benefits to the public, such as greater convenience, increased competition, or gains in efficiency, that outweigh possible adverse effects, such as undue concentration of resources, decreased or unfair competition, conflicts of interests, or unsound banking practices" (12 U.S.C. § 1843). Any request for a hearing on this question must be accompanied by a statement of the reasons a written presentation would not suffice in lieu of a hearing, identifying specifically any questions of fact that are in dispute, summarizing the evidence that would be presented at a hearing, and indicating how the party commenting would be aggrieved by approval of the proposal.

Unless otherwise noted, comments regarding the applications must be received at the Reserve Bank indicated or the offices of the Board of Governors

not later than March 25, 1996.

A. Federal Reserve Bank of Cleveland (John J. Wixted, Jr., Vice President) 1455 East Sixth Street, Cleveland, Ohio 44101:

1. Mid Am, Inc., Bowling Green, Ohio; to engage de novo through its subsidiary, Mid Am Credit Corp., Columbus, Ohio, in lending activities pursuant to § 225.25(b)(1) of the Board's Regulation Y; and in leasing activities pursuant to § 225.25(b)(5) of the Board's Regulation Y.

B. Federal Reserve Bank of Atlanta (Zane R. Kelley, Vice President) 104 Marietta Street, N.W., Atlanta, Georgia

30303:

1. Capital City Bank Group, Inc., Tallahassee, Florida; to acquire First Financial Bancorp, Inc., Tallahassee, Florida, and First Federal Bank, Tallahassee, Florida, and thereby engage in operating a savings association, pursuant to § 225.25(b)(9) of the Board's Regulation Y.

Č. Federal Reserve Bank of Chicago (James A. Bluemle, Vice President) 230 South LaSalle Street, Chicago, Illinois

60690:

1. First Chicago NBD Corporation, Chicago, Illinois; to acquire First Federal Savings Bank of Barrington, Barrington, Illinois, and thereby engage in operating a savings association pursuant to § 225.25(b)(9) of the Board's Regulation Y.

D. Federal Reserve Bank of Minneapolis (James M. Lyon, Vice President) 250 Marquette Avenue, Minneapolis, Minnesota 55480:

1. Community First Bankshares, Inc., Fargo, North Dakota; to acquire Community Insurance, Inc., Fargo, North Dakota, and thereby engage in operating an insurance agency in a town of less than 5,000 in population pursuant to § 225.25(b)(8)(iii) of the

Board's Regulation Y. This activity will take place in Wheaton, Minnesota.

E. Federal Reserve Bank of Kansas City (John E. Yorke, Senior Vice President) 925 Grand Avenue, Kansas City, Missouri 64198:

*I. Shickley State Company*, Shickley, Nebraska; to engage *de novo* through its subsidiary, Campbell Apartments, Inc., Shickley, Nebraska, and thereby engage in community development activities pursuant to § 225.25(b)(6) of the Board's Regulation Y.

Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, March 5, 1996 Jennifer J. Johnson, Deputy Secretary of the Board. [FR Doc. 96–5672 Filed 3–8–96; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6210–01–F

## DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

## Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry

# Statement of Organization, Functions, and Delegations of Authority

Part H, Chapter HT (Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry) of the Statement of Organization, Functions, and Delegations of Authority of the Department of Health and Human Services (50 FR 25129-25130, dated June 17, 1985, as amended most recently at 59 FR 29815, dated June 9, 1994) is amended to reflect the transfer of the Public Health Practice Coordination Group from the Office of the Assistant Administrator to the Division of Health Education, Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry. Is amended to reflect recently approved organizational changes. Delete the title and functional statement for the Public Health Practice Coordination Group (HTBD).

Delete the functional statement for the Division of Health Education (HTC7)

and insert the following:

(1) Coordinates health communication and education, developmental and educational activities for emergency response, and hazardous waste worker safety and health with Federal, State, and local agencies and private organizations; (2) develops and disseminates to physicians and other health care providers materials on the health effects of toxic substances; (3) establishes and maintains a list of areas closed or restricted to the public because of contamination with toxic substances; (4) initiates research related to its mandates that will help prevent adverse health effects from hazardous substances; (5) coordinates follow-up

actions at sites evaluated by the Division of Health Assessment and Consultation (public health assessments), Division of Health Studies (health investigations), Division of Health Education (community health education), and other parts and programs of ATSDR as appropriate; (6) coordinates inter-divisional community involvement plans for sites where more than one division is conducting site activities; (7) coordinates ATSDR's Minority Health Program; (8) coordinates other special projects as required.

