this issue. The principal safety concern the staff reviewed involved the potential for a sustained loss of SFP cooling and the potential for a substantial loss of spent fuel coolant inventory that could

expose irradiated fuel.8

The NRC staff completed its work under the task action plan in July 1996. The staff forwarded the results of its review to the Commission on July 26. 1996.9 In the report, the staff concluded that existing SFP structures, systems, and components provide adequate protection for public health and safety. Protection is provided by several layers of defense involving accident prevention (e.g., quality controls on design, construction, and operation), accident mitigation (e.g., multiple cooling systems and multiple makeup water paths), radiation protection, and emergency preparedness. The staff has reviewed and approved design features addressing each of these areas for spent fuel storage for each operating reactor. In addition, the limited risk analyses available for spent fuel storage suggest that current design features and operational constraints cause issues related to SFP storage to be a small fraction of the overall risk associated with an operating light-water reactor.

The NRC's actions to date in evaluating SFP accidents beyond the design basis constitute a partial grant of the Petitioners' request to perform analyses of such accidents.

C. Request for Enforcement Action Pursuant to 10 CFR 50.5 and 50.9

The NRC staff is still considering the Petitioners' assertions that the Licensee knowingly, willfully, and flagrantly operated Millstone Unit 1 in violation of License Amendments Nos. 39 and 40 and submitted material false statements to obtain License Amendments Nos. 39 and 40, which will be addressed in a subsequent Director's Decision.

III. Conclusion

The staff has completed its technical review of the full-core offload issue at Millstone Units 1, 2, and 3, and Seabrook Unit 1. The staff has concluded that Millstone Unit 1 could safely offload a full core. The staff also found that Millstone Unit 3 and Seabrook Unit 1 could safely offload full cores. Additionally, the staff found that Millstone Unit 2 was not routinely performing full-core offloads as asserted by the Petitioners. However, the staff followup of spent fuel pool issues raised

by the Petitioners led, in part, to the identification of a broad spectrum of configuration management concerns that must be corrected before the restart of any Millstone unit.

The three Millstone units are currently shut down and the NRC staff has issued a Confirmatory Order establishing an ICAVP for each Millstone unit to ensure that the plant's physical and functional characteristics are in conformance with its licensing and design basis. The ICAVP shall be performed and completed for each unit, to the satisfaction of the NRC, before restart of any unit. To this extent, Petitioners' requests for suspension and revocation of the Millstone Unit 1 operating license are granted. In addition, the staff has evaluated spent fuel accidents beyond the design bases and, to this extent, Petitioners' request to perform analyses of such accidents is granted.

A copy of this Partial Director's Decision will be placed in the Commission's Public Document Room, the Gelman Building, 2120 L Street, NW., Washington, D.C., and at the local public document room located at the Learning Resources Center, Three Rivers Community-Technical College, 574 New London Turnpike, Norwich, Connecticut, and at the temporary local public document room located at the Waterford Library, ATTN: Vince Juliano, 49 Rope Ferry Road, Waterford, Connecticut.

A copy of this Partial Director's Decision will also be filed with the Secretary of the Commission for review in accordance with 10 CFR 2.206(c) of the Commission's regulations. This Partial Decision will become the final action of the Commission (for Petitioners' requests 1, 2, and 3) 25 days after its issuance, unless the Commission, on its own motion, institutes review of the Decision within that time.

Dated at Rockville, Maryland, this 26th day of December 1996.

For the Nuclear Regulatory Commission. Frank J. Miraglia, Jr.,

Acting Director, Office of Nuclear Reactor Regulation.

[FR Doc. 97–64 Filed 1–2–97; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 7590–01–P

POSTAL RATE COMMISSION

[Docket No. A97-8]

Pleasant Prairie, WI 53158 (Anthony J. Dzian, et al., Petitioners); Notice and Order Accepting Appeal and Establishing Procedural Schedule Under 39 U.S.C. § 404(b)(5)

Issued December 27, 1996.

Before Commissioners: Edward J. Gleiman, Chairman; H. Edward Quick, Jr., Vice-Chairman; George W. Haley; W.H. "Trey" LeBlanc III

Docket Number: A97–8.

Name of Affected Post Office: Pleasant Prairie, Wisconsin 53158.

Name(s) of Petitioner(s): Anthony J.

Dzian, et al.

Type of Determination: Consolidation. Date of Filing of Appeal Papers:
December 23, 1996.

- Categories of Issues Apparently Raised:
 1. Effect on the community [39 U.S.C. § 404(b)(2)(A)].
- 2. Effect on postal services [39 U.S.C. § 404(b)(2)(C)].

After the Postal Service files the administrative record and the Commission reviews it, the Commission may find that there are more legal issues than those set forth above. Or, the Commission may find that the Postal Service's determination disposes of one or more of those issues.

The Postal Reorganization Act requires that the Commission issue its decision within 120 days from the date this appeal was filed (39 U.S.C. $\S 404(b)(5)$). In the interest of expedition, in light of the 120-day decision schedule, the Commission may request the Postal Service to submit memoranda of law on any appropriate issue. If requested, such memoranda will be due 20 days from the issuance of the request and the Postal Service shall serve a copy of its memoranda on the petitioners. The Postal Service may incorporate by reference in its briefs or motions, any arguments presented in memoranda it previously filed in this docket. If necessary, the Commission also may ask petitioners or the Postal Service for more information.

The Commission Orders

- (a) The Postal Service shall file the record in this appeal by January 7, 1997.
- (b) The Secretary of the Postal Rate Commission shall publish this Notice and Order and Procedural Schedule in the Federal Register.

By the Commission. Margaret P. Crenshaw, Secretary.

