space launch vehicle market, the proposed Consent Order preserves the confidentiality of space launch vehicle suppliers' proprietary information by prohibiting Boeing's division that provides space launch vehicle propulsion systems from making any proprietary information from competing space launch vehicle manufacturers available to Boeing's space launch vehicle division. Under the proposed Consent Order, Boeing may only use such information in its capacity as a provider of space launch vehicle propulsion systems. Non-public information in this context includes any information not in the public domain that is designated as proprietary information by any space launch vehicle manufacturer that provides such information to Boeing as well as information not in the public domain provided by any space launch vehicle manufacturer to Rockwell prior to the acquisition. The purpose of the proposed Consent Order is to preserve the opportunity for full competition in the market for the research, development, manufacture and sale of space launch vehicles. The Commission has issued similar orders limiting potentially anticompetitive information transfers following mergers or acquisitions, including Lockheed Martin, (C-3685) (September 20, 1996); Raytheon Company, (C-3681) (September 10, 1996); Lockheed Corporation/Martin Marietta Corporation, (C-3576) (May 9, 1995); Alliant Techsystems Inc., (C-3567) (April 7, 1995); Martin Marietta, (C-3500) (June 28, 1994).

Under the provisions of the proposed Consent Order, Boeing is required to deliver a copy of the Order to any space launch vehicle manufacturer prior to obtaining any information from such manufacturer that is outside of the public domain. The Order also requires Boeing to provide the Commission a report of compliance with the provisions of the Order within (60) days of the date the Order becomes final, and annually for the next (10) years on the anniversary of the date the Order becomes final.

In order to preserve competition in the relevant markets during the period prior to the final acceptance of the proposed Consent Order (after the 60-day public notice period), Boeing has entered into an Interim Agreement with the Commission in which it has agreed to be bound by the proposed Consent Order as of the date the Commission accepts the proposed Consent Order subject to final approval.

The purpose of this analysis is to facilitate public comment on the

proposed Consent Order, and it is not intended to constitute an official interpretation of the agreement and proposed Consent Order or to modify in any way their terms.

Donald S. Clark,

Secretary.

[FR Doc. 96–31806 Filed 12–13–96; 8:45 am]

[File No. 962-3047]

Comtrad Industries, Inc.; Analysis To Aid Public Comment

AGENCY: Federal Trade Commission. **ACTION:** Proposed consent agreement.

SUMMARY: In settlement of alleged violations of federal law prohibiting unfair or deceptive acts or practices and unfair methods of competition, this consent agreement, accepted subject to final Commission approval, would prohibit, among other things, the Midlothian, Virginia-based company from misrepresenting, in connection with any product for use in the storage of food, the product's comparative or absolute ability to refrigerate or cool food items or medicines or to maintain proper cold storage temperatures; the product's comparative or absolute ability to heat or warm food items; the product's comparative or absolute ability to hold its cooling capacity after being unplugged from a power source; or the effect of operating the product off a car battery when the car is not running. The agreement settles allegations stemming from advertisements for Comtrad's "Koolatron" thermo-electric cooler. DATES: Comments must be received on or before February 14, 1997. ADDRESSES: Comments should be directed to: FTC/Office of the Secretary, Room 159, 6th St. and Pa. Ave., NW.,

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Washington, DC 20580.

Phoebe D. Morse, Federal Trade Commission, Boston Regional Office, 101 Merrimac Street, Suite 810, Boston, MA 02114–4719. (617) 424– 5960

John T. Dugan, Federal Trade Commission, Boston Regional Office, 101 Merrimac Street, Suite 810, Boston, MA 02114–4719. (617) 424– 5960

