Dated: March 27, 1997.

Linda Engelmeier,

Departmental Forms Clearance Officer, Office of Management and Organization.
[FR Doc. 97–8379 Filed 4–1–97; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 3510–DT–P

International Trade Administration

Antidumping or Countervailing Duty Order, Finding, or Suspended Investigation; Opportunity to Request Administrative Review

AGENCY: Import Administration, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

ACTION: Notice of opportunity to request administrative review of antidumping or countervailing duty order, finding, or suspended investigation.

Background

Each year during the anniversary month of the publication of an antidumping or countervailing duty order, finding, or suspension of investigation, an interested party, as defined in section 771(9) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended, may request, in accordance with § 353.22 or 355.22 of the Department of Commerce (the Department) Regulations (19 CFR 353.22/355.22 (1993)), that the Department conduct an administrative review of that antidumping or countervailing duty order, finding, or suspended investigation.

Opportunity to Request a Review

Not later than the last day of April 1997, interested parties may request administrative review of the following orders, findings, or suspended investigations, with anniversary dates in April for the following periods:

	Period
Antidumping Proceed-	
ings:	
Canada: Sugar and	
Syrups, A-122-085	4/1/96-3/31/97
France: Sorbitol, A-	
427-001	4/1/96-3/31/97
Greece: Electrolytic	
Manganese Dioxide,	
A-484-801	4/1/96-3/31/97
Japan:	
Calcium Hypo-	
chlorite, A-588-	
401	4/1/96–3/31/97
ElectroLytic Man-	
ganese Dioxide,	
A-588-806	4/1/96–3/31/97
Lenses, A-588-819	4/1/96–3/31/97
Microdisks, A-588-	
802	4/1/96–3/31/97
Roller Chain, A-	
588-028	4/1/96–3/31/97

	Period
Kazakhstan:	
Ferrosilicon, A-823-	
804	4/1/96-3/31/97
Kenya: Standard Car-	
nations, A-779-602	4/1/96–3/31/97
Mexico: Fresh Cut	
Flowers, A-201-601	4/1/96–3/31/97
Norway: Fresh and	
Chilled Atlantic	
Salmon A-403-801	4/1/96–3/31/97
South Korea: Color	
Television Receivers,	
A-580-008	4/1/96–3/31/97
Taiwan: Color Tele-	
vision Receivers,	
Other Than Video	4/4/00 0/04/07
Monitors, A–583–009 The Ukraine:	4/1/96–3/31/97
Ferrosilicon, A–823–	
804	4/1/96–3/31/97
Countervailing Proceed-	4/1/90-3/31/91
ings:	
Argentina: Wool, C-	
357–002	1/1/96-12/31/96
Brazil: Pig Iron, C-	., .,
351–062	1/1/96-12/31/96
Norway: Fresh and	
Chilled Atlantic	
Salmon, C-403-802	1/1/96-12/31/96
Peru: Pompon Chrys-	
anthemums, C-333-	
601	1/1/96–12/31/96

In accordance with §§ 353.22(a) and 355.22(a) of the regulations, an interested party as defined by § 353.2(k) may request in writing that the Secretary conduct an administrative review. The Department has changed its requirements for requesting reviews for countervailing duty orders. Pursuant to 19 CFR 355.22(a) of the regulations, an interested party must specify the individual producers or exporters covered by the order or suspension agreement for which they are requesting a review (Interim Regulations, 60 FR 25130, 25137 (May 11, 1995)). Therefore, for both antidumping and countervailing duty reviews, the interested party must specify for which individual producers or exporters covered by an antidumping finding or an antidumping or countervailing duty order it is requesting a review, and the requesting party must state why it desires the Secretary to review those particular producers or exporters. If the interested party intends for the Secretary to review sales of merchandise by an exporter (or a producer if that producer also exports merchandise from other suppliers) which were produced in more than one country of origin and each country of origin is subject to a separate order, then the interested party must state specifically, on an order-byorder basis, which exporter(s) the request is intended to cover.

