operations, since other additional fire extinguishing features of the system can address problems that occur within a typical flight range (or 60 minutes).

#### **Conclusion**

After careful review of the available data, including the comments noted above, the FAA has determined that air safety and the public interest require the adoption of the rule as proposed.

## **Cost Impact**

The FAA estimates that 48 Airbus Model A310 and A300–600 series airplanes of U.S. registry will be affected by this AD, that it will take approximately 1 work hour per airplane to accomplish the required actions, and that the average labor rate is \$60 per work hour. Based on these figures, the cost impact of the AD on U.S. operators is estimated to be \$2,880, or \$60 per airplane.

The cost impact figure discussed above is based on assumptions that no operator has yet accomplished any of the requirements of this AD action, and that no operator would accomplish those actions in the future if this AD were not adopted.

## **Regulatory Impact**

The regulations adopted herein will not have substantial direct effects on the States, on the relationship between the national government and the States, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government. Therefore, in accordance with Executive Order 12612, it is determined that this final rule does not have sufficient federalism implications to warrant the preparation of a Federalism Assessment.

For the reasons discussed above, I certify that this action (1) is not a 'significant regulatory action" under Executive Order 12866; (2) is not a ''significant rule'' under DOT Regulatory Policies and Procedures (44 FR 11034, February 26, 1979); and (3) will not have a significant economic impact, positive or negative, on a substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act. A final evaluation has been prepared for this action and it is contained in the Rules Docket. A copy of it may be obtained from the Rules Docket at the location provided under the caption ADDRESSES.

#### List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 39

Air transportation, Aircraft, Aviation safety, Incorporation by reference, Safety.

## **Adoption of the Amendment**

Accordingly, pursuant to the authority delegated to me by the Administrator, the Federal Aviation Administration amends part 39 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 39) as follows:

# PART 39—AIRWORTHINESS DIRECTIVES

1. The authority citation for part 39 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 106(g), 40113, 44701.

#### § 39.13 [Amended]

2. Section 39.13 is amended by adding the following new airworthiness directive:

**97-08-03 Airbus Industrie:** Amendment 39-9991. Docket 94-NM-196-AD.

Applicability: Model A310 and A300–600 series airplanes on which Airbus Modification 6403 (reference Airbus Service Bulletin A310–26–2010 or A300–600–26–6011) has been installed; certificated in any category.

Note 1: This AD applies to each airplane identified in the preceding applicability provision, regardless of whether it otherwise has been modified, altered, or repaired in the area subject to the requirements of this AD. For airplanes that have been modified, altered, or repaired so that the performance of the requirements of this AD is affected, the owner/operator must use the authority provided in paragraph (b) of this AD to request approval from the FAA. This approval may address either no action, if the current configuration eliminates the unsafe condition: or different actions necessary to address the unsafe condition described in this AD. Such a request should include an assessment of the effect of the changed configuration on the unsafe condition addressed by this AD. In no case does the presence of any modification, alteration, or repair remove any airplane from the applicability of this AD.

Compliance: Required as indicated, unless accomplished previously.

To ensure that a faulty pressure reducing valve in the cargo fire extinguishing system is not installed, which could result in reduced fire protection of the cargo compartment of the airplane from 260 minutes to 60 minutes, accomplish the following:

(a) Prior to the accumulation of 600 total flight hours after the effective date of this AD, perform a functional flow test and leak test to verify if the pressure reducing valve in the cargo fire extinguishing system is in a serviceable condition, in accordance with paragraph 4.2., Description, of Airbus All Operators Telex AOT 26–13, dated June 28, 1994. If a faulty pressure reducing valve is installed, prior to extended range twinengine operations (ETOPS), replace it with a new valve, in accordance with the aircraft maintenance manual, reference 26–23–14, Page block 401.

(b) An alternative method of compliance or adjustment of the compliance time that

provides an acceptable level of safety may be used if approved by the Manager, Standardization Branch, ANM–113, FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate. Operators shall submit their requests through an appropriate FAA Principal Maintenance Inspector, who may add comments and then send it to the Manager, Standardization Branch, ANM–113.

**Note 2:** Information concerning the existence of approved alternative methods of compliance with this AD, if any, may be obtained from the Standardization Branch, ANM–113.

(c) Special flight permits may be issued in accordance with sections 21.197 and 21.199 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR 21.197 and 21.199) to operate the airplane to a location where the requirements of this AD can be accomplished.