Dated: March 1, 1996.

David Satcher,

Administrator, Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry.

[FR Doc. 96–5712 Filed 3–8–96; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4160–70–M

### Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

### Citizens Advisory Committee on Public Health Service Activities and Research at Department of Energy (DOE) Sites: Idaho National Engineering Laboratory Health Effects Subcommittee

In accordance with section 10(a)(2) of the Federal Advisory Committee Act (Pub. L. 92–463), the Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR) and the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) announces the following meeting.

Name: Citizens Advisory Committee on Public Health Service Activities and Research at DOE Sites: Idaho National Engineering Laboratory Health Effects Subcommittee (INEL).

Times and Dates: 8 a.m.-4 p.m., March 26, 1996. 8 a.m.-12 noon, March 27, 1996.

Place: Owyhee Plaza Hotel, 1109 Main Street, Boise, Idaho 83702, telephone 208/ 343–4611, FAX 208/381–0695.

Status: Open to the public, limited only by the space available. The meeting room accommodates approximately 75 people.

Background: Under a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) signed in December 1990 with DOE, the Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) has been given the responsibility and resources for conducting analytic epidemiologic investigations of residents of communities in the vicinity of DOE facilities, workers at DOE facilities, and other persons potentially exposed to radiation or to potential hazards from non-nuclear energy production use. HHS delegated program responsibility to CDC.

In addition, an MOU was signed in October 1990 and renewed in November 1992 between ATSDR and DOE. The MOU delineates the responsibilities and procedures for ATSDR's public health activities at DOE sites required under sections 104, 105, 107, and 120 of the

Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA or "Superfund"). These activities include health consultations and public health assessments at DOE sites listed on, or proposed for, the Superfund National Priorities List and at sites that are the subject of petitions from the public; and other health-related activities such as epidemiologic studies, health surveillance, exposure and disease registries, health education, substance-specific applied research, emergency response, and preparation of toxicological profiles.

Purpose: This subcommittee is charged with providing advice and recommendations to the Director, CDC, and the Administrator, ATSDR, regarding community, American Indian Tribes, and labor concerns pertaining to CDC's and ATSDR's public health activities and research at respective DOE sites. Activities shall focus on providing a forum for community, American Indian Tribal, and labor interaction and serve as a vehicle for community concern to be expressed as advice and recommendations to CDC and ATSDR.

Matters to be Discussed: Agenda items include: presentations from the National Center for Environmental Health (NCEH), the National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health, and ATSDR updates on the progress of current studies; discussion of the State oversight program; INEL Dose Evaluation Report; and updates on the technical workshop on "Calculating and Interpreting Radiological Doses and Risks for Individuals Exposed to Radionuclides Due to Historical Releases from the Hanford Nuclear Reservation" and a public involvement activities.

Agenda items are subject to change as priorities dictate.

Contact Persons for More Information: Arthur J. Robinson, Jr., or Nadine Dickerson, Radiation Studies Branch, Division of Environmental Hazards and Health Effects, NCEH, CDC, 4770 Buford Highway, NE, (F– 35), Atlanta, Georgia 30341–3724, telephone 770/488–7040, FAX 770/488–7044.

Dated: February 6, 1996.

Nancy C. Hirsch,

Acting Director, Management Analysis and Services Office, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.

[FR Doc. 96–5804 Filed 3–8–96; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4163-18-M

# Food and Drug Administration [Docket No. 94N-0033]

## John D. Copanos; Denial of Hearing; Final Debarment Order

**AGENCY:** Food and Drug Administration, HHS.

**ACTION:** Notice.

SUMMARY: The Food and Drug Administration (FDA) denies John D. Copanos' request for a hearing and issues a final order under section 306(a) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (the act) (21 U.S.C. 335a(a))

permanently debarring John D. Copanos, 6504 Montrose Ave., Baltimore, MD 21212, from providing services in any capacity to a person that has an approved or pending drug product application. FDA bases this order on its finding that Mr. Copanos was convicted of a felony under Federal law for conduct relating to the regulation of a drug product under the act.

