resources that may be affected by proposed underground coal mining activities.

Bureau Form Number: None. Frequency of Collection: On Occasion. Description of Respondents: Underground coal mining and reclamation applicants.

Total Annual Responses: 134. Total Annual Burden Hours: 11,757 hours

Send comments on the need for the collection of information for the performance of the functions of the agency; the accuracy of the agency's burden estimates; ways to enhance the quality, utility and clarity of the information collection; and ways to minimize the information collection burden on respondents, such as use of automated means of collection of the information, to the following address. Please refer to the appropriate OMB control number in all correspondence. ADDRESSES: Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, Office of Management and Budget, Attention:

Dated: January 27, 1997. Arthur W. Abbs, Chief, Division of Regulatory Support. [FR Doc. 97–2492 Filed 1–30–97; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4310–05–M

Department of Interior Desk Officer, 725

17th Street, NW, Washington, DC 20503.

Draft Environmental Impact Statement, OSM-EIS-29

AGENCY: Office of Surface Mining Reclamation and Enforcement, Interior. ACTION: Notice of availability of Draft Environmental Impact Statement.

SUMMARY: The Office of Surface Mining Reclamation and Enforcement (OSM) of the United States Department of the Interior is making available for public comment, a revised Draft Environmental Impact Statement (DEIS) for proposed revisions to the permanent program regulations implementing section 522(e) of the Surface Mining Control and Reclamation Act of 1977 (SMCRA) and a proposed interpretive rule concerning the applicability of the section 522(e) prohibitions to subsidence resulting from underground coal mining. The DEIS has been prepared to assist OSM in determining the potential environmental impacts of the various regulatory options under consideration. **DATES:** Electronic or written comments: OSM will accept electronic or written comments on the proposed rule until 5:00 p.m. Eastern time on June 2, 1997.

Public hearings: Anyone wishing to testify at a public hearing must submit

a request on or before 5:00 p.m. Eastern time on March 17, 1997. Because OSM will hold a public hearing at a particular location only if there is sufficient interest, hearing arrangements, dates and times, if any, will be announced in a subsequent Federal Register notice. Any disabled individual who needs special accommodation to attend a public hearing should contact the person listed under FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT.

ADDRESSES: Electronic or written comments: Submit electronic comments to osmrules@osmre.gov. Mail written comments to the Administrative Record (MS-210), Office of Surface Mining Reclamation and Enforcement, 1951 Constitution Avenue, NW., Washington, DC 20240 or hand-deliver to the Office of Surface Mining, Room 117, 1951 Constitution Avenue, NW., Washington, DC.

Public hearings: If there is sufficient interest, hearings may be held in Billings, MT; Denver, CO; Lexington, KY; Washington, DC; and Washington, PA. To request a hearing, contact the person listed under FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT by the time specified under DATES using any of the methods listed for "Electronic or written comments".

DEIS: Single copies of the DEIS may be obtained by contacting the person listed under FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Andy DeVito, Office of Surface Mining (MS 210), 1951 Constitution Avenue, NW, Washington, DC 20240; Telephone:202–208–2701; E-Mail: adevito@osmre.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: OSM is making available for public comment, the DEIS for proposed revisions to the permanent program regulations implementing section 522(e) of SMCRA. The DEIS describes the environmental impacts that would result from amending OSM's permanent program regulations that address the issue of valid existing rights (VER), coal exploration on lands protected by section 522(e), and the application of the prohibitions of section 522(e) to the subsidence effects of underground coal mining.

Except as otherwise provided in that section, the prohibitions in section 522(e) of SMCRA apply to all surface coal mining operations unless a person has VER for the area in question or unless an operation existed on the enactment date of SMCRA. Lands designated by section 522(e)(1) include any lands within the boundaries of units of the National Park System; the

National Wildlife Refuge System; the National System of Trails; the National Wilderness Preservation System; the Wild and Scenic Rivers System, including study rivers designated under section 5(a) include any Federal lands within the boundaries of any National Forest. Lands designated by section 522(e)(3) include lands where mining would adversely affect publicly owned parks and properties listed on the National Register of Historic Places. Lands designated by section 522(e)(4) and (5) include lands within 100 feet of public roads and cemeteries, and within 300 feet of occupied dwellings, public buildings, schools, churches, community or institutional buildings, and public parks.

OSM has identified five alternatives for implementing the VER exception to the prohibitions in section 522(e) of SMCRA. The five alternatives are No Action, Good Faith All Permits (preferred alternative), Good Faith All Permits or Takings, Ownership and Authority, and Bifurcated, which is a combination of Good Faith All Permits and Ownership and Authority.

There are five alternatives under consideration with respect to the applicability of the prohibitions of section 522(e) to subsidence resulting from underground coal mining. The alternatives are No Action, Prohibitions Apply, Prohibitions Apply If There is Material Damage, Prohibitions Apply If There is Subsidence, and Prohibitions Do Not Apply (preferred alternative).

In addition to the above, there are five alternatives under consideration with respect to the issue of coal exploration on section 522(e) lands.

OSM invites interested members of the public to comment on the DEIS and on the proposed rules. The proposed rules are being published in this issue of the Federal Register.

Dated: January 21, 1997.
Mary Josie Blanchard,
Assistant Director, Program Support.
[FR Doc. 97–2181 Filed 1–30–97; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 4310–05–M

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Employment and Training Administration

Crown Pacific Limited Partnership, Redmond, OR

[TA-W-32,608 and NAFTA-01149]

Notice of Revised Determination on Reconsideration

On December 2, 1996, the Department issued an Affirmative Determination

Regarding Application for Reconsideration for the workers and former workers of the subject firm. The notice was published in the Federal Register on December 13, 1996 (61 FR 65598).

