# **Notices**

# **Federal Register**

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This section of the FEDERAL REGISTER contains documents other than rules or proposed rules that are applicable to the public. Notices of hearings and investigations, committee meetings, agency decisions and rulings, delegations of authority, filing of petitions and applications and agency statements of organization and functions are examples of documents appearing in this section.

# **DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE**

# Farm Service Agency

#### **Commodity Credit Corporation**

Notice of Request for Reinstatement and Extension of a Currently Approved Information Collection

**AGENCY:** Farm Service Agency and the Commodity Credit Corporation, USDA **ACTION:** Notice and request for comments.

**SUMMARY:** In accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, this notice announces the intention of the Farm Service Agency (FSA) and the Commodity Credit Corporation (CCC) to request an extension for an information collection currently approved in support of the FSA and CCC Debt Settlement Policies and Procedures regulations. Provisions in the Federal Agriculture Improvement and Reform Act of 1996 and in the Debt Collection Improvement Act of 1996 have resulted in a decrease in burden hours for information collection under the FSA and CCC Debt Settlement Polices and Procedures program.

**DATES:** Comments on this notice must be received on or before August 18, 1997 to be assured of consideration.

# FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Thomas F. Harris II, Financial Analyst, Financial Management Division, Farm Service Agency, USDA, STOP 0581, 1400 Independence Avenue, SW., Washington, DC 20013–0581, telephone (703) 305–1439.

# SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

*Title:* Debt Settlement Policies and Procedures, 7 CFR Part 792.

OMB Control Number: 0560–0146 Type of Request: Reinstatement and extension of an approved information collection.

Abstract: The information collected under the Office of Management and

Budget (OMB) Number 0560-0146, as indicated above, is needed to enable FSA and CCC to effectively administer the Debt Settlement Policies and Procedures program. Collection of outstanding debts owed to FSA or to the CCC can be effected by installment payments if a debtor furnishes satisfactory evidence of inability to pay a claim in full, and if the debtor specifically requests for an installment agreement. Part of the requirements is that the debtor furnish this request in writing and with a financial statement or other information that would disclose a debtor's assets and liabilities. This information is required in order to evaluate any proposed plan. Such documentation requests furnished by the debtor are also used in other collection tools employed by both FSA and CCC in managing debt settlement policies and procedures. The Debt Collection Improvement Act of 1996 requires the head of an agency to take all appropriate steps to collect delinquent debts before discharging such debts. These steps require the employment of these information collection forms and formats which have been successfully used for the past several years and which have become familiar tools for both Agency employees and for the producer. Thus forms and formats already exist and are in use. Having to develop and introduce new forms and formats into the market place would add additional burdens and costs to both the producer and to the Agency in the handling of the claim settlement and collection processes and would create additional burdens not called for under the Debt Collection Improvement Act of 1996.

*Estimate of Burden:* Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated at 30 minutes per response. Each response consists of a letter request, a financial statement, and, if approved, a Promissory Note (CCC–279).

*Respondents:* Producers participating in FSA and CCC programs.

Estimated Number of Respondents: 250.

Estimated Number of Responses per Respondents: 1.

Estimated Total Annual Burden on Respondents: 125 hours.

Topics for comment include but are not limited to the following: (a) Whether the collection of information is

necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information will have practical utility; (b) the accuracy of the agency's estimate of burden including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used; (c) ways to enhance the quality, utility and clarity of the information to be collected; or (d) ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including through the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology. Comments regarding this information collection requirement may be directed to the Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs of OMB, Attention: Desk Officer for USDA, Washington, DC 20503, and to Thomas F. Harris II. All responses to this notice will be summarized and included in the request for OMB approval. All comments will also become a matter of public record.

OMB is required to make a decision concerning the collection(s) of information contained in these proposed regulations between 30 and 60 days after publication of this document in the **Federal Register**. Therefore, a comment to OMB is best assured of having its full effect if OMB receives it within 30 days of publication.

