

National Park Service**Notice of Intent to Repatriate a Cultural Item in the Possession of the Milwaukee Public Museum, Milwaukee, WI****AGENCY:** National Park Service**ACTION:** Notice

Notice is hereby given under the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act, 25 U.S.C. 3005 (a)(2), of the intent to repatriate a cultural item in the possession of the Milwaukee Public Museum which meets the definition of "cultural patrimony" under Section 2 of the Act.

The item is a Parrot Clan mask consisting of wood, hide, cotton cloth, basketry, and paint.

During the summer of 1911, Dr. Samuel A. Barrett, Curator of Anthropology at the Milwaukee Public Museum, collected this mask at Orayvi, Third Mesa, in Arizona. There is no accession information concerning the actual acquisition of this mask.

Authorized representatives of the Hopi Tribe acting on behalf of the Parrot Clan of Orayvi have identified the mask as an object having ongoing historical, traditional, and cultural importance central to the Hopi Tribe. Further, consultation evidence presented by tribal representatives indicate this mask is the communal property of the village of Orayvi, and could not have been alienated, appropriated, or conveyed by any individual. This consultation evidence is further supported by other written ethnographic documentation regarding this mask.

Officials of the Milwaukee Public Museum have determined that, pursuant to 25 U.S.C. 3001 (3)(D), this cultural item has ongoing historical, traditional, and cultural importance central to the culture itself, and could not have been alienated, appropriated, or conveyed by any individual. Officials of the Milwaukee Public Museum have also determined that, pursuant to 25 U.S.C. 3001 (2), there is a relationship of shared group identity which can be reasonably traced between these items and the Hopi Tribe.

This notice has been sent to officials of the Hopi Tribe. Representatives of any other Indian tribe that believes itself to be culturally affiliated with these objects should contact Ann McMullen, Ph.D., Curator of North American Ethnology, Milwaukee Public Museum, 800 West Wells St., Milwaukee, WI 53233, telephone (414) 278-2786, fax (414) 278-6100, before August 26, 1996. Repatriation of these objects to the Hopi

tribe may begin after that date if no additional claimants come forward.

Dated: July 23, 1996.

Francis P. McManamon,

*Departmental Consulting Archeologist,**Chief, Archeology & Ethnography Program.*

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DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE**Drug Enforcement Administration****[DEA No. 150F]****1996 Revised Aggregate Production Quotas for Controlled Substances in Schedules I and II****AGENCY:** Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA), Justice.**ACTION:** Not of final revised aggregate production quotas for 1996.

SUMMARY: This notice establishes revised 1996 aggregate production quotas for controlled substances in Schedules I and II of the controlled Substances Act (CSA).

EFFECTIVE DATE: July 26, 1996.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Howard McClain, Jr., Chief, Drug & Chemical Evaluation Section, Drug Enforcement Administration, Washington, D.C. 20537, Telephone: (202) 307-7183.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Section 306 of the CSA (21 U.S.C. 826) requires the Attorney General to establish aggregate production quotas for controlled substances in Schedules I and II each year. This responsibility has been delegated to the Administrator of the DEA pursuant to Section 0.100 of Title 28 of the Code of Federal Regulations. The Administrator, in turn, has redelegated this function to the Deputy Administrator of the DEA pursuant to Section 0.104 of Title 28 of the Code of Federal Regulations.

On May 23, 1996, a notice of the proposed revised 1996 aggregate production quotas for controlled substances in Schedules I and II was published in the Federal Register (61 FR 25895). All interested parties were invited to comment on or object to these proposed aggregate production quotas on or before June 24, 1996.

Several companies commented that the revised 1996 aggregate production quotas for codeine (for sale), desoxyephedrine, dextropropoxyphene, diphenoxylate, dihydrocodeine, hydrocodone (for sale), hydromorphone, levorphanol, methylphenidate, noroxymorphone (for sale), opium,

oxycodone (for conversion) oxymorphone and pentobarbital were insufficient to provide for the estimated medical, scientific, research and industrial needs of the United States, for export requirements and for the establishment and maintenance of reserve stocks.

The DEA has reviewed the involved companies' 1995 year-end inventories, their initial 1996 manufacturing quotas, 1996 export requirements and their actual and projected 1996 sales. Based on this data, the DEA has adjusted the revised 1996 aggregate production quotas for desoxyephedrine, levorphanol, methylphenidate, noroxymorphone (for sale), and pentobarbital to meet the estimated medical, scientific, research and industrial needs of the United States.

Regarding codeine (for sale), dextropropoxyphene, dihydrocodeine, diphenoxylate, hydrocodone (for sale), hydromorphone, opium, oxycodone (for conversion) and oxymorphone, the DEA has decided that no adjustments are necessary to meet the 1996 estimated medical, scientific, research and industrial needs of the United States.

The Office of Management and Budget has determined that notices of aggregate production quotas are not subject to centralized review under Executive Order 12866. This action has been analyzed in accordance with the principles and criteria contained in Executive Order 12612, and it has been determined that this matter does not have sufficient Federalism implications to warrant the preparation of a Federalism Assessment.

The Deputy Administrator hereby certifies that this action will have no significant impact upon small entities whose interests must be considered under the Regulatory Flexibility Act, 5 U.S.C. 601, et. seq. The establishment of aggregate production quotas for Schedules I and II controlled substances is mandated by law and by international treaty obligations. While aggregate production quotas are of primary importance to large manufacturers, their impact upon small entities is neither negative nor beneficial. Accordingly, the Deputy Administrator has determined that this action does not require a regulatory flexibility analysis.