Seven copies of the request should be submitted to the Assistant Secretary for Import Administration, International Trade Administration, Room 1870, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th Street & Constitution Avenue, NW., Washington, DC 20230. The Department also asks parties to serve a copy of their requests to the Office of Antidumping/ Countervailing Enforcement, Attention: Sheila Forbes, in room 3065 of the main Commerce Building. Further, in accordance with § 353.31(g) or § 355.31(g) of the regulations, a copy of each request must be served on every party on the Department's service list.

The Department will publish in the Federal Register a notice of "Initiation of Administrative Review of Antidumping or Countervailing Duty Order, Finding, or Suspended Investigation" for requests received by the last day of April 1997. If the Department does not receive, by the last day of April 1997, a request for review of entries covered by an order, finding, or suspended investigation listed in this notice and for the period identified above, the Department will instruct the Customs Service to assess antidumping or countervailing duties on those entries at a rate equal to the cash deposit of (or bond for) estimated antidumping or countervailing duties required on those entries at the time of entry, or withdrawal from warehouse, for consumption and to continue to collect the cash deposit previously ordered.

This notice is not required by statute but is published as a service to the international trading community.

Dated: March 27, 1997.

Joseph A. Spetrini,

Deputy Assistant Secretary for Group III. [FR Doc. 97–8395 Filed 4–1–97; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510–DS–M

[A-570-846]

Notice of Amended Final Determination of Sales at Less Than Fair Value: Brake Rotors From the People's Republic of China

AGENCY: Import Administration, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

EFFECTIVE DATE: April 2, 1997.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Brian C. Smith or Michelle A. Frederick, Office of AD/CVD Enforcement, Import Administration, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce, 14th Street and Constitution Avenue, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20230; telephone: (202) 482–1766 or (202) 482–0186, respectively.

The Applicable Statute

Unless otherwise indicated, all citations to the statute are references to the provisions effective January 1, 1995, the effective date of the amendments made to the Tariff Act of 1930 (the Act) by the Uruguay Rounds Agreements Act.

Amendment to the Final Determination

We are amending the final determination of sales at less than fair value of brake rotors from the People's Republic of China (the PRC) to reflect the correction of ministerial errors made in the margin calculations in that determination. We are publishing this amendment to the final determination in accordance with 19 CFR 353.28(c).

Case History and Amendment of the Brake Rotors Final Determination

On February 24, 1997, the Department of Commerce (the Department) issued final determinations, pursuant to section 735 of the Act, that brake drums and brake rotors from the PRC are being, or are likely to be sold in the United States at less than fair value. See Final Determinations of Sales at Less Than Fair Value: Brake Drums and Brake Rotors from the People's Republic of China, 62 FR 9160 (February 28, 1997). On March 10, 13 and 14, 1997, certain respondents 1 and the petitioner submitted allegations that ministerial errors were made in the Department's brake rotors final determination. Neither the respondents nor the petitioner

alleged the existence of ministerial errors in the Department's final determination in the companion brake drums case.

A "ministerial error" is defined under 19 CFR 353.28 as:

"an error in addition, subtraction, or other arithmetic function, clerical error resulting from inaccurate copying, duplication, or the like, and any other type of unintentional error which the Secretary considers ministerial." 19 CFR 353.28(d).

The Department's regulations provide that the Department will correct any ministerial error by amending the final determination. Below, we discuss only those ministerial error allegations with which we agree, and which resulted in a change to a respondent's antidumping margin. Only Southwest made such an allegation. For a further discussion of these and all other ministerial error allegation made in this case, see March 25, 1997, Memorandum to Richard W. Moreland, Acting Deputy Assistant Secretary, Import Administration.

Southwest

Southwest alleged that the Department erred in its valuation and/or calculations of scrap value, rustproofing oil, and freight cost for coke.

