AM/FM radios, AM/FM radio/cassette units, cassette deck units, power amplifiers, and front end AM/FM receiver modules; and (2) automotive electronic components, including relay integration modules (i.e., warning indicators, light dimmers) and security systems with remote keyless entry, for the U.S. market and export. As part of this application, FTZ authority is also being requested for other automotive electronic components which may be manufactured in the future, including air bag controllers, speed control systems, fuel injection systems, seat controls, anti-lock brake units, automatic windshield wipers, heated seat modules, indicator sensors, and vehicle navigation systems. The production process involves assembly, testing, and warehousing. Components purchased from abroad (about 76% of total unit material value) include: selfadhesive plastic plates/foil/film, labels, copper and steel fasteners, steel springs, other articles of copper, flywheels and pulleys, electric motors, electronic parts (transformers, inductors, capacitors, resistors, diodes, transistors, LED's, insulators), liquid crystal displays, integrated circuits, PC boards, electrical switches, other electrical and audio parts (duty rate range: free-12.5%, 40¢/ unit, 7¢/kg). The application indicates that 26 percent of all components (by value) will be purchased from U.S. suppliers within three years after approval of subzone status.

FTZ procedures would exempt FTCA from Customs duty payments on the foreign components used in the export production (11% of total shipments). On its domestic sales, the company would be able to choose the duty rates that apply to finished automotive audio products and automotive electronic components (duty free—8.5%) for the foreign inputs noted above. The motor vehicle duty rate (2.5%) could apply to the finished audio and electronic products that are shipped to U.S. motor vehicle assembly plants with subzone status for inclusion into finished motor vehicles under FTZ procedures. Under the FTZ Act, certain merchandise in FTZ status is exempt from ad valorem inventory-type taxes. The application indicates that subzone status would help improve the plant's international competitiveness.

In accordance with the Board's regulations, a member of the FTZ Staff has been designated examiner to investigate the application and report to the Board.

Public comment on the application is invited from interested parties. Submissions (original and three copies) shall be addressed to the Board's

Executive Secretary at the address below. The closing period for their receipt is October 28, 1996. Rebuttal comments in response to material submitted during the foregoing period may be submitted during the subsequent 15-day period (to November 12, 1996).

A copy of the application and the accompanying exhibits will be available for public inspection at each of the following locations:

U.S. Export Assistance Center, Penwood One, Suite 106, 11405 N.

Pennsylvania Street, Carmel, IN 46032 Office of the Executive Secretary, Foreign-Trade Zones Board, U.S. Department of Commerce, Room 3716, 14th Street & Pennsylvania

Avenue, NW., Washington, DC 20230–0002

Dated: August 19, 1996.

John J. Da Ponte, Jr.,

 ${\it Executive Secretary.}$

 $[FR\ Doc.\ 96\text{--}22124\ Filed\ 8\text{--}28\text{--}96;\ 8\text{:}45\ am]$

BILLING CODE 3510-DS-P

[Docket 65-96]

Foreign-Trade Zone 38—Spartanburg County, South Carolina Application for Expansion

An application has been submitted to the Foreign-Trade Zones Board (the Board) by the South Carolina State Ports Authority, grantee of Foreign-Trade Zone 38, requesting authority to expand its zone in Spartanburg County, South Carolina, within the Greenville/Spartanburg, South Carolina Customs port of entry. The application was submitted pursuant to the provisions of the Foreign-Trade Zones Act, as amended (19 U.S.C. 81a–81u), and the regulations of the Board (15 CFR Part 400). It was formally filed on August 21, 1996.

FTZ 38 was approved on May 4, 1978 (Board Order 131, 43 FR 20526, 5/12/78) and expanded on November 9, 1994 (Board Order 715, 59 FR 59992, 11/21/94). The zone project currently consists of three sites in Spartanburg County: Site 1 (20 acres)—U.S. Highway 29 Industrial Park, Wellford; Site 2 (111 acres)—International Transport Center, Greer; and Site 3 (111 acres)—Highway 290 Commerce Park, Duncan.

