Dated: August 27, 1996.

David S. Cristy,

Acting Director, Information Resources, Management Policy and Management Division.

Notice of Submission of Proposed Information Collection to OMB

Title of Proposal: Monthly Report of Excess Income.

Office: Housing.

OMB Approval Number: 2502-0086.

Description of the Need for the Information and its Proposed Use: Owners of Section 236 insured and uninsured projects are required by law to pay to HUD the total rental charges collected that are in excess of the basic rents approved for all occupied units.

Owners use the HUD-93104 to compute any required payment due HUD.

Form Number: HUD–93104.
Respondents: Not-For-Profit

Institutions.

Frequency of Submission: Monthly

and Recordkeeping.

Reporting Burden:

	Number of respondents	×	Frequency of response	×	Hours per response	=	Burden hours
HUD-93104Recordkeeping	3,819 3,819		12 12		.08 .08		2,291 2,291

Total Estimated Burden Hours: 4,582. Status: Reinstatement, with changes. Contact: Barbara D. Hunter, HUD, (202) 708–3944, Joseph F. Lackey, Jr., OMB, (202) 395–7316.

Dated: August 27, 1996.

[FR Doc. 96-23968 Filed 9-18-96; 8:45 am]

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Fish and Wildlife Service

Notice of Availability of the Puerto Rican Broad-Winged Hawk and the Puerto Rican Sharp-Shinned Hawk Technical/Agency Draft Recovery Plan for Review and Comments

AGENCY: Fish and Wildlife Service, Interior.

ACTION: Notice of document availability.

SUMMARY: The U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service announces availability for public review of a technical/agency draft recovery plan for the Puerto Rican broad-winged hawk (Buteo platypterus brunnescens) and the Puerto Rican sharp-shinned hawk (Accipiter striatus venator). Both species are restricted to montane forests along the Cordillera Central, Sierra de Cayey, and Sierra de Luquillo. Both species are currently threatened by: Destruction and modification of forested habitat, timber harvest and management practices in public forests; road construction; increase in numbers of recreational facilities and the disturbance associated with public use; mortality and habitat destruction from hurricanes; the lack of comprehensive management plans for the public forests; possible loss of genetic variation due to low population levels; and the potential for illegal shooting. The Puerto Rican sharpshinned hawk is also affected by warble fly parasitism. The Service solicits

review and comments from the public on this draft plan.

DATES: Comments on the draft recovery plan must be received on or before November 18, 1996 to receive consideration by the Service.

ADDRESSES: Persons wishing to review the draft recovery plan may obtain a copy by contacting Ms. Marelisa Rivera, Boquerón Field Office, P.O. Box 491, Boquerón, Puerto Rico 00622. Comments and materials received are available on request for public inspection, by appointment, during normal business hours at the above address.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Ms. Marelisa Rivera, Boquerón Field Office, P.O. Box 491, Boquerón, P.R. 00622. Tel. 809–851–7297.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

Restoring an endangered or threatened animal or plant to the point where it is again a secure, self-sustaining member of its ecosystem is a primary goal of the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service's endangered species program. To help guide the recovery effort, the Service is working to prepare recovery plans for most of the listed species native to the United States. Recovery plans describe actions considered necessary for conservation of the species, establish them, and estimate time and cost for implementing the recovery measures needed.

The Endangered Species Act of 1973 (Act), as amended (16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.) requires the development of recovery plans for listed species unless such a plan would not promote the conservation of a particular species. Section 4(f) of the Act, as amended in 1988, requires that public notice and an opportunity for public review and comment be provided during recovery plan development. The Service and other Federal agencies will also take

these comments into account in the course of implementing approved recovery plans.

This Technical/Agency Draft is for the Puerto Rican broad-winged hawk and the Puerto Rican sharp-shinned hawk, which are endemic to mountain forests in Puerto Rico. Present distribution of the Puerto Rican broad-winged hawk includes montane habitat of three forests: Rio Abajo Commonwealth Forest, Carite Commonwealth Forest, and the Caribbean National Forest. Extant breeding populations of the Puerto Rican sharp-skinned hawk are known from montane habitat of the Maricao Commonwealth Forest, Toro Negro Commonwealth Forest, Guilarte Commonwealth Forest, Carite Commonwealth Forest, and the Caribbean National Forest. Overall populations of 124 broad-winged hawks and 129 sharp-shinned hawks have been estimated. The Puerto Rican broadwinged hawk is found in the subtropical moist forest, the subtropical wet forest, and the subtropical rain forest life zones. The Puerto Rican sharp-shinned hawk is found in the subtropical low montane wet forest and the subtropical wet forest life zones. Both species are currently threatened by: Destruction and modification of forested habitat, timber harvest and management practices in public forests; road construction; increase in numbers of recreational facilities and the disturbance associated with public use; mortality and habitat destruction from hurricanes; the lack of comprehensive management plans for the public forests; possible loss of genetic variation due to low population levels: and the potential for illegal shooting. The Puerto Rico sharpshinned hawk is also affected by warble fly parasitism.

Public Comments Solicited

The Service solicits written comments on the recovery plan described. All comments received by the date specified above will be considered prior to approval of the plan.

Authority: The authority for this action is Section 4(f) of the Endangered Species Act, 16 U.S.C. 1533(f).

Dated: September 13, 1996.

Susan Silander,

Acting Field Supervisor.