(d) The tests shall be done in accordance with Airbus All Operators Telex AOT 26–13, dated June 28, 1994. This incorporation by reference was approved by the Director of the Federal Register in accordance with 5 U.S.C. 552(a) and 1 CFR part 51. Copies may be obtained from Airbus Industrie, 1 Rond Point Maurice Bellonte, 31707 Blagnac Cedex, France. Copies may be inspected at the FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington; or at the Office of the Federal Register, 800 North Capitol Street, NW., suite 700, Washington, DC.

(e) This amendment becomes effective on May 15, 1997.

Issued in Renton, Washington, on April 2, 1997.

## Darrell M. Pederson,

Acting Manager, Transport Airplane Directorate, Aircraft Certification Service. [FR Doc. 97–9011 Filed 4–9–97; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910–13–U

## **DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**

#### **Federal Aviation Administration**

#### 14 CFR Part 39

[Docket No. 92-CE-41-AD; Amendment 39-9994; AD 97-08-06]

RIN 2120-AA64

## Airworthiness Directives; Louis L'Hotellier, S.A., Ball and Swivel Joint Quick Connectors

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration, DOT.
ACTION: Final rule.

**SUMMARY:** This amendment adopts a new airworthiness directive (AD) that applies to Louis L'Hotellier S.A. (L'Hotellier) ball and swivel joint quick connectors installed on gliders and sailplanes that are not equipped with a "Uerling" sleeve or an LS-safety sleeve. These connectors allow the operator of the gliders and sailplanes to quickly connect and disconnect the control

systems during assembly and disassembly for storage purposes. This action requires enlarging the safety pin guide hole diameter, and fabricating and installing a placard that specifies a check of the security of the connectors prior to each flight. Several in-flight accidents involving inadvertent disconnection of these connectors that are installed on certain gliders and sailplanes prompted this action. The actions specified by this AD are intended to prevent the connectors from becoming inadvertently disconnected, which could result in loss of control of the sailplane or glider.

DATES: Effective June 2, 1997.

ADDRESSES: This AD may be examined at the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), Central Region, Office of the Assistant Chief Counsel, Attention: Rules Docket 92-CE-41-AD, Room 1558, 601 E. 12th Street, Kansas City, Missouri 64106; or at the Office of the Federal Register, 800 North Capitol Street, NW., suite 700, Washington, DC. FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Mr. J. Mike Kiesov, Project Officer, Sailplanes/Gliders, Small Airplane Directorate, Aircraft Certification Service, FAA, 1201 Walnut, suite 900, Kansas City, Missouri 64106; telephone (816) 426-6932; facsimile (816) 426-2169.

## SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

## **Events Leading to the Issuance of This**

A proposal to amend part 39 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 39) to include an AD that would apply Louis L'Hotellier S.A. (L'Hotellier) ball and swivel joint quick connectors was published in the **Federal Register** on November 21, 1996 (61 FR 59203). The action proposed to require the following actions for gliders and sailplanes utilizing the L'Hotellier ball and swivel joint quick connectors, and that are not equipped with a "Uerling" sleeve or an LS-Safety sleeve:

- —Enlarge the safety pin guide hole diameter to a minimum of 1.2 mm (0.05 in.) to accommodate a safety wire or pin, as applicable.
- —Fabricate a placard (using ½ inch letters) with the following words: "All L'Hotellier control system connectors must be secured with safety wire, pins, or safety sleeves, as applicable, prior to operation."
- —Install this placard in the glider or sailplane within the pilot's clear view. Interested persons have been afforded an opportunity to participate in the making of this amendment. No

comments were received on the proposed rule or the FAA's determination of the cost to the public.

#### The FAA's Determination

After careful review of all available information related to the subject presented above, the FAA has determined that air safety and the public interest require the adoption of the rule as proposed except for minor editorial corrections. The FAA has determined that these minor corrections will not change the meaning of the AD and will not add any additional burden upon the public than was already proposed.