EFFECTIVE DATE: March 11, 1996
ADDRESSES: Application for termination of debarment to the Dockets
Management Branch (HFA–305), Food and Drug Administration, 12420
Parklawn Dr., Rm. 1–23, Rockville, MD 20857.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Christine F. Rogers, Center for Drug Evaluation and Research (HFD-7), Food and Drug Administration, 7500 Standish Pl., Rockville, MD 20855, 301–594– 2041.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

### I. Background

John D. Copanos was the owner and president of John D. Copanos and Sons, Inc., and Kanasco, Ltd., when, on November 13, 1989, he agreed to plead guilty to one count of distributing misbranded drugs with intent to mislead, a Federal felony offense under sections 301(a) of the act (21 U.S.C. 331(a)) and 303(a)(2)(previously 303(b)) of the act (21 U.S.C. 333(a)(2)) (previously 21 U.S.C. 333(b)), and one count of causing the adulteration of drugs with intent to mislead, a Federal felony offense under sections 301(k) and 303(a)(2) of the act. On February 16, 1990, the United States District Court for the District of Maryland accepted Mr. Copanos' plea of guilty and entered judgment against him for these felonies. The bases for these convictions were as follows.

Mr. Copanos distributed a drug that was misbranded because its labeling failed to bear adequate directions for use and because it failed to warn of the presence of phenylalanine, a component of aspartame. In fact, adequate testing had not been conducted to determine the effect of aspartame on the stability, potency, and effectiveness of this drug. This drug was also misbranded because it failed to reveal the presence and amount of phenylalanine.

In addition, Mr. Copanos pled guilty to causing the adulteration of a drug with intent to mislead by failing to comply with current good manufacturing practice.

In a notice published in the Federal Register of November 9, 1994 (59 FR 55846), FDA offered Mr. Copanos an opportunity for a hearing on the agency's proposal to issue an order under section 306(a) of the act debarring Mr. Copanos from providing services in any capacity to a person that has an approved or pending drug product application. FDA based the proposal to debar Mr. Copanos on its finding that he had been convicted of felonies under Federal law for conduct relating to the regulation of a drug product.

In the Federal Register notice of November 9, 1994, FDA informed Mr. Copanos that his request for a hearing could not rest upon mere allegations or denials but must present specific facts showing that there was a genuine and substantial issue of fact requiring a hearing. FDA also informed Mr. Copanos that if it conclusively appeared from the face of the information and factual analyses in his request for a hearing that there was no genuine and substantial issue of fact which precluded the order of debarment, FDA would enter summary judgment against him and deny his request for a hearing.

In a letter dated December 8, 1994, Mr. Copanos requested a hearing, and in a letter dated January 6, 1995, Mr. Copanos submitted arguments and information in support of his hearing request. In his request for a hearing, Mr. Copanos does not dispute that he was convicted of a felony under Federal law as alleged by FDA. However, Mr. Copanos argues that: (1) He did not receive proper notice; (2) he is entitled to a hearing to contest or explain the facts underlying his plea; (3) some factual statements in the agency's proposal are inaccurate; (4) the agency's reliance on portions of the indictment is inappropriate; (5) and the agency's proposal to debar him is unconstitutional.

The Deputy Commissioner for Operations has considered Mr. Copanos' arguments and concludes that they are unpersuasive and fail to raise a genuine and substantial issue of fact requiring a hearing. Moreover, the legal arguments that Mr. Copanos offers do not create the bases for a hearing (see 21 CFR 12.24(b)(1)). Mr. Copanos' arguments are discussed below.

II. Mr. Copanos' Arguments in Support of a Hearing

### A. Notice

Mr. Copanos objects to being notified of his proposed debarment through publication in the Federal Register. It is the policy of the agency to send a notice of proposed debarment by certified mail. If certified mail delivery is unsuccessful, the agency attempts to deliver the notice to the individual personally. If this attempt fails also,