small diameter circular seamless carbon and alloy steel, standard, line and pressure pipe from Italy. See Gulf States Tube v. United States, Court No. 95-09-01125, Slip Op. 97-124 (August 29, 1997). In its remand instructions, the CIT ordered that the Department recalculate the cost of production and constructed value for the galvanized pipe produced by Dalmine S.p.A. (Dalmine). On November 28, 1997, the Department filed its results of redetermination pursuant to the CIT's order, and on March 10, 1998, the CIT affirmed the Department's results of the remand. That decision was not appealed. As there is now a final and conclusive court decision in this action, we will instruct the Customs Service to continue to suspend liquidation of shipments of seamless pipe from Italy and require a cash deposit of 1.27 percent for Dalmine and all other manufacturers, producers or exporters for subject merchandise entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after the date of publication of this notice.

EFFECTIVE DATE: June 10, 1998.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Kate Johnson or David J. Goldberger, Office 5, AD/CVD Enforcement Group II, Import Administration, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th Street and Constitution Avenue, NW., Washington, DC 20230, telephone: (202) 482–4929 or (202) 482–4136, respectively.

### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

## **Applicable Statute**

Unless otherwise indicated, all citations to the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act), are references to the provisions in effect as of December 31, 1994. In addition, unless otherwise indicated, all citations to the Department's regulations are to the regulations codified at 19 CFR part 353 (1995).

# **Background**

On June 19, 1995, the Department published in the **Federal Register** the Final Determination of Sales at Less-Than-Fair-Value: Small Diameter Circular Seamless Carbon and Alloy Steel, Standard, Line and Pressure Pipe from Italy (60 FR 31981). On August 3, 1995, the Department published the Notice of Antidumping Duty Order: Certain Small Diameter Seamless Carbon and Alloy Steel Standard, Line and Pressure Pipe From Italy 60 FR 39705 (Final Determination). Subsequently, Dalmine, the sole Italian respondent in this case, filed a lawsuit

with the CIT, challenging the Department's final determination.

On August 29, 1997, the United States Court of International Trade (the CIT) remanded to the Department the Final Determination. See Gulf States Tube v. United States, Court No. 95–09–01125, Slip Op. 97-124 (August 29, 1997). In its remand instructions, the CIT granted the Department's request to recalculate the cost of production (COP) and constructed value (CV) for the galvanized pipe produced by Dalmine. The CIT agreed that the final adjustments made to Dalmine's factory overhead costs resulted in the overstatement of the costs attributable to galvanized pipe, which consequently overstated Dalmine's COP and CV computed for purposes of the Final Determination. On November 28, 1997, the Department filed its results of redetermination pursuant to the CIT's remand. As a result of the redetermination upon remand, the antidumping margin for Dalmine changed from 1.84 percent to 1.27 percent. On March 10, 1998, the CIT affirmed the Department's results of the remand redetermination. See CIT's Judgment Order, Slip Op. 98-25 Consol. Court No. 95-09-01125. That decision was not appealed. As there is now a final and conclusive court decision in this action, we are amending our final determination in this matter.

## **Amended Final Determination**

Pursuant to section 516 (A)(e) of the Act, we are now amending the final determination on the antidumping duty order on seamless pipe from Italy. As a result of the remand redetermination, the recalculated final weighted-average margin is as follows:

Manufacturer/ producer/ex- porter	Customers ID Number	Margin per- cent- age
Dalmine S.p.A	A-475-814-001	1.27
All Others	A-475-814-000	1.27

# Suspension of Liquidation

For imports of seamless pipe from Italy, the Department will direct United States Customs officers to assess, upon further advice by the administering authority pursuant to section 736(a)(1) of the Act, antidumping duties equal to the amount by which the foreign market value of the merchandise exceeds the United States price for all entries of seamless pipe from Italy. These antidumping duties will be assessed on all entries of seamless pipe from Italy entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after June 19,

1995, the date on which the Department published its final determination notice in the **Federal Register** (60 FR 31981). The Department will instruct the Customs Service to collect cash deposits of 1.27 percent on all shipments of the subject merchandise entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after the publication date of this amended final determination.

This determination is issued and published in accordance with section 736(a)(1) of the Act and 19 CFR 353.20(a)(4)(1994).

Dated: June 3, 1998.

#### Robert S. LaRussa,

Assistant Secretary for Import Administration.

[FR Doc. 98–15474 Filed 6–9–98; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510–DS–P

# **DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE**

#### **International Trade Administration**

National Institute of Standards and Technology, et al.; Notice of Consolidated Decision on Applications for Duty-Free Entry of Scientific Instruments

This is a decision consolidated pursuant to Section 6(c) of the Educational, Scientific, and Cultural Materials Importation Act of 1966 (Pub. L. 89–651, 80 Stat. 897; 15 CFR part 301). Related records can be viewed between 8:30 A.M. and 5:00 P.M. in Room 4211, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th and Constitution Avenue, N.W., Washington, D.C.

Comments: None received. Decision: Approved. No instrument of equivalent scientific value to the foreign instruments described below, for such purposes as each is intended to be used, is being manufactured in the United States.

Docket Number: 98–009. Applicant: National Institute of Standards and Technology, Gaithersburg, MD 20899. Instrument: Neutron Velocity Selector. Manufacturer: Mirrotron Ltd., Hungary. Intended Use: See notice at 63 FR 11870, March 11, 1998. Reasons: The foreign instrument provides a monochromatic low-energy neutron beam using a time-of-flight method ("chopper") for study of the microstructure of materials. Advice received from: Argonne National Laboratory, May 6, 1998.