We agree and have therefore made the necessary corrections in the margin program for these errors.

Conclusion

As described above, after reviewing the interested parties' allegations of clerical errors, we have amended the calculation of the antidumping margin for Southwest. Because of the change to the Southwest rate, we have also revised the margin for those respondents whose responses were not examined in this investigation.

Suspension of Liquidation

In accordance with section 735(d) of the Act, we are directing the Customs Service to continue to suspend liquidation of all entries of brake rotors from the PRC exported by companies listed below, that are entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after October 10, 1996, the date on which the Department published its preliminary determination. On or after the date of publication of this notice in the Federal **Register**, the Customs Service will require a cash deposit or posting of a bond equal to the estimated dumping margins by which the normal value exceeds the U.S. price, as shown below. These suspension of liquidation instructions will remain in effect until further notice. Suspension of liquidation instructions for firms not listed below remain as described in our original notice of final determination. 62 FR 9160 (February 28, 1997).

The amended weighted-average dumping margins for the brake rotors respondents are as follows:

Manufacturer/producer/exporter	Weighted- average margin per- centage
Southwest	16.07
Hebei Metals and Minerals Import & Export Corporation	8.51
Jilin Provincial Machinery & Equipment Import & Export Corporation	8.51
Shandong Jiuyang Enterprise Corporation	8.51
Longjing Walking Tractor Works Foreign Trade Import & Export Corporation	8.51
Qingdao Metals, Minerals & Machinery Import & Export Corporation	8.51
Shanxi Machinery and Equipment Import & Export Corporation	8.51
Xianghe Zichen Casting Corporation	8.51
Yenhere Corporation	8.51

¹ These respondents are China National Automotive Industry & Export Corporation and Laizhou CAPCO Machinery Co., Ltd. (collectively

This amended final determination is published pursuant to section 735(e) of the Act.

Dated: March 27, 1997.

Robert S. LaRussa,

Acting Assistant Secretary for Import Administration.

[FR Doc. 97–8390 Filed 4–1–97; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510–DS–P

[A-570-848]

Notice of Postponement of Final Determination of Sales at Less Than Fair Value: Freshwater Crawfish Tail Meat from the People's Republic of China

AGENCY: Import Administration, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

EFFECTIVE DATE: April 2, 1997.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Rebecca Trainor, Elisabeth Urfer or Maureen Flannery, Import Administration, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th Street and Constitution Avenue, NW., Washington, DC 20230; telephone: (202) 482–0666, (202) 482– 4052, or (202) 482–3020, respectively.

The Applicable Statute

Unless otherwise indicated, all citations to the statute are references to the provisions effective January 1, 1995, the effective date of the amendments made to the Tariff Act of 1930 (the Act) by the Uruguay Rounds Agreements Act (URAA).

Postponement of Final Determination

We have determined to extend the final determination based on a request by respondents that, should the preliminary determination be affirmative, the Department extend the due date for the final determination by 45 days. The respondents requesting the extension account for a significant proportion of exports of the subject merchandise, and the preliminary determination was affirmative. Therefore, in accordance with section 735(a)(2)(A) of the Act we are extending the final determination.

The deadline for issuing the final determination in this case is now no later than July 24, 1997.

This notice is published pursuant to section 735(a)(2) of the Act.

Dated: March 27, 1997.

Joseph A. Spetrini,

Deputy Assistant Secretary for AD/CVD Enforcement III.

[FR Doc. 97–8389 Filed 4–1–97; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510–DS–P

Department of Agriculture; Decision on Application for Duty-Free Entry of Scientific Instrument

This decision is made pursuant to Section 6(c) of the Educational, Scientific, and Cultural Materials Importation Act of 1966 (Pub. L. 89–651, 80 Stat. 897; 15 CFR part 301). Related records can be viewed between 8:30 a.m. and 5:00 p.m. in Room 4211, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th and Constitution Avenue, N.W., Washington, DC.