 $[FR\ Doc.\ 96\text{--}24036\ Filed\ 9\text{--}18\text{--}96;\ 8\text{:}45\ am]$

BILLING CODE 4310-55-M

Notice of Availability of a Technical/ Agency Draft Recovery Plan for Calyptranthes Thomasiana for Review and Comment

AGENCY: Fish and Wildlife Service,

Interior.

ACTION: Notice of document availability.

SUMMARY: The U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service announces availability for public review of a technical/agency draft recovery plan for Calyptranthes thomasiana. (no common name). Calyptranthes thomasiana is an evergreen shrub or small tree that may reach 9 meters in height. The species is currently known from three locations: The Island of Vieques in Puerto Rico, the island of St. John, U.S. Virgin Islands, and Virgin Gorda, British Virgin Islands. The species is extremely rare and may be affected by management practices within the known areas as well as by the expansion of facilities in Viegues. The Service solicits review and comments from the public on this draft plan.

DATES: Comments on the draft recovery plan must be received on or before November 18, 1996 to receive consideration by the Service.

ADDRESSES: Persons wishing to review the draft recovery plan may obtain a copy by contacting Ms. Susan Silander, Boquerón, Puerto Rico 00622.

Comments and materials received are available upon request for public inspection, by appointment, during normal business hours at the above address

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Ms. Susan Silander, Boquerón Field Office, P.O. Box 491, Boquerón, Puerto Rico 00622, Telephone: 809/851–7297.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

Restoring an endangered or threatened species or plant to the point where it is again a secure, selfsustaining member of its ecosystem is a primary goal of the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service's endangered species program. To help guide the recovery effort, the Service is working to prepare recovery plans for most of the listed species native to the United States. Recovery plans describe actions considered necessary for conservation of the species, establish them, and estimate time and cost for implementing the recovery measures needed.

The Endangered Species Act of 1973 (Act), as amended (16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.) requires the development of recovery plans for listed species unless such a plan would not promote the conservation of a particular species. Section 4(f) of the Act, as amended in 1988, requires that public notice and an opportunity for public review and comment be provided during recovery plan development. The Service and other Federal agencies will also take these comments into account in the course of implementing approved recovery plans.

This Technical/Agency Draft is for Calyptranthes thomasiana, an evergreen shrub or small tree that may reach 9 meters in height and 13 centimeters in diameter. Leaves are opposite obovate to oblong, 2 to 4 centimeters long, coriaceous and with gland dots. Flowers and fruit have not been described. This tree was described in 1855 from specimens collected in St. Thomas, U.S. Virgin Islands. Although collected from this island, it has not been reported from there in recent years. It is currently known from 10 to 12 individuals on the island of Vieques in Puerto Rico, about 100 mature individuals within the Virgin Islands National Park on St. John, U.S. Virgin Islands, and from the island of Virgin Gorda, British Virgin Islands. While found within a conservation zone on U.S. Navy property in Vieques, the species would be effected if facilities were to be expanded. Within the Virgin Islands National Park on St. John, the species may be affected by park management practices and the presence of feral pigs and donkeys. This plan will describe measures necessary to recover the species, including studies of its reproductive biology and propagation.

Public Comments Solicited

The Service solicits written comments on the recovery plan described. All comments received by the date specified above will be considered prior to approval of the plan.

Authority: The authority for this action is Section 4(f) of the Endangered Species Act, 16 U.S.C. 1531.

Dated: September 12, 1996.

Susan R. Silander,

Acting Field Supervisor.

[FR Doc. 96–24037 Filed 9–18–96; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4310-55-M

Notice of Availability of a Technical/ Agency Draft Recovery Plan for Aurodendron Pauciflorum and Myrcia Paganii for Review and Comment

AGENCY: Fish and Wildlife Service, Interior.

ACTION: Notice of document availability.

SUMMARY: The U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service announces availability for public review of a technical/agency draft recovery plan for Aurodendron pauciflorum and Myrcia paganii (no common names). Aurodendron pauciflorum is an evergreen shrub or small tree known from the semievergreen forests of the limestone hills of Isabela in northwestern Puerto Rico. Only 10 individual plants are known from the edges of these cliffs. Myrcia paganii is an evergreen tree which may reach 9 meters in height, known from only 8 individuals at three locations in the limestone hills of northwestern Puerto Rico. Both species are threatened by rural, urban and tourist development. The Service solicits review and comments from the public on this draft plan.

DATES: Comments on the draft recovery plan must be received on or before November 18, 1996 to receive consideration by the Service.

ADDRESSES: Persons wishing to review the draft recovery plan may obtain a copy by contacting Ms. Susan Silander, Boquerón Field Office, P.O. Box 491, Boquerón, Puerto Rico 00622. Comments and materials received are available upon request for public inspection, by appointment, during normal business hours at the above address.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Ms. Susan Silander, Boquerón Field Office, P.O. Box 491, Boquerón, Puerto Rico 00622, Telephone: 809/851–7297.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

Restoring an endangered or threatened species or plant to the point where it is again a secure, self-sustaining member of its ecosystem is a primary goal of the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service's endangered species program. To help guide the recovery effort, the Service is working to prepare recovery plans for most of the listed species native to the United States. Recovery plans describe actions considered necessary for conservation of the species, establish them, and estimate time and cost for implementing the recovery measures needed.

The Endangered Species Act of 1973 (Act), as amended (16 U.S.C. 1531 et