#### **Cost Impact**

The FAA estimates that 1,100 sailplanes and gliders, with an average of 4 connectors per sailplane, in the U.S. registry would be affected by this AD, that it would take less than 4 workhours per sailplane or glider to accomplish the action (less than 1 workhour per connector), and that the average labor rate is approximately \$60 an hour. Based on these figures, the total cost impact of this AD on U.S. operators is estimated to be \$264,000. This cost is figured for the estimated time it would take for an authorized mechanic to enlarge the safety pin guide hole diameter. An owner/operator who holds a private pilot's certificate, as authorized by sections 43.7 and 43.11 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR 43.7 and 43.11), can fabricate and install the placard. This \$264,000 figure is based on the assumption that all of the affected owners/operators of the affected sailplanes and gliders do not have the guide pin hole already enlarged, a safety sleeve installed, or the placard installed.

## **Compliance Time**

The compliance time of this AD is in calendar time instead of hours time-inservice (TIS). The average monthly usage of the affected sailplanes and gliders ranges throughout the fleet. For example, one owner may operate the sailplane or glider 25 hours in one week, while another operator may operate the sailplane or glider 25 hours in one year. For this reason, the FAA has determined that, in order to ensure that all of the owners/operators of the affected sailplanes and gliders incorporate the required actions within a reasonable amount of time, a calendar compliance time is required.

## **Regulatory Impact**

The regulations adopted herein will not have substantial direct effects on the States, on the relationship between the national government and the States, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government. Therefore, in accordance with Executive Order 12612, it is determined that this final rule does not have sufficient federalism implications to warrant the preparation of a Federalism Assessment.

For the reasons discussed above, I certify that this action (1) is not a "significant regulatory action" under Executive Order 12866; (2) is not a ''significant rule'' under DOT Regulatory Policies and Procedures (44 FR 11034, February 26, 1979); and (3) will not have a significant economic impact, positive or negative, on a substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act. A copy of the final evaluation prepared for this action is contained in the Rules Docket. A copy of it may be obtained by contacting the Rules Docket at the location provided under the caption ADDRESSES.

## List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 39

Air transportation, Aircraft, Aviation safety, Safety.

#### **Adoption of the Amendment**

Accordingly, pursuant to the authority delegated to me by the Administrator, the Federal Aviation Administration amends part 39 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 39) as follows:

## PART 39—AIRWORTHINESS DIRECTIVES

1. The authority citation for part 39 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 106(g), 40113, 44701.

## § 39.13 [Amended]

2. Section 39.13 is amended by adding a new airworthiness directive (AD) to read as follows:

97-08-06 Louis L'Hotellier, S.A. Ball and Swivel Joint Quick Connectors: Amendment 39-9994; Docket No. 92-CE-41-AD.

Applicability: All quick connectors installed in, but not limited to, the following gliders and sailplanes that are not equipped with a "Uerling" sleeve or an LS-Safety sleeve:

Manufacturer	Models
Alexander Schleicher	ASK21, ASK23, ASW12, ASW15, ASW15B, ASW17, ASW19, ASW19B, ASW24, ASW24B, AS12, AS-K13, AS-K13, Ka 6, Ka 6 B, Ka 6 BR, Ka 6 C, Ka 6 CR, Ka 6 CR-Pe, Ka 6 E, K7, Ka2B, K 8, K 8 B, and Rhonlerche II.
Centrair, S.N	101, 101A, 101P, 101AP, and 201B.
Eiravion	PIK 20, PIK 20B, and PIK 20D.
Glaser Dirks	DG100, DG400, and DG-500M.
Burkhart Grob	G102 Astir CS, G102 Club Astir III, G102 Club Astir IIIb, G102 Standard Astir III, G102, G103 Twin Astir, G103 Twin II, G103A Twin II Acro, G103C Twin III Acro, G103C Twin III SL, G109, and G109B.
Intreprinderea ICA (Lark)	IS-28B2 and IS-29D2.
Rolladen Schneider	LS1-f and LS3-a.
Schempp-Hirth	Cirrus, Std Cirrus, Nimbus 2, Nimbus 2B, Mini-Nimbus HS-7, Mini-Nimbus B, Janus, Discus a, Duo-Discus, Standard Austria-S, Standard Austria-SH, Standard Austria-SH1, Ventus, Ventus-a, and Ventus-a/16.6.
Schweizer	2–33 and 1–26.

Note 1: This AD applies to the product identified in the preceding applicability provision, regardless of whether it has been modified, altered, or repaired in the area subject to the requirements of this AD. For the product that has been modified, altered, or repaired so that the performance of the requirements of this AD is affected, the owner/operator must request approval for an alternative method of compliance in accordance with paragraph (d) of this AD. The request should include an assessment of the effect of the modification, alteration, or repair on the unsafe condition addressed by this AD; and, if the unsafe condition has not been eliminated, the request should include specific proposed actions to address it.