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Pursuant to section 6(f) of the Federal Trade Commission Act, 38 Stat. 721, 15 U.S.C. 46, and § 2.34 of the Commission's rules of practice (16 CFR 2.34), notice is hereby given that the above-captioned consent agreement containing a consent

order to cease and desist, having been filed with and accepted, subject to final approval, by the Commission, has been placed on the public record for a period of sixty (60) days. The following Analysis to Aid Public Comment describes the terms of the consent agreement, and the allegations in the accompanying complaint. An electronic copy of the full text of the consent agreement package can be obtained from the Commission Actions section of the FTC Home Page (for December 9, 1996), on the World Wide Web, at "http:// www.ftc.gov/os/actions/htm." A paper copy can be obtained from the FTC Public Reference Room, Room H-130, Sixth Street and Pennsylvania Avenue, NW., Washington, DC 20580, either in person or by calling (202) 326-3627. Public comment is invited. Such comments or views will be considered by the Commission and will be available for inspection and copying at its principal office in accordance with § 4.9(b)(6)(ii) of the Commission's rules of practice (16 CFR 4.9(b)(6)(ii)).

Analysis of Proposed Consent Order To Aid Public Comment

The Federal Trade Commission has accepted an agreement to a proposed consent order from Comtrad Industries, Inc. The proposed respondent is a marketer of "Koolatron," a portable electronic food cooler that doubles as a food warmer.

The proposed consent order has been placed on the public record for sixty (60) days for reception of comments by interested persons. Comments received during this period will become part of the public record. After sixty (60) days, the Commission will again review the agreement and the comments received and will decide whether it should withdraw from the agreement and take other appropriate action or make final the agreement's proposed order.

The Commission's complaint charges that the proposed respondent made the following false and unsubstantiated representations about Koolatron: (1) Koolatron is as effective at cooling food items and medicines as a home refrigerator; (2) Koolatron will effectively cool down warm items and heat up cold items; (3) once unplugged from a power source, Koolatron will hold its cooling capacity for 24 hours; and (4) operating Koolatron off a car battery when the car is not running will result in only a minimal drain off the car's battery. The complaint also charges that the proposed respondents represented that Koolatron is effective, useful, or appropriate for cooling or heating food items, but failed to disclose that in some circumstances Koolatron

may not keep perishable food items sufficiently cold to prevent the growth of harmful bacteria on the food, or that Koolatron's maximum internal heating temperature is not high enough to kill or prevent the growth of certain harmful bacteria on perishable food items.

The proposed consent order contains provisions designed to remedy the violations charged and to prevent proposed respondent from engaging in similar acts in the future.

Part I of the proposed order, in connection with any product for use in the storage of food, prohibits the proposed respondent from misrepresenting: (1) The comparative or absolute ability of such product to refrigerate or cool food items or medicines or to maintain proper cold storage temperatures; (2) the comparative or absolute ability of such product to heat or warm food items; (3) the comparative or absolute ability of such product to hold its cooling capacity after being unplugged from a power source; or (4) the effect of operating such product off a car battery when the car is not running, including the amount of power used by the product in such circumstances or the potential for such use to drain the car battery of all power. Part II, in connection with any product for use in the storage of food, prohibits any representation about the benefits, performance, efficacy, or safety of such product, unless proposed respondent possesses and relies upon competent and reliable evidence, which when appropriate must be competent and reliable scientific evidence, that substantiates the representation.

Part III of the proposed order, in connection with Koolatron or any substantially similar product, prohibits any representation about the effectiveness, usefulness, or appropriateness of such product for cooling food items, unless proposed respondent also discloses that such product may not keep perishable food items sufficiently cold in some circumstances to prevent the growth of harmful bacteria on the food. Part IV of the proposed order, in connection with Koolatron or any substantially similar product, prohibits any representation about the effectiveness, usefulness, or appropriateness of such product for heating or warming food items, unless proposed respondent also discloses that use of the product for such purposes may pose a risk of buildup of harmful bacteria on the food.

The proposed order (Part V) contains record keeping requirements for materials that substantiate, qualify, or contradict covered claims and requires the proposed respondent to keep and maintain all advertisements and promotional materials containing any representation covered by the proposed order. In addition, the proposed order (Part VI) requires distribution of a copy of the consent decree to current and future officers and agents.

