

with the Federal Communications Commission under section 255(e) of the Act for telecommunications equipment and customer premises equipment.¹

The term "telecommunications equipment" is defined as equipment, other than customer premises equipment, used by a carrier to provide telecommunications services, and includes software integral to such equipment (including upgrades). Public Law 104-104, section 3(a)(2)(50). The term "customer premises equipment" is defined as equipment employed on the premises of a person (other than a carrier) to originate, route, or terminate telecommunications. Public Law 104-104, section 3(a)(2)(38).

The Telecommunications Act requires the accessibility guidelines to be issued within 18 months after the date of enactment. The Board is also required to review and update the guidelines periodically. The Board's guidelines for telecommunications equipment and customer premises equipment are required to principally address the access needs of individuals with disabilities affecting hearing, vision, movement, manipulation, speech, and interpretation of information.

The Senate report to the Telecommunications Act directs the Board to develop its guidelines by involving parties affected by the law. "The Committee expects that manufacturers of equipment and providers of service will be fully included in this process." S. Rept. 104-23, at 53. Throughout the process of developing its guidelines, the Access Board, in conjunction with the Federal Communications Commission, intends to coordinate and consult with representatives of individuals with disabilities and interested telecommunications equipment and service providers to ensure that their concerns and interests are given full consideration in the rulemaking process.

The Access Board will begin the process of developing the accessibility guidelines by establishing a Telecommunications Access Advisory

Committee. The establishment of the Committee is in the public interest and will support the agency in performing its duties and responsibilities under the Telecommunications Act of 1996. The Access Board believes that the Committee will facilitate the involvement of individuals with disabilities and telecommunications equipment and service providers in the development of the guidelines.

The Committee will make recommendations to the Access Board on issues such as:

- Types of equipment to be covered by the guidelines;
- Barriers to the use of such equipment by persons with disabilities affecting hearing, vision, movement, manipulation, speech, and interpretation of information;
- Solutions to such barriers, if known, categorized by disability (different solutions may be needed for different disabilities) and research on such barriers; and
- Contents of the guidelines.

The Committee will be expected to present a report with its recommendations to the Access Board within six months of the Committee's first meeting. The Access Board requests applications from organizations representing the following interests for membership on the Committee:

- Manufacturers of telecommunications equipment and customer premises equipment;
- Manufacturers and developers of peripheral devices or specialized customer premises equipment commonly used by individuals with disabilities to achieve access;
- Organizations representing the access needs of individuals with disabilities affecting hearing, vision, movement, manipulation, speech, and interpretation of information;
- Telecommunications providers and carriers;
- Developers of telecommunications software; and
- Other persons affected by these accessibility guidelines.

The number of Committee members will be limited to effectively accomplish the Committee's work and will be balanced in terms of interests represented. Organizations with similar interests are encouraged to nominate a single organization to represent their interest. Although the Committee will be limited in size, there will be opportunities for the public to present written information to the Committee, participate through the Internet and to comment at Committee meetings.

Applications should be sent to the Access Board at the address listed at the

beginning of this notice. The application should include a statement of the organization's interests and the name, title, address and telephone number of the person who would represent the organization on the Committee. The application should also describe the person's qualifications, including any experience the person has had with making telecommunications equipment and customer premises equipment accessible to individuals with disabilities.

Committee members will not be compensated for their service. The Access Board may pay travel expenses for a limited number of persons who would otherwise be unable to participate on the Committee. Committee members will serve as representatives of their organizations, not as individuals. They will not be considered special government employees and will not be required to file confidential financial disclosure reports.

After the applications have been reviewed, the Access Board will publish a notice in the Federal Register announcing the appointment of Committee members and the first meeting of the Committee. The first meeting of the Committee is tentatively scheduled for June 10-12, 1996 in Washington, D.C. The Committee will operate in accordance with the Federal Advisory Committee Act, 5 U.S.C. app 2. Committee meetings will be held in Washington, D.C. Each meeting will be open to the public. A notice of each meeting will be published in the Federal Register at least fifteen days in advance of the meeting. Records will be kept of each meeting and made available for public inspection.

Judith E. Heumann,

Chairman, U.S. Architectural and Transportation Barriers Compliance Board.

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DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

[A-583-009]

Color Television Receivers, Except for Video Monitors, From Taiwan; Amended Final Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review

AGENCY: Import Administration,
International Trade Administration,
Department of Commerce.

¹ The Access Board is an independent Federal agency established by section 502 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended, whose primary mission is to promote accessibility for individuals with disabilities. The Access Board consists of 25 members. Thirteen are appointed by the President from among the public, a majority of who are required to be individuals with disabilities. The other twelve are heads of the following Federal agencies or their designees whose positions are Executive Level IV or above: The Departments of Health and Human Services, Education, Transportation, Housing and Urban Development, Labor, Interior, Defense, Justice, Veterans Affairs, and Commerce; General Services Administration; and United States Postal Services.

ACTION: Notice of amendment to final results of antidumping duty administrative review.

SUMMARY: On July 11, 1995, in the case of *Zenith Electronics Corporation et. al. v. United States (Zenith)*, Consolidated Court No. 89-01-00011, the United States Court of International Trade (the Court) affirmed the Department of Commerce's (the Department) results of redetermination on remand of the results of the second administrative review of the antidumping duty order on color television receivers, except for video monitors (CTVs), from Taiwan.