Therefore, under the authority vested in the Attorney General by Section 306 of the Controlled Substances Act of 1970 (21 U.S.C. 826), delegated to the Administrator by Section 0.100 of Title 28 of the Code of Federal Regulations, and redelegated to the Deputy Administrator of the DEA by Section 0.104 of Title 28 of the Code of Federal Regulations, the Deputy Administrator

hereby orders that the 1996 revised aggregate production quotas, expressed in grams of anhydrous acid or base, be established as follows:

Basic class	Established revised 1996 quotas
Schedule I:	
Acetylmethadol	7
Alphacetylmethadol	7
Aminorex	7
Cathinone	9
Difenoxin	14,000
Dihydromorphine	7
2,5-Dimethoxyamphetamine	10,650,000
Dimethylamphetamine	7
Ethylamine analog of Phencyclidine	5
N-Ethylamphetamine	7
Heroin	5
Lysergic acid diethylamide	58
Mescaline	7
Methaqualone	17
Methcathinone	9
4-Methoxyamphetamine	17
4-Methylaminorex	2
3,4-Methylenedioxyamphetamine	17
3,4-Methylenedioxy-N-ethylamphetamine	27
3,4-Methylenedioxy-methamphetamine	42
3-Methylfentanyl	14
Normethadone	7
Normorphine	7
Psilocybin	2
Psilocyn	2
Tetrahydrocannabinols	55,100
Schedule II:	
Alfentanil	8,500
Amobarbital	301,000
Amphetamine	2,280,000
Cocaine	550,040
Codeine (for sale)	47,000,000
Codeine (for conversion)	17,519,000
Desoxyephedrine ¹	1,755,100
Dextropropoxyphene	118,066,000
Dihydrocodeine	214,000
Diphenoxylate	1,002,000
Ecgonine (for conversion)	650,100
Ethylmorphine	12
Fentanyl	143,000
Hydrocodone (for sale)	12,145,000
Hydrocodone (for conv)	2,800,000
Hydromorphone	718,000
Isomethadone	12
Levo-alpha-acetylmethadol	200,000
Levorphanol	17,000
Meperidine	10,822,000
Methadone	4,551,000
Methadone (for conv)	364,000
Methadone Int. (for conv)	5,534,000
Methamphetamine (for conv)	723,000
Methylphenidate	11,775,100
Morphine (for sale)	12,450,000
Morphine (for conv)	76,735,000
Noroxymorphone (for sale)	27,000
Noroxymorphone (for conv)	3,400,000
Opium	714,000
Oxycodone (for sale)	5,571,000
Oxycodone (for conv)	37,300
Oxymorphone	11,200
Pentobarbital	18,000,000

Basic class	Established revised 1996 quotas
Phencyclidine	40
Phenylacetone (for conv)	10
1-Phenylcyclohexylamine	10
1-Piperidinocyclohexanecarbonitrile	12
Secobarbital	400,000
Sufentanil	1,000
Thebaine	9,387,000

¹ 1,700,00 grams of levo-desoxyephedrine for use in a non-controlled, non-prescription product and 55,100 grams for methamphetamine.

Dated: July 18, 1996.

Stephen H. Greene,

Deputy Administrator.

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DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Office of the Secretary

Submission for OMB Review; Comment Request

July 23, 1996.

The Department of Labor (DOL) has submitted the following public information collection requests (ICR) to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for review and approval in accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (Pub. L. 104-13, 44 U.S.C. Chapter 35). A copy of the individual ICRs, with applicable supporting documentation, may be obtained by calling the Department of Labor Acting Departmental Clearance Officer, Theresa M. O'Malley (202) 219-5095. Individuals who use a telecommunications device for the deaf (TTY/TDD) may call (202) 219-4720 between 1:00 p.m. and 4:00 p.m. Eastern time, Monday through Friday.

Comments should be sent to Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, Attn: OMB Desk Officer for the Employment and Training Administration or the Bureau of Labor Statistics, Office of Management and Budget, Room 10235, Washington, DC 20503 (202) 395-7316, on or before August 26, 1996.

The OMB is particularly interested in comments which:

- * Evaluate whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information will have practical utility;

- * Evaluate the accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information,

including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used;

- * Enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and

- * Minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including through the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology, e.g., permitting electronic submission of responses.

Agency: Employment and Training Administration.

Title: Unemployment Insurance Benefits Accuracy Measurement.

Program (formerly Benefits Quality Control).

OMB Number: 1205-0245.

Agency Number: ETA Handbook 395.

Frequency: Weekly.

Affected Public: Individuals or households; business or other for-profit; not-for-profit institutions; farms; Federal Government; State, Local or Tribal Government.

Number of Respondents: 23,760.

Estimated Time Per Respondent: 3 hours 10 minutes annually.

Total Burden Hours: 75,319.

Total Annualized capital/startup costs: 0.

Total annual costs (operating/maintaining systems or purchasing services): 0.

Description: The Benefits Accuracy Measurement (BAM) program provided reliable estimates of the accuracy of benefit payments in the Unemployment Insurance program and identifies the sources of mispayments so that their causes can be eliminated. This submission proposes extending the BAM program for three years while reducing average sample sizes and permitting States more flexibility in how they verify information pertinent to the sampled payments.

Agency: Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Title: Current Population Survey (CPS).

OMB Number: 1220-0100.

Frequency: Monthly.

Affected Public: Individuals or households.

Number of Respondents: 48,000.

Estimated Time Per Respondent: 7 minutes.

Total Burden Hours: 67,200.

Total Annualized capital/startup costs: 0.

Total annual costs (operating/maintaining systems or purchasing services): 0.

Description: The labor force data collected in the Current Population