Notices

This section of the FEDERAL REGISTER contains documents other than rules or proposed rules that are applicable to the public. Notices of hearings and investigations, committee meetings, agency decisions and rulings, delegations of authority, filing of petitions and applications and agency statements of organization and functions are examples of documents appearing in this section.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Office of the Secretary

Modification of Total Amount of Tariff-Rate Quota for Imported Refined Sugar

AGENCY: Office of the Secretary, USDA. **ACTION:** Notice.

SUMMARY: This notice modifies the aggregate quantity of sugar that may be entered under subheadings 1701.12.10, 1701.91.10, 1701.99.10, 1702.90.10 and 2106.90.44 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTS) during fiscal year 1996 (FY 96). As modified, such aggregate quantity is 29,258 metric tons, raw value.

EFFECTIVE DATE: July 19, 1996. **ADDRESSES:** Inquiries may be mailed or delivered to the Sugar Team Leader, Import Policy and Programs Division, Foreign Agricultural Service, Room 5531, South Building, U.S. Department of Agriculture, Washington, DC 20250– 1000.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Stephen Hammond (Sugar Team Leader); telephone: 202–720–1061. **SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** Paragraph (a)(i) of additional U.S. note 5 to chapter 17 of the HTS provides in part that "* * the aggregate quantity of raw cane sugar entered, or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption, under subheading 1701.11.10, during any fiscal year, shall not exceed in the aggregate an amount (expressed in terms of raw value), not less than, 1,117,195 metric tons, as shall be established by the Secretary of Agriculture (hereinafter referred to as "the Secretary"), and the aggregate quantity of sugars, syrups and molasses entered, or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption, under subheadings 1701.12.10, 1701.91.10, 1701.99.10, 1702.90.10, and 2106.90.44, during any fiscal year, shall not exceed in the aggregate an amount (expressed in terms of raw value), not less than 22,000 metric tons, as shall be

established by the Secretary." On August 3, 1995, the Secretary established the aggregate quantity of 1.117.195 metric tons. raw value. of raw cane sugar that may be entered under subheading 1701.11.10 of the HTS and the aggregate quantity of 22,000 metric tons (raw value basis) for certain sugars, syrups and molasses that may be entered under subheadings 1701.12.10, 1701.91.10, 1701.99.10, 1702.90.10 and 2106.90.44 of the HTS during FY 96. (60 FR 42142) On November 9, 1995, the Secretary increased the aggregate quantity of raw cane sugar that may be entered under subheading 1701.12.10 to 1,417,195 metric tons. On January 17, 1996, the Secretary increased the aggregate quantity of raw cane sugar that may be entered under subheading 1701.11.10 to 1,817,195 metric tons. On April 1, 1996, the Secretary increased the aggregate quantity of raw cane sugar that may be entered under subheading 1701.11.10 to 2,017,195 metric tons. On June 12, 1996, the Secretary increased the aggregate quantity of raw cane sugar that may be entered under subheading 1701.11.10 to 2,167,195 metric tons.

The United States Trade Representative (USTR) allocated 7,258 metric tons of the raw sugar tariff-rate quota to Mexico. However, Mexico has requested that 7,258 metric tons be made available under the tariff-rate quota for certain other sugars, syrups and molasses that may be entered under subheadings 1701.12.10, 1701.91.10, 1701.99.10, 1702.90.10, and 2106.90.44 of the HTS. The provisions of the North American Free Trade Agreement (NAFTA) allows Mexico to export either raw or refined sugar as it determines. Paragraph (a)(ii) of additional U.S. note 5 to chapter 17 of the HTS provides that "the Secretary may modify any quantitative limitations which have previously been established. * * *" Paragraph (b)(I) of U.S. additional note 5 provides that "[t]he quota amounts established [by the Secretary] may be allocated among supplying countries and areas by the United States Trade Representative." Accordingly, this notice increases by 7,258 metric tons the tariff-rate quota for other sugars, syrups and molasses. Mexico's total access remains unchanged at 7,258 metric tons.

Notice

Notice is hereby given that I have determined, in accordance with

Federal Register Vol. 61, No. 159 Thursday, August 15, 1996

paragraph (a)(ii) of additional U.S. note 5 to chapter 17 of the HTS, that an aggregate quantity of up to 2,167,195 metric tons, raw value, of raw cane sugar described in subheading 1701.11.10 of the HTS may be entered or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption and 29,258 metric tons (raw value basis) of certain sugars, syrups and molasses may be entered under subheadings 1701.12.10, 1701.91.10, 1701.99.10, 1702.90.10, and 2106.90.44 of the HTS during the period from October 1, 1995, through September 30, 1996.

This modified quota amount will be allocated by the United States Trade Representative.

Signed at Washington, DC on August 8, 1996.

Dan Glickman,

Secretary of Agriculture.