Signed at Washington, DC, on June 11, 1997.

# Bruce R. Weber,

Acting Administrator, Farm Service Agency and Acting Executive Vice President, Commodity Credit Corporation.

[FR Doc. 97–16014 Filed 6–18–97; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3410–05–P

# **DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE**

# **Rural Utilities Service**

City of Albany, KY, Cagle Water Expansion Project; Final Environmental Impact Statement

**AGENCY:** Rural Utilities Service, USDA. **ACTION:** Notice of availability of final environmental impact statement

SUMMARY: Notice is hereby given that the Rural Utilities Service (RUS), pursuant to its responsibility as Lead Agency, and in conjunction with its cooperating agencies, the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development and the U.S. Department of Commerce, Economic Development Administration is issuing a Final Environmental Impact Statement (FEIS) related to the proposed water treatment plant expansion in the City of Albany, Kentucky. The FEIS was prepared pursuant to the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (NEPA) (U.S.C. 4231 et seq.) in accordance with the Council on Environmental Quality (CEQ) regulations for implementing the procedural provisions of NEPA (40 CFR 1500-1508) and Agency regulations (7 CFR 1940-G). RUS invites comments on the FEIS.

The purpose of the EIS is to evaluate the environmental impacts of the proposal to expand Albany's water treatment plant to increase its treatment capacity from 2.0 million gallons daily (MGD) to 5.0 MGD. As a result of the action, Cagle's, Inc., plans to build a poultry processing plant in Clinton County, Kentucky. Cagle support operations such as a feed mill, hatchery, poultry farms, and associated utility lines would be built in the region. The Clinton County Industrial Park would also be built as a result of the water plant expansion.

**DATES:** Written comments on the FEIS will be accepted on or before July 21, 1997.

ADDRESSES: To send comments or for more information, contact: Mark S. Plank, USDA, Rural Utilities Service, Engineering and Environmental Staff, 1400 Independence Avenue, SW., Mail Stop 1571, Washington, DC 20250, telephone (202) 720–1649, fax (202) 720–0820, or e-mail: mplank@rus.usda.gov.

A copy of the FEIS can be obtained over the Internet at http://www.usda.gov/rus/water/ees/ees.htm. The file is in a portable document format (pdf); in order to review the document, users need to obtain a copy of Acrobat Reader. Free copies of Acrobat Reader can be obtained from http://www.adobe.com/prodindex/acrobat/readstep.html

Copies of the FEIS will be available for public review during normal business hours at the following locations:

Clinton County Public Library, 205 Burkeville Road, Albany, KY 40601, (606) 387–5989.

Goodnight Memorial Library, 203 South Main, Franklin, KY 42134, (502) 586–8397. Simpson County Extension Service, 300 N. Main Street, Franklin, KY 42134, (502) 586–4484.

Warren County Extension Service, 1117 Cabell Drive, Bowling Green, KY 42102– 1018, (502) 842–1681. Bowling Green Public Library, 1225 State Street, Bowling Green, KY 42102, (502) 843–1438.

Helm-Cravers Library, 1 Big Red Way, Western Kentucky University, Bowling Green, KY 42101, (502) 745–3951.

Individuals who received copies of the Draft EIS will be mailed copies of the FEIS.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The City of Albany, KY, located in south-central Kentucky, has applied for federal financial assistance to expand its water treatment plant. This action is a part of the Federal Government Empowerment Zone program that seeks to empower economically depressed communities to pursue economic development through a government and private business partnership. The U. S. Department of Agriculture, Rural Utilities Service (RUS), has prepared this Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) concerning this action. This document is developed and written in accordance with the National Environmental Policy Act, the President's Council on Environmental Quality regulations, and Rural Utilities Service regulations. The U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, the City of Albany, KY, the responsible entity of HUD's, Community Development Block Grant, and the U.S. Department of Commerce, **Economic Development Administration** are cooperating agencies for this action.