Part VII provides for Commission notification upon a change in the corporate respondent. The proposed order also requires the filing of compliance report(s) (Part VIII). Finally, Part IX provides for the termination of the order after twenty years under certain circumstances.

The purpose of this analysis is to facilitate public comment on the proposed order, and it is not intended to constitute an official interpretation of the agreement and proposed order or to modify in any way their terms.

Donald S. Clark,

Secretary.

[FR Doc. 96–31802 Filed 12–13–96; 8:45 am]

[File No. 971-0016; 971-0017]

J.C. Penney Company, Inc.; Thrift Drug, Inc.; Analysis To Aid Public Comment

AGENCY: Federal Trade Commission. **ACTION:** Proposed consent agreement.

SUMMARY: In settlement of alleged violations of federal law prohibiting unfair or deceptive acts or practices and unfair methods of competition, this consent agreement, accepted subject to final Commission approval, would require, among other things, Penney, the parent company of Thrift Drug, to divest a total of 161 drug stores in North and South Carolina by March 1997. The agreement settles allegations that Penney's acquisition of Eckerd Corporation and 190 Rite Aid stores in these two states would violate federal antitrust laws by allowing the firm to raise prices for pharmacy services to health insurance companies and other third party payors.

DATES: Comments must be received on or before February 14, 1997.

ADDRESSES: Comments should be directed to: FTC/Office of the Secretary, Room 159, 6th St. and Pa. Ave., NW., Washington, DC. 20580.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

William J. Baer, Federal Trade Commission, H–374, 6th and Pennsylvania Ave, NW, Washington, DC 20580. (202) 326–2932 George S. Cary, Federal Trade Commission, H–374, 6th and Pennsylvania Ave, NW, Washington, DC 20580. (202) 326–3741 Ann Malester, Federal Trade Commission, S–2308, 6th and Pennsylvania Ave, NW, Washington, DC 20580. (202) 326–2682

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Pursuant to section 6(f) of the Federal Trade Commission Act, 38 Stat. 721, 15 U.S.C. 46, and § 2.34 of the Commission's rules of practice (16 CFR 2.34), notice is hereby given that the above-captioned consent agreement containing a consent order to cease and desist, having been filed with and accepted, subject to final approval, by the Commission, has been placed on the public record for a period of sixty (60) days. The following Analysis to Aid Public Comment describes the terms of the consent agreement, and the allegations in the accompanying complaint. An electronic copy of the full text of the consent agreement package can be obtained from the Commission Actions section of the FTC Home Page (for December 9, 1996), on the World Wide Web, at "http:// www.ftc.gov/os/actions/htm." A paper copy can be obtained from the FTC Public Reference Room, Room H-130, Sixth Street and Pennsylvania Avenue, NW., Washington, DC. 20580, either in person or by calling (202) 326-3627. Public comment is invited. Such comments or views will be considered by the Commission and will be available for inspection and copying at its principal office in accordance with § 4.9(b)(6)(ii) of the Commission's rules of practice (16 CFR 4.9(b)(6)(ii)).

Analysis of Proposed Consent Order To Aid Public Comment

The Federal Trade Commission ("Commission") has accepted, subject to final approval, an agreement containing a proposed Consent Order from J.C. Penney Company, Inc. and its whollyowned subsidiary Thrift Drug, Inc. (collectively "J.C. Penney/Thrift") under which J.C. Penney/Thrift would be required to divest a total of 34 Thrift Drug retail drug stores in the Raleigh-Durham and Charlotte, North Carolina metropolitan areas and all of the Rite Aid retail drug stores in the state of North Carolina and in the Charleston, South Carolina metropolitan area, to a Commission-approved purchaser. The agreement is designed to remedy the anticompetitive effects resulting from J.C. Penney/Thrift's acquisitions of both the Eckerd Corporation and the Rite Aid drug stores in North Carolina and South Carolina.

The proposed Consent Order has been placed on the public record for sixty (60) days for reception of comments by interested persons. Comments received