Docket Number: 96–139. Applicant: U.S. Department of Agriculture, Phoenix, AZ 85040–8832. Instrument: Mass Spectrometer, Model Isochrom. Manufacturer: Micromass, Inc., United Kingdom. Intended Use: See notice at 62 FR 5619, February 6, 1997.

Comments: None received. Decision: Approved. No instrument of equivalent scientific value to the foreign instrument, for such purposes as it is intended to be used, is being manufactured in the United States. Reasons: The foreign instrument provides:

(1) A sensitivity of one mass 44 ion per 1100 molecules CO₂ and

(2) A precision of 0.3 per mil for samples ranging from 50 to 150 μg C. The National Institutes of Health advises in its memorandum dated February 4, 1997 that (1) these capabilities are pertinent to the applicant's intended purpose and (2) it knows of no domestic instrument or apparatus of equivalent scientific value to the foreign instrument for the applicant's intended use.

We know of no other instrument or apparatus of equivalent scientific value to the foreign instrument which is being manufactured in the United States.

Frank W. Creel,

Director, Statutory Import Programs Staff. [FR Doc. 97–8391 Filed 4–1–97; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510–DS–P

Applications for Duty-Free Entry of Scientific Instruments

Pursuant to section 6(c) of the Educational, Scientific and Cultural Materials Importation Act of 1966 (Pub. L. 89–651; 80 Stat. 897; 15 CFR part 301), we invite comments on the question of whether instruments of equivalent scientific value, for the purposes for which the instruments shown below are intended to be used, are being manufactured in the United States.

Comments must comply with 15 CFR 301.5(a)(3) and (4) of the regulations and be filed within 20 days with the

Statutory Import Programs Staff, U.S. Department of Commerce, Washington, D.C. 20230. Applications may be examined between 8:30 a.m. and 5 p.m. in Room 4211, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th Street and Constitution Avenue, NW., Washington, DC.

Docket Number: 97–021. Applicant: Duke University, 103 Old Chemistry Building, Durham, NC 27708. Instrument: ICP Mass Spectrometer, Model PlasmaQuad 3. Manufacturer: VG Elemental, United Kingdom. Intended Use: The article is intended to be used for studies of geologic samples including rocks, sediments and natural waters to determine their chemical compositions, particularly their trace element composition. In addition, the instrument will be used for educational purposes in the course Geo 273S: Analytical Techniques. Other education objectives of the instrument are use by graduate students to obtain geochemical data as part of the Masters and Doctoral theses and by undergraduates to obtain data for their Independent Study projects and honors theses. Application accepted by Commissioner of Customs: March 7, 1997.

Docket Number: 97-922. Applicant: Rutgers University, PO Box 6999, Piscataway, NJ 08855. Instrument: 20/20 SI Mass Spectrometer. Manufacturer: Europa Scientific, United Kingdom. Intended Use: The instrument will be used for studies of plants, animals and other organic materials along with inorganic materials which contain carbon, nitrogen, oxygen, sulfur or hydrogen/deuterium. The objective of the investigations will be to use the stable isotopes that are contained in inorganic matter to reveal the role of organisms in the food chains. In addition, the instrument will be used for educational purposes in the course **Environmental Applications of Stable** Isotope Mass Spectroscopy. Application accepted by Commissioner of Customs: March 7, 1997.

Docket Number: 97–023. Applicant: Wayne State University, 5050 Anthony Wayne Drive, Detroit, MI 48202. Instrument: Optical Biosensor with Accessories, Model BIOS–1. Manufacturer: Artificial Sensing Instruments, Switzerland. Intended Use: The article is intended to be used to measure the rate of deposition of protein molecules from a flowing solution onto a solid substrate in order to understand the compatibility of artificial organs and other biomaterials. Application accepted by Commissioner of Customs: March 10, 1997.

Docket Number: 97–027. Applicant: New Mexico Institute of Mining and