Appendix

December 23, 1996

^{8 &}quot;Task Action Plan for Spent Fuel Storage Pool Safety."

⁹ Memorandum to the Commission from J. Taylor, "Resolution of Spent Fuel Storage Pool Action Plan Issues," dated July 26, 1996.

Filing of Appeal letter December 27, 1996

Commission Notice and Order of Filing of Appeal

January 17, 1997

Last day of filing of petitions to intervene [see 39 CFR § 3001.111(b)]

January 27, 1997

Petitioners' Participant Statement or Initial Brief [see 39 CFR § 3001.115 (a) and (b)] February 18, 1997

Postal Service's Answering Brief [see 39 CFR § 3001.115(c)]

March 5, 1997

Petitioners' Reply Brief should Petitioner choose to file one [see 39 CFR § 3001.115(d)]

March 12, 1997

Deadline for motions by any party requesting oral argument. The Commission will schedule oral argument only when it is a necessary addition to the written filings [see 39 CFR § 3001.116]

April 22, 1997

Expiration of the Commission's 120-day decisional schedule [see 39 U.S.C. § 404(b)(5)]

[FR Doc. 96–30 Filed 1–2–97; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 7710-FW-M

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Submission for OMB Review; Comment Request

Proposed New Rules

Rule 203A–2; SEC File No. 270–431; OMB Control No. 3235-new. Rule 203A–5; SEC File No. 270–432; OMB Control No. 3235-new.

Proposed Amendments

Rule 203–1 and Form ADV: SEC File No. 270–39; OMB Control No. 3235– 0049.

Rule 204–1; SEC File No. 270–41; OMB Control No. 3235–0048.

Rule 204–2; SEC File No. 270–315; OMB Control No. 3235–0278.

Upon Written Request, Copies Available From: Securities and Exchange Commission, Office of Filings and Information Services, Washington, D.C. 20549.

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3501 *et seq.*), the Securities and Exchange Commission ("Commission") has submitted to the Office of Management and Budget requests for approval of the following proposed rules and forms.

On October 11, 1996 President Clinton signed into law the National Securities Markets Improvement Act of 1996 ("1996 Act"). Title III of the 1996 Act, the Investment Advisers Supervision Coordination Act

("Coordination Act"), amended the Investment Advisers Act of 1940 to, among other things, reallocate the responsibilities for regulating investment advisers between the Commission and the securities regulatory authorities of the states. The most significant of these amendments reallocates federal and state responsibilities for the regulation of the approximately 22,500 investment advisers currently registered with the Commission. These amendments will become effective on April 9, 1997. Based on information provided by advisers, the Commission estimates that approximately 72 percent of the advisers currently registered with the Commission will not be eligible for Commission registration after April 9, 1997

The Commission has published for comment new rules and rule amendments to implement Congressional intent to reallocate regulatory responsibilities for investment advisers between the Commission and state securities authorities. The Commission is also revising several of its rules that currently apply to all investment advisers to make such rules applicable only to advisers registered or required to be registered with the Commission. The proposed rules would establish the process by which certain advisers would withdraw from Commission registration, exempt certain advisers from the prohibition on Commission registration, and define certain terms. The proposed amendments to rules under the Advisers Act would reflect the changes made by the Coordination Act. Certain provisions of the proposed rules and rule amendments contain "collection of information" requirements within the meaning of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3501 et seq,). Those provisions are summarized below.

Rule 203A-2(d)

Proposed rule 203A-2(d) would exempt from the prohibition on Commission registration a newly formed adviser that has a reasonable expectation that it will be eligible for Commission registration within 90 days, provided certain conditions are met. Proposed rule 203A–2(d) contains two related collection of information requirements. The collection of information would be necessary to determine the eligibility of certain investment advisers to rely on the proposed "reasonable expectation" exemption from the prohibition on Commission registration, and to implement that exemption. It is

anticipated that this collection of information would be found at 17 CFR 275.203A–2(d). An adviser relying on the exemption provided by proposed rule 203A-2(d) would be required to file a short written undertaking on Schedule E to Form ADV, indicating that the adviser will withdraw from registration if on the 90th day after registering with the Commission the adviser does not meet the eligibility requirements for registration under section 203A of the Advisers Act and rules thereunder. At the end of the 90-day period, the adviser also would be required to file an amended Schedule I to Form ADV. If the adviser indicates on the amended Schedule I that it has not become eligible to register with the Commission, the adviser would be required to file a Form ADV-W concurrently with the Schedule I, thereby withdrawing its registration with the Commission. The likely respondents to this information collection are newly formed investment advisers that are not currently registered with the Commission or with the states. The Commission estimates that there would be 100 such respondents per year, and that each respondent would respond one time per year. The weighted average total annual time burden for each respondent is estimated to be 57.5 minutes. This figure is based upon the following estimates: (i) 45 minutes for the approximately 90 advisers that advise registered investment companies, that do not need to calculate assets under management to complete Schedule I, or that need to calculate assets under management but do so as part of their normal business operations; (ii) 2 hours for the approximately 10 advisers that must calculate assets under management for the sole purpose of filing Schedule I; and (iii) 5 minutes for all respondents to prepare the undertaking required on Schedule E to Form ADV. The Commission estimates that the aggregate annual burden for all respondents would be 95.83 hours. Providing this information would be mandatory to qualify for the exemption under proposed rule 203A–2(d), and responses would not be kept confidential.

Rule 203A-5 and Form ADV-T

Proposed rule 203A–5 and Form ADV–T contain collection of information requirements. This collection of information is necessary for the Commission to determine whether advisers meet the proposed eligibility criteria for Commission registration set forth in section 203A of the Advisers Act and rules thereunder, and to provide for the orderly withdrawal from Commission