The applicant is now requesting authority to further expand the general-purpose zone to include a site (Proposed *Site 4*) which would encompass the Wingo Corporate Park (473 acres), a private industrial park located some 5 miles northwest of Spartanburg, South Carolina, on New Cut, Blackstock, and Mt Zion Roads in Spartanburg County. No specific manufacturing requests are

being made at this time. Such requests would be made to the Board on a caseby-case basis.

In accordance with the Board's regulations, a member of the FTZ Staff has been designated examiner to investigate the application and report to the Board.

Public comment on the application is invited from interested parties. Submissions (original and 3 copies) shall be addressed to the Board's Executive Secretary at the address below. The closing period for their receipt is October 28, 1996. Rebuttal comments in response to material submitted during the foregoing period may be submitted during the subsequent 15-day period (to November 12, 1996).

A copy of the application and accompanying exhibits will be available for public inspection at each of the following locations:

Office of the Port Director, U.S. Customs Service, 150–A West Phillips Road, Greer, SC 29650

Office of the Executive Secretary, Foreign-Trade Zones Board, Room 3716, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th and Pennsylvania Avenue, NW., Washington, DC 20230

Dated: August 23, 1996. John J. Da Ponte, Jr.,

Executive Secretary.

[FR Doc. 96–22125 Filed 8–28–96; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510–DS–P

[Order No. 836]

Grant of Authority; Establishment of a Foreign-Trade Zone Olympia, Washington, Area

Pursuant to its authority under the Foreign-Trade Zones Act of June 18, 1934, as amended (19 U.S.C. 81a–81u), the Foreign-Trade Zones Board (the Board) adopts the following Order:

Whereas, by an Act of Congress approved June 18, 1934, an Act "To provide for the establishment of foreign-trade zones in ports of entry of the United States, to expedite and encourage foreign commerce, and for other purposes," as amended (19 U.S.C. 81a–81u) (the Act), the Foreign-Trade Zones Board (the Board) is authorized to grant to qualified corporations the privilege of establishing foreign-trade zones in or adjacent to U.S. Customs ports of entry;

Whereas, the Port of Olympia (the Grantee) has made application to the Board (FTZ Docket 5–95, 60 FR 10352, 2/24/95), requesting the establishment of a foreign-trade zone at sites in the four-county area of Thurston, Lewis, Mason and Kitsap Counties, Washington

in and adjacent to the Port of Olympia Customs port of entry; and,

Whereas, notice inviting public comment has been given in the Federal Register, and the Board adopts the findings and recommendations of the examiner's report and finds that the requirements of the Act and the Board's regulations are satisfied, and that approval of the application is in the public interest;

Now, therefore, the Board hereby grants to the Grantee the privilege of establishing a foreign-trade zone, designated on the records of the Board as Foreign-Trade Zone No. 216, at the sites described in the application, subject to the Act and the Board's regulations, including Section 400.28, and subject to the standard 2,000-acre activation limit.

Signed at Washington, DC, this 16th day of August 1996.

Michael Kantor,

Secretary of Commerce, Chairman and Executive Officer.

Attest:

John J. Da Ponte, Jr., Executive Secretary.

[FR Doc. 96–22126 Filed 8–28–96; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510-DS-P

International Trade Administration

Florida International University, et al.; Notice of Consolidated Decision on Applications for Duty-Free Entry of Scientific Instrument

This is a decision consolidated pursuant to Section 6(c) of the Educational, Scientific, and Cultural Materials Importation Act of 1966 (Pub. L. 89–651, 80 Stat. 897; 15 CFR part 301). Related records can be viewed between 8:30 AM and 5:00 PM in Room 4211, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th and Constitution Avenue, NW., Washington, DC.

Docket Number: 95–093R. Applicant: Florida International University, Miami, FL 33199. Instrument: Stopped-Flow System. Manufacturer: Applied Photophysics, United Kingdom. Intended Use: See notice at 61 FR 28175, June 4, 1996.

Docket Number: 96–026. Applicant: Bates College, Lewiston, ME 04240. Instrument: Rapid Kinetics Accessory, Model SFA–20. Manufacturer: Applied Photophysics, Ltd., United Kingdom. Intended Use: See notice at 61 FR 28175, June 4, 1996.

Comments: None received. Decision: Approved. No instrument of equivalent scientific value to the foreign instruments, for the purposes for which the instruments are intended to be used, is being manufactured in the United States. *Reasons:* These are compatible accessories for existing instruments for the use of the applicants. In each case, the instrument and accessory were made by the same manufacturer.