RUS, announced its' intent to prepare a EIS on November 29, 1996. Two scoping meetings were held in Clinton County to solicit comments from the public. These comments were considered in developing the scope of the EIS. The availability of the draft EIS was announced in the **Federal Register** by RUS on April 16, 1997, and the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency on April 25, 1997.

Four public meetings to solicit comments from the public were held in the area affected by this proposal. These comments and all comments received in writing were considered and incorporated, as appropriate, in the FEIS. Specific responses to the public comments can be found in Appendix E of the FEIS.

This EIS is the evaluation of the potential impacts on the environment from the water treatment plant expansion. In addition, the EIS considers the potential environmental impacts from the construction and operation of industries that would locate in the Albany, Kentucky, area as a result of the expansion. Cagle's Inc. plans to build a poultry processing facility in the area. This would require construction of support operations such as a feed mill, hatchery, poultry farms,

and associated utility lines and ancillary systems. The Clinton County Industrial Park is also proposed as a result of the expansion, even though no specific plans have been made for the industrial park.

In preparing this EIS, the study team considered several alternative ways to meet the community's need, but most were considered impracticable, or unreasonable. Therefore, this EIS evaluates in depth only two alternatives: the action to expand the water treatment plant and the No Action alternative. Alternatives within the proposed action are also discussed.

The affected environment of the facilities considered in this EIS consists of rural settings that are dominated by agricultural operations. The expansion would require building a new water treatment plant next to the existing plant. This would increase the overall raw water treatment capacity from 2 million gallons per day to 5 million gallons per day. The raw water would be drawn from Lake Cumberland, a major recreational lake in the area.

The poultry processing facility would be located about 3 miles from Lake Cumberland. It would use an on-site, no discharge wastewater treatment system that would use drip and spray irrigation of treated wastewater on a hay farm. There will be no point discharge of treated wastewater to Indian Creek or any other surface waterway on the property. Indian Creek drains into Lake Cumberland. A feed mill and hatchery would be located about 70 miles due west of the poultry processing facility in Franklin, Kentucky, with poultry farms likely to be established throughout fifteen counties in Kentucky and Tennessee. The Clinton County Industrial Park would be located about four miles south of the raw water treatment plant.

The EIS evaluates the potential environmental impacts from the construction and operation of the various facilities and associated utility lines. Construction and operation of the facilities and utility lines would have no significant impact on biological resources, noise, aesthetics, cultural resources, and the air quality of the region.

Construction of the facilities and utility lines would use best management practices to control erosion, runoff, and sedimentation, as required by Kentucky Best Management Practices for Construction Activities. Therefore, minimal impacts on soils and surface water would occur. The geology of the area consists largely of limestone, containing sinkholes, crevices, and caves. To minimize the risk of problems

associated with sinkholes, subsurface investigations would have to be used by Cagles to help determine the exact siting of buildings, lagoons, and the other facilities.

Operation of the water treatment plant would have negligible impact on Lake Cumberland's water capacity. The irrigation of treated wastewater from the poultry processing facility would have no significant impact on soils or surface and groundwater. However, a monitoring program for soils, surface, and groundwater would be set up to assess any potential long-term effects of the irrigation. The feed mill and hatchery would have minimal impact on the water and associated environment since its wastewater would be discharged to a local municipal sewer.

Disposal of poultry wastes from the poultry processing facility and poultry farms would use best management practices as required by the Kentucky Agriculture Water Quality Plan, which is in the process of being implemented. Each new agriculture operation would need to comply with the plan. The plan also includes long-term monitoring of the state's water quality to evaluate the effectiveness of the best management practices. Therefore, no significant impacts on water quality are expected.

For all of the facility areas, no significant cultural resources have been found.

