recovery of costs incurred by the United States Environmental Protection Agency in response to the release and threat of release of hazardous substances at the C&R Battery site in Chesterfield County, Virginia. The decree requires seventeen parties who arranged for the disposal of hazardous substances at the C&R Battery site to reimburse the United States a total of \$591,285.82.

The Department of Justice will receive for a period of thirty (30) days from the date of this publication comments relating to the decree. Comments should be addressed to the Assistant Attorney General of the Environment and Natural Resources Division, Department of Justice, Washington, DC 20530, and should refer to *United States* v. *Bell Atlantic—Virginia, Inc., et al.*, D.J. Ref. #90–11–2–692/1.

The decree may be examined at the Offices of the United States Attorney for the Eastern District of Virginia, 600 East Main Street, Suite 600, Richmond, Virginia 23219, at U.S. EPA Region 3, 841 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia, PA 19107 and the Consent Decree Library, 1120 G Street, NW., 4th Floor, Washington, DC 20005, (202) 624-0892. A copy of the decree may be obtained in person or by mail from the Consent Decree Library, 1120 G Street, NW., 4th Floor, Washington, DC 20005. In requesting a copy, please enclose a check in the amount of \$28.25 (25 cents per page reproduction cost) payable to the Consent Decree Library. In requesting a copy exclusive of exhibits and defendants' signatures, please enclose a check in the amount of \$4.50 (25 cents per page reproduction cost) payable to the Consent Decree Library. Joel M. Gross,

Chief, Environmental Enforcement Section, Environment and Natural Resources Division. [FR Doc. 98–18254 Filed 7–8–98; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4410–15–M

#### **DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE**

# Notice of Lodging of Consent Decree Pursuant to the Clean Water Act

In accordance with Departmental Policy, 28 CFR § 50.7, notice is hereby given that a Partial Consent Decree in *United States of America* v. *Calderon, et al.*, No. 96–2451 RLA (D. Puerto Rico), was lodged with the United States District Court for the District of Puerto Rico on June 10, 1998.

The proposed Partial Consent Decree would resolve the United States' allegations in this enforcement action against Defendant Construcciones Carro, the contractor who filled approximately .5 acres of herbaceous wetlands in Mayaguez Puerto Rico, without a permit under Section 404 of the Clean Water Act ("CWA"), 33 U.S.C. 1344.

The proposed Partial Consent Decree would require Defendant Carro to: (1) restore wetlands for the wetland areas impacted by the illegal discharges; and (2) pay a \$10,000 civil penalty.

The Department of Justice will accept written comments relating to the

proposed Partial Consent Decree for thirty (30) days from the date of publication of this notice. Comments should be addressed to the Assistant Attorney General, Environment and Natural Resources Division, U.S. Department of Justice, Attention: Melaine A. Williams, Environmental Defense Section, P.O. Box 23986, Washington, DC 20026–3986, and should refer to *United States* v. *Calderon, et al.*, DJ Reference No. 90–5–1–1–4413.

The proposed Partial Consent Decree may be examined at either the Clerk's Office, United States District Court, District of Puerto Rico, 150 Carlow Chardon Avenue, Hato Rey, Puerto Rico 00918–1756 (telephone number: 787–766–6160), or at the Consent Decree Library, 1120 G Street, NW., 4th Floor, Washington, DC 20005 (telephone number: 202–624–0892). Requests for a copy of the Partial Consent Decree may be mailed to the Consent Decree Library at the above address, and must include a check in the amount of \$12.75.

#### Letitia J. Grishaw,

Chief, Environmental Defense Section, Environment and Natural Resources Division, U.S. Department of Justice.

[FR Doc. 98–18255 Filed 7–8–98; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4410–15–M

# **DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE**

### Notice of Lodging of Consent Decree Under the Clean Water Act

Pursuant to 28 C.F.R. § 50.7, notice is hereby given that on June 26, 1998, a proposed Consent Decree in *United States* v. *The Municipality of Penn Hills*, Civil Action No. 91–1334, was lodged with the United States District Court for the Western District of Pennsylvania.

The United States has asserted, in a civil complaint under the Clean Water Act, 33 U.S.C. 1251 et seq., that Penn Hills violated Section 301 of the Act, 33 U.S.C. § 1311 and its NPDES permits, issued pursuant to Section 402 of the Act, 33 U.S.C. § 1342 by discharging pollutants in excess of its permit limits and by discharging raw sewage through unlawful bypasses within the collection and treatment systems. The United States also alleged that Penn Hills failed to properly dispose of sludge, failed to properly maintain and operate its facilities, and failed to monitor and report, as required in its NPDES permits.