Investigation findings show that the workers are primarily engaged in the production of plywood. The workers were denied TAA because the "contributed importantly" test of the Group Eligibility Requirements of the Trade Act was not met. The workers were denied NAFTA-TAA on the basis that there was no shift in production to Mexico or Canada, nor were there company or customer imports of plywood from Mexico or Canada.

The Lumber and Sawmill Workers, Local Union No. 1017, submitted additional information showing that increased import competition from foreign made oriented strand board (OSB) contributed to worker separations at the Crown Pacific Limited Partnership production facility.

To determine impact of imports of OSB on worker separations at Redmond, the Department conducted a survey the subject firm's major declining customers. New findings on reconsideration show that some customers continued reliance on or increased imports of OSB from Canada during the time period relevant to the investigation.

Conclusion

After careful consideration of the new facts obtained on reconsideration, it is concluded that the workers of Crown Pacific Limited Partnership, Redmond, OR were adversely affected by increased imports of articles like or directly competitive with plywood produced at the subject firm.

All workers of Crown Pacific Limited Partnership, Redmond, OR who became totally or partially separated from employment assistance under Section 223 of the Trade Act of 1974;" and

All workers of Crown Pacific Limited Partnership, Redmond, OR who became totally or partially separated from employment on or after July 24, 1995 are eligible to apply for NAFTA–TAA Section 250 of the Trade Act of 1974.

Signed at Washington, DC this 13th day of January 1997.

Russell T. Kile,

Program Manager, Policy and Reemployment Services, Office of Trade Adjustment Assistance.

[FR Doc. 97–2414 Filed 1–30–97; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4510–30–M

Amended Certification Regarding Eligibility to Apply for Worker Adjustment Assistance

In accordance with Section 223 of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2273) the Department of Labor issued a Certification of Eligibility to Apply for Worker Adjustment Assistance on March 13, 1996, applicable to all workers of Bausch & Lomb, Eyewear Division located in Oakland, Maryland. The notice was published in the Federal Register on April 3, 1996 (61 FR 14820).

At the request of an official of HR Services, Inc., the Department reviewed the certification for workers of the subject firm. Findings show that some employees of HR Services, Inc., Lima, Ohio, provided contract engineering services for the production of sunglass lenses produced by Bausch & Lomb in Oakland, Maryland. Based on these findings, the Department is amending the certification to include leased workers from HR Services, Inc., Lima, Ohio.

The intent of the Department's certification is to include all workers of Bausch & Lomb Eyewear Division adversely affected by imports.

The amended notice applicable to TA-W-31,911 is hereby issued as follows:

All workers of Bausch & Lomb, Eyewear Division, Oakland, Maryland; and leased workers of HR Services, Inc., Lima, Ohio, engaged in employment related to the production of sunglass lenses for Bausch & Lomb, Eyewear Division, Oakland, Maryland, who became totally or partially separated from employment on or after January 26, 1995, are eligible to apply for adjustment assistance under Section 223 of the Trade Act of 1974.

Signed at Washington, D.C. this 14th day of January 1997.

Russell T. Kile,

Program Manager, Policy and Reemployment Services, Office of Trade Adjustment Assistance.

[FR Doc. 97–2412 Filed 1–30–97; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4510–30–M

Amended Certification Regarding Eligibility to Apply for Worker Adjustment Assistance

In accordance with Section 223 of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2273) the Department of Labor issued a Notice of Certification Regarding Eligibility to Apply for Worker Adjustment Assistance on December 16, 1996, applicable to all workers of James River Corporation located in Old Town, Maine. The notice was published in the Federal Register on December 31, 1996 (61 FR 69110).

At the request of the State agency, the Department reviewed the worker certification. New findings show that the Department incorrectly set the impact date at July 22, 1996. The workers at the subject firm were covered under an earlier certification, TA–W–29,773, which expired November 22, 1996. The Department is amending the certification for workers of James River Corporation to set the impact date at November 22, 1996.

The amended notice applicable to TA-W-32,904 is hereby issued as follows:

All workers of James River Corporation, Old Town, Maine who became totally or partially separated from employment on or after November 22, 1996 are eligible to apply for adjustment assistance under Section 223 of the Trade Act of 1974.

Signed at Washington, D.C. this 18th day of January 1997.

Dated: January 27, 1997.

Russell T. Kile,

Program Manager, Policy and Reemployment Services, Office of Trade Adjustment Assistance.

[FR Doc. 97-2413 Filed 1-30-97; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4510-30-M

[TA-W-32,712]

Johnson and Johnson Medical Inc. Including Leased Workers of Kelly Temporary Services El Paso, Texas; Amended Certification Regarding Eligibility to Apply for Worker Adjustment Assistance

In accordance with Section 223 of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2273) the Department of labor issued a Certification of Eligibility to Apply for Worker Adjustment Assistance on October 10, 1996, applicable to all workers of Johnson & Johnson Medical Inc. located in El Paso, Texas. The notice was published in the Federal Register on October 29, 1996 (61 FR 55821).

At the request of petitioners, the Department reviewed the certification of workers of the subject firm. New findings show that some employees of Kelly Temporary Services, El Paso, Texas, were directly involved in the manufacturing of surgical gowns, drapes and sheets produced by Johnson & Johnson Medical Inc. in El Paso. Based on these findings, the Department is amending the certification to include leased workers from Kelly Temporary Services, El Paso, Texas.

The intent of the Department's certification is to include all workers of Johnson & Johnson Medical Inc. adversely affected by imports.