[FR Doc. 96–20791 Filed 8–14–96; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3410–10–M

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

Initiation of Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Administrative Reviews and Request for Revocation

AGENCY: Import Administration, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

ACTION: Notice of initiation of antidumping and countervailing duty administrative reviews and request for revocation.

SUMMARY: The Department of Commerce (the Department) has received requests to conduct administrative reviews of various antidumping and countervailing duty orders and findings with July anniversary dates. In accordance with the Department's regulations, we are initiating those administrative reviews. The Department also received a request to revoke one antidumping duty order.

EFFECTIVE DATE: August 15, 1996.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Holly A. Kuga, Import Administration, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th Street and Constitution Avenue, NW., Washington, DC 20230, telephone: (202) 482–4737.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

The Department has received timely requests, in accordance with 19 CFR 353.22(a) and 355.22(a) (1994), for administrative reviews of various antidumping and countervailing duty orders and findings with July anniversary dates. The Department also received a timely request to revoke the antidumping duty order on hightenacity rayon filament yarn from Germany.

Initiation of Reviews

In accordance with sections 19 CFR 353.22(c) and 355.22(c), we are initiating administrative reviews of the following antidumping and

countervailing duty orders and findings. The Department is not initiating an administrative review of any exporters and/or producers who were not named in a review request because such exporters and/or producers were not specified as required under section 353.22(a) (19 CFR 353.22(a)). We intend to issue the final results of these reviews not later than July 31, 1997.

	Period to be re- viewed
Antidumping Duty Proceedings	
BRAZIL: Silicon Metal, A-351-806	7/1/95–6/30/96
Cia Brasileira Carbureto de Caleis	
Companhia Brasileira Carbureto de Calcio	
Companhia Ferroligas Minas Gerais—Minasligas	
RIMA Industrial S/A	
Eletrosilex Belo Horizonte	
GERMANY: Rayon Yarn, ¹ A-428-810	6/1/95–5/31/95
Akzo Nobel Faser AG	
GERMANY: Solid Urea, A-428-605	7/1/95–6/30/96
SKW Stickstoffwerke Piesteritz GmbH	7/4/05 0/00/00
JAPAN: Electric Cutting Tools, A–588–823	7/1/95–6/30/96
Makita Corporation RUSSIA: Ferrovanadium, A–821–807	1/4/95–6/30/96
Galt Alloys, Inc., Odermet Limited	1/4/95-0/50/90
THAILAND: Butt-Weld Pipe Fittings, A–549–807	7/1/95–6/30/96
TTU Industrial Corp., Ltd.	1/1/00/00/00
THAILAND: Canned Pineapple, A–549–813	1/11/95-6/30/96
Dole Thailand	
Siam Food Products Public Company, Ltd.	
The Thai Pineapple Public Company, Ltd.	
Thai Pineapple Canning Industry Corp., Ltd.	
Thai Bonanza International Corp., Ltd.	
Vita Food Factory	
THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA: ² Industrial Nitrocellulose, A–570–802	7/1/95–6/30/96
China North Industries Guangzhou Corp.	
Luzhou Chemical Plant	
THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA: ³ Sebacic Acid, A–570–825	7/1/95–6/30/96
Guangdong Chemicals Import & Export Corporation	
Sinochem International Chemicals Company	
Sinochem Jiangsu Import & Export Corporation	
Tianjin Chemicals Import & Export Corporation	
Countervailing Duty Proceedings	
None.	

¹ Inadvertently omitted from previous initiation notice.

² All other exporters of industrial nitrocellulose from the People's Republic of China are conditionally covered by this review.

³ All other exporters of sebacic acid from the People's Republic of China are conditionally covered by this review.

If requested within 30 days of the date U.S.C. 1675(a)), and 19 CFR 353.22(c)(1) of publication of this notice, the Department will determine, where appropriate, whether antidumping duties have been absorbed by an exporter or producer subject to any of these reviews if the subject merchandise is sold in the United States through an importer which is affiliated with such exporter or producer.

Interested parties must submit applications for disclosure under administrative protective orders in accordance with 19 CFR 353.34(b) and 355.34(b).

These initiations and this notice are in accordance with section 751(a) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (19

and 355.22(c)(1). Dated: August 11, 1996. Jeffrey P. Bialos,

Principal Deputy Assistant Secretary for Import Administration. [FR Doc. 96-20890 Filed 8-14-96; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510-DS-M

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

Office of the Secretary; Joint Advisory **Committee on Nuclear Weapons** Surety; Meeting

ACTION: Notice of advisory committee meeting.

SUMMARY: The Joint Advisory Committee on Nuclear Weapons Surety will conduct a closed session on September 10, 1996, at Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory, Livermore, California.

The Joint Advisory Committee is charged with advising the Secretary of Defense, Department of Energy, and the Joint Nuclear Weapons Council on nuclear weapons systems surety matters. At this meeting the Joint Advisory Committee will receive classified briefings on the National Laboratories' nuclear weapons stockpile stewardship programs.

In accordance with the Federal Advisory Committee Act (Public Law