Pursuant to Preliminary Injunction Orders issued by the Court during the litigation of this matter, Penn Hills has connected three of its collection systems to the ALCOSAN system, and has converted three treatment plants to equalization basins. In addition, Penn Hills has constructed additional equalization basins to collect hydraulic overflows to eliminate the unlawful bypassing of raw sewage into the rivers and tributaries of the Monongahela and Allegheny Rivers.

Under the proposed Consent Decree, Penn Hills shall monitor and report any future unauthorized flows, shall monitor and report on the usage of the equalization tanks, and shall make all necessary upgrades to the Plum Creek collection and treatment system. Penn Hills shall also pay a civil penalty of \$525,000, with \$300,000 to be paid to the United States and \$225,000 to be paid to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. Finally, Penn Hills shall implement three Supplemental Environmental Projects. The first requires Penn Hills to develop, design, and build a Geographic Information system for the Penn Hills sanitary sewer collection and conveyance system. The second requires Penn Hills to perform street sweeping operations on a semiannual basis. The third requires Penn Hills to implement a household hazardous waste collection and disposal program.

The Department of Justice will receive for a period of thirty (30) days from the date of this publication comments relating to the Consent Decree.

Comments should be addressed to the Assistant Attorney General of the Environment and Natural Resources Division, Department of Justice, Washington, D.C. 20530, and should refer to *United States* v. *The Municipality of Penn Hills*, Civil Action No. 91–1334, D.J. Ref. 90–5–1–1–3722.

The Consent Decree may be examined at the Office of the United States Attorney for the Western District of Pennsylvania, 633 Post Office and Courthouse, 7th & Grant Streets, Pittsburgh, PA 15219; at the Region III **Environmental Protection Agency** Library, Reference Desk, United States Environmental Protection Agency, Region III, 841 Chestnut Building, Philadelphia, PA 19107; and at the Consent Decree Library, 1120 G Street, N.W., 4th Floor, Washington, D.C. 20005, 202-624-0892. A copy of the Consent Decree may be obtained in person or by mail from the Consent Decree Library, 1120 G Street, N.W., 4th Floor, Washington, D.C. 20005. In requesting a copy, please enclose a check in the amount of \$15.25 (25 cents

per page reproduction cost) payable to the Consent Decree Library.

#### Joel M. Gross.

Chief, Environmental Enforcement Section, Environment and Natural Resources Division. [FR Doc. 98–18251 Filed 7–8–98; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4410–15–M

#### **DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE**

## Notice of Lodging of Consent Decree Pursuant to the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act

In accordance with Departmental policy, 28 CFR § 50.7, notice is hereby given that a proposed Consent Decree in United States v. Robert Odabashian, et al. was lodged with the United States District Court for the Western District of Tennessee on June 19, 1998 (95-2361 G/ Bre). The United States filed a First Amended Complaint pursuant to Section 107 of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 ("CERCLA"), as amended, against five defendants. The First Amended Complaint alleges that the defendants are liable under Section 107 of CERCLA for costs incurred by the United States **Environmental Protection Agency** during a cleanup of the Pulvair Corporation Superfund Site in Millington, Tennessee. Chevron Chemical Company, Kincaid Enterprises, and Universal Cooperatives, Inc. subsequently filed a third party complaint against E.I. DuPont De Nemours & Co. ("DuPont"), among others. The proposed Consent Decree settles the liability of DuPont. Under the Consent Decree, DuPont agrees to reimburse the United States in the amount of \$75,000.

The Department of Justice will receive, for a period of thirty (30) days from the date of this publication, comments relating to the proposed Consent Decree. Comments should be addressed to the Assistant Attorney General for the Environment and Natural Resources Division, U.S. Department of Justice, P.O. Box 7611, Washington, DC 20044; and refer to United States v. Robert Odabashian, et al., DOJ Ref. #90–11–3–1474.

The proposed settlement agreement may be examined at the Office of the United States Attorney, Suite 410, 200 Jefferson Avenue, Memphis, TN 38103, and at the office of the Environmental Protection Agency, Region 4, 61 Forsyth Street, SW., Atlanta, GA 30303; and at the Consent Decree Library, 1120 G Street, NW., 4th Floor, Washington, DC 20005, (202) 624–0892. A copy of the