Most of the socioeconomic effects would result from the construction and operation of the poultry processing facility and its support operations. The poultry farming operations would be consistent with U.S. Department of Agriculture's family farming policy. The projected industrial growth in the area would result in increased employment and income. This would in turn stimulate economic growth of this low-income area. No significant impact on the transportation system in the region is expected.

The Clinton County Industrial Park would be able to accommodate businesses interested in locating to the area in the future. This would further stimulate economic growth in the area.

The construction and operation of the facilities and utility lines would meet all federal, state, and local regulations and permitting requirements. Best management practices for construction activities and poultry farming operations would prevent any significantly adverse impacts on the environment. Funding of the water treatment plant is the preferred alternative at this time.

The No Action alternative is not to award Federal financial assistance to the

City of Albany. If the No Action alternative is chosen, the potential environmental effects of the various facilities, discussed above, would not occur. However, potential economic development in the area would not be realized, and the goals of the federal assistance program would not be met. The area would continue to suffer from high unemployment, poverty, and dependence on Federal and State entitlements.

By not funding the project, the No Action alternative, economic conditions within the EZ would continue to worsen. The trend of factories closing or down sizing shifts, and stores and businesses closing would continue. The current economy could not support the existing businesses. The No Action alternative would be detrimental to the EZ and result in an adverse impact to the community.

Dated: June 16, 1997.

# John P. Romano,

Deputy Administrator, Water and Environmental Program.

[FR Doc. 97–16121 Filed 6–18–97; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3410–15–P

# **DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE**

# **International Trade Administration**

# Initiation of Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Administrative Reviews and Request for Revocation in Part

**AGENCY:** Import Administration, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

**ACTION:** Notice of initiation of antidumping and countervailing duty administrative reviews and request for revocation in part.

**SUMMARY:** The Department of Commerce (the Department) has received requests to conduct administrative reviews of various antidumping and countervailing duty orders and findings with May anniversary dates. In accordance with the Department's regulations, we are initiating those administrative reviews. The Department also received a request to revoke one antidumping duty order in part.

EFFECTIVE DATE: June 19, 1997.

# FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Holly A. Kuga, Office of Antidumping Compliance, Import Administration, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th Street and Constitution Avenue, NW., Washington, DC 20230, telephone: (202) 482–4737.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

#### **Background**

The Department has received timely requests, in accordance with 19 CFR 353.22(a) and 355.22(a) (1994), for administrative reviews of various antidumping and countervailing duty orders and findings with May anniversary dates. The Department also received a timely request to revoke in part the antidumping duty order on frozen concentrated orange juice from Brazil.

#### **Initiation of Reviews**

In accordance with sections 19 CFR 353.22(c) and 355.22(c), we are initiating administrative reviews of the following antidumping and countervailing duty orders and findings. The Department is not initiating an administrative review of any exporters and/or producers who were not named in a review request because such exporters and/or producers were not specified as required under section 353.22(a)(19 CFR 353.22(a)). We intend to issue the final results of these reviews not later than May 31, 1998.

Antidumping duty proceedings	Period to be reviewed
Brazil: Frozen Con- centrated Orange Juice A–351–605 Branco Peres India: Circular Welded	5/1/96–4/30/97
Non-Alloy Steel Pipes and Tubes A– 533–502 Lloyds Metals & Engineers, Ltd.	5/1/96–4/30/97
Rajinder Pipes Ltd. South Korea: DRAMs A-580-812 Hyundai Electronics Industries, Co., Ltd. LG Semicon Company, Ltd. Techgrow Limited	5/1/96–4/30/97
(Hong Kong) Singapore Resources (Pte.) Ltd. (Singapore) NIE Electronics (M) Sdn. Bhd. (Malaysia) Vitel Electronics	
Ottawa Office (Canada) Taiwan: Malleable Cast Iron Pipe Fit- tings A–583–507 De Ho Metal In- dustrial Co., Ltd.	5/1/96–4/30/97
Taiwan: Polyvinyl Alco- hol A-583-824	10/10/95–4/30/97