Compliance: Required within the next 30 calendar days after the effective date of this AD, or upon installation of the quick connectors, whichever occurs later, unless already accomplished.

To prevent the quick connectors from becoming inadvertently disconnected, which could result in loss of control of the sailplane or glider, accomplish the following:

(a) For quick connectors that have a safety pin guide hole, enlarge the hole in the lock plate to a minimum diameter of 1.2 mm (0.05 in.) to accommodate a safety wire or pin.

(b) Fabricate and install a placard (using 1/8 inch letters) in the glider or sailplane, within the pilot's clear view, with the following words: "All L'Hotellier control system connectors must be secured with safety wire, pins, or safety sleeves, as applicable, prior to operation."

(c) Fabricating and installing the placard as required by paragraph (b) of this AD may be performed by the owner/operator holding at least a private pilot certificate as authorized by section 43.7 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR 43.7), and must be entered into the sailplane's or glider's records showing compliance with this AD in accordance with section 43.9 of the Federal Aviation Regulations.

(d) An alternative method of compliance or adjustment of the compliance times that provides an equivalent level of safety may be approved by the Manager, Small Airplane Directorate, Aircraft Certification Service, FAA, 1201 Walnut, suite 900, Kansas City, Missouri 64106. The request shall be forwarded through an appropriate FAA Maintenance Inspector, who may add comments and then send it to the Manager, Small Airplane Directorate.

**Note 2:** Information concerning the existence of approved alternative methods of compliance with this AD, if any, may be obtained from Small Airplane Directorate.

(e) Copies of this AD may be inspected at the FAA, Central Region, Office of the Assistant Chief Counsel, Room 1558, 601 E. 12th Street, Kansas City, Missouri, or at the Office of the Federal Register, 800 North Capitol Street, NW., suite 700, Washington, DC

(f) This amendment (39–9994) becomes effective on June 2, 1997.

Issued in Kansas City, Missouri, on April 2, 1997.

## Michael Gallagher,

Manager, Small Airplane Directorate, Aircraft Certification Service.

[FR Doc. 97–9164 Filed 4–9–97; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910–13–U

#### **DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**

#### **Federal Aviation Administration**

## 14 CFR Part 97

[Docket No. 28882; Amdt. No. 1792]

#### RIN 2120-AA65

## Standard Instrument Approach Procedures; Miscellaneous Amendments

**AGENCY:** Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), DOT.

**ACTION:** Final rule.

**SUMMARY:** This amendment establishes, amends, suspends, or revokes Standard **Instrument Approach Procedures** (SIAPs) for operations at certain airports. These regulatory actions are needed because of the adoption of new or revised criteria, or because of changes occurring in the National Airspace System, such as the commissioning of new navigational facilities, addition of new obstacles, or changes in air traffic requirements. These changes are designed to provide safe and efficient use of the navigable airspace and to promote safe flight operations under instrument flight rules at the affected airports.

**DATES:** An effective date for each SIAP is specified in the amendatory provisions.

Incorporation by reference-approved by the Director of the Federal Register on December 31, 1980, and reapproved as of January 1, 1982.

**ADDRESSES:** Availability of matters incorporated by reference in the amendment is as follows:

#### For Examination

- 1. FAA Rules Docket, FAA Headquarters Building, 800 Independence Avenue, SW., Washington, DC 20591;
- 2. The FAA Regional Office of the region in which the affected airport is located; or
- 3. The Flight Inspection Area Office which originated the SIAP.

#### For Purchase

Individual SIAP copies may be obtained from:

- 1. FAA Public Inquiry Center (APA–200), FAA Headquarters Building, 800 Independence Avenue, SW., Washington, DC 20591; or
- 2. The FAA Regional Office of the region in which the affected airport is located.

#### By Subscription

Copies of all SIAPs, mailed once every 2 weeks, are for sale by the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 20402.

## FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Paul J. Best, Flight Procedures Standards Branch (AFS–420), Technical Programs Division, Flight Standards Service, Federal Aviation Administration, 800 Independence Avenue, SW., Washington, DC 20591; telephone (202) 267–8277.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** This amendment to part 97 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 97) establishes, amends, suspends, or revokes Standard Instrument Approach Procedures (SIAPs). The complete