We know of no domestic accessories which can be readily adapted to the previously imported instruments.

Frank W. Creel,

Director, Statutory Import Programs Staff. [FR Doc. 96–22117 Filed 8–28–96; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510–DS-P

Lehigh University, et al.; Notice of Consolidated Decision on Application for Duty-Free Entry of Scientific Instrument

This is a decision consolidated pursuant to Section 6(c) of the Educational, Scientific, and Cultural Materials Importation Act of 1966 (Pub. L. 89–651, 80 Stat. 897; 15 CFR part 301). Related records can be viewed between 8:30 AM and 5:00 PM in Room 4211, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th and Constitution Avenue, N.W., Washington, D.C.

Docket Number: 96–036. Applicant: Lehigh University, Bethlehem, PA 18015. Instrument: Automatic Sample Manipulator. Manufacturer: Scienta Instruments, AB, Sweden. Intended Use: See notice at 61 FR 28176, June 4, 1996. Advice received from: National Institutes of Health, April 22, 1996.

Docket Number: 96–037. Applicant: Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Cambridge, MA 02139. Instrument: Microprobe Laser Ablation System. Manufacturer: VG Fisons, United Kingdom.

Docket Number: 96–043. Applicant: The University of Chicago, Chicago, IL 60637. Instrument: Autosampler, Model A200S. Manufacturer: Finnigan Corp., Germany. Intended Use: See notice at 61 FR 28175. Advice received from: National Institutes of Health, June 10, 1996.

Docket Number: 96–052. Applicant: North Carolina State University, Raleigh, NC 27695–7212. Instrument: ISOCMS Accessory for Microanalyzer. Manufacturer: CAMECA Instruments, France. Intended Use: See notice at 61 FR 30220, June 14, 1996. Advice received from: National Institutes of Health, June 11, 1996.

Docket Number: 96–061. Applicant: University of Hawaii, Manoa, Honolulu, HI 96822. Instrument: Individual Acid Bath Carbonate Device. Manufacturer: Finnigan MAT, Germany. Intended Use: See notice at 61 FR 33902, July 1, 1996. Advice received from: National Institutes of Health, July 23, 1996.

Comments: None received. Decision:
Approved. No instrument of equivalent scientific value to the foreign instruments, for the purposes for which the instruments are intended to be used, is being manufactured in the United States. Reasons: These are compatible accessories for instruments previously imported for the use of the applicants. In each case, the instrument and accessory were made by the same manufacturer. The National Institutes of Health advises that the accessories are pertinent to the intended uses and that it knows of no comparable domestic accessories.

We know of no domestic accessories which can be readily adapted to the previously imported instruments. Frank W. Creel,

Director, Statutory Import Programs Staff. [FR Doc. 96–22118 Filed 8–28–96; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510–DS–P

University of Massachusetts; Notice Decision on Application for Duty-Free Entry of Scientific Instrument

This is a decision pursuant to Section 6(c) of the Educational, Scientific, and Cultural Materials Importation Act of 1966 (Pub. L. 89-651, 80 Stat. 897; 15 CFR part 301). Related records can be viewed between 8:30 AM and 5:00 PM in Room 4211, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th and Constitution Avenue, N.W., Washington, D.C.

Docket Number: 96-065. Applicant: University of Massachusetts, Amherst, MA 01003. Instrument: Electron Microscope, Model JEM 3010. Manufacturer: JEOL Ltd., Japan. Intended Use: See notice at 61 FR 33903, July 1, 1996. Order date: July 24, 1995.

Comments: None received. Decision: Approved. No instrument of equivalent scientific value to the foreign instrument, for such purposes as the instrument is intended to be used, was being manufactured in the United States at the time the instrument was ordered. Reasons: The foreign instrument is a conventional transmission electron microscope (CTEM) and is intended for research or scientific educational uses requiring a CTEM. We know of no CTEM, or any other instrument suited to these purposes, which was being manufactured in the United States at the time of order of the instrument. Frank W. Creel,

Director, Statutory Import Programs Staff. [FR Doc. 96–22119 Filed 8–28–96; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510-DS-P