Docket Number: 98–013. Applicant: North Carolina State University, Raleigh, NC 27695–7212. Instrument: Automatic Pure Bending Tester, Model NESFB2–A. Manufacturer: Kato Tech Co., Ltd., Japan. Intended Use: See notice at 63 FR 12452, March 13, 1998. Reasons: The foreign instrument provides simulation of fabric wear conditions using a cantilever method which calculates the bending movement over a variable arc of constant curvature. Advice received from: A domestic manufacturer of similar equipment and a university laboratory textile laboratory, May 8, 1998.

Argonne National Laboratory, a domestic manufacturer of similar equipment and a university textile laboratory advise that (1) the capabilities of each of the foreign instruments described above are pertinent to each applicant's intended purpose and (2) they know of no domestic instrument or apparatus of equivalent scientific value for the intended use of each instrument.

We know of no other instrument or apparatus being manufactured in the United States which is of equivalent scientific value to either of the foreign instruments.

#### Frank W. Creel.

Director, Statutory Import Programs Staff. [FR Doc. 98–15347 Filed 6–9–98; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510–DS–P

#### **DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE**

# **International Trade Administration**

# Applications for Duty-Free Entry of Scientific Instruments

Pursuant to section 6(c) of the Educational, Scientific and Cultural Materials Importation Act of 1966 (Pub. L. 89–651; 80 Stat. 897; 15 CFR part 301), we invite comments on the question of whether instruments of equivalent scientific value, for the purposes for which the instruments shown below are intended to be used, are being manufactured in the United States

Comments must comply with 15 CFR 301.5(a) (3) and (4) of the regulations and be filed within 20 days with the Statutory Import Programs Staff, U.S. Department of Commerce, Washington, DC 20230. Applications may be examined between 8:30 a.m. and 5 p.m. in Room 4211, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th Street and Constitution Avenue, NW, Washington, DC.

Docket Number: 98–026. Applicant: University of California, Davis, Center for Neuroscience, 1544 Newton Court, Davis, CA 95616. Instrument: Optical Imaging System, Model ORA 2001. Manufacturer: Optical Imaging, United Kingdom. Intended Use: The instrument

will be used to study the activity patterns of neurons in the primary visual cortex of laboratory animals to determine how the environment and patterns of neural activity influence the development of the brain. In addition, the instrument will be used for educational purposes in the research courses Neurobiology, Physiology and Behavior 199 and Neuroscience 299. Application accepted by Commissioner of Customs: May 8, 1998.

Docket Number: 98–027. Applicant: Rutgers, The State University of New Jersey, University Procurement & Contracting, 56 Bevier Road, Piscataway, NJ 08854–8010. Instrument: (10 ea.) Specimen Micromanipulator, Model A–3–S. Manufacturer: Narishige Scientific, Japan. Intended Use: The instrument is intended to be used in spinal cord injury research assessing a variety of neuroprotective, regenerative and remyelinative therapies. Application accepted by Commissioner of Customs: May 15, 1998.

Docket Number: 98-028. Applicant: Cornell University, Cornell Center for Materials Research, SB56 Bard Hall, Ithaca, NY 14853-1501, Instrument: Electron Microprobe, Model JXA-8900R. Manufacturer: Narishige Scientific, Japan. Intended Use: The instrument is intended to be used in experiments consisting of focusing a high voltage electron beam on a solid sample, generating characteristic x-rays and measuring these x-rays quantitatively with wavelength and energy dispersive spectrometers. The objectives of these investigations are the quantitative microchemical analysis of geological, chemical and materials science samples and qualitative identification and mapping of elemental distributions. In addition, the instrument will be used for training postdoctoral fellows, graduate and undergraduate students in the operation of the instrument through demonstration and hands-on instruction. Application accepted by Commissioner of Customs: May 15, 1998.

Docket Number: 98–029. Applicant: University of California, San Diego, Scripps Institute of Oceanography, 7835 Trade Street, San Diego, CA 92121. Instrument: Wave Measurement Equipment. Manufacturer: Datawell by, The Netherlands. Intended Use: The instrument is intended to be used in support of ongoing and proposed research on the evolution of directional wave spectra across the continental shelf and near complex bathymetric features. The instrument will significantly expand Department of

Defense wave data measurement capabilities on the shelf and will be used over the next 5 years by a consortium of Office of Naval Research principal investigators studying wave propagation processes in a wide range of geographic settings. *Application accepted by Commissioner of Customs:* May 20, 1998.

#### Frank W. Creel,

Director, Statutory Import Programs Staff. [FR Doc. 98–15472 Filed 6–9–98; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510–DS–P

### **DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE**

### **International Trade Administration**

[C-560-804]

Notice of Postponement of Time Limit for Countervailing Duty Investigation: Extruded Rubber Thread From Indonesia

**AGENCY:** International Trade Administration, Import Administration, Department of Commerce.

EFFECTIVE DATE: June 10, 1998.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Stephanie Moore or Maria MacKay at (202) 482–2876, Import Administration, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th Street and Constitution Avenue, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20230.

#### **Postponement**

On April 28, 1998, the Department of Commerce (the Department) initiated a countervailing duty investigation of extruded rubber thread from Indonesia. On May 29, 1998, in accordance with section 351.205(e) of the Department's regulations (19 CFR 351.205(e), published at 62 FR 27295, May 19, 1997), the petitioner made a timely request that the Department postpone its preliminary determination. As we find no compelling reasons to deny this request, we are postponing the preliminary determination in this investigation to no later than August 28, 1998, pursuant to section 703(c)(1)(A) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended.

This notice is published pursuant to section 703(c)(2) of the Act.

Dated June 2, 1998.

### Robert S. LaRussa,

BILLING CODE 3510-DS-P

Assistant Secretary for Import Administration. [FR Doc. 98–15348 Filed 6–9–98; 8:45 am]