EFFECTIVE DATE: March 28, 1996.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Maureen McPhillips or John Kugelman, Office of Antidumping Compliance, Import Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th Street and Constitution Avenue, N.W., D.C. 20230, telephone: (202) 482-5253.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Background

On March 11, 1995, the Court ordered the Department to correct the clerical error resulting from the Department's failure to convert the amounts for Tatung's foreign inland freight expense from New Taiwan dollars to U.S. dollars before deducting this expense from the U.S. price. Pursuant to the Court's instructions, the Department corrected this clerical error and filed its redetermination on remand with the Court on June 26, 1995. On July 11, 1995, the Court affirmed the Department's results of redetermination on remand.

Final Results of Remand

As a result of the Department's conversion of the expense for Tatung's foreign inland freight from New Taiwan dollars to U.S. dollars, we have determined that the weighted-average dumping margin for Tatung for the period April 1, 1985 through March 31, 1986 is 2.18 percent.

Accordingly, the Department will determine, and the Customs Service will assess, antidumping duties on the appropriate entries of Tatung. The Department will issue appraisement instructions directly to the Customs Service.

This amendment of final results of review and notice are in accordance with section 751(f) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (19 U.S.C. 1673 (d)) and 19 CFR 353.28(c).

Dated: March 14, 1996.

Susan G. Esserman,
Assistant Secretary for Import
Administration.

[FR Doc. 96-7463 Filed 3-27-96; 8:45 am]

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[A-122-820 (Lead Case Number); A-122-822; A-122-823]

Certain Corrosion-Resistant Carbon Steel Flat Products and Certain Cut-to-Length Carbon Steel Plate From Canada; Final Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Reviews

AGENCY: Import Administration, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

ACTION: Notice of Final Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Reviews.

SUMMARY: On August 16, 1995, the Department of Commerce (the Department) published the preliminary results of the administrative reviews of the antidumping duty orders on certain corrosion-resistant carbon steel flat products and certain cut-to-length carbon steel plate from Canada. These reviews cover five manufacturers/exporters of the subject merchandise to the United States and the period February 4, 1993, through July 31, 1994. We gave interested parties an opportunity to comment on our preliminary results. Based on our analysis of the comments received, we have changed the results from those presented in the preliminary results of reviews.

EFFECTIVE DATE: March 28, 1996.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: John Drury (CCC), Eric Johnson (Dofasco/Sorevco), Stephen Jacques (Manitoba Rolling Mills), Jim Rice (Algoma), Gerry Zapiain (Stelco), or Jean Kemp, Office of Agreements Compliance, Import Administration, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th Street and Constitution Avenue, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20230; telephone: (202) 482-3793.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

On August 16, 1995, the Department published in the Federal Register (60 FR 42511) the preliminary results of the administrative reviews of the antidumping duty orders on corrosion-resistant carbon steel flat products and certain cut-to-length carbon steel plate from Canada (58 FR 44162, August 19, 1993). The Department has now completed these administrative reviews

in accordance with section 751 of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act).

Applicable Statute and Regulations

Unless otherwise stated, all citations to the statute and to the Department's regulations are references to the provisions as they existed on December 31, 1994.

Scope of this Review

The products covered by these administrative reviews constitute two separate "classes or kinds" of merchandise: (1) certain corrosion-resistant steel and (2) certain cut-to-length plate.

The first class or kind, certain corrosion-resistant steel, includes flat-rolled carbon steel products, of rectangular shape, either clad, plated, or coated with corrosion-resistant metals such as zinc, aluminum, or zinc-, aluminum-, nickel- or iron-based alloys, whether or not corrugated or painted, varnished or coated with plastics or other nonmetallic substances in addition to the metallic coating, in coils (whether or not in successively superimposed layers) and of a width of 0.5 inch or greater, or in straight lengths which, if of a thickness less than 4.75 millimeters, are of a width of 0.5 inch or greater and which measures at least 10 times the thickness or if of a thickness of 4.75 millimeters or more are of a width which exceeds 150 millimeters and measures at least twice the thickness, as currently classifiable in the Harmonized Tariff Schedule (HTS) under item numbers 7210.31.0000, 7210.39.0000, 7210.41.0000, 7210.49.0030, 7210.49.0090, 7210.60.0000, 7210.70.6030, 7210.70.6060, 7210.70.6090, 7210.90.1000, 7210.90.6000, 7210.90.9000, 7212.21.0000, 7212.29.0000, 7212.30.1030, 7212.30.1090, 7212.30.3000, 7212.30.5000, 7212.40.1000, 7212.40.5000, 7212.50.0000, 7212.60.0000, 7215.90.1000, 7215.90.5000, 7217.12.1000, 7217.13.1000, 7217.19.1000, 7217.19.5000, 7217.22.5000, 7217.23.5000, 7217.29.1000, 7217.29.5000, 7217.32.5000, 7217.33.5000, 7217.39.1000, and 7217.39.5000. Included are flat-rolled products of nonrectangular cross-section where such cross-section is achieved subsequent to the rolling process (*i.e.*, products which have been worked after rolling)—for example, products which have been beveled or rounded at the edges. Excluded are flat-rolled steel products either plated or coated with tin, lead, chromium, chromium oxides, both tin and lead ("terne plate"), or both